IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS 15.1

User's Guide



Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under Notices.

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This edition applies to IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS 15.1 (5755-A04) and to any subsequent releases until otherwise indicated in new editions. Make sure you are using the correct edition for the level of Application Performance Analyzer.

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Contents

About this document	xxxv
Documentation conventions	xxx
Changes introduced with IBM Application Performance Analyz	er for z/OS 15.1.xxx
Chapter 1. Using Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF	
ISPF reports: navigation and control	
Scrolling	
Report headings	
Action (menu) bar	
Retaining open reports	
Displaying HELP	
Primary commands for report navigation	
Line commands for report navigation	
R02 - Observation session list	
Input fields	
Description of detail lines	
Detail window	
R01 - Application Performance Analyzer performance reports menu	1
Chapter 2. Entering observation requests	1
Entering an observation request	
Using the NEW command	
Using the MOD line command	
Schedule New Measurement panels	
Panel 1 – Job Information	
Panel 2 – Options	2
Panel 3 – Multi-steps	
Panel 4 – Active Jobs	
Panel 5 – Subsystems	
Panel 6 – Sysplex	
Panel 7 – Schedule	
Panel 8 – Sched Options	
Entering a Threshold Monitor request	
Overview	
Using the TNEW command	
Setting Threshold Requirements panels	
Panel 3 - Criteria	
Entering a Trigger request	
Overview	
Using the TR line command	
Chapter 3. Performance analysis reports	Δ
Performance analysis basics	
Sampling and system states	
Types of system states	
System objects	

Quantities expressed as percentages	45
Margin of error	46
Color coding of graphs	46
Report categories and codes	46
S01 - Measurement profile	51
Usage	51
Performance graphs	51
Overall CPU activity	51
CPU usage distribution	52
Most CPU active modules	52
Most CPU active CSECTs	53
CPU modes	53
Most active IMS PSBs	54
Most active DLI calls	54
Most active Db2 plans	
Most active packages/DBRMs	55
Most active SQL statements	55
Measurement values	55
Request parameters	
Measurement environment	
Measurement statistics	58
CPU consumption	
zIIP CPU consumption	59
zAAP/zCBP CPU consumption	
DDF CPU consumption	60
WLM Client Enclave consumption	
Enclave CPU	
Virtual Storage Map	61
Sample reports	
S02 - Load module attributes	
SETUP options	
S03 - Load module summary	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
S04 - TCB summary	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
Detail window	
S05 - Memory usage timeline	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
S06 - Data space usage timeline	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
S07 - TCB execution summary	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
S08 - Processor utilization summary	
Usage	
Ouantification	

Core IDs Quantification	76
Sample reports	76
S09 - Measurement analysis	77
Usage	77
Sample reports	77
S10 - Observation Session Messages	78
Usage	78
Category Descriptions	78
SETUP options	
CO1 - CPU usage by category	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	80
Subset reports	83
Line commands	
SETUP options	85
Detail window	86
C02 - CPU usage by module	
Overview	87
Detail line descriptions	88
Line commands.	89
Detail window	
SETUP options	
CO3 - CPU usage by code slice	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands.	
SETUP options.	
Detail window	
CO4 - CPU usage timeline.	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Subset reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
C05 - CPU usage by task/category	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
C06 - CPU usage by task/module	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
C07 - CPU usage by procedure	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
C08 - CPU usage referred attribution.	
OUD OF O GOIGE FOREITOG ALLI IDALIOTION	·····

	Usage	. 112
	Quantification	.112
	Detail line hierarchy	112
	Detail line descriptions	113
	Sample reports	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
CO	9 - CPU usage by PSW/object code	
	Quantification	
	Detail line hierarchy.	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Sample reports	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
C1	0 - CPU Usage by Natural Program	
-	Quantification	
	Detail line hierarchy	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Sample reports	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
wc	01 - WAIT time by task/category	
***	Overview	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
۱۸۱۲	Detail Wildow	
V V C	Overview	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
۱۸۱۲	03 - WAIT time referred attribution	
VVC	Usage	
	Quantification	
	Detail line hierarchy	
	·	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Line commands	
١٨/٢	SETUP options04 - WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE	
VVC		
	Usage	
	Quantification	
	Detail line hierarchy	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Sample reports	
	Line commands	
	SETUP options	
	Detail window	
VV(D5 - WAIT time by tape DDNAME	
	Usage	
	Quantification	
	Detail line descriptions	
	Sample reports	.140

Line commands	140
SETUP options	140
Detail window	141
D01 - DASD usage by device	141
Overview	141
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	142
Detail window	143
SETUP options	143
D02 - DASD usage by DDNAME	
Overview	143
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
D03 - DASD usage by data set	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
D04 - Data set attributes	
D05 - DASD EXCP summary	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
D06 - DASD VSAM statistics	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports Line commands	
SETUP options Detail window	
D07 - DASD activity timeline	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
D08 - DASD I/O wait time	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
D09 - VSAM buffer pool usage	
Usage	

Quantification	
Sample reports	
G01 - Coupling facility summary	
Usage	
Facility summary	
Sample reports	
G02 - Coupling facility mean times	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	164
Sample reports	16
G03 - Coupling facility total times	16
Usage	16
Quantification	16
Detail line hierarchy	16
Detail line descriptions	16
Sample reports	
KO1- CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail Window	
SETUP Options	
KO2- CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail Window	
V01 - Measurement variance summary	
Usage Measurements analyzed	
·	
Variances	
Sample reports	
V02 - CICS variance summary	
Usage	
Measurements analyzed	
Variances	
Sample reports	
V03 - Db2 variance summary	
Usage	
Measurements analyzed	17
Variances	17
Sample reports	18
VO4 - IMS variance summary	18
Usage	183
Measurements analyzedVariances	
Measurements analyzed	183

Overview of CICS data extractor	
Session statistics	189
Transaction measurement data	190
CICS+ Extractor	
Overview of CICS Multiple Address Space Support	190
E01 - CICS session statistics	191
Usage	191
Detail line descriptions	191
Sample reports	192
E02 - CICS CPU and use count by program	193
Usage	193
Quantification	193
Detail line hierarchy	194
Sample reports	194
Detail line descriptions	194
Line commands	194
Detail window	195
E03 - CICS CPU usage by transaction	195
Usage	195
Quantification	195
Detail line hierarchy	196
Sample reports	196
Detail line descriptions	197
Line commands	200
Detail window	200
SETUP options	201
E04 - CICS mean service time by transaction	202
Usage	202
Quantification	202
Detail line hierarchy	202
Sample reports	202
Detail line descriptions	203
Line commands	210
Detail window	211
E05 - CICS total service time by Txn	213
Usage	213
Quantification	213
Detail line hierarchy	213
Detail line descriptions	214
Sample reports	221
Line commands	222
Detail window	223
E06 - CICS service time by task ID	225
Usage	225
Quantification	225
Detail line hierarchy	225
Detail line descriptions	226
Sample reports	233
Line commands	234
Detail window	235
E07 - CICS wait by Txn	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
E08 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID	237

Usage	237
Quantification	237
Detail line hierarchy	237
Detail line descriptions	238
Sample reports	243
Line commands	244
Detail window	245
E09 - CICS total service time by terminal ID	246
Usage	246
Quantification	246
Detail line hierarchy	246
Detail line descriptions	247
Sample reports	252
Line commands	253
Detail window	254
E10 - CICS mean service time by user ID	255
Usage	255
Quantification	255
Detail line hierarchy	255
Detail line descriptions	256
Sample reports	261
Line commands	262
Detail window	
E11 - CICS total service time by user ID	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
E12 - CICS CPU/service time by transaction	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	2/4
Chantay E TMC narformana analysis renerts	275
Chapter 5. IMS performance analysis reports	
Overview of IMS data extractor	
IMS+ extractor	
Overview of IMS Multiple Address Space Support	
IO1 - IMS measurement profile	
Usage	
IMS environment	
Performance graphs	
Transaction statistics	
DLI call statistics	
Sample reports	
IO2 - IMS DL/I call timeline	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptionsSample reports	
Sample repults	

Line commands	282
IO3 - IMS transaction timeline	282
Usage	282
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
IO4 - IMS transaction activity timeline	
Usage	
Quantification.	
•	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail lines for reports I05 through I13	
Detail lines reported for PSW sampling	
IO5 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	291
Detail window	292
I06 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by transaction	293
Usage	293
Quantification	293
Detail line hierarchy	293
Detail line descriptions	294
Sample reports.	294
Line commands	295
Detail window	296
IO7 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call	296
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
IO8 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
IO9 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
I10 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call	
Usage	305

Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	305
Detail line descriptions	306
Sample reports	306
Line commands	306
Detail window	307
I11 - IMS DL/I activity by PSB	307
Usage	307
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	308
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
I12 - IMS DL/I activity by transaction	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands.	
Detail window	
I13 - IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call	
Usage	
Quantification	
·	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
I14 - IMS PSB/PCB attributes	
Usage	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
I15 - IMS DL/I call attributes	
Usage	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
I16 - IMS transaction service times	
Usage	319
Quantification	319
Detail line hierarchy	319
Detail line descriptions	320
Sample reports	320
Line commands	320
Detail window	321
I17 - IMS transaction DL/I call counts	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands.	
Detail window	
I18 - IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail 1116 Histaletty	

Detail line descriptions	323
Sample reports	324
Line commands	324
Detail window	325
I19 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
•	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
I20 - IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction	
Usage	
Quantification	327
Detail line hierarchy	327
Detail line descriptions	327
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
I21 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	330
I22 - IMS Region Transaction Summary	331
Usage	331
Quantification	331
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
Detail willdow	333
Chapter 6. Db2 performance analysis reports	335
Overview of Db2 data extractor	336
The Db2+ data extractor	336
Measuring DDF activity	336
Displaying SQL Statement Text	
SQL statement text formatting	
SQL statement sequence numbers	
Overview of Db2 Multiple Address Space Support	
F01 - Db2 measurement	
Usage	
Performance graphs	
Most Active Db2 Plans	
Most active package/DBRMs	
Most active SQL statements	
Most CPU consumptive SQL	
Most frequent SQL statements	340
Single SQL call service time	
Db2 measurement statistics	
Sample reports	
F02 - Db2 SQL activity timeline	

Usage3	
Quantification3	343
Detail line hierarchy	343
Detail line descriptions	343
Sample reports	344
Line commands	345
Detail window3	345
F03 - Db2 SQL activity by DBRM	346
Usage	346
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports3	
Line commands	
Detail window3	349
SETUP options	349
F04 - Db2 SQL activity by statement	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
F05 - Db2 SQL activity by plan	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
F06 - Db2 SQL statement attributes	
Usage	
Sample reports	
F07 - Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F08 - Db2 SQL wait time by statement	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F09 - Db2 SQL wait time by plan	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	

Sample reports	365
Line commands	366
SETUP options	366
F10 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM	366
Usage	366
Quantification	367
Detail line descriptions	367
Sample reports	368
Line commands	369
SETUP options	369
F11 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by stmt	369
Usage	370
Quantification	370
Detail line hierarchy	. 370
Detail line descriptions	370
Sample reports	371
Line commands	371
SETUP options	372
F12 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by plan	373
Usage	373
Quantification	373
Detail line hierarchy	. 373
Detail line descriptions	373
Sample reports.	374
Line commands	375
SETUP options	376
F13 - Db2 SQL threads analysis	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	. 376
Detail line descriptions	376
Sample reports	
F14 - Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc.	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	. 377
Detail line descriptions	378
Sample reports	379
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F15 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F16 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F17 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid	
Usage	

Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	388
Detail line descriptions	388
Sample reports	389
Line commands	389
SETUP options	390
F18 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn	390
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
SETUP options	
F19 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
· · · · ·	
Line commands	
F30 - Db2 Class 3 Wait Times.	
Usage	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
F31 - Db2+ (SMF) CPU/Elapsed Times	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP Options	
F32 - Db2+ (SMF) SQL Activity	
Usage	
Quantification	401
Detail Line Hierarchy	401
Detail Line descriptions	402
Sample reports	402
Line commands	402
Detail window	402
SETUP Options	403
F33 - Db2+ (SMF) Buffer Pool Stats	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP Options	
F34 - Db2+ (SMF) Locking Activity	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
·	
Detail Line descriptions	406405

Q07 - MQ service time by Txn	429
Usage	429
Quantification	430
Detail line hierarchy	430
Detail line descriptions	430
Sample reports.	431
Line commands	
Detail window	
Q08 - MQ wait time by queue.	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
Q09 - MQ wait time by request	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
Q10 - MQ wait time by Txn	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
Q11 - MQ+ Activity Timeline	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample Report	
Line commands	442
Detail window	
Q12 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue	443
Usage	443
Quantification	443
Detail Line Hierarchy	444
Detail Line Descriptions	444
Sample reports	445
Line Commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
Q13 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions.	
Sample reports	
Line Commands	
Detail window	
SETUP ontions	449

Q14 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn	449
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	450
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line Commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	453
Chapter 8. Java/USS/HFS performance analysis reports	
Overview of Java data extractor	
Considerations for Java	
Using the JVMTI agent	
USS multiple address space measurements	
J01 - Java summary and attributes	
Usage	
Sample reports	
J02 - Java heap usage timeline	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
J03 - Java CPU usage by thread	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reportsLine commands	
Detail window	
J04 - Java CPU usage by package	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J05 - Java CPU usage by class	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J06 - Java CPU usage by method	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J07 - Java CPU usage by call path	
00, 04,44 OI O 434E0 DV CALL DALII	

Usage	
Quantification	471
Detail line hierarchy	472
Detail line descriptions	472
Sample reports	472
Line commands	473
Detail window	473
J09 - Java service time by package	474
Usage	474
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	474
Sample reports	475
Line commands	
Detail window	
J10 - Java service time by class	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J11 - Java service time by method	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J12 - Java service time by call path	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J14 - Java wait time by package	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J15 - Java wait time by class	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J16 - Java wait time by method	
Usage Quantification	
Uudiiiiicdliii	

Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	492
Sample reports	492
Line commands	493
Detail window	494
J17 - Java wait time by call path	494
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports.	
Line commands	
Detail window	
J18 - Java Garbage Collection Report	
Usage	
Summary Section	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample Report	
J19 - Java Heap Object Report	
Usage	
Warning	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Line Commands	
Sample Report	
Detail Window	
H01 - HFS Service Time by Path Name	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
H02 - HFS Service Time by Device	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
H03 - HFS File Activity	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
H04 - HFS File Attributes	
Usage	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
H05 - HFS Device Activity	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line descriptions	509

Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	511
H06 - HFS Device Attributes	
Usage	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	512
H07 - HFS Activity Timeline	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line descriptions	512
Sample reports	513
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	514
H08 - HFS Wait Time by Path Name	514
Usage	514
Quantification	514
Detail line descriptions	514
Sample reports	515
Line commands	515
Detail window	515
SETUP options	516
H09- HFS Wait Time by Device	516
Usage	516
Quantification	516
Detail line hierarchy	516
Detail line descriptions	516
Sample reports	517
Line commands	517
Detail window	518
SETUP options	518
H10- HFS Service Time by Request	519
Usage	519
Quantification	519
Detail line hierarchy	519
Detail line descriptions	519
Sample reports	520
Line commands	520
Detail window	521
SETUP options	521
H11- HFS Wait Time by Request	521
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
SETUP options	
hapter 9. WebSphere performance analysis reports	525
Overview of WAS data extractor	525
Measuring WAS servant address space activity	526
B01 - WAS Summary	
Usage	

Detail Line descriptions	526
Sample reports	529
B02 - WAS Activity	529
Usage	529
Quantification	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
B03 - WAS Activity by Origin	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
·	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
B04 - WAS Activity by Servant	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
B05 - WAS EJB Activity	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	542
Sample reports	543
Line commands	544
B06 - WAS EJB Activity by Origin	545
Usage	545
Quantification	545
Detail Line hierarchy	545
Detail Line descriptions	545
Sample reports	547
Line commands	547
B07 - WAS EJB Activity by Servant	548
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
B08 – WAS Servlet/JSP Activity	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
·	
Line commands	
B09 - WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line hierarchy	
Detail Line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	556

B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant	557
Usage	557
Quantification	557
Detail Line hierarchy	557
Detail Line descriptions	558
Sample reports	559
Line commands	560
B11 - WAS/CICS Calls	560
Usage	560
Quantification	560
Detail Line Hierarchy	561
Detail Line Descriptions	561
Sample reports	562
Line Commands	562
B12 - WAS/Db2 Calls	563
Usage	563
Quantification	563
Detail Line Hierarchy	563
Detail Line Descriptions	563
Sample reports	565
Line Commands	565
SETUP options	566
B13 - Async Work Requests	566
Usage	566
Quantification	567
Detail Line Hierarchy	567
Detail Line Descriptions	567
Sample reports	568
Line Commands	568
B14 - Async Work by Work Mgr	569
Usage	569
Quantification	569
Detail Line Hierarchy	569
Detail Line Descriptions	569
Sample reports	570
Line Commands	571
B15 - Async Work by Servant	
Usage	571
Quantification	571
Detail Line Hierarchy	572
Detail Line Descriptions	572
Sample reports	573
Line Commands	573
B16 - WOLA Inbound Requests	574
Usage	574
Quantification	574
Detail Line Hierarchy	575
Detail Line Descriptions	575
Sample reports	576
Line Commands	577
B17 - WOLA Inbound by Origin	577
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	578
Detail Line Descriptions	578
Sample reports	
Line Commands	580
B18 - WOLA Inbound by Servant	581

Usage	
Quantification	581
Detail Line Hierarchy	581
Detail Line Descriptions	582
Sample reports	584
Line Commands	584
B19 - WOLA Outbound Requests	585
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line Commands	
B20 - WOLA Outbound by Register	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions.	
Sample reports	
Line Commands	
B21 - WOLA Outbound by Servant	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail Line Hierarchy	
Detail Line Descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line Commands	591
Chapter 10. Multiple address space reports	
	F02
X01 - CICS mean service time by transaction	
Usage	593
UsageQuantification	593
Usage	593
UsageQuantification	593 593 593
UsageQuantificationDetail line hierarchy	593 593 593
UsageQuantificationDetail line hierarchy	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification.	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions. Sample reports Line commands Detail window. X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions. Sample reports.	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window	
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 606 606 606
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID Usage	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 606 606 606 606
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID Usage Quantification	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 601 606 606 608
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 601 606 608 608
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 601 606 608 608
Usage	593 593 594 598 598 600 600 601 601 606 608 608 608
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Line commands Line commands	593 593 594 598 598 600 600 601 601 601 608 608 608 608
Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands. Detail window X02 - CICS total service time by txn Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID. Usage Quantification Detail line hierarchy Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail line descriptions Sample reports Line commands Detail window	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 608 608 608 608
Usage	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 608 608 608 608 608
Usage	593 593 594 598 599 600 600 601 601 601 608 608 608 608 608 608 608
Usage Quantification. Detail line hierarchy. Detail line descriptions. Sample reports. Line commands. Detail window. X02 - CICS total service time by txn. Usage Quantification. Detail line hierarchy. Detail line descriptions. Sample reports. Line commands. Detail window. X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID. Usage. Quantification. Detail line hierarchy Detail line descriptions. Sample reports. Line commands. Detail window. X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID. Usage. Quantification. Detail line hierarchy. Detail line descriptions. Sample reports. Line commands. Detail window. X04 - CICS total service time by terminal ID.	593 593 594 598 598 600 600 601 601 601 608 608 608 608 608 608 614 615

B to the contract of the contr	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
X05 - Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline	
Usage	
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	625
Detail line descriptions	625
Sample report	627
Line commands	627
X06 - IMS MASS Region Summary	628
Usage	628
Quantification	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	
Detail window	
X07 - Db2 Stored Procedures Summary	
Usage	
Quantification.	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample report	
Line commands	
Detail window	
Nontrola de Control Domento	(22
Chapter 11. System Reports	
Overview of System Information extractor	
Z01 - System CPU Usage by Jobname	
Usage	
Detail line hierarchy	
Detail line descriptions	
Sample reports	
Line commands	635
Detail window	636
SETUP options	636
Z02 - System CPU Usage by ASID	636
Usage	636
Detail line hierarchy	636
Detail line descriptions	636
Sample reports	638
Line commands	
Detail window	638
Detail windowSETUP options	638 639
SETUP options	
SETUP optionsZ03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline	
SETUP optionsZ03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline Usage	
SETUP optionsZ03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline UsageDetail line descriptions	
SETUP options	
SETUP options	
SETUP options Z03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline Usage Detail line descriptions Subset reports Line commands Detail window	638 639 639 639 639 640 640
SETUP options	638 639 639 639 639 640 640
SETUP options Z03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline Usage Detail line descriptions Subset reports Line commands Detail window	638 639 639 639 639 640 640 640

Chapter 13. Source program mapping	
Introduction to source program mapping	
A01 - Source program mapping panel	
Overview	
File specification input area	
List of existing SPM file associations	
Line commands	
A03 - Java source program mapping panel	
Overview	650
File prefix specification input area	651
Detail lines	651
Line commands	651
Java report detail window	
A04 - Source mapping dataset list	
Overview	
Match on Compile Date & Time description	
Dataset list description	
Commands to save and edit	
A05 - Source mapping common list	
Overview	
Dataset list description	
Commands to save and edit	
A011 - Source program mapping pick list	
Overview	
Field descriptions	
Pick list description	
P01 - Source program attribution	
Overview	
Code segments	
Detail line descriptions	
SETUP options	
Detail window	
P03 - DWARF Source Program Attribution	
Overview	
Detail line descriptions	
SETUP options	
P04 - DWARF Source Lines	662
Overview	662
Detail line descriptions	663
Line commands	664
Detail window	664
Chapter 14. Printing reports and creating XML or JSON documents	665
About Application Performance Analyzer's report printing and XML or JSON docum	
Line printer format	
PDF format	
XML or JSON document format	
Report sections	
Using the ISPF report request facility	
Specifying formatting options	
The JCL submission/EDIT dialog	
Source program mapping	
Preparing JCL to print reports or create XML or JSON documents	
The input measurement file	
The CAZLOG log file	
The report output file	672

The PDF output file	
The XML or JSON document file	672
Specifying control statements	673
General syntax rules	673
The PROFILE statement	673
The MAP statement	
The SECTION statement	
The PRINT statement	675
The CONVERT statement	
The DESC Statement	
Reports in PDF format	
Reports in XML document format	
Reports in JSON document format	
Report SECTION descriptions	
SECTION statement parameter summary	
SECTION parameter descriptions	689
Chapter 15. Batch interface commands	693
Command syntax	693
Example of NEW command	693
Example of TNEW command	693
Example of DELETE command	694
Example of KEEP command	694
Example of CANCEL command	694
Command summary diagram	694
Sample JCL	
Using the API to submit a command	
Environment	
Input registers	
Output registers	
Syntax	
Parameters	
Return codes	
Reason codes	
Abend code	
Command descriptions	
NEW	
TNEW	
DELETE	
KEEP	
CANCEL	
Batch import	
Using the MVS START command to schedule a new measurement	714
Chapter 16. Realtime Monitor	717
Auto-refresh mode	717
Monitor views	717
ACCUM and CURRENT modes	717
SETUP command	715
View 1. Measurement overview	
Measurement progress	
System resource usage	719
Db2 activity	
CICS transactions	
View 2. CPU utilization	
CPU activity	721
CPIL usage distribution	723

	CPU modes	723
	View 3. Measurement environment	725
	Request parameters	725
	Measurement environment	
	View 4. CPU active modules	
	Overall CPU activity	
	Current	
	Module attribution	
	View 5. Data mgmt service time	
	Chapter 17. Application Performance Analyzer plug-in	
	Overview of Application Performance Analyzer plug-in	731
	Installing the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in	731
	Connecting to Application Performance Analyzer on z/OS	731
	Using the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in	
	Appendix A. Support recourses and problem solving information	722
	Appendix A. Support resources and problem solving information	
	Searching knowledge bases	
	Searching the Knowledge Center	
	Searching product support documents	
	Getting fixes	
	Subscribing to support updates	
	RSS feeds and social media subscriptions	
	My Notifications	735
	Contacting IBM Support	736
	Define the problem and determine the severity of the problem	736
	Gather diagnostic information	737
	Submit the problem to IBM Support	737
	Appendix B. Creating side files using CAZLANGX	720
	CAZLANGX parameters	
	Parameters	
	Side file compatibility with IBM z/OS Debugger	
	Including a CAZLANGX step in your SCLM translator	
	High Level Assembler SCLM example	
	COBOL SCLM example	
	COBOL Report Writer Precompiler	
	Required compiler options for creating listings or CAZLANGX side files	
	TEST option considerations	
	Naming compiler listings or side files	
	Naming CSECTs for Application Performance Analyzer	745
	Compiler listings and side file attributes	745
I	Appendix C. XML or JSON document layout	747
	XML declaration	
	XML root tag	
	JSON root object	
	•	
		717
	Layout standards	
	Measurement information	748
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports	748 749
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports	748 749 749
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports S01 Measurement Profile	748 749 756
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports	
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports S01 Measurement Profile S02 Load Module Attributes S03 Load Module Summary S04 TCB Summary	
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports S01 Measurement Profile S02 Load Module Attributes S03 Load Module Summary S04 TCB Summary S05 Memory Usage Timeline	
	Measurement information Performance analysis reports S01 Measurement Profile S02 Load Module Attributes S03 Load Module Summary S04 TCB Summary	

S08 Processor Utilization Summary	759
S09 Measurement Analysis	759
S10 Observation Session Messages	760
CO1 CPU Usage by Category	760
CO2 CPU Usage by Module	762
CO3 CPU Usage by Code Slice	763
CO4 CPU Usage Timeline	
C05 CPU Usage by Task/Category	
C06 CPU Usage by Task/Module	
C07 CPU Usage by Procedure	
C08 CPU Usage Referred Attribution	
C09 CPU Usage by PSW/Object Code	
C10 CPU Usage by Natural Program	
W01 WAIT Time by Task/Category	
W02 WAIT Time by Task/Module	
W03 WAIT Referred Attribution by Task	
W04 WAIT Time by Task ENQ/RESERVE	
W05 WAIT Time by Task ENQ/NESERVE	
D01 DASD Usage Time by Device	
DO2 DASD Usage Time by DDNAME	
D03 DASD Usage Time by Dataset	
D04 Dataset Attributes	
D05 DASD EXCP Summary	
D06 DASD EXCF Summary	
D07 DASD Activity Timeline	
D08 DASD I/O Wait Time	
D09 VSAM Buffer Pool Usage	
G01 Coupling Facility Statistics	
G02 Coupling Facility Mean Service Times	
G03 Coupling Facility Total Service Times	
K01 CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type	
K02 CPU SRB Usage by PSW/OBbjCode	
V01 Measurement Variance Summary	
V02 CICS Variance Summary	
V03 Db2 Variance Summary	
V04 IMS Variance Summary	
CICS Performance analysis reports	
E01 CICS Session Statistics	
E02 CICS CPU and Use Counts by Pgm	796
E03 CICS CPU Usage by Transaction	
E04 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn	798
E05 CICS Total Service Time by Txn	800
E06 CICS Total Service Time by Task ID	802
E07 CICS Wait by Txn	804
E08 CICS Mean Service Time by Termid	
E09 CICS Total Service Time by Termid	807
E10 CICS Mean Service Time by User ID	
E11 CICS Total Service Time by User ID	
E12 CICS CPU/Service Time by Transaction	
IMS Performance analysis reports	
I01 IMS Measurement Profile	
IO2 IMS DL/I Call Timeline	
IO3 IMS Transaction Timeline	
IO4 IMS Transaction Activity Timeline	
105 to 113	
I14 IMS PSB/PCB Attributes	
I15 IMS DL/I Call Attributes	
I16 IMS Transaction Service Times	

I17 IMS Transaction DL/I Call Counts	
I18 IMS CPU/Service Time by DL/I Call	824
I19 IMS CPU/Service Time by PSB	824
I20 IMS CPU/Service Time by Transaction	824
I21 IMS CPU/Service Time by PCB	825
I22 IMS Region Transaction Summary	825
Db2 Performance analysis reports	
F01 Db2 Measurement profile	825
F02 Db2 SQL Activity Timeline	828
F03 SQL Activity by DBRM	
F04 SQL Activity by Statement	
F05 SQL Activity by Plan	
F06 Db2 SQL Statement Attributes.	
F07 SQL WAIT Time by DBRM	
F08 SQL WAIT Time by Statement	
F09 SQL WAIT Time by Plan	
F10 SQL CPU/Service Time by DBRM	
F11 SQL CPU/Service Time by Statement	
F12 SQL CPU/Service Time by Plan.	
F13 Db2 Threads Analysis	
F14 Db2 CPU by Plan/Stored Proc.	
F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc.	
F16 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave	
F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid	
F18 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn	
F19 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wksti	
F30 Db2 Class 3 Wait Times	
Java/USS/HFS Performance analysis reports	
Journal Java Summary/Attributes	
•	
J02 Java Heap Usage Timeline	
J03 Java CPU Usage by Thread	
J04 Java CPU Usage by Package	
J05 Java CPU Usage by Class	
J06 Java CPU Usage by Method	
J07 Java CPU Usage by Call Path	
J09 Java Service Time by Package	
J10 Java Service Time by Class	
J11 Java Service Time by Method	
J12 Java Service Time by Call Path	
J14 Java Wait Time by Package	
J15 Java Wait Time by Class	
J16 Java Wait Time by Method	
J17 Java Wait Time by Call Path	
J18 - Java Garbage Collection Report	
J19 - Java Heap Object Report	
H01 HFS Service Time by Path Name	
H02 HFS Service Time by Device	
H03 HFS File Activity	
H04 HFS File Attributes	
H05 HFS Device Activity	855
H06 HFS Device Attributes	
H07 HFS Activity Timeline	856
H08 HFS Wait Time by Path Name	856
H09 HFS Wait Time by Device	
H10 HFS Service Time by Request	
H11 HFS Wait Time by Request	
MQ Performance analysis reports	
Q01 MQ Activity Summary	858

Using assistive technologies	903 903
Keyboard navigation of the user interface	903
Using assistive technologies	
Appendix F. Accessibility	
Appendix E. Checkpoint File Merge Utility	897
Appendix D. Automatic Report Generation Samples	889
P01 Source Program Attribution	
Source Program Attribution	
X07 Db2 Stored Procedures Summary	
X06 IMS MASS Region Summary	886
X05 Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline	886
X04 CICS Total Service Time by Term	
X03 CICS Mean Service Time by Term	
X02 CICS Total Service Time by Txn	878
X01 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn	
Multiple address space reports	
B21 WOLA Outbound by Servant	
B20 WOLA Outbound by Register	
B19 WOLA Outbound Requests	
B18 WOLA Inbound by Origin	
B17 WOLA Inbound Requests	
B16 WOLA Inbound Requests	
B14 Async Work by Manager B15 Async Work by Servant	
B13 Async Work by Manager	
B12 WAS/Db2 Calls	
B11 WAS/CICS Calls	
B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Activity by Servant	
B09 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity by Origin	
B08 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity	
B07 WAS EJB Activity by Servant	
B06 WAS EJB Activity by Origin	
B05 WAS EJB Activity	
B04 WAS Activity by Servant	
B03 WAS Activity by Origin	
B02 WAS Activity	
B01 WAS Summary	
WebSphere performance analysis reports	
Q14 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn	
Q13 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request	
Q12 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue	
Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline	
Q10 MQ Wait Time by Txn/Queue	
Q09 MQ Wait Time by QueueQ09 MQ Wait Time by Request	
Q07 MQ Service Time by Txn/Queue Q08 MQ Wait Time by Queue	
Q06 MQ Service Time by Request	
Q05 MQ Service Time by Queue	
Q04 MQ CPU Usage by Txn/Queue	
Q03 MQ CPU Usage by Request	0 0 0

Bibliography	909
Glossary	
•	
Index	913

Tables

1. Color coding of graphs	46
2. Report categories and prefixes	47
3. Core IDs Quantification	76
4. on objects	170
5. on headings	171
6. on objects	173
7. on headings	174
8. Detail Line Descriptions	661
9. Mapped Program Header Information	661
10. DWARF Source Detail Line Descriptions	663
11. DWARF Source Header Information	663
12. Reason codes	699
13. Abend code	700
14. S10 Observation Session Messages	760
15 XMI Flements for X04 Report Field Titles	883

About this document

This document describes IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS®15.1 and any subsequent releases until otherwise indicated in new editions.

For the latest Application Performance Analyzer PTF information, see https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/node/341647.

Appendix A contains information about IBM Web sites that can help you answer questions and solve problems.

IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS (also referred to as Application Performance Analyzer) is a tool you can use to analyze the performance of user applications throughout the design, development, and maintenance cycle.

If you need to install Application Performance Analyzer, refer to the Application Performance Analyzer *Program Directory* for installation instructions.

Documentation conventions

The following table describes typographical conventions used throughout this document:

Convention	Explanation
boldface	Indicates a command or keyword that you should type exactly as shown.
italics	Indicates a variable for which you should substitute an appropriate value.
monotype	Indicates literal input and output.
Ctrl + D	Indicates two or more keys pressed simultaneously.
[]	Brackets surround and optional value.
	Vertical bars separate alternative values from which you must make a selection.
	Ellipsis indicates that the preceding element can be repeated.



Changes introduced with IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS 15.1

Read the following sections to learn the new and enhanced capabilities of IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS 15.1. For more information about the enhancements and fixes that are available as continuous delivery APAR updates, see <u>Latest Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS Service</u> Information.

Version 15.1.3

Enhancements to started tasks, sampling, exits, intercepts, and reporting include:

- New system reports showing CPU consumption metrics of system-wide address spaces
 - Z01 System CPU Usage by Jobname
 - Z02 System CPU Usage by ASID
 - Z03 System/Target CPU Usage Timeline
- Enhancements to S01 report, including:
 - Information regarding zIIP, zCBP and Enclave CPU
 - Display for CP and zIIP multithreading mode
- Additional compatibility support:
 - Db2 13
 - IMS 15.3

Version 15.1.0

Enhancements to started tasks, sampling, exits, intercepts, and reporting include:

- CICS Program name filtering
- New Db2 SMF reports
 - F30 Db2+ (SMF) Class 3 Wait Times (Was previously F20)
 - F31 Db2+ (SMF) CPU/Elapsed Times
 - F32 Db2+ (SMF) SQL Activity
 - F33 Db2+ (SMF) Buffer Pool Stats
 - F34 Db2+ (SMF) Locking Activity
- New Java reports GC and Heap
 - J18 Java Garbage Collection Stats
 - J19 Java Heap Object Report
- Support for NATURAL / Adabas zIIP offload and Natural Optimized Compiler (NOC)
- JSON report download
- · Sampling Rate Display on R03
- · Checkpoint merge utility
- System Symbol support in Listener / Common Server
- Additional compatibility support:
 - z/OS 2.5
 - IMS 15.2

- MQ 9.2
- Adabas all supported versions up to and including 8.5.x
- Natural all supported versions up to and including 9.1.x

Enhancements specific to the plugin that include:

- Java 11 compatibility
- Eclipse 2022-03 compatibility
- Windows 11 compatibility

Chapter 1. Using Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF

Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF is the main interface to Application Performance Analyzer. It is used for submitting new observation requests, and for navigating the Performance Analysis Reports generated from observation requests. This chapter describes the Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF environment in general, how to submit observation requests, and how to navigate the reports.

Almost all panels in Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF are implemented as interactive reports. The first screen displayed when entering Application Performance Analyzer, "Observation Session List" follows the same rules and conventions as the Performance Analysis Reports.

For information about	See
Commands used to navigate ISPF reports.	"ISPF reports: navigation and control" on page 1
Application Performance Analyzer's main entry panel: the observation session list.	"R02 - Observation session list" on page 7
Accessing and using the performance reports menu.	"R01 - Application Performance Analyzer performance reports menu" on page 12

ISPF reports: navigation and control

You navigate and control Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF reports using two types of commands:

- Primary commands commands that you type on the command line
- · Line commands commands that you type directly in input fields in the body of the report

Scrolling

The vertical and horizontal scrolling commands you are familiar with from using most ISPF applications are applicable when viewing Application Performance Analyzer reports. Use UP and DOWN (PF7 and PF8) to scroll towards the top and the bottom of the report. You can scroll Maximum, Half, a specific number of lines and by cursor position.

Similarly, use LEFT and RIGHT (PF10 and PF11) to scroll the report horizontally.

Report headings

Many reports present information in a tabular format in rows and columns. The table begins with one or more heading lines, which contain title fields for each of the columns. These heading lines will "lock" to the top of the report viewing area and the vertical scrolling commands will affect only the data lines.

Action (menu) bar

Report navigation primary commands can be displayed by selecting "Navigate" on the action bar menu or can be typed directly on the command line. The action bar menu can be removed from the display by entering the PREF command, and de-selecting the "Action Bar Visible" option.



Retaining open reports

Once you have opened and viewed reports, they can be retained for later viewing. Application Performance Analyzer provides this feature so that multiple reports (from multiple observation requests, if desired) can be readily available for viewing without re-generating the reports. You can navigate through all the open reports using the WIN and JUMP (PF4) commands. Reports are retained when you exit them using the CANCEL (PF12) command.

Displaying HELP

For information about the report currently being displayed, position the cursor in the body of the report (not on an input field), and press PF1. Pressing PF1 on an input field will display specific information about that field.

Primary commands for report navigation

The following is a list of the commands used to navigate reports and explanations for using them:

WIN

You can use the WIN (WINdow) command to display a selection list of open reports in a pop-up panel. From that panel, you can make a selection to jump to the selected report. The main Observation Session List panel will be the report listed at the top of the selection list, so you can use WIN to quickly get back to this panel rather than navigating through all your open reports.

JUMP (PF4)

You can use the JUMP command, or the PF4 key, to jump to another open report. Each time you issue a JUMP request, Application Performance Analyzer will skip to the next open report, on a rotating basis.

END (PF3)

Use the END command, or the PF3 key, to return to the display of the previous report — the one from which the current report was launched. The END command will close (delete) the current report. Entering END from the Report Selection Menu will exit the Application Performance Analyzer Performance Reporting Facility.

CANCEL (PF12)

Use the CANCEL command, or the PF12 key, to return to the display of the previous report — the one from which the current report was launched. The CANCEL command will leave the current report open. You can return to it any time using the JUMP or WIN command. Entering CANCEL from the Report Selection Menu will exit the Application Performance Analyzer Performance Reporting Facility.

REPORT CODE

Once you have selected an observation session, you can enter a three character report code, even if you are not in the report menu. You can be viewing one report, and can immediately open an additional report by typing its code.

UP (PF7)

Use the UP command, or press PF7, to scroll vertically towards the top of the report.

DOWN (PF8)

Use the DOWN command, or press PF8, to scroll vertically towards the bottom of the report.

LEFT (PF10)

Use the LEFT command, or press PF10, to scroll the report horizontally to the left.

RIGHT (PF11)

Use the RIGHT command, or press PF11, to scroll the report horizontally to the right.

FIND

The FIND command (abbreviation "F" can be used) finds all occurrences of a text string. It is similar to an ISPF FIND command, but does not have all the features. All occurrences of the target text string will be highlighted. To remove the highlights, enter the RESET command.

RESET

The RESET command removes the highlights set by the FIND command.

PREF

Use this to set preferences for General Display Settings. Put a slash "/" beside an option to select it. The available options are:

- 1. Action bar visible on panels
- 2. Use 3270 graphic characters
- 3. Show command line in pop-up panels
- 4. Show long descriptions on multiple lines
- 5. Suppress use of special +/- character

CONNECT

Only available on the R02 Observation Session List screen. If your installation has multiple Application Performance Analyzer instances running, you can change which one your ISPF session is connected to by typing CONNECT followed by the Application Performance Analyzer identifier. You can use the VER command to view which Application Performance Analyzer instances are currently running on the same z/OS image that you are logged in to.

VERSION

Only available on the RO2 Observation Session List screen. Type VERSION or VER and a list of the Application Performance Analyzer started tasks are displayed, along with their version numbers, and when they were started.

You can enter SELECT on the command line of the Started Tasks List panel to connect to a different Application Performance Analyzer started task. The format is 'SELECT stcid', where stcid is the value from the 'Stc Id' column of the started task you want to connect to. When a valid, active started task is selected, the RO2 Observation Session List automatically connects to the specified started task when you exit the VERSION dialog. "S" and "SEL" are aliases of SELECT.

SELECT

Available on the R02 Observation Session List screen. This command starts Performance Analysis Reporting for the selected request number. Specify a request number of a valid request after the command, such as SELECT 1234. The selected request number must contain an observation file. "S" and "SEL" are aliases of SELECT.

SETUP

Use the SETUP command to filter information and select options for reports. This command is useful for reducing the size of reports by removing information that is not critical. The options available using the SETUP command vary by report. You can get more details from the report descriptions.

HIDE

Only available on the R02 Observation Session List screen. Type HIDE to remove the list of commonly used Application Performance Analyzer primary commands from view.

SHOW

Only available on the R02 Observation Session List screen. Type SHOW to redisplay the list of commonly used Application Performance Analyzer primary commands at the top of the screen.

IMPORT

Only available in the R02 Observation Session List screen. Use the IMPORT command to load a sample file, or an exported hierarchy of observations. This can be a native Application Performance Analyzer sample file, or one that has been previously exported using the EXP or EXPH command and is in TSO XMIT format. The IMPORT command displays a pop-up window to enter the fully qualified data set name of the native sample file or TSO XMIT file, and to indicate if that original file is to be deleted after import. A new request description can be optionally entered.

During IMPORT, Application Performance Analyzer creates a new observation, assigns a new request number, and, if provided on the IMPORT pop-up window, adds the description to the imported observation. If a hierarchy is being imported, new request numbers are provided for all observations in the hierarchy. If indicated, Application Performance Analyzer will delete the original files. The date and time of the imported request is set to the current date and time, and the expiry date is recalculated based on the rules of the importing system.

Line commands for report navigation

You enter a line command directly in an input field in the body of a report. The line commands are usually typed directly over the text of the field, such as a column heading, or a data field in the report. Input fields where you can enter line commands are always underlined.

Many of Application Performance Analyzer's performance analysis reports contain input fields on which you can enter various line commands. Generally, you can enter line commands on quantified detail lines on the field under the "Name" heading.

The allowable line commands vary depending on the type of detail line. But, in all cases by entering "/" you can request the display of a Context Menu, which will present a list of the allowable line commands for that input field. The generally available line commands are summarized here, followed by details about each command.

- / Display context menu
- ? Display context help information
- + Expand
- ++ Show additional details (or just press the Enter key as a shortcut)
- - Collapse
- · SV Sort by value
- · SN Sort by name

"/" Context menu

Enter a slash "/" to display a context menu in a pop-up panel. The context menu lists the line commands that are available for that field. In addition, you are able to select the line command function directly from the context menu.

A sample context menu is shown below:

```
Enter S to select a function from this menu. The line command (Yellow) can also be entered on the main panel.

Sel To Perform the Following LineCmd

display context help information ?
show additional details about this line ++
expand to reveal next level entries +
collapse to hide next level entries -
sort next level entries by value SV
sort next level entries by name SN
```

"?" HELP

For context help information about the field, or report line, enter a question mark "?". Alternatively, you can press the PF1 key with the cursor positioned on the input field.

"+" Expand

Enter a plus sign "+" on a report detail line to expand the report to reveal additional detail lines which are at the next hierarchical level under the selected line. This offers a means of breaking down one quantified item into greater detail.

For example, consider the following line item which quantifies CPU time in System/OS Services:

```
<u>SYSTEM</u> System/OS Services 44.30 ============
```

Type a plus sign in the name field – SYSTEM:

```
<u>±YSTEM</u> System/OS Services 44.30 ===========
```

Press the ENTER key and the item will be expanded as illustrated here:

SYSTEM	System/OS Services	44.30 ======
→ <u>SVC</u>	SVC Routines	42.14 ==============
→ MVS	MVS System	2.06 ==
→ <u>NUCLEUS</u>	Nucleus Modules	0.06
→ <u>IMS</u>	IMS Subsystem	0.03
	•	

The plus sign (+) entered on the Name heading field will fully expand the entire report to show the full hierarchy of detail.

The plus sign (+) entered on the Description heading will expand the width of the description field. The plus sign (+) entered on the heading for the scale (histogram) will 'zoom in' the scale.

You can also use this line command in the "+n" format, where "n" is the number of levels to expand. On the Description heading, this allows you to expand the width of the description field by a specific number of characters, for example "+12" will widen the field by 12 characters.

"++" Additional details

Enter "++" on a report detail line to display detailed information about the selected item. A pop-up panel will appear in which this information is displayed. The nature of the information displayed in these pop-up panels varies widely depending on the type of item selected.

Note: As a shortcut, you can also simply press the Enter key on an item, it will be treated as if you had entered "++".

As an example, consider the I/O Analysis by DDNAME report:

Additional detail about the DDNAME VASM1-02, for example, can be displayed by typing ++ (or just pressing Enter) in that field:

A pop-up panel with detailed information will appear. (This pop-up panel is scrollable, more information is available by scrolling down with PF8):

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                                                                        More: +
  +----- The following report line was selected -------
  | <u>VSAM1-02</u> BKNSM2 31.16 =======
 Calculation Details
        The 31.16% quantification represents 1,174 measurements
        of DASD I/O unit activity for the DDNAME VSAM1-02 from
       a total of 3767 overall measurements. This is the percentage of the measured run time I/O
        was observed for this dataset.
 VSAM file VSAM1(2) OPENed at 9:36:17.72 Wednesday Mar 24 2004
        DDNAME
                                                   VSAM1
                                                  KEY, DIR, OUT
        Open Intent
       Open Intent KEY,DIR,OUT
Dataset Name USER1.DATA.TESTPF.DAT
Storage Class BKNSMS
Davice Type 3390
        Device Type
                                                 3390
       % Free Bytes in CI 10%
Volume Serial BKNS
                                                                                                      Initial
                                                                                                                                  Last
                                                  BKNSM2
                                                                     CI Splits

        Volume Serial
        BKNSM2
        C1 Splits
        0
        0

        CI Size
        8,192
        CA Splits
        0
        0

        Record Size (LRECL)
        80
        Logical Records
        1
        3,641

        Number of Extents
        1
        Deleted Records
        0
        1

        SHAREOPTIONS
        (1 3)
        Insrted Records
        0
        0

        Organization
        KSDS
        Retrved Records
        0
        1

        CIs per CA
        78
        Updated Records
        0
        0

        Free CIs per CA
        11
        Byter Free Space
        1,908,736
        1,622,016

        Free Bytes per CI
        819
        Number of EXCPs
        Z
        Z,ZZZ

       % Free CIs in CA
                                                 15%
        Strings
        DATA Buffers
       INDEX Buffers
 Index Component of VSAM1(2)
```

"-" Collapse

Enter a minus sign "-" on a report detail line to collapse (hide) all items under the selected line which are at the next hierarchical level of detail.

The minus sign entered on the Name heading field will collapse the entire report so that only items in the first level of the hierarchy are visible.

The minus sign entered on the Description heading will reduce the width of the description field.

The minus sign entered on the heading for the scale (histogram) will "zoom out" the scale.

"SV" Sort by Value

Enter "SV" to sort detail lines by value. When this is entered on a detail line, detail lines under the selected line – at the next hierarchical level – will be sorted by value. Entering the "SV" command repeatedly will toggle between sorting in descending and ascending values.

Enter "SV" on the 'Name' heading field to sort the first level items by value.

"SN" Sort by Name

Enter "SN" to sort detail lines by name. When this is entered on a detail line, detail lines under the selected line — at the next hierarchical level — will be sorted by name.

Entering the "SN" command repeatedly will toggle between sorting in descending and ascending names. Enter "SN" on the "Name" heading field to sort the first level items by name.

Note: The line commands listed above are not a comprehensive list of all that are available in the various reports. See the documentation for each report, or enter a "/" to get a context menu in any input field in any report.

R02 - Observation session list

When you start Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF, the Observation Session List panel is displayed. A list of commonly used primary commands is displayed at the top of the screen to assist those users new to Application Performance Analyzer. Once you become familiar with the Observation Session List, these commands can be hidden from view by entering the HIDE primary command. They can be redisplayed by entering the SHOW primary command.

This panel displays a scrollable list of all the observation session requests, whether they are complete, active, or pending. The list is usually filtered by the owner ID, so each user would only see their own requests. The list can also be filtered by Job Name. The SETUP command is used to specify how the list is to be filtered. When filtering is used to limit the observations which are displayed, the filter will be displayed beneath the appropriate heading.

Note: Although it is not started from the Report Selection Menu, the Observation Session List panel is implemented as a report, and, therefore, follows the same conventions as the Performance Analysis Reports panels.

A sample Observation Session List panel is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
                                                                 Row 00078 of 00810
RO2: Observation Session List (CAZO)
Command ===> ______
                                                              _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>_
 NEW
         To define a new measurement
         To define a threshold measurement
 {\tt CONNECT\ To\ connect\ to\ another\ instance\ of\ the\ measurement\ task}
 VERSION To display version information for all instances
 IMPORT To IMPORT a previously Exported sample file or hierarhy
         To remove these commands from the display (recommended)
On top of any ReqNum to get a list of the line commands
 HIDE
Reqnum Owned By Description
                                    <u>Job Name</u> <u>Date/Time</u>
                                                                  Samples Status
 01871
          USER1
                                     CICS22A
                                                Jan-3 18:12
                                                                       100
                                                                            Ended
                                     CICS22A
 01870
          USER1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        18:11
                                                                       100
                                                                            Ended
                                                                     3,450
 01869
          USER1
                                     IISFR2
                                                Jan-3
                                                        18:11
                                                                            Cancel
 <u>01868</u>
          USER2
                                     USER1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        18:10
                                                                    10,000
                                                                             Ended
 01867 +
          USER1
                  repeat m-step a CICS22A
                                                Jan-3
                                                        18:07
                                                                       100
                                                                            STEPS
 01866
          USER1
                                     USER1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        18:08
                                                                    10,000
                                                                            Ended
                   repeat m-step a PFTEST11 Jan-3
 <u>01865</u> +
          USFR1
                                                        17:55
                                                                            STEPS
                                                                       100
                                                                    10,000
 <u>01864</u>
          USFR1
                                     IISFR1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        17:56
                                                                            Ended
 01863 +
          USER1
                    repeat m-step a PFTEST11
                                                Jan-3
                                                        17:54
                                                                       100
                                                                             STEPS
 01862
          USER1
                                     USER1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        17:54
                                                                    10,000
                                                                             Ended
 01842
          USER1
                                     USER1
                                                        17:52
                                                                    10,000
                                                Jan-3
                                                                            Ended
 <u>01803</u> +
          USER1
                    repeat m-step a PFTEST11
                                                        17:51
                                                Jan-3
                                                                       100
                                                                            STEPS
                                                                     5,000
 01802
          USER1
                    batch interface USER1
                                                Jan-3
                                                        17:46
                                                                            Ended
 01801
          USER1
                                     CICS22A
                                                        17:45
                                                                       100
                                                Jan-3
                                                                             Cancel
 01800
          USER1
                    RT#2 (open/clos PFTEST02
                                                Jan-3
                                                        17:46
                                                                    17,070
                                                                            Cancel
 01799
                                                       17:30
          USER1
                                     CICS22A
                                                Jan-3
                                                                       100
                                                                            Ended
 01798
          USFR1
                                     CTCS22A
                                                Jan-3 17:30
                                                                            Stoppd
```

This panel is used to initiate a new observation request, by using the "NEW" primary command, or the "NEW" line command (described in the next section). The "NEW" primary command and the "NEW" line command both cause the Schedule New Measurement panels to be displayed. For Threshold Monitor requests, use the "TNEW" primary command. For more information about Threshold Monitor requests, see "Using the TNEW command" on page 40.

This panel is also used to access the Reports menu, by entering the "R" line command on the request number for which you want to generate Performance Reports. The "NEW" and "R" commands are the most commonly used commands on this panel, and provide access to the primary functions of Application Performance Analyzer: submitting Observation Requests, and generating Performance Reports for a completed Observation Request.

Input fields

The inputs fields on this report are the ReqNum title field, and all the request number detail lines under it. The request number detail line input is described below in the section <u>"Description of detail lines" on page 8.</u>

You can type the following line commands directly on to the ReqNum title field:

- "?" Display context help information
- "+" Expand to reveal next level entries for all observations
- "-" Collapse to hide next level entries for all observations
- "SR" Sort report detail lines by Request Number
- "SJ" Sort report detail lines by Job Name
- "SD" Sort report detail lines by date/time
- "SO" Sort report detail lines by Owned By
- "SW" Sort lines by expiry days warning (only when expiry days warning is enabled)
- "SK" Sort lines with no delete date (only when expiry days warning is enabled)

Description of detail lines

Each detail line shows the following information about the observation session:

Request Number

This is the unique 5-digit request number assigned to identify the observation session. This is also an input field which accepts line commands. Type the line command directly on top of the request number. If the request number has a "+" beside it, this indicates that there are subsequent entries underneath this one. The line commands accepted in the Request Number field are as follows:

"/"

Display context menu.

"?"

Display context help information.

"++"

Show additional details about this request in a pop-up window. As with all reports, you can also press the Enter key instead.

"+"

Expand to reveal next level entries. This is used for multi-step, repeat schedule, USS, threshold and collateral Db2® requests. When there is next level entries available, a "+" will appear beside the request number.

"_"

Collapse to hide next level entries.

"D"

Delete the request.

"R"

Display performance analysis reports menu for this request, or start Realtime Monitor if request is currently active. When entered for parent observations of multi-step, repeat schedule, USS and threshold measurements, this will expand to reveal next level entries.

"6"

Select Reports or Realtime Monitor. When entered for parent observations of multi-step, repeat schedule, USS and threshold measurements, this will expand to reveal next level entries.

"T"

Tag up to 20 measurements at one time. Tagged measurements are used for variance reporting and CICS® multiple address space reporting. For variance reporting, use the "T" line command together

with the "V" line command, which you use to indicate the base measurement and launch variance reporting. For CICS multiple address space reporting, use the "T" line command together with the "R" line command, which you use to launch reporting for one of the CICS regions. In addition to the standard CICS reports, the specific CICS multiple address space reports are generated.

Note: Tagged measurements remain tagged only for the duration of the session.

"TR"

Create a new request to be Triggered when this request starts. This can only be used on a request that is in SCHED status.

"V"

Launch performance analysis reporting in a mode that enables access to variance reports. Use the "V" line command to compare a measurement previously tagged with a "T" line command. The measurement selected by the "V" line command is the base measurement in variance reports.

Note:

The report menu will be displayed in response to the "V" line command.

CAN

Cancel the request (request must be active).

CRAG

Cancel the RUNAGAIN count, specified in the "Times to repeat measurement" field of R03 Panel 8 when the request was created. This prevents any further measurements from being initiated automatically when the job is rerun. The request must not be in active or writing status.

KEEP

Keep this request until it is manually deleted. This overrides the auto delete feature.

MOD

Modify the request.

NEW

Create new observation request with the same attributes as this request.

The NEW line command will display the Schedule New Measurement panel with the input fields pre-filled with entries from the request on which "NEW" was typed. If you want an empty Schedule New Measurement panel, use the "NEW" primary command.

SUB

Create a new observation request with the same attributes as this request and submit it immediately. You use "SUB" instead of the "NEW" line command when you do not need to view or change any of the fields in the original request.

EXP

Export the sample file for this request to a file in XMIT format.

EXPH

Export the hierarchy of observations for this request, and all dependent requests under it, to a file in TSO XMIT format. All of the observations must have completed.

The request numbers can be displayed in different colors. Parent observations inherit the color of the most critical child. Expand the parent to see the color of the individual child observations. The colors that can be displayed are as follows:

Turquoise

The default color having no specific meaning

White

Indicates this observation has been 'tagged'.

Yellow

When the expiry days warning feature is enabled, indicates this observation will be automatically deleted in two or more days. Use the SW line command on the ReqNum heading to sort these observations by delete date. Use the KEEP command to prevent this request from being automatically

deleted. Users with administrator authority will see the yellow for all users' observations. All other users will see the yellow for their own observations only.

Green

When the expiry days warning feature is enabled, indicates this observation has no delete date or is marked 'Do not Delete'. Use the SK line command on the ReqNum heading to sort all these similar observations to the top of the list. Users with administrator authority will see the green for all users' observations. All other users will see the green for their own observations only.

Red

When the expiry days warning feature is enabled, indicates this observation will be automatically deleted within 24 hours. Use the SW line command on the ReqNum heading to sort these observations to the top of the list. Use the KEEP command to prevent this request from being automatically deleted. Users with administrator authority will see the red for all users' observations. All other users will see the red for their own observations only.

Owned By

This is the User ID of the "owner" of the request (the TSO ID of the user who created the request).

Description

This is the descriptive name of the observation session that was entered (optionally) when the request was made.

Job Name

This is the name of the job (or Started Task or TSO ID) that was measured.

Date/Time

This indicates the date and time of the completion of the measurement. If the measurement is not yet complete, the date and time when the request was made is shown.

Samples

If the session has a status of Ended or Active this is the number of observation samples done. If the observation session has not yet started (a status of "Sched" or "Future") then this shows the number of observation samples requested. This field changes color depending on the status.

Status

This shows the status of the observation session:

- Active means the session is currently taking place.
- Cancel means the request was cancelled using the "CAN" line command.
- **Ended** means the session has completed.
- **ErrMsg** means the session was completed, but error messages are written during sampling. The sample file might be incomplete. Report S10 displays the error messages that are written during sampling.
- Failed means the request failed to complete normally, and did not create a valid sample file.
- **REPEAT** means that this is a repeating schedule request. The requests under this entry can be displayed by using the "+" line command to expand to the next level.
- Sched means the session has been scheduled but measurement has not yet been started.
- **STEPS** means that this is a multi-step request. The requests under this entry can be displayed by using the "+" line command to expand to the next level.
- **Stoppd** means the request was stopped for some reason, usually a CPU Usage control issue, look at report S01 and check for the CPU Usage Status field. It will be present if the request was stopped due

to CPU Usage controls. You can also use the "++" (or Enter key) line command directly on the request number field, and a reason will be shown in the detail window.

- **Tagged** means that this measurement has been tagged (with the "T" line command) for use in variance reports or CICS multiple address space reports.
- **Thresh** means that this is a Threshold Monitor request. The request under this entry can be displayed by using the "+" line command to expand to the next level.
- Trig means this request will be triggered when the corresponding scheduled request starts.
- **USS** means that this is a USS environment measurement. A separate measurement file is created for each spawned address space. Enter the "+" line command to expand this item to see each completed measurement.
- **MultJb** means that this is a multiple job request, created by entering a jobname with wildcards specified. The measurements under this entry can be displayed by using the "+" line command to expand to the next level.
- **IMS** means that this is an IMS Multiple Address Space (MASS) request. Enter the "+" line command to expand this item to view the individual IMS MPP region observations.

Note: A plus sign (+) that appears after the status means that this request will repeat if the target job runs again. This happens when the "Times to repeat measurement" field is specified, and the specified number of times has not been reached, or the optional specified time interval has not expired. Once the job has been rerun, or the optional time interval passes, the plus sign will disappear.

Sysid

The z/OS System id on which the measurement is executed.

Expiry Date

The date that the measurement will be deleted. If the measurement has no expiry date, "Do not Delete" will be displayed.

Duration

The elapsed time of the measurement.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
 General
    Request Number
                           1946
    Request Description No Description entered
    Request Status
                             Ended
    Owner Id
                             USER1
    Time of Request
                             Wednesday Jan 26 2005 11:01:57.13
    Session Start Time Wednesday Jan 26 2005 11:01:57.29 Session End Time Wednesday Jan 26 2005 11:02:57.50 Session Duration 1 minutes, 0.21 seconds
    Session Delete Date Do not Delete
 Measurement Criteria
    Select by Job Name CICS22A
Select by Sys Name X235
    Sample Interval
                             6000 microseconds
    Duration
                             60 seconds
    Sample File DSN 0.USER1.R1946.CICS22A.SF
Samples Requested 10,000
Samples Done 10,000
 Measurement Information
    Samples Done
                             005A
 Data Extractors
    CICS
                             Selected
    IMS
                             Not Selected
    IMS+
                             Not Selected
    Dh2
                             Selected
    Db2+
                             Selected
    MQ
                   Not Selected
```

R01 - Application Performance Analyzer performance reports menu

This panel is displayed as a result of entering the "R" line command to a line in the Observation Session List panel. It enables you to display Performance Analysis Reports for the selection observation session.

There are two distinct areas on this screen. The first, at the top of the screen, shows you a list of report categories. One of these categories is always highlighted (selected). The area at the lower half of the panel lists the available reports belonging to the highlighted (selected) category.

You can change the report category and hence change the list of available reports, by selecting a category by entering "S" beside the category, or by simply entering the single character code on the command line. You can then select a report from the lower portion of the screen.

As a shortcut, you can select a report directly by entering its three-character code on the command line. Note that if you are selecting by report code, it is not necessary to select the category to which the report belongs first, you can enter any three-character report code regardless of which category is currently highlighted. As a shortcut, you can also enter a report code on the command line while viewing a report, and that report will be opened, so it is not necessary to return to the report menu.

The most recently selected category persists from one session to the next.

This example shows the screen with Db2 Measurement as the currently selected category, note that if reports do not apply to the selected measurement, they category will be displayed in red, and will not be selectable.

```
R01: Performance Reports (1910/TSTJOB01)

Select a category from the list below to view the available reports

A Admin/Miscellaneous I IMS Measurement E CICS Measurement
S Statistics/Storage F Db2 Measurement Q MQ Measurement
C CPU Usage Analysis D DASD I/O Analysis G Coupling Facility
W CPU WAIT Analysis V Variance Reports X Multi Address Space
J Java Measurement B WebSphere App Server H HFS Analysis
K SRB Measurement

Enter S to make a selection or enter the report code on the command line

F01 Db2 Measurement Profile F11 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Stmt
F02 Db2 SQL Activity Timeline F12 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan
F03 Db2 SQL Activity by DBRM F13 Db2 SQL Threads Analysis
F04 Db2 SQL Activity by Statement F14 Db2 CPU by Plan/Stored Proc
F05 Db2 SQL Activity by Plan F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc
F06 Db2 SQL Squait Time by DBRM F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rclav
F07 Db2 SQL Wait Time by DBRM F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid
F08 Db2 SQL Wait Time by DBRM F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn
F09 Db2 SQL Wait Time by Plan F18 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn
F19 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by BndUsr
F10 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr
```

The individual reports are described in the chapter <u>Chapter 3</u>, "Performance analysis reports," on page 43.

Chapter 2. Entering observation requests

This section describes how to enter Observation Requests (measurements).

For information about	See
Initiating a new observation request	"Using the NEW command" on page 15
Entering job information	"Panel 1 – Job Information" on page 17
Specifying data extractors (CICS, Db2, IMS, MQ, Java™) or entering additional load libraries to search	"Panel 2 – Options" on page 21
Entering multi-step measurements	"Panel 3 – Multi-steps" on page 26
Selecting active jobs from a list	"Panel 4 – Active Jobs" on page 28
Specifying CICS or IMS transacations or Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions	"Panel 5 – Subsystems" on page 29
Specifying Sysplex systems	"Panel 6 – Sysplex" on page 34
Entering a recurring future scheduled measurement	"Panel 7 – Schedule" on page 34
Additional options related to how the measurement is to be handled	"Panel 8 – Sched Options" on page 37

Entering an observation request

Using the NEW command

New observation requests are initiated from the Application Performance Analyzer Observation Session List panel (this is the panel where Application Performance Analyzer starts). You can use either the "NEW" primary command by entering it on the command line, or use the "NEW" line command by entering it on the request number field of an existing request. The "NEW" primary command will display the Schedule New Measurement panels with blank input fields. The "NEW" line command will display the Schedule New Measurement panels with the input fields pre-filled based on the existing request on which you typed the "NEW" command.

A sample Observation Session List panel with the "NEW" line command entered on the third request in the list is shown below.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> av	igate <u>H</u> elp					
R02: Obs		Session List (0)			Scrol	1 ===> <u>CSR</u>	
Reqnum				<pre>Date/Time</pre>			
00200	USER1	CICS test 2	CICS22A	May-30 14:	15 5,000	Ended	
00199	USER1	VSAM TEST	PFTEST03	May-29 18:	11 3,000	Ended	
ONEW8	USER1	VSAM TEST	PFTEST03	May-29 18:	11 2,998	Ended	
00197	USER1		PFTEST03	May-29 18:	10 4,349	Ended	
<u>00196</u>	USER1		PFTEST03	May-29 18:	97 3,801	Ended	
<u>00195</u>	USER1	Loop with open/c	PFTEST02	May-28 18:	98 20,000	Ended	
<u>00194</u>	USER1	Loop with open/c	PFTEST02			Ended	
00193	USER1	Loop with open/c	PFTEST02	May-24 17:	56 5,000	Ended	
<u>00192</u>	USER1		USER1PF1	May-22 17:	54 3,019	Ended	
<u>00191</u>	USER1		USER1PF1			Ended	
<u>00190</u>	USER1	Loop with open/c				Ended	
<u>00189</u>	USER1	Loop with open/c			51 20,000	Ended	
00188	USER1	Loop with open/c	PFTEST02	May-9 17:	46 20,000	Ended	
<u>00187</u>	USER1	PF05	CICS22A	May-6 17:	45 10,000	Ended	
<u>00186</u>	USER1		CICS22B			Ended	
00183	USER1	1000/60	ARAOSHOW	Apr-30 17:	30 1,000	Ended	

Using the MOD line command

If you need to modify a measurement request, you can use the "MOD" line command.

When issued on measurements that are pending, the "MOD" process uses the same panels as the "NEW" process, so all the information in this chapter applies to "MOD" and "NEW". The "MOD" command can be used to modify future schedule requests, even if some of the generated future requests have run already.

When issued on measurements that are active or have completed, the "MOD" process allows you to change the **Description** field only.

Schedule New Measurement panels

After you have entered the "NEW" line command or "NEW" primary command, the Schedule New Measurement panel group is displayed.

The screens in the Schedule New Measurement dialog are divided into two sections. The top section is fixed and lists the available input panels. The current panel is highlighted. Each panel name is preceded by a symbol indicating if data has been entered to the panel. The symbol appears in green (green light) if data has been entered and is error free. A yellow or red light appears if there are warnings or errors in the data. The lower section of the screen is the input panel. It begins with an identifying heading.

Panel navigation

There are two methods you can use to JUMP from panel to panel:

- Type the panel number on the command line and press ENTER.
- Type a slash, immediately followed by the panel number in the first two positions of any input field.

These can be done in a single operation in combination with entry of input to the current panel. For example, you can enter input to Panel 1, place the cursor on the command line, type 2 and press ENTER. The entry to the Panel 1 input fields will be accepted and Panel 2 will appear. The same applies in this example if you type /2 in one of the data input fields. You must, of course, enter this on a field to which you are not specifying other input.

In some cases, automatic panel navigation occurs, for example, entering a jobname pattern will automatically take you to panel 4 to select from a list of active jobs based on that pattern.

Submitting the request

If you have entered enough data for a complete request to be submitted, "Input more data or ENTER to submit" will be displayed in the panel heading line. Pressing the ENTER key again will submit the request, unless you navigate to another panel to continue entering data.

There is a final confirmation prompt displayed before the request actually gets submitted. If you want to turn off this final confirmation prompt, use the SETUP command while you are in the R03 Schedule New Measurement dialog.

Primary commands

panel number

Enter a single-digit panel number to jump to that panel.

SUBMIT

Use SUBMIT to submit the request immediately and return control to the RO2 panel.

JCL

Use JCL to display the JCL and control statements that could be used to request the equivalent measurement request as a batch job using CAZBATCH.

SETUP options

Use the SETUP command to specify various options affecting this dialog:

Prompt for confirmation before submitting ...

By default, this option is selected. Indicate if the final confirmation prompt is to appear or is to be suppressed.

Prompt for confirmation before returning ...

By default, this option is selected. Normally a warning message will appear when the END command (or PF3) is issued after data has been input. This is to warn that the input data will be discarded. Unselect this option to suppress the warning.

Translate CICS trancode ...

By default, this option is selected. CICS transaction codes entered to Panel 5 will be translated to uppercase. Deselect this option to suppress this translation of lowercase characters.

Suppress warning flags ...

By default, this option is not selected. Select to suppress display of the yellow warning symbols that appear to the left of input fields indicating a warning condition.

Panel 1 – Job Information

The R03 Schedule New Measurement dialog always starts with panel 1 (Job Information) selected, it is shown here:

The panel shown above was invoked with a NEW primary command, so input fields are mostly blank.

Panel 1 - input fields

Job Name/Pattern

This field is optional. Specify the name of the job, started task, or TSO region to be measured. Either one of Job Name/Pattern, ASID, or PID is required. You can also choose to specify any combination of the three.

Note: ASID and PID are not allowed when the Job Name/Pattern field contains a pattern or a dash ('-').

Searching for active jobs (*)

You can specify a job name pattern; for example, a job name prefix followed by an asterisk (*), a job name suffix preceded by an asterisk, or an asterisk by itself. The asterisk indicates that the region to be measured is currently active. A list of active jobs whose names match the wildcard pattern will be displayed in panel 4, where one or more can be selected for measurement.

Creating multi-job measurements (%)

You can specify wildcards in order to generate measurements for multiple jobs in one request. To sample multiple jobs in one request, use a percent (%) as a wild card character anywhere in the job name. Multiple percent characters may be used in the job name, such as %A%B% to sample any jobs with A and B in the job name separated by 0 to many characters. A job name that is 8 characters long might include a percent as the ninth character to signify sampling all jobs that contain the same 8 character job name. Panel 4 can be used to display the currently active jobs that will be sampled.

A job name pattern is only permitted in NEW or MOD requests. It is not valid for Threshold or Trigger requests. You can not specify a jobname pattern of "%". If a pattern is present in the jobname, then the request will automatically be set to only select active jobs.

You can schedule a multiple job request to start at a future date and time by using panel 7 Schedule, but only one future event is permitted.

The maximum number of jobs that can be measured from a multi-job request is defined during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer. When this limit is exceeded, Application Performance Analyzer stops creating measurements for this request and the status of the request is displayed as 'Stoppd'. The measurements that executed (within the limit) are accessible for report viewing under the request. To increase the limit, contact your system programmer.

Obtaining Db2 DDF Data

To obtain DDF data, you must measure the Db2 DDF address space with the Db2+ extractor turned on. The DDF address space is typically named *xxxx*DIST, where *xxxx* is the Db2 subsystem name, unless your organization has changed the name. You have the option of limiting the scope of a DDF measurement by specifying filtering criteria in Panel 5 Subsystems. DDF measurements may be filtered by Correlation Id, End User Id, and/or Workstation Id. For more information on measuring DDF activity, refer to "Measuring DDF activity" on page 336.

Measuring a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function (-)

To measure a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function, use a dash (-) as the first and only character in the Jobname/Pattern field. The information identifying the Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function must be entered on Panel 5. Subsystems. This feature is only available when the WLM Intercept is activated during Application Performance Analyzer installation, and you are given appropriate security access to it. Contact your system programmer for access if necessary. When measuring a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function, the following measurement options are not applicable and will result in an error if used: Step specification/Multi Steps, Measure to step end, Delay by, Active Jobs, CICS and IMS selection criteria, Schedule and Schedule Options.

Measuring a specific IMS transaction across multiple MPP regions

To measure a specific IMS transaction that executes in multiple MPP regions, you must enter a dash (-) as the first and only character in the Jobname/Pattern field. The IMS transaction name and the IMS subsystem name or IMSPLEX group name must be entered on Panel 5 Subsystems. You must also select the MPP regions you want to monitor in Panel 4. Active Jobs. This feature is only available when the IMS Intercept is activated during Application Performance Analyzer

installation, and you are given appropriate security access to it. Contact your system programmer for access if necessary. When measuring a specific IMS transaction across multiple MPP regions, the following measurement options are not applicable and are ignored if used: Step specification/Multi Steps, Measure to step end, Delay by, Schedule and Schedule Options.

Active/Inactive indicator

When a NEW command is entered, Application Performance Analyzer checks for and displays the current status of the job, started task, or TSO region immediately below the jobname. When it is detected as active, 'Active' is displayed, otherwise, 'Inactive' is displayed. It is only necessary to use Panel 8 Sched Options if you wish to change the observation status from that detected by Application Performance Analyzer.

When more than one active job is selected for measurement in Panel 4, the phrase '(Active - Multiple Jobs Selected)' is displayed below the Jobname. In this case, the name listed is the first job selected in Panel 4. You must use Panel 4 to view or change the jobs that are selected for measurement.

ASID

This field is optional. Specify the ASID of a job to be measured. ASID must be specified as a decimal number. ASID might be specified in conjunction with Job Name and/or PID and in this circumstance, the ASID must match the Job Name and/or PID.

Either one of Job Name/Pattern, ASID, or PID is required. You can also choose to specify any combination of the three.

Note: ASID is not allowed when the Job Name/Pattern field contains a pattern or a dash ('-').

PID

This field is optional. Specify the USS Process ID of a UNIX process to be measured. PID must be specified as a decimal number. PID might be specified in conjunction with Job Name and/or ASID and in this circumstance, the PID must match the Job Name and/or ASID.

Either one of Job Name/Pattern, ASID, or PID is required. You can also choose to specify any combination of the three.

Note: PID is not allowed when the Job Name/Pattern field contains a pattern or a dash ('-').

System name

This field appears only if the Application Performance Analyzer you are connected to is configured as a member in a SYSPLEX group. Specify the name of the system on which the measured job is to run (or is currently running). Specify an asterisk (*) in this field to indicate that the job could run on any of the systems in the group.

You can also select panel 6 to display a full list of available system names from which you can make a selection.

Note: Specifying an asterisk (*) is not allowed when the PID, ASID, or both are specified.

Step Specification Field Group

Step specification is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

The job step to be measured is specified by a group of four fields (Step Number, Step Program, Step Name, ProcStepName). To identify the step, you can specify one of the following:

- · Step Number by itself
- Step Program by itself
- · Step Name by itself
- Step Name and ProcStepName

If you leave all of these fields blank, the first job step is assumed. You cannot specify any of these fields when you are specifying measurement of a job that is currently active.

To schedule the measurement of multiple steps in the same job, select panel 3.

Step No.

If Step No. is specified, the other three step fields (Step Program, Step Name, and ProcStepName) must be left blank.

Step No. specifies the numeric step number.

For a NEW measurement, you may enter an asterisk (*) in this field to measure all steps in the job.

For a threshold (TNEW) measurement, you may enter an asterisk (*) in this field to measure all steps in the job that meet the threshold criteria entered in the Criteria panel.

Step Program

If Step Program is specified, the other three step fields (Step No., Step Name, and ProcStepName) must be left blank. Program Step specifies the name of the program coded in the PGM= parameter of the EXEC statement for the step you want to measure.

Step Name

If Step Name is specified, then Step Number, and Step Program must be left blank. You can specify Step Name by itself or in combination with ProcStepName.

Step Name specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement or an EXEC PROC = statement. In the event that the ProcStep name field is also supplied, this field always identifies the symbol coded in an EXEC PROC = statement.

In the event that the ProcStep name field is left blank, and Step Name matches an EXEC PROC = statement, the first step within that proc will be measured.

If the step to be measured is not within a proc, then Step Name specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement, and ProcStepName must not be specified.

ProcStepName

If ProcStepName is specified, then input must also be supplied in the Step Name field.

ProcStepName specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement that is part of a PROC.

Description

Enter a description for this observation request. This field is optional unless the option has been set during installation requiring a minimum description of 8 characters.

Number of Samples

Specify the number of times execution of the measured jobstep is to be sampled. Samples are taken in equal intervals. The sampling frequency is determined by dividing the number of samples by the specified measurement duration. If configured during installation, a default value will be displayed in this field for NEW and TNEW requests. An installation default value is used if you do not supply input in this field.

Note: This field is not used when sampling a Db2 DDF address space with the Db2+ extractor turned on, it will be ignored. In the case of DDF measurement, each SQL call is intercepted for the requested duration, no sampling takes place. The number of samples will always be converted to approximately one per second.

Measure to step end

This field is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

Specify 'Y' in this field to indicate that the measurement is to continue to the end of the step even if the specified number of samples has been recorded. Measurement will continue at the sampling rate calculated based on the specified duration and number of samples.

Duration (min:sec)

Specify the duration of the measurement. You can specify the value in seconds or in minutes and seconds. To specify the duration in minutes and seconds, separate the minutes value from the seconds value using a colon. If configured during installation, a default value will be displayed in this field for NEW and TNEW requests. An installation default value is used if you do not supply input in this field. Examples:

- 135 specifies 135 seconds
- 2:15 specifies 2 minutes and 15 seconds
- 2: specifies 2 minutes

The measurement will proceed for the specified time and the sampling rate will be established at a frequency that would perform the full number of samples for the specified duration.

The measurement will terminate before the duration ends if the job step ends first.

Delay by (secs)

This field is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

Specify a delay time, in seconds, to occur before initiation of the measurement. The delay will occur starting at the time execution of the job step begins. This cannot be specified for measurement of a job that is currently active.

Sampling Rate (/s)

This is the derived sampling rate calculated from the user supplied Number of Samples and Duration.

Note: This is not an input field. It is for informational purposes only.

Retain file for (days)

Specify the number of days after completion of the measurement for which the measurement file is to be retained. The file and all information about the measurement will be deleted after this period. Enter blanks or zero in this field for no automatic deletion of the measurement data.

Notify TSO User

Specify a TSO user ID to be notified upon completion of the measurement. Enter blanks in this field for no completion notification.

USS observations

Specify the maximum number of spawned address spaces or substeps to measure for a USS observation, up to the maximum defined in the system configuration. The same sampling frequency will be used for each spawned address space or substep. Sampling overhead can be high if several spawned address spaces are running simultaneously.

When this field is specified, the collection of measurements will be grouped under a USS master record on the Observation List panel.

Note: When you are deciding what values to enter in the Number of Samples and Duration fields, consider that Application Performance Analyzer does not have unlimited resources to store and report measurement data. Data spaces are used for collecting and reporting data. Extremely large amounts of measurement data can cause Application Performance Analyzer to fail in either the data collection or reporting process. Data space requirements for measurement data vary widely depending on the type of job or region being measured, data extractors selected, etc.

Panel 2 - Options

Panel 2 is used to enter extended measurement options ("Data Extractors"), and also to specify additional load libraries or HFS directories to be searched for external symbol information.

Enter a slash "/" beside each of the data extractors required for the measurement. The data extractors are used to measure additional information about CICS, Db2, IMS, Java, MQ, Adabas, Natural, WebSphere® Application Services and Service Request Blocks. When the CICS, Db2, IMS, or WAS data extractor is specified, further transaction information can be specified in panel 5.

Panel 2 is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp
R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00030 Command ===> Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
Panel 2. Measurement Options
Data Extractors. '/'to select extended measurement options: CICS CICS information _ CICS+ CICS service/CPU time IMS DLI call information _ IMS+ DLI service/CPU time/counts MQ MQ call information _ MQ+ MQ service/CPU time/counts Db2 SQL call information _ Db2+ SQL service/CPU time/counts CDb2 Collateral Db2 activity _ Db2V SQL Variables Db2X Db2 EXPLAIN from bind _ SRB SRB Sampling Ada Adabas call information _ Nat Natural information Java Java information _ WAS WebSphere Activity SYS System information
ARG DSN: Member:
Specify up to 10 load libraries, or up to 440 bytes of HFS directories, to search for external symbol information. The load libraries apply only to sampled modules that are fetched from dynamically allocated load libraries. The directories apply only to sampled HFS programs that do not have absolute path names. Enter multiple directories separated by at least one space.
_ Specify L for load libraries, D for directories 1

If your installation has configured Application Performance Analyzer to display the maximum number of trace entries for Db2+, IMS+ and MQ+, additional input fields will be displayed in Panel 2 based on your configuration. The following example shows the Db2, IMS, and MQ intercepts are enabled and the corresponding Max Trace Size settings are set to display their fields on Panel 2:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
R03: Schedule New Measurement
                                                             Row 00001 of 00030
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
Panel 2. Measurement Options
   Data Extractors. '/'to select extended measurement options:
     ata Extractors. '/'to select extended measurement options:

CICS CICS information _ CICS+ CICS service/CPU time

IMS DLI call information _ MQ+ DLI service/CPU time/counts

MQ MQ call information _ MQ+ MQ service/CPU time/counts

Db2 SQL call information _ Db2+ SQL service/CPU time/counts

CDb2 Collateral Db2 activity _ Db2V SQL Variables

Db2X Db2 EXPLAIN from bind _ SRB SRB Sampling

Ada Adabas call information _ Nat Natural information

Java Java information _ WAS WebSphere Activity

SYS System information
      SYS System information
 100 Db2+ Maximum number of trace entries in thousands
        IMS+ Maximum number of trace entries in thousands MQ+ Maximum number of trace entries in thousands
 100
 100
 ARG DSN: ____
 Specify up to 10 load libraries, or up to 440 bytes of HFS directories, to
 search for external symbol information. The load libraries apply only to
 sampled modules that are fetched from dynamically allocated load libraries.
 The directories apply only to sampled HFS programs that do not have absolute path names. Enter multiple directories separated by at least one space.
              Specify L for load libraries, D for directories
       4
```

Panel 2 input fields

Data Extractors

The data extractors are selected to direct Application Performance Analyzer to measure additional information about CICS, Db2, IMS, MQ, Java, Adabas, Natural or WebSphere Application Services. Use a slash to select one or more appropriate extractors.

CICS

This option is used to collect information about CICS session statistics and CICS transactions. CICS data is reported in the E01 through E11 reports and the CICS Multiple Address Space X series of reports. This extractor can also be selected when the WAS extractor is selected. In this situation, the external CICS interface (EXCI) data will be captured from any WAS Servant observation sessions, and reported in the B11 report.

CICS+

This option is used to collect additional information about CICS transactions, allowing exact transaction counts, service times and CPU times to be measured and reported in the E12 report. When CICS+ is selected, CICS is automatically included. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this data extractor.

Db₂

This option is used to collect information about SQL calls made during measurement. Db2 data is reported in the F01 through F10, F13 and F14 reports.

Db2+

This option is used to collect additional Db2 information, allowing exact call counts, service times, and CPU times to be measured and reported in the F11 and F12 reports. The F15 through F19 reports are produced for DDF measurements only. Db2+ also ensures that accurate SQL text is reported, as without Db2+ turned on it is possible for the SQL text to be incorrect. When Db2+ is selected, Db2 is automatically included. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this data extractor, as Db2+ causes each Db2 call to be intercepted to collect additional data. This might have a small impact on the performance of the target address space. You should be careful when using this feature with other products that also intercept Db2 calls because unpredictable results might occur.

Db₂V

This option is used to activate the Db2 variable extractor during measurement. It will extract SQL variable names for sampled SQL calls. The variable names will then be substituted in place of the :H place holders when the SQL text is displayed. When Db2V is selected, Db2 and Db2+ are automatically included.

Db2X

This option is used to activate the static Db2 explain extractor during measurement. When selected, Application Performance Analyzer will extract static EXPLAIN information for observed SQL statements that were bound in a package or plan with the EXPLAIN(YES) option. See <u>Db2</u> EXPLAIN report for more details.

CDb2

This option is used to activate the collateral Db2 extractor during measurement. When selected, Application Performance Analyzer measures Db2 activity in other address spaces when that activity is invoked by this original Db2 request; for example calls to stored procedures and user-defined functions. In the R02 Observation List, the collateral Db2 measurements are created separately and are grouped under this observation request. When CDb2 is selected, Db2 and Db2+ are automatically included. The CDb2 extractor is only available when your installation has enabled the WLM intercept in Application Performance Analyzer. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this data extractor, as CDb2 causes each Db2 call and WLM call to be intercepted to collect additional data. This can have a small impact on the performance of the target address space.

IMS

This option is used to collect information about IMS (DL/I) calls. IMS information is reported in the IO1, and IO3 through I15 reports.

IMS+

This option is used to collect additional IMS information, allowing exact DL/I call counts, DL/I service times, and CPU times to be measured and reported in the IO2, and I16 through I21 reports. When IMS+ is selected, IMS is automatically included. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this data extractor, as IMS+ causes each DL/I call to be intercepted to collect additional data. This might have a small impact on the performance of the target address space. You should be careful when using this feature with other products that also intercept DL/I calls because unpredictable results might occur.

Java

This option is used to collect detailed information about Java calls. Java information is reported in the J series of reports.

ΜQ

This option is used to collect information about MQ interface calls (both dynamic and static) in Batch, IMS and CICS application programs. This extractor is not used to measure the MQ address space itself. MQ information is reported in the Q series of reports.

MO+

You can select MQ+ option by specifying a forward slash (/). Selecting MQ+ option activates the MQ+ Data Extractor during the measurement. To clear the MQ+ option, specify blank. MQ+ is an MQ measurement option where the precise number of MQ calls, the exact MQ service time and CPU time by MQ call is counted. When you select the MQ+ option, Application Performance Analyzer captures the data that is required to produce the MO+ timeline and service time reports

Q11 through Q14. This might have a small impact on the performance of the target address space. Be careful when you use the MQ+ feature with other products that also intercept MQ calls because unpredictable results might occur. Activating the MQ+ option automatically activates the MQ option.

Ada

This option is used to collect information about Adabas calls. There are no special Adabas reports. Adabas calls are reported under the ADABAS category in several reports. The C08 CPU Usage Referred Attribution report can also be used to see the Attribution offset for Adabas calls and to source map the program. The Ada extractor is only available when your installation has enabled Adabas in Application Performance Analyzer.

Nat

This option is used to collect information about Natural calls. Natural calls are reported in the C10 report. The Nat extractor is only available when your installation has enabled Natural in Application Performance Analyzer.

WAS

This option is used to collect information about WebSphere Application Services requests. The WAS extractor is available only when your installation has enabled WebSphere Application Services in Application Performance Analyzer. Refer to the WAS checklist in Chapter 1 of the Application Performance Analyzer Customization Guide for the steps to enable WebSphere Application Services. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this data extractor.

The Job Name field on Panel 1 must contain the name of a WebSphere Application Services controller address space. The controller is not actually sampled, since no application code runs in it. Instead, all WebSphere Application Services requests processed by the controller are recorded in the sample file and reported in the B01 to B10 reports. If during measurement of the controller, one or more servant regions become active, and the Application Performance Analyzer WLM Intercept has been enabled during installation, the servant region activity will be measured and reported in separate child observation sessions. You may select any of the following extractors when WAS is selected: CICS, Db2, Db2+, CDb2, Db2V, Db2X, MQ, MQ+, and JAVA. However, these extractors are only enabled for the WebSphere Application Services servant observation sessions.

SRB

This option is used to collect detailed information about Service Request Block (SRB) activity during the measurement. When you select the option, the SRB measurement reports are generated. When measuring a DDF address space, the Db2+ and SRB extractors are mutually exclusive.

Maximum number of trace entries (Db2+, IMS+ and MQ+)

These fields are displayed only when your installation has configured Application Performance Analyzer to display them. Otherwise, your installation default is used.

For Db2+, enter the value (in thousands) to limit the number of Db2+ SQL call interceptions for which full details will be written to the sample file. Collecting full details on every interception allows the F02 Timeline report to report exact times for all SQL calls. The F02 report will be truncated at the number of calls specified in this field. The Db2+ data extractor continues to collect the data it requires for the other reports for the duration of the measurement. The value is entered in thousands of calls to be recorded and cannot exceed the default value specified for Db2IMaxTraceSize during Application Performance Analyzer installation. The default value is displayed in this field for NEW observation requests.

For IMS+, enter the value (in thousands) to limit the number of IMS+ DLI call interceptions for which full details will be written to the sample file. Collecting full details on every interception allows the IO2 and IO3 Timeline reports to report exact times for all DLI calls and IMS transactions. The IO2 and IO3 reports will be truncated at the number of calls specified in this field. The IMS+ data extractor continues to collect the data it requires for the other reports for the duration of the measurement. The value is entered in thousands of calls to be recorded and cannot exceed the default value specified for IMSIMaxTraceSize during Application Performance Analyzer installation. The default value is displayed in this field for NEW observation requests.

For MQ+, enter the value in thousands to limit the number of MQ call interceptions for which full details are written to the sample file. By collecting full details on every interception, exact times for all MQ calls can be reported in MQ+ reports. The Q11 report is truncated at the number of calls that are specified in this field. The MQ+ data extractor continues to collect the data that it requires for the other reports during the measurement. The value is entered in thousands of calls to be recorded. And the value cannot exceed the default value that is specified for MQIMaxTraceSize during Application Performance Analyzer installation. The default value is displayed in this field for NEW observation requests.

Automatic Report Generation (ARG)

The Automatic Report Generation Feature (ARG) enables you to request the automatic generation of observation reports immediately upon completion of a successful observation session. Specify a dataset name and optional member name containing JCL and PRINT control statements that will be used to submit the batch job to generate the reports.

ARG DSN

Specifies the dataset name for Automatic Report Generation. This dataset might be partitioned or physical sequential, and it must have a record format that is fixed length and LRECL=80. The dataset or member contains the complete JCL stream to create observation reports. The JCL stream will be submitted after the observation completes.

Member

Specifies a member name of a PDS for Automatic Report Generation. The member must reside in a PDS that contains the fixed length, LRECL=80 records. The member contains the complete JCL stream to create observation reports. The JCL stream will be submitted after the observation completes.

See hlq.SCAZSAMP(CAZARG) for a sample ARG member.

Specify L for load libraries, D for directories

Specify either L or D to indicate whether Application Performance Analyzer is to search load libraries or directories.

Libraries

Specify up to 10 load libraries to be searched by Application Performance Analyzer for external symbol information. These are applicable only when sampled modules are fetched from dynamically allocated load libraries. See "Specifying additional libraries" on page 26 for more information.

Directories

Specify up to 440 bytes of HFS directory path names to be searched by Application Performance Analyzer, each separated by one or more spaces. These are applicable only when sampled HFS programs have relative path names.

Specifying additional libraries

It is sometimes necessary to specify additional libraries for Application Performance Analyzer to use to resolve sampled addresses to CSECT plus offset, instead of load module plus offset.

When one program issues a LOAD or LINK macro to fetch other load modules, they are typically loaded from STEPLIB or JOBLIB or a LINKLIST library. In this case Application Performance Analyzer will find them automatically during sampling.

However, the LOAD macro can be coded to reference a DCB for which a load library was OPENed. The library might have been allocated to a temporary DDNAME and after the LOAD is done, the DCB is closed and the DDNAME released. In this situation, Application Performance Analyzer has no way of determining what load library the module came from. Hence, it is unable to get CSECT (EBE) information. This would prevent such modules from being source mapped.

Panel 3 – Multi-steps

This panel is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

Panel 3 is used to specify that multiple job steps are to be measured. You can specify up to 20 steps, using the same specification rules described for single step measurements entered on panel 1. For more information, see "Panel 3 input fields" on page 27.

Panel 3 is shown here. In this example, three steps have been selected by StepName.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> ie	w <u>N</u> avigate	<u>H</u> elp				
	le New Measu >					00001 of 00021 roll ===> <u>CSR</u>
o 1. Job In o 2. Option	formation s	3. Multi 4. Active	Steps 5. e Jobs 6.	. Subsystems . Sysplex	7. Sc 8. Sc	hedule hed Options
Panel 3. Me	asure Multip	le Steps				
				eparate measu StepNo select		
StepNo Prog						
Stehino Ling		me ProcSi		pNo Program		
	IDC01_			p <u>No Program</u> 		
	IDC01_					
	IDC01_					
	IDC01_					
	IDC01_					
	IDC01_					

Panel 3 input fields

Each step specification has a group of four fields. These four fields follow exactly the same rules as the step fields in panel 1.

Step Specification Field Group

The job step to be measured is specified by a group of four fields (Step Number, Step Program, Step Name, ProcStepName). To identify the step, you can specify one of the following:

- Step Number by itself
- Step Program by itself
- · Step Name by itself
- Step Name and ProcStepName

Step No.

If Step No. is specified, the other three step fields (Step Program, Step Name, and ProcStepName) must be left blank.

Step No. specifies the numeric step number. Specify an asterisk (*) in the first Step No. field to indicate that all steps in the job are to be measured.

Step Program

If Step Program is specified, the other three step fields (Step No., Step Name, and ProcStepName) must be left blank.

Program Step specifies the name of the program coded in the PGM = parameter of the EXEC statement for the step you want to measure.

Step Name

If Step Name is specified, then Step Number, and Step Program must be left blank. You can specify Step Name by itself or in combination with ProcStepName.

Step Name specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement or an EXEC PROC = statement. In the event that the ProcStep name field is also supplied, this field always identifies the symbol coded in an EXEC PROC = statement.

In the event that the ProcStep name field is left blank, and Step Name matches an EXEC PROC = statement, the first step within that proc will be measured.

If the step to be measured is not within a PROC, then Step Name specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement, and ProcStepName must not be specified.

ProcStepName

If ProcStepName is specified, then input must also be supplied in the Step Name field.

ProcStepName specifies the symbol coded in the name field of an EXEC PGM = statement that is part of a PROC.

Panel 4 – Active Jobs

Panel 4 is used to select active jobs from a list. You can enter a Prefix to limit the jobs listed. If you enter a Pattern in the Job name/Pattern field in panel 1, this will be entered as the Prefix in panel 4. This is an input field, you can change the prefix while in panel 4.

Panel 4 is shown here. In this example the prefix entered is "C*".

Enter "S" beside the active job(s) you want to measure. You can select multiple active jobs to be measured simultaneously. The maximum number of jobs that can be selected is defined during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer. This feature is used to measure multiple active jobs at the same time, and is typically used for CICS and IMS multiple address space support.

When multiple jobs are selected, the selected jobs are listed in the lower half of the panel in Selected Jobs List. You add jobs to the Selected Jobs List by entering 'S' beside the active jobs in the upper half of the panel. Enter 'D' beside the active job in the lower half of the panel to remove jobs from the Selected Jobs List. When you return to Panel 1, the first job selected is displayed in the Jobname//Pattern field, and '(Active - Multiple Jobs Selected)' is displayed below the Jobname to indicate that multiple jobs are selected. Multiple jobs can be selected only in NEW requests, and are not valid for Threshold or Trigger requests.

Panel 4 is shown here with multiple CICS regions selected for measurement simultaneously.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
R03: Schedule New Measurement
                                                       Row 00001 of 00011
                                             _____ Scroll ===> <u>CS</u>R
Command ===> _____
o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options o 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
                                              Input more data or ENTER to submit
Panel 4. Active Jobs
                                                             Prefix . . CICS*_____
 Enter S to select an active job step to be measured.
               JobId StepName STC02977 CICS31A
                                            <u>Procstep</u>
                                                         <u>ASIDX</u>
                                                                 <u>System</u>
                                                                             CPU%
                                                    01AC
0167
                                                            X235
                                                                         1.08
                                            CICS
                                                                                  0.00
     CICS31A
  _ CICS32A
    CICS32A STC
CICS32B STC
CICS41A STC
                                            CICS
                                                             X235
                                                                         1.08
                                                                                   0.00
                                                    0151 X235
016E X235
                                            CICS
                                                                         0.72
                                                                                   0.00
                                                                        1.44
                                          CICS
                                                                                   0.00
 Selected Jobs List
 Enter D to remove an active job from the list.
     <u>JobName</u>
                <u>System</u>
     CICS32A
             X235
               X235
    CICS32B
```

Panel 5 – Subsystems

Use this multi-purpose panel to specify further information about the measurement of CICS regions, IMS regions, specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions, Db2 DDF address spaces and WebSphere (WAS) controllers. Panel 5 has three different appearances depending on the purpose of the measurement.

For a typical CICS, IMS or DDF measurement, Panel 5 displays mutually exclusive input fields that are specific to the CICS transactions and terminals, or IMS transaction, program and userid, or DDF filtering criteria.

- For CICS, you can specify the CICS transaction codes and terminals for which CICS measurement information is to be recorded. Limiting the CICS transactions and terminals you are interested in can have a significant impact on the resources consumed by the measurement process.
- For IMS, when you are measuring one MPP or IFP region, you can specify the IMS transaction, program and user ID for which measurement information is to be recorded.
- For DDF measurements, you can specify the Correlation Id, End User Id and/or Workstation Id for which measurement information is to be recorded.

For a multiple address space measurement, where a dash (-) is entered in the Jobname field in Panel 1, Panel 5 displays mutually exclusive input fields specific to Db2 stored procedures and user-defined functions, or IMS transactions that execute across multiple IMS regions.

- For Db2 multiple address space support, when you are measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions, you can specify the Db2 subsystem name or the Db2 group attach name, a P or F to identify the request, the schema name and the stored procedure or user-defined function name.
- For IMS multiple region support, when you are measuring an IMS transaction that executes across
 multiple MPP regions, you can specify the IMS subsystem name or IMSPlex group name, and the IMS
 transaction name.

For a WebSphere measurement where the WAS extractor is selected in Panel 2, Panel 5 displays WebSphere filtering criteria. You can specify the request name, application name, and/or origin for which measurement information is to be recorded. You can also use this panel to filter out image activity and/or specific file extensions.

A sample panel 5 for CICS, an IMS region and DDF is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp
R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00030 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR_
o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
Panel 5. Subsystem Measurement Criteria
Specify up to 16 CICS trancodes for which measurement data is to be recorded.
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
Include CICS system transactions in measurement(Y/N): N
Wildcard character '*' can be specified at the end of a partial name. '*' by itself specifies all transactions or terminals.
Specify up to 8 CICS terminal ids for which measurement data is to be recorded.
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08
Include CICS non-terminal transactions in measurement(Y/N): Y
Specify up to 8 CICS program names for which measurement data is to be recorded.
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08
Enter IMS/TM selection parameters:
Transaction Program Name User ID
Specify filter criteria for DDF observation. Wildcards are accepted.
Correlation Id or _ '/' for null (binary zero) End User Id or _ '/' for null (binary zero) Workstation Id or _ '/' for null (binary zero)

A sample panel 5 for WebSphere is shown here:

Panel 5 input fields

For a CICS measurement:

CICS Trancode

Specify a CICS transaction name or pattern. This identifies CICS transactions to be included in the measurement. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern. You can specify up to 16 names/patterns. Specify an asterisk (*) by itself to measure all transactions.

Include CICS System Txns

Specify Y or N to indicate if the measurement is to include data on CICS system transactions. (Normally set to No).

CICS Terminal ID

Specify a CICS terminal ID name or pattern. This identifies CICS terminals to be included in the measurement. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern. You can specify up to eight names/patterns. Specify an asterisk (*) by itself to measure all terminals.

Include CICS non-terminal transaction

Specify Y or N to indicate if the measurement is to include data on CICS non-terminal transactions.

CICS Program Name

Specify a CICS program name or name pattern. This identifies CICS program names to be included in the measurement. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern. You can specify up to eight names or patterns. Specify an asterisk (*) by itself to measure all program names.

For a single IMS region measurement:

IMS Transaction

Specify an IMS transaction id or pattern. This identifies IMS transactions to be included in the measurement when measuring an IMS/MPP or IMS/IFP region. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern.

Any values in Transaction Id, Program Name and User ID are ANDed together to determine if a transaction should be included in the measurement.

IMS Program

Specify an IMS program name or pattern. This identifies IMS programs to be included in the measurement when measuring an IMS/MPP or IMS/IFP region. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern.

Any values in Transaction Id, Program Name and User ID are ANDed together to determine if a transaction should be included in the measurement.

IMS User ID

Specify a userid or pattern. This identifies that transactions initiated by the userid are to be included in the measurement when measuring an IMS/MPP or IMS/IFP region. You can also specify a partial name terminated by an asterisk (*) to indicate a wildcard pattern. Any values in Transaction Id, Program Name and User ID are ANDed together to determine if a transaction should be included in the measurement.

Note: When limiting the observation to specific IMS transactions, programs or users in an MPP or IFP region, Application Performance Analyzer samples only when the transactions are running. The observation continues to run for the requested duration.

For a Db2 DDF measurement:

Correlation Id

Specify a Db2 correlation id or pattern. This identifies a Db2 correlation id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. A correlation id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering a '/' in the selection field next to the Correlation Id field. You may also specify a wildcard pattern using an asterisk (*) or a percent sign (%). An asterisk is used to indicate one or more characters that can appear in place of the asterisk. It can be used as a prefix

or a suffix, or both. Alternatively, a percent sign is used to indicate any single character, and can appear any number of times. Any values in Correlation Id, End User Id, and Workstation Id are ANDed together to determine if an SQL request is included in the measurement.

End User Id

Specify an end user id or pattern. This identifies an end user id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. An end user id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering a '/' in the selection field next to the End User Id field. You may also specify a wildcard pattern using an asterisk (*) or a percent sign (%). An asterisk is used to indicate one or more characters that can appear in place of the asterisk. It can be used as a prefix or a suffix, or both. Alternatively, a percent sign is used to indicate any single character, and can appear any number of times. Any values in Correlation Id, End User Id, and Workstation Id are ANDed together to determine if an SQL request should be included in the measurement.

Workstation Id

Specify a workstation id or pattern. This identifies a workstation id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. A workstation id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering a '/' in the selection field next to the Workstation Id field. You may also specify a wildcard pattern using an asterisk (*) or a percent sign (%). An asterisk is used to indicate one or more characters that can appear in place of the asterisk. It can be used as a prefix or a suffix, or both. Alternatively, a percent sign is used to indicate any single character, and can appear any number of times. Any values in Correlation Id, End User Id, and Workstation Id are ANDed together to determine if an SQL request should be included in the measurement.

For a Db2 stored procedure or user defined function measurement:

Db2 Subsystem

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in Panel 1. Specify a Db2 subsystem. This identifies the Db2 subsystem that will be used to run the stored procedure or user-defined function. This field is mutually exclusive with the Db2 Group Attach Name field.

Db2 Group Attach Name

Db2 Group Attach Name field is displayed only when you enter a dash (-) in the Job Name/Pattern field in panel 1. If you want to identify the Db2 group that will be used to run the stored procedure or user-defined function, specify a Db2 group attach name. The Db2 Group Attach Name field is mutually exclusive with the Db2 Subsystem field.

Specify procedure or function

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in Panel 1. Identify this request as a stored procedure or user-defined function. Enter P for stored procedure or F for a user-defined function.

Schema

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in Panel 1. Specify the schema name for this stored procedure or user-defined function. You can specify a schema name pattern; for example, a schema name prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem that matches that schema name pattern and name concatenation. If a single asterisk is coded in both schema and name, Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem.

Name

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in panel 1. Specify the name of the stored procedure or user-defined function. You can specify a name pattern; for example, a name prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem that matches that schema name and name pattern concatenation. If a single asterisk is coded in both schema and name, Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem.

For an IMS multiple region measurement:

IMS Subsystem Id

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in panel 1 to indicate an IMS MASS request. Specify an IMS subsystem. This identifies the IMS subsystem in which the IMS transaction you are measuring runs.

IMSPLEX Group Name

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in panel 1 to indicate an IMS MASS request. Specify the IMSPlex XCF group name. This identifies the IMSPlex where the IMS transaction will run. Either the CSL group name, which is defined by the IMSPLEX parameter in the DFSCGxxx member of the IMS proclib, prefixed by the characters "CSL", or the IMS Shared Queues group name, which is defined by the SQGROUP parameter in the DFSSQxxx member of the IMS proclib, can be specified. These parameters can also be found in the DFSDFxxx member of the IMS proclib. IMS Subsystem ID and IMSPLEX Group Name are mutually exclusive.

Transaction

This field is displayed only when a dash (-) is entered in the Job Name/Pattern field in panel 1 to indicate an IMS MASS request. Specify an IMS transaction code. This identifies the IMS transaction to be included in the measurement. All active MPP regions that are eligible to process the transaction code on the specified IMS subsystem are returned on panel 4.

For a WebSphere measurement:

Request name

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard character. Embedded asterisks are not treated as wildcards. If the field is left blank, no filtering is applied. Otherwise, only WAS requests that match the request name filter will be written to the sample file.

Application name

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard. Embedded asterisks are not treated as wildcards. If the field is left blank, no filtering is applied. Otherwise, only WAS requests that invoked an application that matches the filter will be written to the sample file.

Origin

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. It can be an IP address, a host name, or a job name. Only WAS requests that came from the specified origin will be written to the sample file. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard character. If the field is left blank, no filtering is applied.

Origin format

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It is required if an origin filter is specified. Enter a slash against the type of origin filter:

IP address

The filter value must be a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address. If a wildcard is used, it can only appear after a dot separator (for IPv4) or a colon separator (for IPv6). For example:

```
207.245.47.*
2001:db8:85a3:0:*
```

However, a wildcard cannot be used with an IPv6 filter if it contains two consecutive colons. For example, the following filter value is invalid:

```
2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:*
```

This is because the two consecutive colons and the asterisk wildcard both represent a varying number of missing values.

Host name

The filter value can be from 1 to 79 non-blank characters. The characters are restricted to alpha-numeric, hyphen and underscore. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard. WAS can sometimes show an IP address as a host name. To filter these, you must specify the filter value as an IP address, not a host name.

Job name

The filter value can be from 1 to 8 alpha-national characters. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard.

Filter out image file activity

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It specifies whether or not requests for image files should be filtered out. Image files are identified by request names that end in any of the following file extensions:

```
.gif .jpg .jpeg .png .ico
```

Filter out requests with these file extensions

This field is displayed only for WAS filter criteria. It can be used to specify a series of file extensions, each separated by a space. Any requests for those file types will be filtered out. For example:

```
.css .pdf .txt
```

Any WAS request whose request name ends in one of the specified file extensions will be filtered out. Each file extension must begin with a period and must be followed by at least one non-blank character. Wildcards cannot be used in this filter.

Panel 6 - Sysplex

This panel is used to select a target Sysplex system from a list. You can also choose ALL systems, in which case the target job will be measured on the first system to run it. You cannot select ALL for active jobs. Selecting ALL is the same as entering an asterisk (*) in the System Name field on panel 1.

A sample panel 6 is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help

R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00010 Scroll ===> CSR

o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options

Panel 6. Sysplex

Target System. 'S' to select one option from the list (scrollable):

_ ALL All Sysplex members eligible
_ SYSA
_ SYSB
_ SYSE
_ XS02
_ XS03
_ XS05
```

Panel 7 - Schedule

This panel is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

This panel is used to generate a schedule for repetitions of future measurements. A maximum of 105 future scheduled measurement entries is allowed.

The panel is shown here before any future schedule data has been entered:

Using this panel to create a future schedule is explained in the example below. Note that there are also important fields on panel 8 related to future schedules. If it is not known when the job will run, use panel 8 to specify how many times to repeat the measurement.

Example of creating a Future Schedule

If a user wanted to measure a job every Wednesday night at 8:00 pm, and every Friday night at 11:00 pm, for 10 weeks, starting on Wednesday Dec. 8, 2004, it would be set up like this:

- 1. Enter the first Wednesday date in the Date (yy mm dd) field: 04 12 08.
- 2. Enter 10 in the Repeat __ times field.
- 3. Enter 20:00 in the Time (hh mm) field.
- 4. Enter 7 in the After __ days field. (To indicate that is repeats each 7 days).

The screen would look like this:

Then press Enter to generate the schedule, it will appear at the bottom of the panel like this:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
R03: Schedule New Measurement
                                                         Row 00001 of 00015
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
o 1. Job Information o 3. Multi Steps o 5. Subsystems o 7. Schedule o 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
Panel 7. Schedule
Panel 7. Schedule
Date/time of first in sequence
Date (yy mm dd) . __ _ _ Repeat . _ _ times
Time (hh mm) . . _ _ _ Mfter . . _ days _ minutes
 Measurement Schedule (/ for line command list, UP/DOWN to scroll)

        Date/Time
        Status

        Wed Dec-08-04 20:00
        Pending ADD

        Wed Dec-15-04 20:00
        Pending ADD

    SeqN
    0001
    <u>0002</u>
              Wed Dec-22-04 20:00 Pending ADD Wed Dec-29-04 20:00 Pending ADD
    0003
    <u>0004</u>
              Wed Jan-05-05 20:00 Pending ADD
    0005
    0006
0007
              Wed Jan-12-05 20:00 Pending ADD Wed Jan-19-05 20:00 Pending ADD
              Wed Jan-26-05 20:00 Pending ADD Wed Feb-02-05 20:00 Pending ADD Wed Feb-09-05 20:00 Pending ADD
    <u>8000</u>
    0009
    0010
    ***** End of Schedule ******
```

Now enter similar data for the Friday night schedule like this:

- 5. Enter the first Friday date in the Date (yy mm dd) field: 04 12 10.
- 6. Enter 10 in the Repeat __ times field.
- 7. Enter 23:00 in the Time (hh mm) field.
- 8. Enter 7 in the After __ days field. (To indicate that is repeats each 7 days).

Press Enter and your Friday dates will appear with the Wednesday dates already generated like this:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
R03: Schedule New Measurement
                                                                     Row 00001 of 00015
                                                                  _____ Scroll ===> <u>CS</u>R
Command ===> _____
o 1. Job Information o 3. Multi Steps o 5. Subsystems o 7. Schedule o 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options
Panel 7. Schedule
Date/time of first in sequence Measurement repetitions
Date (yy mm dd) . __ _ _ Repeat . _ _ times
Time (hh mm) . . _ _ _ Mater . . _ days _ minutes
 Measurement Schedule (/ for line command list, UP/DOWN to scroll)
                                    Status
   <u>SeqN</u> <u>Date/Time</u>
           Wed Dec-08-04 20:00
                                       Pending ADD
           Fri Dec-10-04 23:00
                                   Pending ADD
   0002
          Wed Dec-15-04 20:00
Fri Dec-17-04 23:00
   0003
                                       Pending ADD
   0004
                                       Pending ADD
   <u>0005</u>
          Wed Dec-22-04 20:00
                                       Pending ADD
   0006
           Fri Dec-24-04 23:00
                                       Pending ADD
   0007
           Wed Dec-29-04 20:00
                                       Pending ADD
                                       Pending ADD
   8000
           Fri Dec-31-04 23:00
           Wed Jan-05-05 20:00
   <u>0009</u>
                                       Pending ADD
   <u>0010</u>
           Fri Jan-07-05 23:00
                                       Pending ADD
   0011
           Wed Jan-12-05 20:00
                                       Pending ADD
           Fri Jan-14-05 23:00
Wed Jan-19-05 20:00
Fri Jan-21-05 23:00
                                       Pending ADD
   0012
   <u>0013</u>
                                       Pending ADD
   <u>0014</u>
                                       Pending ADD
           Wed Jan-26-05 20:00
   0015
                                       Pending ADD
           Fri Jan-28-05 23:00
   0016
                                       Pending ADD
           Wed Feb-02-05 20:00
Fri Feb-04-05 23:00
   0017
                                       Pending ADD
                                       Pending ADD
   <u>0018</u>
           Wed Feb-09-05 20:00
Fri Feb-11-05 23:00
   0019
                                       Pending ADD
                                      Pending ADD
   ******** End of Schedule ******
```

Your schedule dates have now all been generated. Also see panel 8 below for additional data regarding future schedules.

Note: If you are entering a multiple job request (using the % wildcard in the job name field), then you can only set one date and time. No repetitions are allowed.

Panel 7 input fields

First Schedule Date

Specify a starting date for a new sequence of recurring schedule date/time entries.

Schedule Repeat Count

Specify a repeat count. This is the number of measurement recurrences to be generated and added to the schedule. The maximum value that can be entered in this field is 99. Application Performance Analyzer will accept a schedule with up to 105 repeats.

To generate a schedule with more than 99 repeats, you must generate two schedules for the same request. After generating the repeats for the first schedule, remain in Panel 7 and generate another schedule for the remaining repeats.

First Schedule Time

Specify a starting time for a new sequence of recurring schedule date/time entries.

Interval in Days

Specify the interval, in days, between each measurement recurrence to be added to the schedule.

Interval in Minutes

Specify the interval, in minutes, between each measurement recurrence to be added to the schedule.

Panel 8 - Sched Options

This panel is not applicable when measuring specific Db2 stored procedures or user-defined functions.

The available fields on panel 8 vary depending on whether "Y" or "N" is entered in the Measure active job (Y/N) field, and whether or not a future schedule has been entered on panel 7.

No Future Schedule and Active YES

When there is no future schedule, and "Y" is entered in the Measure active job (Y/N) field, then no additional fields will appear on panel 8. In this case, specifying "Y" here is an alternative to selecting an active job from a list in panel 4. If you use this method to specify that a job is active, then the jobname entered in panel 1 must be currently active, otherwise the request will fail.

An example of panel 8 for a single occurrence of an active job (i.e., with no future schedule) is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help

R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00004 Scroll ===> PAGE

• 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule 2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options

Panel 8. Schedule Options

Specify if the job is active and is to be measured immediately (Y) or if IBM APA for z/OS is to wait for the job to be submitted (N):

Measure active job (Y/N) . . . . Y
```

No Future Schedule and Active NO

When there is no future schedule, and "N" is entered in the Measure active job (Y/N) field, then the field Times to Repeat and Within interval (minutes, days or weeks) will appear.

An example of panel 8 for a single occurrence of an inactive job (i.e., with no future schedule) is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help

R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00011
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> CSR

• 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems 7. Schedule
2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex 8. Sched Options

Panel 8. Schedule Options

Specify if the job is active and is to be measured immediately (Y) or if
IBM APA for z/OS is to wait for the job to be submitted (N):

Measure active job (Y/N) . . . . N

Times to repeat measurement . ___ If the job runs more than once.

Within interval (minutes) . ____ Maximum 999 minutes.
or within interval (days) . ____ Maximum 22 days.
or within interval (weeks) . ____ Maximum 3 weeks.
```

Future Schedule and Active YES

When entering a future schedule request, selecting "Y" for active means that the job is expected to be active when the measurement takes place. The fields Number of times to retry and Retry interval (minutes) will appear.

An example of panel 8 for an active job with a future schedule is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help

R03: Schedule New Measurement Row 00001 of 00007

Command ===> Scroll ===> PAGE

o 1. Job Information 3. Multi Steps 5. Subsystems o7. Schedule
2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex o8. Sched Options

Panel 8. Schedule Options Input more data or ENTER to submit

Specify if the job to be measured will be active when the scheduling occurs (e.g. a CICS region) or pending (a batch job).

Job will be active (Y/N) . . . . Y

Number of times to retry . . _ Indicate retry action if job is not Retry interval (minutes) . . _ active at the time of scheduling.
```

Future Schedule and Active NO

When entering a future schedule request, selecting "N" for not active means that the request will wait for the job to start. In this case three additional fields will appear: Expire after (minutes), Times to repeat measurement, and Within interval (minutes).

An example of panel 8 for an inactive job with a future schedule is shown here:

Panel 8 input fields

Job Active (Y/N)

Specify Y to indicate the job is active and the measurement is to begin immediately. Specify N to indicate that the job is pending (a batch job) and Application Performance Analyzer is to wait for its execution.

If you have specified a recurring schedule for the measurement, then this field indicates the expected status of the job at the time the measurement is scheduled.

Expire after

This applies to a schedule of recurring measurements for a job that is not expected to be active at scheduling time (a batch job). It specifies the length of the interval during which Application Performance Analyzer is to check for the job before expiring the schedule item. Specify the length of the interval in minutes.

Times to Repeat

This applies to measurement of a job that is not active (pending). Known as the RUNAGAIN count, it specifies the number of times the measurement is to be repeated if the job is rerun. This can be used as an alternative to specifying a schedule on panel 7 if the exact date and time of each run is not known.

Optionally, a time interval can be specified, within which the job must run to be measured again. Use this to ensure that a good measurement is captured in the event that the job is cancelled or abends and is then rerun. If you have specified a schedule in panel 7, then you must provide a time interval for the repeat measurements.

Within Interval

This applies to measurement of a job that is not active (pending). Specify the interval the Application Performance Analyzer started task is to check for reruns of the job. Use this to ensure that a good measurement is captured in the event that the job is cancelled or abends and is then rerun. If you have specified a schedule in panel 7, then you must provide a time interval for the repeat measurements.

In the case of a single occurrence of a batch job, use this when the exact time the job will be executed is unknown or varies. Measurements that have a future schedule associated with the job will accommodate an interval of up to 999 minutes only. Measurements for a single occurrence of a job (i.e., no future schedule) will accommodate an interval of either 999 minutes, 22 days or 3 weeks.

Times to Retry

This applies to a schedule of recurring measurements for a job that is expected to be active at the time the measurement is scheduled. Indicate the number of times Application Performance Analyzer is to check again for the job in the event that it was not active. The 'Retry Interval' field specifies the interval between retries.

Retry Interval

This applies to a schedule of recurring measurements for a job that is expected to be active at the time the measurement is scheduled. It specifies an action to be taken if the job is not active at the schedule time. Indicate the interval between each check for the job being active. The 'Number of Times to Retry' field specifies how many times the retry is to occur.

Entering a Threshold Monitor request

Overview

Threshold monitor requests are used to initiate an observation on job-steps that exceed a user-defined threshold. You can create the threshold monitor request by using the TNEW command, which specifies the criteria that Application Performance Analyzer uses to initiate the observation. You can set up a single-step threshold monitor request to initiate an observation for a single job-step. You can also set up a multi-step threshold monitor request to initiate an observation for all steps in a job that exceed the criteria. The same criteria are used for all job steps.

Threshold monitor requests can be used to trigger the measurement of another job by entering the Trigger (TR) command on the threshold measurement. In this case, when the threshold criteria are exceeded for a single job-step, Application Performance Analyzer also begins executing the trigger request. In the case of a multi-step threshold request, only the first step that exceeds the threshold criteria initiates the trigger request.

Threshold monitor requests cannot be created for measuring specific Db2 Stored Procedures and IMS multiple address space measurements.

It is important that you are already familiar with the preceding information in this chapter before you use the threshold monitor feature. The threshold monitor request process uses most of the panels that are described in the previous sections, and the information is not repeated here.

Using the TNEW command

The TNEW primary command is used to enter a new Observation Request, which will start only when specified threshold criteria have been satisfied for the target job-step or job-steps.

The criteria are:

- CPU Time
- Elapsed Time
- EXCP Count

Setting Threshold Requirements panels

The Set Threshold Requirements panel group is very similar to the standard Schedule New Measurement panel group. To measure all steps in the job that meet the threshold criteria you must enter an asterisk (*) in the Step No field of Panel 1 – Job Information. Multi-Step and Schedule information is not used for Threshold Monitor requests, so these panels are not available. Panel 3 - Criteria is specific to Threshold Monitor request. After entering the standard data to describe the measurement request, you must enter the Threshold Criteria.

Panel 3 - Criteria

After entering the data to describe the measurement request, you use the Criteria panel to specify the Threshold Criteria which will trigger the measurement to run. The panel 3 Criteria panel is shown here.

In this example, when CPU time exceeds 30 seconds, and EXCP count exceeds 20000, the measurement will be triggered.

```
File View Navigate Help

R03: Set Threshold Requirements Row 00001 of 00005

Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR

o 1. Job Information o 3. Criteria o 5. Subsystems
2. Options 4. Active Jobs 6. Sysplex

Panel 3. Threshold Criteria

Enter Threshold Criteria

CPU Time Exceeds (min:sec) . . . 30

Elapsed Time Exceeds (min:sec) . .

EXCP Count Exceeds . . . . . . 20000

If you enter more than one threshold criteria field, then all the criteria must be met for the measurement to be triggered.
```

Panel 3 input fields

CPU Time Exceeds

Enter the threshold amount of CPU time, if the target job-step exceeds this amount of CPU time, the measurement will be triggered.

You can specify the value in seconds or in minutes and seconds. To specify the threshold CPU time in minutes and seconds, separate the minutes value from the seconds value using a colon.

Examples:

- 135 specifies 135 seconds
- 2:15 specifies 2 minutes and 15 seconds
- 2: specifies 2 minutes

Elapsed Time Exceeds

Enter the threshold amount of Elapsed time, if the target job-step exceeds this amount of Elapsed time, the measurement will be triggered.

You can specify the value in seconds or in minutes and seconds. To specify the threshold Elapsed time in minutes and seconds, separate the minutes value from the seconds value using a colon.

Examples:

- 135 specifies 135 seconds
- 2:15 specifies 2 minutes and 15 seconds
- 2: specifies 2 minutes

EXCP Count Exceeds

Enter the threshold EXCP count. If the target job-step exceeds this EXCP count, the measurement will be triggered.

Note: : If you enter more than one threshold criteria field, then all the criteria must be met for the measurement to be triggered.

Note: If the target job executes, and the threshold criteria are not met, the threshold measurement request is canceled.

Entering a Trigger request

Overview

The trigger request feature is used to allow the start of one scheduled measurement to trigger an additional measurement called the Trigger measurement. For example, you might want to have the beginning of a batch job-step measurement initiate a measurement of a particular CICS region. You must enter the original scheduled measurement request first, and then the trigger measurement.

A threshold request can be used to trigger another measurement. For example, you might want a job-step that exceeds the threshold criteria to also initiate a measurement of a particular CICS region. In the case of a multi-step threshold request, only the first step that exceeds the threshold criteria initiates the trigger request.

A trigger request cannot be created to measure a specific Db2 Stored Procedure and multiple IMS address spaces.

It is important to be familiar with the preceding information in this chapter before using the Trigger feature. The Trigger request process uses most of the panels described in the previous sections and the information is not repeated here.

Using the TR line command

The original scheduled measurement request is identified by entering the TR line command on it in the R02 Observation Session List panel. This displays the panels for entering the measurement request information for the trigger request.

The Set Trigger Requirements panel group is very similar to the standard Schedule New Measurement panel group. The differences are that Multi-Step and Schedule information is not used for Trigger

panels are not a ling sections in t			

Chapter 3. Performance analysis reports

This section describes the Performance Analysis Reports. Some basic concepts are covered, and the base reports (those not pertaining to a data extractor) are described.

For Performance Analysis Reports pertaining to a specific data extractor (CICS, IMS, Db2, etc.), refer to the chapter for the specific data extractor.

For information about	See
General concepts required for interpreting these reports	"Performance analysis basics" on page 44
Report categories and codes	"Report categories and codes" on page 46
S01 Measurement profile	"S01 - Measurement profile" on page 51
S02 Load module attributes	"S02 - Load module attributes" on page 65
S03 Load module summary	"S03 - Load module summary" on page 66
S04 TCB summary	"S04 - TCB summary" on page 68
S05 Memory usage timeline	"S05 - Memory usage timeline" on page 70
S06 Data space usage timeline	"S06 - Data space usage timeline" on page 71
S07 TCB execution summary	"S07 - TCB execution summary" on page 73
S08 Processor utilization summary	"S08 - Processor utilization summary" on page 74
S09 Measurement analysis	"S09 - Measurement analysis" on page 77
S10 Observation Session Messages	"S10 - Observation Session Messages" on page 78
C01 CPU usage by category	"C01 - CPU usage by category" on page 79
C02 CPU usage by module	"C02 - CPU usage by module" on page 87
C03 CPU usage by code slice	"C03 - CPU usage by code slice" on page 91
C04 CPU usage timeline	"C04 - CPU usage timeline" on page 94
C05 CPU Usage by task/category	"C05 - CPU usage by task/category" on page 97
C06 CPU Usage by task/module	"C06 - CPU usage by task/module" on page 104
C07 CPU usage by procedure	"C07 - CPU usage by procedure" on page 108
C08 CPU usage referred attribution	"C08 - CPU usage referred attribution" on page 112
C09 CPU Usage by PSW/object code	"C09 - CPU usage by PSW/object code" on page 118
C10 CPU Usage by Natural Program	"C10 - CPU Usage by Natural Program" on page 121
W01 WAIT time by task/category	"W01 - WAIT time by task/category" on page 124
W02 WAIT time by module	"W02 - WAIT time by task/module" on page 129
W03 WAIT time referred attribution	"W03 - WAIT time referred attribution" on page 132

For information about	See
W04 WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE	"W04 - WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE" on page 136
W05 WAIT time by tape DDNAME	"W05 - WAIT time by tape DDNAME" on page 139
D01 DASD usage by device	"D01 - DASD usage by device" on page 141
D02 DASD usage by DDNAME	"D02 - DASD usage by DDNAME" on page 143
D03 DASD usage by data set	"D03 - DASD usage by data set" on page 146
D04 data set attributes	"D04 - Data set attributes" on page 147
D05 DASD EXCP summary	"D05 - DASD EXCP summary" on page 150
D06 DASD VSAM statistics	"D06 - DASD VSAM statistics" on page 152
D07 DASD activity timeline	"D07 - DASD activity timeline" on page 155
D08 DASD I/O wait time	"D08 - DASD I/O wait time" on page 157
D09 VSAM buffer pool usage	"D09 - VSAM buffer pool usage" on page 161
G01 Coupling facility summary	"G01 - Coupling facility summary" on page 163
G02 Coupling facility mean times	"G02 - Coupling facility mean times" on page 164
G03 Coupling facility total times	"G03 - Coupling facility total times" on page 165
K01 CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type	"K01- CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type" on page 166
K02 CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode	"K02- CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode" on page 171
V01 Measurement variance summary	"V01 - Measurement variance summary" on page 174
V02 CICS variance summary	"V02 - CICS variance summary" on page 176
V03 Db2 variance summary	"V03 - Db2 variance summary" on page 178
V04 IMS variance summary	"V04 - IMS variance summary" on page 183

Performance analysis basics

Some of the concepts that you need to understand in order to effectively interpret the Application Performance Analyzer performance analysis reports are explained here.

Sampling and system states

During an Application Performance Analyzer observation session, activity in the target address space is sampled at the frequency and for the duration which was specified when the session was requested. Each observation results in data being recorded which describes an observed System State. The essence of the analysis reports is the aggregation of System States and attribution of these aggregates to various System Objects. For example, CPU Executing is a type of System State and a Load Module is a type of System Object; a report might quantify observations of CPU Executing and attribute these quantities to various Load Modules. By mapping observed system states to system objects, the analysis reports provide a meaningful picture of how resources are consumed.

Types of system states

Each observation, or "sample," interrupts and momentarily "freezes" system activity in the target address space. Information about the state of the interrupted process (or, often, in the case of a multi-CPU system, processes) is recorded. System states that can be observed are:

- CPU Executing
- · CPU Waiting
- Oueued

It is important to understand that an observation session measures activity in a single address space. When we refer to system states like "CPU Waiting" or "CPU Unavailable" these states are with respect to the target address space only.

CPU Executing

A CPU was executing machine instructions for the task when the observation was made. Information about where (in what program) execution was taking place is captured. Application Performance Analyzer also determines, and records, whether execution was in Linear or Parallel mode. Linear mode refers to a state in which one, and only one, task was executing instructions. Parallel mode refers to a state in which more than one task was executing concurrently. Parallel mode occurs when two or more CPUs were executing instructions for the target address space at the same time.

CPU Waiting

A task was in a wait state. The task was waiting for an event (such as completion of an I/O operation) to occur.

Oueued

The "Queued" state refers to a task (TCB) that was observed as dispatchable but was not executing instructions because no CPU was available. A measurement showing a high percentage of queued observations could imply an overall shortage of CPU resources. This would also occur in an address space in which the number of dispatchable tasks exceeds the number of physical CPUs.

Unavailability of memory can also cause the Queued state.

System objects

System Objects are objects to which quantified observations of systems states can be attributed. The following are the basic system objects:

- Load Modules
- TCBs
- DD Names
- DASD Volumes
- SVCs
- · MQ Queue Names

Quantities expressed as percentages

The performance analysis reports express most quantified data as percentages. In most cases, absolute values (for example, actual number of observations in which execution was in Db2 services) would not, by themselves, be particularly meaningful. This is because the total number of samples chosen for an observation session is somewhat arbitrary. The percentage of activity attributed to a system object, on the other hand, provides a much better measure of the impact of that system object on performance. Furthermore, when expressed as percentages, quantification is likely to remain roughly equal if the sampling frequency and duration parameters are varied.

In order to effectively interpret the performance analysis reports it is important that you understand how these percentages are computed. The formulae vary depending upon what type of system activity is reported.

CPU Time Percentage

The percentage expresses the ratio of attributed CPU to the total CPU time observed. This is computed by dividing the number of attributed "CPU EXECUTING" observations by the total number of "CPU EXECUTING" observations and multiplying that number by 100.

Note that observations of CPU Waiting and CPU Unavailable are excluded from the calculation. The objective is to report the relative demand placed on CPU resources by system objects.

I/O Activity Percentage of Time

The percentage reported for I/O activity expresses the ratio of time attributed I/O operations were active to the total observation session elapsed time. Consider an example in which 10,000 observations were made during a 60 second interval. Suppose during 1,500 of these observations, I/O was found to be active for a file with DDNAME=SYSIN. 15 percent would be reported as the I/O activity percentage of time attributed to SYSIN.

Parallel Activity

Application Performance Analyzer will report information about parallel activity. Examples of parallel activity are:

I/O activity concurrent CPU execution is observed.

Concurrent I/O activity is observed for multiple devices.

Concurrent CPU execution is observed. This is only possible on a system with multiple CPUs (a multiprocessor).

Margin of error

A margin of error value is displayed in various reports. The value is expressed as a percentage and represents a 95 percent confidence interval. What this means is that in 95 percent of cases (19 out of 20 times) a repetition of the same measurement will produce results within +/- the indicated number of percentage points. This value is based entirely on the size of a sample population and reflects only the statistical error that can be expected from the sample size. It does not take into account any effects caused by biased sample collection.

Color coding of graphs

Application Performance Analyzer makes extensive use of bar graphs to illustrate resource usage. The graphs are color coded as follows:

Table 1. Color coding of graphs	
Graph Color	Purpose
Green	CPU active
Yellow	CPU wait
White	Resources (memory, dataspace)
Red	DASD I/O
Blue	Service time

Note: Report titles indicate each report's purpose. Color coding is included for emphasis, but color is not required to interpret information.

Report categories and codes

Application Performance Analyzer reports are each assigned a three-character code consisting of a one-letter prefix followed by a two-digit number. The prefix indicates which category the report belongs to, and the number is a sequence number within that category.

When you are viewing a report, you can enter another report's three-character code on the command line and that report will also open.

The categories and reports are listed here:

Prefix	Category	Reports
A	Admin/Miscellaneous	A01 Source Program Mapping A02 Request Printed Reports A03 Java Source Mapping A04 Source Mapping Dataset List A05 Source Mapping Common List
S	Statistics/Storage	S01 Measurement Profile S02 Load Module Attributes S03 Load Module Summary S04 TCB Summary S05 Memory Usage Timeline S06 Data Space Usage Timeline S07 TCB Execution Summary S08 Processor Utilization Summary S09 Measurement Analysis S10 Observation Session Messages
С	CPU usage analysis	C01 CPU Usage by Category C02 CPU Usage by Module C03 CPU Usage by Code Slice C04 CPU Usage by Timeline C05 CPU Usage Task/Category C06 CPU Usage Task/Module C07 CPU Usage by Procedure C08 CPU Usage Referred Attribution C09 CPU Usage by PSW/Object Code C10 CPU Usage by Natural Program
D	DASD I/O analysis	D01 DASD Usage by Device D02 DASD Usage by DDName D03 DASD Usage by data set D04 data set Attributes D05 DASD EXCP Summary D06 DASD VSAM Statistics D07 DASD Activity Timeline D08 DASD I/O Wait Time D09 VSAM Buffer Pool Usage
G	Coupling facility	G01 Coupling Facility Summary G02 Coupling Facility Mean Times G03 Coupling Facility Total Times
К	SRB measurement	K01 CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type K02 CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode

Prefix	Category	Reports
W	CPU WAIT analysis	W01 Wait Time by Category W02 Wait Time by Module W03 Wait Time Referred Attribution W04 Wait Time by task ENQ/RESERVE W05 Wait Time by Tape DDNAME
I	IMS measurement	IO1 IMS Measurement Profile IO2 IMS DL/I DL/I Call Timeline IO3 IMS Transaction Timeline IO4 IMS Txn Activity Timeline IO5 IMS CPU Usage by PSB IO6 IMS CPU Usage by Transaction IO7 IMS CPU Usage by DL/I Call IO8 IMS WAIT Time by PSB IO9 IMS WAIT Time by Transaction I10 IMS WAIT Time by DL/I Call I11 IMS DL/I Activity by PSB I12 IMS DL/I Activity by Txn I13 IMS DL/I Activity by DL/I Call I14 IMS PSB/PCB Attributes I15 IMS DL/I Call Attributes I16 IMS Transaction Service Times I17 IMS Transaction DL/I Counts I18 IMS CPU/Svc Time by DL/I Call I19 IMS CPU/Svc Time by PSB I20 IMS CPU/Svc Time by PCB I21 IMS CPU/Svc Time by PCB
E	CICS measurement	E01 CICS Session Statistics E02 CICS CPU and Use Counts by Pgm E03 CICS CPU Usage by Txn E04 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn E05 CICS Total Service Time by Txn E06 CICS Service Time by Task ID E07 CICS Wait by Txn E08 CICS mean service time by terminal ID E09 CICS total service time by terminal ID E10 CICS Mean Service Time by user ID E11 CICS Total Service Time by user ID E12 CICS CPU/Service Time by Txn

Prefix	Category	Reports
X	Multiple address space measurement	X01 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn X02 CICS Total Service Time by Txn X03 CICS Mean Service Time by Term X04 CICS Total Service Time by Term X05 Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline X06 IMS MASS Region Summary X07 Db2 Stored Procedures Summary
F	Db2 measurement	F01 Db2 Measurement Profile F02 Db2 SQL Activity Timeline F03 Db2 SQL Activity by DBRM F04 Db2 SQL Activity by Statement F05 Db2 SQL Activity by Plan F06 Db2 SQL Statement Attributes F07 Db2 SQL Wait Time by DBRM F08 Db2 SQL Wait Time by Statement F09 Db2 SQL Wait Time by Plan F10 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by DBRM F11 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Stmt F12 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan F13 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan F13 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan F14 Db2 CPU Usage by Plan/Proc F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc F16 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid F18 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn F19 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr F30 Db2 Class 3 Wait Times
Q	MQ measurement	Q01 MQ Activity Summary Q02 MQ CPU Usage by Queue Q03 MQ CPU Usage by Request Q04 MQ CPU Usage by Txn Q05 MQ Serv Time by Queue Q06 MQ Serv Time by Request Q07 MQ Serv Time by Txn Q08 MQ Wait Time by Queue Q09 MQ Wait Time by Request Q10 MQ Wait Time by Txn Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline Q12 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue Q13 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request Q14 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn

	Table 2. Report categories and prefixes (continued)		
Prefix	Category	Reports	
J	Java Measurement	J01 Java summary and attributes J02 Java Heap usage timeline J03 Java CPU usage by thread J04 Java CPU usage by package J05 Java CPU usage by class J06 Java CPU usage by method J07 Java CPU usage by call path J09 Java service time by package J10 Java service time by class J11 Java service time by method J12 Java service time by call path J14 Java wait time by package J15 Java wait time by class	
V	Variance reports	J16 Java wait time by method J17 Java wait time by call path V01 Measurement Variance Summary V02 CICS Variance Summary V03 Db2 Variance Summary V04 IMS Variance Summary	
Н	HFS Analysis	H01 HFS Service Time by Path Name H02 HFS Service Time by Device H03 HFS File Activity H04 HFS File Attributes H05 HFS Device Activity H06 HFS Device Attributes H07 HFS Activity Timeline H08 HFS Wait Time by Path Name H09 HFS Wait Time by Device H10 HFS Service Time by Request H11 HFS Wait Time by Request	

Table 2. Report categories and prefixes (continued)		
Prefix	Category	Reports
B	VebSphere VebSphere	B01 WAS Summary B02 WAS Activity B03 WAS Activity by Origin B04 WAS Activity by Servant B05 WAS EJB Activity B06 WAS EJB Activity by Origin B07 WAS EJB Activity by Servant B08 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity B09 WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant B11 WAS/CICS Calls B12 WAS/Db2 Calls B13 Async Work Requests B14 Async Work by Work Mgr B15 Async Work by Servant B16 WOLA Inbound Requests B17 WOLA Inbound by Origin B18 WOLA Inbound Requests B19 WOLA Outbound Requests B20 WOLA Outbound by Register B21 WOLA Outbound by Servant

S01 - Measurement profile

Usage

Use this report to see a general overview of the measurement. This is a good report to examine first when analyzing a measurement. It provides an at-a-glance summary of various aspects of the measurement data and helps you choose which other reports to concentrate on. The first section of this report consists of a series of mini performance graphs illustrating various types of activity that was measured. This is followed by a section that reports measurement values.

Performance graphs

These are histograms quantifying measurement data. To the right of each graph, report codes of reports that show related and more detailed information are displayed. You can display the report by skipping the cursor to one of these fields and by pressing the ENTER key.

Overall CPU activity

This graph is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under heading	This is displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph. This number is sometimes slightly smaller than the total number of samples. Only those samples in which any TCBs existed are included in this count. Non-TCB samples can occur very early in a job step when the system is still initializing the step.
CPU Active	The number of samples the CPU was actively processing one or more TCBs. This value represents the percentage of time CPU activity was occurring in the address space.
WAIT	The number of samples all TCBs were in a WAIT.
Queued	The number of samples no CPU activity was taking place because no resources (CPU or memory) were available to service the address space. At least one TCB was dispatchable and not in a WAIT.

CPU usage distribution

This graph is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph. This value is different from the "samples" value reported in the "Overall CPU Activity" graph because multiple concurrent CPU active TCBs (multiple CPUs executing concurrently) are counted separately here. This quantification represents the overall consumption of CPU time.
Application	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while executing in application modules.
System	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while executing in system modules.
Db2 SQL	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while servicing SQL requests.
Data Mgmt	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while servicing data management requests.
Unresolved	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while executing in addresses that could not be resolved to module names.
IMS DLI Call	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while servicing IMS DLI requests.

Most CPU active modules

This graph is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs. This number represents 100% of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph. This value is different from the 'samples' value reported in the 'Overall CPU Activity' graph because multiple concurrent CPU active TCBs (multiple CPUs executing concurrently) are counted separately here. This quantification represents the overall consumption of CPU time.
Module	Five lines appear showing the five most CPU active load modules. The number of CPU active observations for each of these modules and its percentage of the total number of CPU active observations is shown.

Most CPU active CSECTs

This graph is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs. This number represents 100% of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph. This value is different from the 'samples' value reported in the 'Overall CPU Activity' graph because multiple concurrent CPU active TCBs (multiple CPUs executing concurrently) are counted separately here. This quantification represents the overall consumption of CPU time.
CSECT	Five lines appear showing the five most CPU active CSECTs (control sections) and their corresponding module names. The number of CPU active observations for each of these CSECTs and its percentage of the total number of CPU active observations is shown.

CPU modes

This graph is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph. This value is different from the "samples" value reported in the "Overall CPU Activity" graph because multiple concurrent CPU active TCBs (multiple CPUs executing concurrently) are counted separately here. This quantification represents the overall consumption of CPU time.
Supv Mode	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in supervisor (privileged) mode (usually system routines).
Prob Mode	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in problem state. Applications normally execute in problem state.
In SVC	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was executing in an SVC (supervisor call) routine.
AMODE 24	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in 24 bit addressing mode.
AMODE 31	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in 31 bit addressing mode.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
AMODE 64	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in 64 bit addressing mode.
User Key	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in user storage key (key 8).
System Key	The number of observations of CPU active TCBs while the system was in a system storage protection key.

Most active IMS PSBs

This graph is shown only if IMS measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active IMS PSBs. Up to five IMS PSBs are reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
IMS PSB Name	An IMS PSB name is shown and the number of samples in which processing of DLI calls under this PSB was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time during which DLI calls were being serviced under this PSB.
Most Active DLI Calls	This graph is shown only if IMS measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active IMS DLI calls. Up to five DLI calls are reported.

Most active DLI calls

This graph is shown only if IMS measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active IMS DLI calls. Up to five DLI calls are reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
DLI Call	A DLI call identified by three fields: a unique sequence number assigned to the DLI call; its DLI function code; and its PCB name. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of samples in which processing of this DLI call was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time during which all executions of this DLI call were being serviced.

Most active Db2 plans

This graph is shown only if Db2 measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active Db2 plan names. Up to five Db2 plans are reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown for each Package or DBRM.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Db2 Package or DBRM Name	The number of samples SQL servicing was occurring against SQL statements defined in the indicated Package or DBRM.

Most active packages/DBRMs

This graph is shown only if Db2 measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active Db2 Packages/ DBRMs. Up to 5 Db2 Package names or DBRM names are reported. A DBRM name is shown instead of a Package name in the event the DBRM was bound directly to the Plan instead of to a Package.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown for each Package or DBRM.
Db2 Package or DBRM Name	The number of samples SQL servicing was occurring against SQL statements defined in the indicated Package or DBRM.

Most active SQL statements

This graph is shown only if Db2 measurement data was recorded. It shows the most active Db2 SQL statements. Up to five SQL statements are reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown for each SQL statement.
DBRM: Statement SQL Function	The number of samples SQL servicing was occurring for the indicated SQL statement. The DBRM name, the statement number and the type of SQL statement are shown.

Measurement values

This section of the report shows various values relating to the measurement. These appear under the following categories:

- · Request parameters
- · Measurement environment
- · Measurement statistics
- · CPU consumption

Request parameters

These values were established when the measurement was requested.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Request number	The unique 5-digit identifier assigned to the measurement.
Description	A description specified when the measurement was requested.
Sample File DSN	The data set name of the measurement file. A plus sign (+) before the data set name indicates this name was specified on the SAMPDSN keyword of an observation request created through the Application Performance Analyzer batch interface.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Retention	The date upon which the measurement file is to be deleted by Application Performance Analyzer.
Data extractors	The specified data extractors (Db2, CICS, etc.)
Db2+ Max trace #	Maximum Db2+ trace entries that are specified when the measurement was requested.
IMS+ Max trace #	Maximum IMS+ trace entries that are specified when the measurement was requested.
MQ+ Max trace #	Maximum MQ+ trace entries that are specified when the measurement was requested.
IMS Subsystem Id	The specified IMS subsystem Id. This field displays for IMS multiple address space requests only.
IMS Tran Code	The specified IMS transaction code. This field displays for IMS multiple address space requests and IMS single region requests.
IMS Program Name	The specified IMS program name. This field displays for IMS single region requests only.
IMS User Id	The specified IMS user Id. This field displays for IMS single region requests only.
Specific Db2 Parms	A 'P' is displayed when the request was specified for a Db2 Stored Procedure. An 'F' is displayed when the request was specified for a Db2 user-defined function. This field displays for Db2 multiple address space requests only.
Db2 Subsystem	The Db2 subsystem Id that was specified for the stored procedure or user-defined function. This field displays for Db2 multiple address space requests only.
Schema	The schema name that was specified for the stored procedure or user-defined function. This field displays for Db2 multiple address space requests only.
Name	The name that was specified for the stored procedure or user-defined function. This field displays for Db2 multiple address space requests only.
Time of request	The time of day the request was made.
Requesting user	The TSO user ID of the user that requested the measurement.
Date of request	The date upon which the request was made.
Job name	The name of the job that was specified to be measured.
Step name/number	The step name or step number that was specified to be measured, if applicable.
Step program	The name of the step program that was specified to be measured, if applicable.
Number of samples	The number of samples specified.
Duration	The specified measurement duration.
Active/pending	Indicates whether the measurement request specified an active job (an immediate measurement) or one that was to run later when execution of the job step is detected.
Proc step name	The procedure step name, if specified.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay time	The number of seconds specified for which the start of the measurement was to be delayed from the start of the job step.
CICS Filters	CICS subsystem measurement criteria that is specified when the measurement was requested.
DDF Filters	Db2 DDF subsystem measurement criteria that is specified when the measurement was requested.
IMS MASS	IMS subsystem measurement criteria that is specified when the measurement was requested.
Db2 Stored Procedure	Db2 Stored Procedure subsystem measurement criteria that is specified when the measurement was requested.

Measurement environment

Values relating to the environment in which the measurement took place are reported here.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Job name	The name of the measured job.
Job number	The job number of the measured job assigned by JES.
Step name	The name of the measured step.
ASID/ASIDX	The ASID (address space ID) and ASIDX (address space ID in hexadecimal) of the measured job.
Job User ID	The user ID which the job ran under.
Region size <16MB	The region size in the 24 bit address range.
Region size >16mb	The region size above the 24 bit address range.
Step program	The name of the measurement step program (specified in the EXEC JCL statement).
Region type	The type of region (Batch, TSO, IMS, CICS, etc.) measured.
Service Class Name	The service class name that is assigned to the measured job.
System ID	The system identifier of the system on which the measurement took place.
SMFID	The SMF ID assigned to the system on which the measurement took place.
O/S Level	The operating system and level.
APA vers.	The version of Application Performance Analyzer that performed the measurement.
IBM APA APAR	The APAR number of Application Performance Analyzer started task that was active when this measurement was performed.
Db2 subsystem name	The Db2 subsystem name if it is connected.
Db2 attach type	The type of Db2 attachment, if Db2 data recorded.
General CPUs	The number of CPUs in the system on which the measurement took place. This does not include specialty CPUs.
Specialty CPUs	The number of specialty CPUs in the system on which the measurement took place.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU rate factor	The factor used to determine CPU performance.
MIPS per CPU	The speed, in machine instructions per second, of one CPU. This is derived using the CPU rate factor.
CPU model	The CPU model number.
SUs per second	The number of service units per CPU second.
HiperDispatch	With HiperDispatch=Y, work can be managed across fewer logical processors. A concept of maintaining a working set of processors that are required to handle the workload is introduced.
Max MT mode	The maximum multi-threading (MT) mode that can be supported by both the hardware and this IPL of z/OS.
CP MT mode	The multi-threading mode (MT) for general Cps.
zIIP MT mode	The multi-threading mode (MT) for zIIPs.

Measurement statistics

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Start time	The time at which the measurement was initiated.
End time	The time at which the measurement ended.
Start date	The date upon which the measurement was initiated.
End date	The date upon which the measurement ended.
Total samples	The total number of samples taken during the measurement.
Sampling rate	The overall sampling rate expressed in samples per second.
CPU/WAIT samples	The number of samples in which CPU activity was observed or all TCBs were in wait state. Excluded from this count are samples in which no CPU activity was observed and one or more TCBs were dispatchable.
TCB samples	The number of samples in which TCBs existed. This number might be slightly smaller than the total number of samples. This occurs when some samples were taken at the beginning of a job step before the step initialization had completed.
Overall CPU	The average system CPU utilization percentage during the measurement period. It is obtained from the field CCVUTILP, which is the system CPU utilization as viewed by the System Resource Manager (SRM). Thus, it is the CPU utilization for this z/OS image.
Overall zAAP CPU	The average CPU Utilization percentage for the zAAP processor(s) during the measurement period. It is obtained from field, CCVUTILI, which is the zAAP CPU Utilization as viewed by the System Resource Manager (SRM).
Overall zIIP CPU	The average CPU Utilization percentage for the zIIP processor(s) during the measurement period. It is obtained from field, CCVUTILS, which is the zIIP CPU Utilization as viewed by the System Resource Manager(SRM). When the processor has the zAAP on zIIP feature, zAAP time will also show in this field.
Duration	The duration of the measurement in minutes and seconds.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Report dataspace	The size of the dataspace used to load the sample file and create indexes for reporting. This field is reported in megabytes.
Sample dataspace	The size of the dataspace used to record measurement data while sampling. This is the total uncompressed size reported in megabytes.
Meas significance	The ratio of the number of CPU/WAIT samples to the number of TCB samples. This is a measure of the quality of the measurement data. A low value indicates that CPU resources were unavailable to service the job step.
CPU queued samples	The number of samples in which no activity was occurring in the address space due to the unavailability of CPU resources.
Pages in	The number of page-in operations that occurred during the measurement interval.
Pages out	The number of page-out operations that occurred during the measurement interval.
EXCPs	The number of EXCPs processed during the measurement interval.

CPU consumption

This section is omitted for DDF measurements.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU active samples	The number of samples in which CPU activity (one or more CPUs) was observed.
CPU active time	The percentage of the measurement interval CPU activity was observed.
CPU wait samples	The number of samples in which all TCBs were in wait state.
CPU wait time	The percentage of the measurement interval all TCBs were in wait state.
CPU time TCB	The number of CPU seconds consumed in TCB mode during the measurement interval.
CPU time SRB	The number of CPU seconds consumed in SRB mode during the measurement interval. This does not include any SRB time consumed by the Application Performance Analyzer measurement task.
Service units	The number of service units based on the CPU TCB and CPU SRB consumption.
Measurement SRB	The number of CPU seconds in SRB mode consumed by the Application Performance Analyzer measurement task in the measured address space.

zIIP CPU consumption

This section is always displayed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
zIIP CPU Time	The number of CPU seconds consumed on zIIP processors during the measurement interval.
zIIP time on CP	The number of CPU seconds consumed on a standard processor for zIIP eligible work.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Norm. Factor	The normalization factor is used to express zIIP CPU time in the time a regular CP would have used for the same work. Multiply the zIIP CPU time by this number, then divide by 256.
zIIP Normalized	The zIIP CPU time displayed as a normalized CPU time.

zAAP/zCBP CPU consumption

This section is displayed when zAAP/zCBP time has been recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
zAAP/zCBP CPU time	The number of CPU seconds consumed on zAAP/zCBP processors during the measurement interval.
zAAP/zCBP Time on CP	The number of CPU seconds consumed on a standard processor for zAAP/zCBP eligible work.
Norm. Factor	The normalization factor is used to express zAAP/zCBP CPU time in the time a regular CP would have used for the same work. Multiply the zAAP/zCBP CPU time by this number, then divide by 256.
Normalized Time	The zAAP/zCBP CPU time displayed as a normalized CPU time.

DDF CPU consumption

This section is shown for DDF measurements only.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Task CPU time	The number of seconds of CPU time used by the enclave SRB dispatchable unit for all measured DDF SQL calls.
Enclave CPU time	The number of seconds of CPU time used by all dispatchable units in an enclave for all measured DDF SQL calls.
zIIP time	The number of seconds of zIIP time used by all measured DDF SQL calls.
zIIP on CP time	The number of seconds of CPU time on a standard processor for zIIP-eligible work used by all measured DDF SQL calls.

WLM Client Enclave consumption

This section is shown for Db2 parallel queries only.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Client SRB time	The number of seconds of CPU time used by the enclave SRB dispatchable unit for all measured Db2 parallel queries.
Total TCB time	The sum of CPU time in seconds used by client SRB enclaves and TCB CPU time.

Enclave CPU

This section is displayed when Enclave CPU time has been recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
zIIP CPU Time	The number of CPU seconds of Enclave zIIP time consumed in the target address space during the measurement interval. This is "normalized" time.
zAAP/zCBP CPU Time	The number of CPU seconds of Enclave zAAP/zCBP time consumed in the target address space during the measurement interval. This is "normalized" time.
Norm. Factor	The normalization factor is used to express zIIP/zAAP/zCBP CPU time in the time a regular CP would have used for the same work. Multiply the zIIP/zAAP/zCBP CPU time by this number, then divide by 256.
On CP time	The number of CPU seconds of Enclave time consumed on a standard processor for zAAP/zCBP eligible work.

Virtual Storage Map

The Virtual Storage Map shows the virtual storage address ranges for each storage type in the z/OS system at the time of the measurement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Start Address	The starting address of the virtual storage range for this storage type.
End Address	The ending address of the virtual storage range for this storage type.
Length	The length of the virtual storage range for this storage type.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, it is divided into three segments as it is scrolled down.

```
File View Navigate Help
S01: Measurement Profile (01392/CICS55A)
                                                       Row 00001 of 00135
Command ===>
                                                        Scroll ===> CSR
+Overall CPU Activity ------
                                         ----+ +Reports: --
 C01 C02 C03 C05
C07 W01 W02
Queued
+CPU Usage Distribution -----
                                                +Reports: --
 CPU Active 8,686 100.0% ' ' ' ' ' ' | Application 262 3.0% 0
                                                   C01 C05 C08 W01
 System
              7,684
                    88.4% 00000000000000000
 Data Mgmt 605
Unresolved 135
IMS DLI Call 0
                    0.0%
                      6.9% 0
                      1.5% 0
                0 0.0%
+Most CPU Active Modules -----
                                                +Reports: ----
 CPU Active 8,686 100.0%
              2,984
1,058
                     34.3% 000000
12.1% 00
 DFHSIP
 DSNIDM
 LUA019R0
IWMX2RXF
                    11.5% 00
             1,000
             378
369
                     4.3% 0
                    4.2% 0
+Most CPU Active CSECTs ------
                         8,686 100.0%
 CPU Active
                               27.8% 00000
 DFHTRPX in DFHSIP
                         2,416
 DSNIOST2 in DSNIDM
IDAX19R1 in IDA019R0
                           424
                                 4.8% 0
                                4.3% 0
                           378
 IWMXDRXF in IWMX2RXF
                           369
                                 4.2% 0
 DFHERM in DFHERM
                          289
                                 3.3% 0
```

Scrolling down, sample report S01 continued:

```
File View Navigate Help
S01: Measurement Profile (01392/CICS55A)
                                                                                              Row 00037 of 00135
Command ===>
                                                                                                Scroll ===> CSR
+CPU Modes --
+ +Reports: -----
  AMODE 24
AMODE 31
  AMODE 24 0 0.0%
AMODE 31 3,280 37.7% 0000000
AMODE 64 5,406 62.2% 000000000000
User Key 4,783 55.0% 00000000000
System Key 3,903 44.9% 00000000
+Request parameters ---
   Request number 01392
   Description
                               S01 display
  Sample file DSN BCAZ.CAZ1420.ASG02.R01392.CICS55A.SF Retention Retain until deleted by user CICS,MQ,CICS+,MQ+
Db2+ Max trace # 100K
IMS+ Max trace # 100K
MQ+ Max trace # 100K
  Requesting user ASG02 | Nbr of samples 10,000
Time of request 20:41:31 | Duration 60 sec
Date of request Mon Aug-31-2020 | Active/pending Active
Job name CICS55A | Proc step name n/a
Step name/number n/a | Delay time none
Step program n/a
   Step program n/a
 CICS Filters
  Trancodes
                                RDDR DBDR
   Terminal ids
   System trans
                                N
  Non-term trans
                                Υ
```

Scrolling down, sample report S01 continued:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                      Row 00073 of 00135
S01: Measurement Profile (01392/CICS55A)
Command ===>
                                                                       Scroll ===> CSR
+Measurement environment -------
  Job name CICS55A | Region size <16MB 9,192K
Job number STC08394 | Region size >16MB 1,679,3
Step name CICS55A | Step program DEUSID
                                            Step name
                       CICS55A
  Proc step name
ASID/ASIDX 108 / 0
Job User ID START2
                                                                     CICS TS 5.5
                        108 / 006C
  System ID
SMFID
O/S level
IMS system id
                                   | IBM APA Version 14.2.4
                       SOW1
                                            | IBM APA APAR
| Db2 subsystem name
                       SOW1
                                                                     PH27212
                       z/OS 02.04.00
                                            | Db2 Attach type n/a
  General CPUs 3
                                            | CPU model
                                                                     1090
  Specialty CPUs
                                             | CPU rate factor
                                                                     18,674
  MIPS per CPU
HiperDispatch
                                             | SUs per second
| Max MT mode
                        17
                                                                     856.8
                                                                     1
+Measurement statistics -----
  Start time 20:41:31 | Start date
End time 20:42:31 | End date
                                                                    Mon Aug-31-2020
Mon Aug-31-2020
  Total samples 10,000
Sampling rate 166.69 per sec
CPU/WAIT samples 9,975
TCB samples 10,000
                                            | Duration
                                            Report dataspace 17.24MB
Sample dataspace 67.94MB
Meas significance 99.75%
  CPU queued samples 25
                                            | Overall CPU
  Pages in
                                                                     53.41%
                                             Overall zAAP CPU
                                                                     0.00%
  Pages out
                        0
                                             EXCPs
```

Scrolling down, sample report S01 continued:

```
File View Navigate Help
S01: Measurement Profile (01392/CICS55A)
                                                                        Row 00107 of 00135
Command ===>
                                                                        Scroll ===> CSR
+CPU consumption -----
  CPU active samples 5,659 | CPU time TCB 30.79 sec
CPU active time 56.59% | CPU time SRB 0.94 sec
CPU WAIT samples 4,316 | Service Units 27,186
  CPU active time 56.59%
CPU WAIT samples 4,316
CPU WAIT time 43.16%
                                             | Measurement SRB 15.49 sec
+Virtual Storage Map ------
               Start Address End Address
                                                                   Length
  HV-Shared 00000200_00000000 - 0001FFFF_FFFFFFF
HV-Common 000001EF_80000000 - 000001FF_FFFFFFFF
                                                                  510T
                                                                               0G
                                                                 0T
                                                                             66G
             00000008_00000000 - 000001EF_7FFFFFF
00000000_80000000 - 00000007_FFFFFFF
  HV-Pv+
                                                                            926G
                                                                    1T
                                                                           30G
  Reserved
                                                                    0Τ
  EPvt
                          19800000
                                                  7FFFFFF
                                                                1640M
                                                                             0K
  ECSA
                          07244000
                                                  197FFFF
                                                                 293M
                                                                            752K
  EMLPA
                          07241000
                                                  07243FFF
                                                                   ΘM
                                                                             12K
                                                  07240FFF
  EFLPA
                          0723E000
                                                                   ΘM
                                                                             12K
  EPLPA
                          0346C000
                                                  0723DFFF
                                                                   61M
                                                                            840K
  ESQA
                          01DBE000
                                                  0346BFFF
                                                                   22M
                                                                            696K
  ENUC RW
                          01D6F000
                                                  01DBDFFF
                                                                    ΘM
                                                                            316K
  NUC RO
                                                                   13M
                                                                            583K
                          00FDD000
                                                  01D6EFEF
  NUC RW
                          00FD3000
                                                  00FDCAAF
                                                                    0M
                                                                             38K
  SQA
                          00E50000
                                                  00FD2FFF
                                                                    1M
                                                                             524K
  PĽPA
                                                  00E4FFFF
                                                                            780K
                          00C8D000
  MLPA
                          0008000
                                                  00C8CFFF
                                                                    0M
                                                                              4K
                                                  00C8BFFF
                          00900000
                                                                    3M
                                                                            560K
  CSA
                                                  008FFFFF
  Pvt
                          00006000
                                                                    8M
                                                                           1000K
  PSA/SYS
                          00000000
                                                  00005FFF
                                                                    0M
```

S02 - Load module attributes

This report lists information about each of the load modules for which activity was measured during the observation session. Various attributes of each of the modules are reported.

You can specify SETUP options (use the SETUP command) to exclude the following information from the report:

- ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information.
- · Modules loaded in PLPA.
- · Modules loaded in the NUCLEUS.

A sample screen is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
                                                                                  Row 00001 of 01699
S02: Load Module Attributes - 0327/TSTJ0B1
                                                                                 ___ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===>
\underline{\mathsf{SORT}} by name enter: SN, by load address: SA, by size: SS, by loadlib: SL Information reported for 153 load modules. (SETUP has excluded 105 modules).
Module Information for ISFMAIN
    Load Address 08B74D90 to 08B75FFF
    Module Size
                          4,720
                          REUS, RENT, APFLIB
    Attributes
    Module Location JPA
    Loadlib DDNAME -LNKLST-
                          ISF.SISFLOAD
    Load Library
ESD Information for ISFMAIN
    <u>External Offset Length Start Addr End Addr</u> ISFMAIN 000000 4714 08B74D90 08B75FF9
Module Information for ISFVTBL
   Load Address 08D6E480 to 08EDDFFF
Module Size 1,506,176
Attributes REUS,RENT,APFLIB
    Module Location JPA
```

You can place your cursor on the SORT field and enter any of the following four sort codes to re-sort the report:

- · SN By Name
- SA By Load Address
- SS By Size
- · SL By Loadlib

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

| The state of the
```

Use these options to trim down your report by omitting information that you are not interested in. You can omit ESD information, Nucleus modules, PLPA Modules, or modules that have been reloaded at a new address but have the same name and size.

S03 - Load module summary

This report lists the load modules for which activity was measured during the observation session. For further details about a particular module, enter the "++" line command.

A sample report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> i	.ew <u>N</u> a	vigate <u>H</u> e	elp				
S03: Load Module Summary (2133/TSTJ0B1) Command ===>					Row 00001 of 00124 Scroll ===> PAGE		
Module CEEBINIT	<u>Locn</u> JPA	Address 0000B088	Count 1	Size(bytes) 61,304	<u>Attributes</u> RU RN	<u>DDName</u> -VLF-	Load Library
CEEPLPKA	PLPA	043C3000	1	1,967,824	KU KIN	- V L F -	CEE.SCEELPA
COFMMTGR COFMSCHK	NUC PLPA	012D2D10 03D0B3D8	1 1	752 3,112			SYS1.LPALIB
CSVEXPR CSVGETMD	PLPA NUC	0296C000 010FF180	1 1	31,448 17,544			SYS1.LPALIB
CSVLLSCH CSVLLTCH	NUC NUC	010DAE40 010D82E0	1 1	1,848 8,232			
CSVSYNCH CSVXLOAD	NUC NUC	012F8CA0 012FD0C0	1	1,936 2,448			
CTXRSMGR	NUC	0130BF68	1	9,024			
IAXGT IAXPI	NUC NUC	016B7370 017378D8	1 1	7,512 2,976			
IAXPN IAXPO	NUC NUC	0173E958 01744310	1 1	3,752 7,168			
IAXPŠ IAXVF	NUC NUC	00FFE3F0 017C4AD0	1 1	6,224 14,320			

Detail line descriptions

Each line reports values under the following headings:

- Module
- Locn
- Address
- Count
- Size(bytes)
- Attributes
- DDName
- · Load Library

Module

This is the module name.

Location

This is the location where the module was loaded — JPA, PLPA, or NUCLEUS. JPA is displayed in green. All other locations are displayed in red.

Address

This is the address where the module was loaded. If it is below the line, it is displayed in yellow, above the line addresses are displayed in green.

Count

The number of unique instances of the load module observed at the indicated address. This value exceeds 1 if the module was loaded, deleted and then loaded again. A high value could indicate the module was loaded (and deleted) excessively and could be causing a performance problem.

Size

This is the size of the module in bytes.

Attributes

This is the attributes of the module – RU=reusable, RN=reentrant, APF=APF-authorized.

DDName

This is the DDName of the load library from which the module was loaded.

Load Library

This is the data set name of the load library from which the module was loaded.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here:

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	Load Module	Display context help information.		
++	Load Module	Show additional details.		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Load Module	Display context help information.
SN	Module	Sort report by module name.
SS	Module	Sort report by module size.
SA	Module	Sort report by module load address.
SL	Module	Sort report by module load library

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Combine repeating entries in report

You can choose to combine repeating entries in the report. When selected, entries whose module name or path name, address and size are identical will be combined into one entry. The count field is updated to reflect the true number of such entries sampled.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
  Module Information for IGG0191A
         Load Address 00D89000 to 00D8CE7F
         Module Size
                                                16,000
                                                NOREUS, NORENT
         Attributes
         Module Location PLPA
        Program Group MVS System
Subgroup MVS Services
Function Data Management services
  ESD Information for IGG0191A
        <u>External Offset Length Start Addr End Addr</u>

IGG0191A 000000 2292 00D89000 00D898F3

IGG0196I 0008F8 932 00D898F8 00D89C9B
                                                      1186 00D89CA0
1984 00D844
                                                1186
         IGG0196A 000CA0
                                                                                                 00D8A141
         IGG0196Q
                               001148
                                                                                                00D8A907

        IGG0196Q
        001148
        1984
        0008A148
        000BA907

        IGG0191N
        001908
        2700
        00D8A908
        00D8B393

        IGG0191Y
        002398
        668
        00D8B398
        00D8B633

        IGG0191B
        002638
        3254
        00D8B638
        00D8C2ED

        IGG0196B
        0032F0
        1040
        00D8C2F0
        00D8C6FF

        IGG0191I
        003700
        1352
        00D8C700
        00D8CC47

        IGG0193I
        003C58
        564
        00D8CC48
        00D8CE7B

     ------
```

S04 - TCB summary

Overview

A list of all TCBs (Tasks) which were active at any time during the observation session is reported. The list is arranged in hierarchical sequence with ATTACHed subtasks indented relative to the parent tasks that performed the ATTACH functions.

A sample TCB Summary report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
S04: TCB Summary (0756/TSTJ0B1)
                                                      Row 00001 of 00005
Command ===> _____
                                                     _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
TCB Name
                             <u>Address Samples CPU Active CPU WAIT Queued</u>
<u>IEAVAR00-002</u>
                               8FE0A8
                                            0
                              8FFE88
8FFBF8
8FB7F0
> IEAVTSDT-003
                                         0
> IEESB605-004
 > IEFIIC-005
                                         3996
   > LPFRAYV4-001
                                                   75.75% 8.23% 16.01%
                                8FB330
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line reports values under the following headings.

- TCB Name
- Address
- · Samples
- CPU Active
- CPU WAIT
- Queued

TCB Name

This is the name of the program associated with the task; the one specified to the ATTACH function. An index value is also appended to the name. This is a sequence number that Application Performance Analyzer assigned to each unique TCB that it observed. The value is useful for distinguishing between more than one TCB with the same name (same program ATTACHed).

For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode will be displayed for CICS TCBs. This will immediately follow the TCB name.

Address

This is the address of the TCB. Only 6 hexadecimal digits are shown as TCBs always reside below the 16MB line.

Samples

This is the number of samples in which the TCB was observed.

CPU Active

This is the number of samples in which the CPU was active (instruction execution was in progress) in this TCB.

CPU WAIT

This is the number of samples in which the Task was waiting.

This is the number of samples in which the TCB was observed in Queued status; it was ready to execute but no CPU was available.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	TCB Name	Display context help information.
++	TCB Name	Show additional details.
C01	TCB Name	Display C01 report subset.
C02	TCB Name	Display C02 report subset.
C03	TCB Name	Display C03 report subset.

This report does not have any line commands on headings.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

S05 - Memory usage timeline

Overview

This timeline analysis breaks the observation session duration into a number of (approximately) fixed-length, chronological time intervals. Each line represents one of these intervals. By default, 15 intervals are reported, each representing approximately the same number of samples. This illustrates any progressive resource usage trends. The value under the heading Storage quantify the number of Page Frames, which were allocated to the address space during the interval.

A sample Memory Usage Timeline report is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
S05: Memory Usage Timeline (0644/TSTJ0B1) Row 00001 of 00015
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                  <u>Seconds</u> <u>Storage</u> <----2530K-->
SEQN
                                        | Storage | Stor
0001
0002
0003
0004
<u>0005</u>
0006
                                                                          0007
                                          0.201
                                          0.205
0008
0009
                                         0.205
0010
                                         0.209
0011
                                         0.227
                                                                                0012
                                         0.201
                                        0.201
0.193
0.214
0.111
0013
                                                                                <u>0014</u>
                                         0.111
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line reports values under the following headings:

- SEQN
- Seconds
- Storage

SEQN

This is the sequence number of the interval. Intervals are numbered 0001, 0002, etc.

Seconds

This is the duration of the interval in seconds.

Storage

This is the amount of central storage allocated to the address space. In other words, Real Storage (or "Page Frames"). This is an effective measurement of the address space's demand on central storage. The value is expressed in units of kilobytes (1024 bytes). Each line shows the maximum value observed during the particular interval. These page frames include paged-in storage for conventional allocations (for example, obtained by GETMAIN) as well as Dataspaces and Hiperspaces.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details.
C01	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C01 report subset.
C02	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C02 report subset.
C03	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C03 report subset.

This report does not have any line commands on headings.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

S | Options for Memory Usage Timeline | 001 of 00015 | 0
```

Number of Intervals

Use this option to change the number of equal time intervals that are reported.

S06 - Data space usage timeline

Overview

This timeline analysis breaks the observation session duration into a number of (approximately) fixed-length, chronological time intervals. Each line represents one of these intervals. By default, 15 intervals are reported, each representing approximately the same number of samples. This illustrates any

progressive resource allocation trends. The values under the heading Storage quantify the amount of virtual storage allocated to the address space for private data spaces during the interval.

A sample of the Data Space Usage Timeline report is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
                                      Row 00001 of 00015
S06: Data Space Usage Timeline (0656/TSTJ0B1)
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
    <u>Seconds</u> <u>Storage</u> <-----345520K-->
SEQN
     *...+....+....+....+....+.....*
10.314 245572K ==================================
      0002
0003
0004
0006
0007
8000
<u>0009</u>
      0010
0011
0012
      <u>0013</u>
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents reports values under the following headings.

- SEQN
- Seconds
- Storage

SEQN

This is the sequence number of the interval. Intervals are numbered 0001, 0002, etc.

Seconds

This is the duration of the interval in seconds.

Storage

This is the amount of virtual storage allocated to the address space for user-key Data Spaces. The value is expressed in units of kilobytes (1024 bytes). Each line shows the maximum value observed during the particular interval.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details.
C01	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C01 report subset.
C02	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C02 report subset.
C03	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C03 report subset.

This report does not have any line commands on headings.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

Number of Intervals

Use this option to change the number of equal time intervals that are reported.

S07 - TCB execution summary

Overview

A list of all TCBs (Tasks) which were active at any time during the observation session is reported. The list is arranged in hierarchical sequence with ATTACHed subtasks indented relative to the parent tasks that performed the ATTACH functions.

A sample screen is shown here:

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents reports values under the following headings:

• TCB Name

- CPU Time Measured
- CPU Time TCBTotal
- · Measurement Interval

TCB Name

This is the name of the program associated with the task; the one specified to the ATTACH function. An index value is also appended to the name. This is a sequence number that Application Performance Analyzer assigned to each unique TCB that it observed. The value is useful for distinguishing between more than one TCB with the same name (same program ATTACHed).

For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode will be displayed for CICS TCBs. This will immediately follow the TCB name.

CPU Time - Measured

This reports the amount of CPU time used by the Task for the duration of the observation session. This is accurate to within the span of two sample intervals.

CPU Time - TCBTotal

This reports the amount of accumulated CPU time used by the Task since the Task was started up to the time of the end of the observation session. This is accurate to within one sample interval.

Measurement Interval

A graph is plotted here showing the span of time within the observation session interval the Task was active.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	TCB Name	Display context help information.
++	TCB Name	Show additional details.
C01	TCB Name	Display C01 report subset.
C02	TCB Name	Display C02 report subset.
C03	TCB Name	Display C03 report subset.

S08 - Processor utilization summary

Usage

Use this report to see a breakdown of CPU states observed during the measurement.

Quantification

Each detail line reports the number of active CPU samples for an indicated CPU state. This is also expressed as a percentage of the total number of active CPU samples.

The CPU states are not all mutually exclusive. Overlaps in the counts reported in different detail lines will occur.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Storage key n	The number of active CPU samples in the indicated storage protect key. A value of 8 indicates user (application) key. Other values usually indicate execution is in a system routine.
Problem state	The number of active CPU samples in problem state. This is the usual state for application programs.
Supervisor state	The number of active CPU samples in supervisor state. This mode allows execution of privileged instructions. This typically indicates execution in an operating system routine.
Execution in SVC	The number of active CPU samples while executing in SVC (Supervisor Call) modules.
Execution in real mode	The number of active CPU samples in real mode. There are no normal operating conditions under which this mode can occur. The value should always be zero indicating execution in virtual mode.
Primary-space mode	The number of active CPU samples in which the ASC (Address- Space Control) bits indicate execution in primary-space mode.
Access-register mode	The number of active CPU samples in which the ASC (Address- Space Control) bits indicate execution in Access-register (AR) mode.
Secondary-space mode	The number of active CPU samples in which the ASC (Address-Space Control) bits indicate execution in secondary-space mode.
Home-space mode	The number of active CPU samples in which the ASC (Address- Space Control) bits indicate execution in home-space mode.
Execution on processor n	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were being executed by the indicated processor or CPU address. Processors in a multi-CPU system are numbered 0,1,2,3 etc. The physical core ID and when applicable, the Vertical Priority (Low/Medium/High) will be shown. Also specialty processors such as zIIP will be identified.
In private storage ABOVE	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were located in private storage above the 16MB boundary.
In private storage BELOW	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were located in private storage below the 16MB boundary.
In common storage ABOVE	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were located in common storage above the 16MB boundary.
In common storage BELOW	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were located in common storage below the 16MB boundary.
Execution in AMODE 24	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were being executed in AMODE 24.
Execution in AMODE 31	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were being executed in AMODE 31.
Execution in AMODE 64	The number of active CPU samples in which instructions were being executed in AMODE 64.

Core IDs Quantification

This section is modelled on the Core ID section of the "/D M=CORE" command output. See message IEE174I in "z/OS MVS System Messages" for a full explanation of all of the codes that are used.

Table 3. Core II	Os Quantification	
Under Heading	This is Displayed	
CORE	The core identifier.	
Status	The first character is W when the core is being managed by WLM, otherwise blank. The second character is the status of the core, which can be one of the following: + indicates the core is online. - indicates the core is offline. / indicates the core is in a mixed state N indicates the core is neither online nor able to be configured online. The third character is the type of core which can be: blank The core is a standard CP. A The core is an IBM Z Application Assist Processor. I The core is an IBM Z Integrated Information Processor.	
CPU RANGE	This is the range of CPU addresses that are allocated to the core.	
V.Priority	The HIPERDISPATCH vertical-ness of the core: H The core is classified as a vertical high core. M The core is classified as a vertical medium core. L The core is classified as a vertical low core.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
S08: Processor Utilization Summary (01383/TSTJOB1)
                                                           Row 00001 of 00046
Command ===>
                                                              Scroll ===> CSR
Processor states for the CPU usage measurements
                                  Nhr of
   Processor State
                                  Samples Percentage
                                       13
                                                1.22%
   Storage key 0
   Storage key 5
Storage key 7
                                   2
                                               0.18%
                                        1
                                                0.09%
                                 1,044
   Storage key 8
                                               98.49%
                                  1,044
                                               98.49%
   Problem state
   Supervisor state
                                     16
                                                1.50%
   Execution in SVC
                                       16
                                                1.50%
   Execution in real-mode
                                        0
                                                0.00%
   Primary-space mode
                                   1,060
                                              100.00%
   Access-register mode
                                                0.00%
                                        0
                                                0.00%
   Secondary-space mode
   Home-space mode
                                       0
                                                0.00%
                                      373
   Execution on processor 0
                                               35.18% CoreID=0 High
                                               30.94% CoreID=1 High
   Execution on processor 2
                                      328
                                      359
                                               33.86% CoreID=2 High
                                                                         zIIP
   Execution on processor 4
                                      595
   In private storage ABOVE
                                               56.13%
   In private storage BELOW
                                                0.00%
                                      461
   In common storage ABOVE
                                               43.49%
   In common storage BELOW
                                                0.37%
   Execution in AMODE 24
                                                0.00%
   Execution in AMODE 31
                                               99.71%
                                   1,057
   Execution in AMODE 64
                                                0.28%
Table of CORE IDs
  CORE Status CPU Range V.Priority
  0000
                0000-0001 H
 0001 + 0002-0003 ...
0002 +I 0004-0005 H
0003 +I 0006-0007 H
0004 +I 0008-0009 H
```

S09 - Measurement analysis

Usage

This report presents various textual statements, each representing an observation made about some aspect of execution of the measured job. The purpose of each of these observations is to provide a synoptic analysis of an area of resource usage and, in some cases, suggest where some performance improvement opportunities might exist.

It is important that you analyze these observations in the context of how you would expect the measured job to perform. Some of the statements in this report might draw your attention to aspects of resource consumption that is perfectly normal for the job. For example, high CPU consumption might be noted in a certain module in a situation where you would actually expect high CPU usage in that module.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
S09: Measurement Analysis (9458/TSTJ0B1)
                                                                   Row 00001 of 00031
Command ===> __
                                                                   _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
 This report presents various textual statements pertaining to specific
 aspects of application performance observed during the measurement
 session. Each statement identifies areas of activity and resource
 consumption or causes of execution delay and suggests areas where
 performance improvement opportunties might exist.
   1. Small CPU sample size
   This measurement recorded a relatively small number of active CPU
   observations. Some figures shown in CPU usage reports may have a high
   margin of error. Keep this in mind when analyzing these reports.
   2. System CPU overhead
   A high percentage of CPU activity was observed in system service routines. This indicates high system overhead. The level of system overhead might be normal for the type of job being measured or it might
   be an indication of a performance problem.
   See reports: C01 C02
```

S10 - Observation Session Messages

Usage

Use this report to display messages that are issued on behalf of the observation session. These include error, warning, informational, and diagnostic messages.

The report consists of three levels: Category, Message ID, and Message Text. The Category and Message ID levels may be expanded or contracted by using the '+' and '-' line commands respectively.

Expanding the category level exposes the Message ID information for each message issued under that category.

Expanding a Message ID level, exposes the message text associated with that message ID. The message text may be displayed in one of four colors:

- · Red for Severe and Error level messages
- · Yellow for Warning level messages
- Turquoise for Informational level messages
- Blue for Diagnostic level messages

Diagnostic level messages are only issued when the APA started task is configured with DiagLevel of five or higher.

Entering the '+' or '-' line command on the Name title will expand or contract all entries at all levels of the report.

Category Descriptions

The messages are grouped by the following categories:

- REQ Sampling Request Messages. This category contains all messages issued before sampling starts and while sampling is underway for the request. These messages provide information on the status of the observation session.
- DATW DataWriter Messages. This category provides status and exception information on the allocation and creation of the observation data set.

- ESDE External Symbol Dictionary Extractor Messages. This category contains all messages issued by the External Symbol Dictionary Extractor. These messages provide status and exception information on the retrieval of External Symbol Dictionary data for observed modules.
- HVXT Db2 Host Variable Exractor Messages. This category contains all messages issued by the Db2 Host Variable Extractor. These messages report status and exception information related to the resolution of Db2 host variable names from the corresponding: H host variable markers found in SQL statements that were observed during sampling. This category of messages will only be present if the Db2V extractor has been selected when the observation request was created.
- Other Non-categorized Messages. This category contains all messages that do not fall under any of the above categories.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following popup will be displayed:

```
S10 - Report SETUP Window
Options for Observation Session Messages

Enter "/" to select an option

/ Display messages with a message level of S'or'E'
Display messages with a message level of W'
/ Display messages with a message level of I'
Display messages with a message level of D'
```

Display messages with a message level of 'S' or 'E'

Use this option to display severe level and error level messages.

Display messages with a message level of 'W'

Use this option to display warning level messages.

Display messages with a message level of 'I'

Use this option to display informational level messages.

Display messages with a message level of 'D'

Use this option to display diagnostic level messages.

C01 - CPU usage by category

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU consumption. It attributes CPU consumption to the following general categories:

- APPLCN Application Code
- SYSTEM System/OS Services
- Db2SQL SQL Processing
- DATAMG Data Management (DASD) Requests
- IMSDLI IMS DL/I call processing
- ADABAS Adabas requests
- Natural Natural Processing

In addition, any execution measured at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to a category:

NOSYMB – No Module Name Found

A sample report is shown below. When the report is first displayed, only the top level of the hierarchy is visible. To expand any of these categories to show the next hierarchical level, you can type the "+" line command on the detail line. You can also enter the "+" line command on the Name heading to expand the entire report to show all detail lines in all hierarchical levels.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object – an object to which measured activity is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Category

Category is the top level in the hierarchy. CPU consumption is categorized as APPLCN, SYSTEM, DB2SQL, DATAMG, IMSDLI, ADABAS, Natural, or NOSYMB.

DPA Group

Within a category – usually the SYSTEM category – load modules can be further arranged into Descriptive Program Attribution (DPA) groups. These are functional groups like: IMS, Db2, MVS[™], SVC, etc.

By entering a '+' on the SYSTEM category line:

The list of objects in this category is expanded to the next level of the hierarchy to include DPA groups:

Note: Using the SETUP primary command, you can specify aggregation of modules into Group or Subgroup. Subgroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group.

In this sample screen Subgroup has been selected in SETUP, note that the SVC group has now been replaced with SVC subgroups (a subgroup for each SVC type.)

Name Column

The symbolic name of the Group/Subgroup appears under this heading.

Description Column

A Group/Subgroup description appears under this heading.

CPU Percent Column

The aggregation of activity measured under the named Group/Subgroup appears under this heading as a percentage of CPU time.

Load Module

A load module line appears under a Group/Subgroup line, under a Category line, or under an SVC line.

For example, to see the load modules under the Group/Subgroup line CICS, enter + on the CICS object:

The CICS Group has now been expanded to show load modules in the next hierarchical level:

Name Column

The load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CPU Percent Column

The measured CPU execution for this Load Module appears under this heading.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer was able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured activity will be attributed to them.

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column

This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

SVC (Supervisor Call)

This line shows attribution of measured activity during execution of an MVS Supervisor Call.

Name Column

"SVC" followed by a 3-digit decimal SVC number (000 to 255) appears under this heading. For example — 'SVC120'.

Description Column

A description of the SVC service, or the name of the macro which invokes the SVC appears under this heading. For example: "GETMAIN/FREEMAIN."

SQL Statement

This item attributes measured activity to a Db2 SQL statement.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to each unique SQL statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field. It is possible for some sequences numbers to be missing (sequence gaps) from the report. This will occur if a sequence number was assigned to SQL statements but no CPU activity was measured for these statements.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the SQL request followed by the precompiler statement number (enclosed in parentheses) is shown here. This is followed by the SQL function (e.g. SELECT, INSERT, COMMIT).

DL/I Call

This item attributes measured activity to an IMS DL/I call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique DL/I call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The DL/I function code appears followed by the PCB name followed by the relative PCB number in parentheses. The location of the call, in *csect+offset* format, follows.

Adabas Call

This item attributes measured activity to an Adabas call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique Adabas call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the Adabas request and the offset within the program, followed by the Adabas command code that was issued, is displayed in this field. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.

Natural Program

This item is present for each Natural program. This is a first-level detail line in the Natural category.

Name Column

The name of the Natural program is shown in this field.

Description Column

The name of the Natural library from which the Natural program was obtained.

Natural Statement

This item is present for each Natural statement sampled. This is a second-level detail line in the Natural category.

Name Column

4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which cpu activity is reported.

Description Column

The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which cpu activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes measurement activity to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

Activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: '08915xxx' means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading.

Subset reports

This report can generate subset reports for any detail line. By entering a report code on a detail line, a pop-up subset report is displayed for this item. The item selected is scaled to 100 percent. The available subset reports are listed below in "Line commands, on objects."

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Display context help information.
++	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Show additional details.
+	Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	SV Category, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Sort next level by value.
SN	Category, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program.	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT.	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display source program mapping.
C01	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display C01 report subset.
C02	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display C02 report subset.
C03	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display C03 report subset.
C08	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display C08 report subset.
C09	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call.	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help
 CO1 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A)
  Command ===>
                                             Scroll ===> CSR
 Options for CPU Analysis by Category
 Enter "/" to select an option
   / Report modules by "Group". Unselect to report
by "SubGroup". Group is a higher level (more
       inclusive) categorization than SubGroup.
    / Show the Db2SQL category in which CPU time
       attributed to SQL processing is shown.
    / Show the DATAMG category in which CPU time
       attributed to data management is shown.
    / Show the IMSDLI category in which CPU time
       attributed to DLI processing is shown.
    / Show the ADABAS category in which CPU time
       attributed to ADABAS processing is shown.
    / Show the Natural category in which CPU time
       attributed to Natural processing is shown.
    _ Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as
       specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
  Minimum CPU Percentage . . .
      This is the minimum percentage of CPU activity
      measured for which an item is to be included in
      the report.
```

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Reporting by Group / SubGroup

This option allows you to aggregate modules into Group or SubGroup. SubGroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group. For example, when reporting by Group, all SVCs would be reported under the "SVC" Group. When reporting by SubGroup, SVCs would be reported under SubGroups such as SVCTYPE1, SVCTYPE2, etc.

Show the Db2SQL category

This shows activity attributed to Db2 SQL statements. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category. This is not available for CICS measurements.

Show the DATAMG category

This shows activity attributed to data management functions, which include basic access functions such as READ and WRITE. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the IMSDLI category

This shows activity attributed to IMS DLI calls. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the ADABAS category

When the Adabas extractor is on, this shows activity attributed to Adabas requests. If it is not selected, the activity is included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the Natural category

When the Natural extractor is on, this shows activity attributed to Natural requests. If it is not selected, the activity is included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Minimum CPU percentage

You can set this option to eliminate modules where the CPU percentage is below a certain threshold.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

		More	e: +
The following re	eport line wa	s selected	;. + ·+
> SVCTYPE1 Type 1 System SVC			·
Calculation Details			
CPU measurements		139	
Grouped under		Type 1 System SVC	
Total CPU measurements Percent in category		2,906 4.78%	
reitent in category		4.70%	
Processor states for the CPU usa	ge measuremer	nts	
	Nbr of		
Processor State	Samples	Percentage	
Storage key 0	111	79.85%	
Storage key 6	5	3 59%	
Storage key 8	23	16.54%	
Problem state	1	0.71%	
Supervisor state	138	99.28%	
Execution in SVC	139	100.00%	
Execution in real-mode	0	0.00%	
Primary-space mode	139	100.00%	
Access-register mode	0	0.00%	
Secondary-space mode	0	0.00%	
Home-space mode	0	0.00%	
Execution on processor 0	80		
Execution on processor 1	59	42.44%	
In private storage ABOVE	1	0.71%	
In private storage BELOW	0	0.00%	
In common storage ABOVE In common storage BELOW	82 56		
G			
Execution in AMODE 24	0	0.00%	
Execution in AMODE 31 Execution in AMODE 64	139 0	100.00%	

CO2 - CPU usage by module

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU consumption. It attributes CPU consumption to load modules.

In addition, any execution measured at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to hexadecimal address ranges.

A sample report as it is initially displayed, with no expansion, is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
CO2: CPU Usage by Module (0656/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00207
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±1.1%
<u>Name</u>
            <u>Description</u>
                                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8
ISRSUPC Application Progr 39.34 =======
           Application Progr 14.57 ======
C0020
IGG0193B QSAM/BSAM Process 3.57 == IGDDCFSR Storage Managemen 3.25 == ISPMAIN Application Progr 2.66 =
C0325 Application Progr 2.47 = ISPSUBS Application Progr 2.44 = C0200 Application Progr 2.16 =
IOSVSSCQ Nucleus Routine 1.99 = IAXPQ Nucleus Routine 1.94 =
TAXVF Nucleus Routine 1.83 = 1.58 =
IAXVP
                                   1.58 =
            Nucleus Routine
IEAVESVC Supervisor Contro 1.56 = IECVEXCP Execute channel p 1.48 = C0399 Application Progr 1.38 =
            Application Progr 0.92
C0310
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object – an object to which measured activity is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Load Module

Name

Column the load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer was able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured activity will be attributed to them.

A sample report with the second hierarchical level (CSECT) displayed is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
CO2: CPU Usage by Module (0656/TSTJ0B01) Row 00005 of 00220
Command ===> _____
                                                                _____ Scroll ===> CSR
                               Percent of CPU time * 2.50% ±1.1%
<u>Name</u>
           <u>Description</u>
                                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9
          Application Progr 2.66 =====
CSECT in ISPMAI 1.26 ===
CSECT in ISPMAI 0.52 =
<u>ISPMAIN</u>
→ <u>ISPMBP</u>
→ ISPMBX
           CSECT in ISPMAI 0.37 = CSECT in ISPMAI 0.32 = CSECT in ISPMAI 0.07
→ <u>ISPMOB</u>
→ ISPMBW
→ <u>ISPMUL</u>
→ ISPMRO
           CSECT in ISPMAI 0.05
CSECT in ISPMAI 0.01
  ISPMCO
  ISPMTB
ISPMUX
             CSECT in ISPMAI 0.01
CSECT in ISPMAI 0.01
             CSECT in ISPMAI 0.01
  ISPMBY
C0325 Application Progr
                                  2.47 =====
                              2.47 =====
→ C0325 CSECT in C03
ISPSUBS Application Progr 2.44 =====
<u>CO200</u> Application Progr 2.16 ====
```

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column

This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes measurement activity to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

Activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: '08915xxx' means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT	Display source program mapping.
C09	Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                  More:
Calculation Details
   CPU measurements
                                        IDA019L1
   In load module
   Total CPU measurements
                                        1,300
                                       16.53%
   Percent in category
Processor states for the CPU usage measurements
   Processor State
                                 Samples Percentage
   Storage key 8
                                    215
                                           100.00%
                                    215
                                           100.00%
   Problem state
   Supervisor state
                                      0
                                             0.00%
   Execution in SVC
                                     0
                                            0.00%
   Execution in real-mode
                                     0
                                            0.00%
                                    215
                                           100.00%
   Primary-space mode
   Access-register mode
                                     0
                                            0.00%
                                             0.00%
   Secondary-space mode
                                     0
                                     0
   Home-space mode
                                            0.00%
                                 118
97
   Execution on processor 0
                                            54.88%
                                          45.11%
   Execution on processor 1
                                   0
0
   In private storage ABOVE
                                           0.00%
   In private storage BELOW
                                0
215
                                            0.00%
                                         100.00%
   In common storage ABOVE
                                            0.00%
   In common storage BELOW
                                     0
                            0
215
   Execution in AMODE 24
                                            0.00%
   Execution in AMODE 31
                                           100.00%
   Execution in AMODE 64
                                            0.00%
```

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help

| C02 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) | Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR | Options for CPU Usage by Module | _ Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.

| Minimum CPU Percentage . . . . . . . . 0.00 | This is the minimum percentage of CPU activity | measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Minimum CPU percentage

You can set this option to eliminate modules where the CPU percentage is below a certain threshold.

CO3 - CPU usage by code slice

Overview

This report attributes CPU usage to Code Slices. A code slice is a range of storage addresses containing executable object code. You can use this report to pinpoint the exact locations of hot spots – segments of code where CPU consumption is particularly high. You can use SETUP to adjust the resolution of the report by varying the size of the code slice.

Two types of detail line are shown:

- · Code Slice
- Code Address

Initially, only the Code slice lines are visible. You can expand a Code Slice line (using the "+" line command) to reveal its subordinate Code Address lines. Initially, report lines are arranged in descending sequence by CPU activity. The most active items appear at the top. You can also sort by address by entering the "SA" line command either on the Address title field or on one of the first level report line address fields.

A sample report, as it is initially displayed, is shown here:

If you wanted to expand, for example, the third line, enter the "+" line command:

The subordinate Code Address lines would then be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help
CO3: CPU Usage by Code Slice (0656/TSTJ0B01)
                                          Row 00001 of 01131
Command ===> ______
                                                     _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
 <u>Address</u> <u>Size</u> <u>Location</u>
                                 Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±1.1%
                                  *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8..
00D0B1F0
<u>08A45CC0</u>
              ASMFRDLN+0080 3.23 ==
ASMFRDLN+0080 2.30 -
00D0D000
→ 00D0D026
              ASMFRDLN+00A6
                              0.51
               ASMFRDLN+00B6
                             0.42
→ 00D0D036
           64 ASMFRDLN+2500
                             3.09 ==
00D0F480
```

Remember, you can also expand an entire report by typing "+" on the first heading, in this report it would be the Address heading.

Detail line descriptions

Code Slice

This line represents a block (or "slice") of contiguous bytes of object code for which CPU execution is quantified. The number of times CPU execution was observed within this block is expressed as a percentage of the total number of CPU execution observations.

The hexadecimal address of the beginning of the slice is shown under the Address heading. The size of the slice, in bytes, is shown under the Size heading. If possible, the address of the beginning of the slice is expressed in the form CSECT+offset, or Module+offset, under the Location heading.

Source program mapping can be accessed from this line by entering a "p" line command.

Code Address

These lines are displayed as subordinate lines under the appropriate Code Slice line and show individual addresses at which execution was observed. The number of times execution was observed at such an address is expressed as a percentage of the total number of CPU execution observations.

Source program mapping can be accessed from this line by entering a "p" line command.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to view a pop-up menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Code Slice, Code Address	Display context help information.
++	Code Slice, Code Address	Show additional details.
+	Code Slice	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Code Slice	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Code Slice	Sort next level by value.
SA	Code Slice	Sort next level by address.
М	Code Slice	Display load module information.
Р	Code Slice, Code Address	Display source program mapping.
C09	Code Slice, Code Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Address, Size, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Address	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Address	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Address	Sort next level by value.
SA	Address	Sort next level by address.

SETUP options

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Code slice size

Use this to adjust the size of the Code Slice to be reported.

Minimum CPU percentage

You can set this option to eliminate Code Slice entries from the report, where the CPU percentage is below a certain threshold.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

The following r	oport line wa	os solostad	More: +
00FF04A0 56 CPUREL	9.84 0000	00	İ
			+
alculation Details		400	
CPU measurements Address range		128 00FF04A0 to	00FF04D7
Total CPU measurements		1,300	00110127
Percent in category		9.84%	
rocessor states for the CPU usa	de measuremer	nts	
rocessor states for the ord usa	_	165	
Processor State	Nbr of Samples	Percentage	
Storage key 0	128	100.00%	
Problem state	Θ	0.00%	
Supervisor state		100.00%	
Execution in SVC	128	100.00%	
Execution in real-mode	0	0.00%	
Primary-space mode	128	100.00%	
Access-register mode	0	0.00%	
Secondary-space mode Home-space mode	0	0.00% 0.00%	
Home-space mode	0	0.00%	
Execution on processor 0		57.81%	
Execution on processor 1	54	42.18%	
In private storage ABOVE		0.00%	
In private storage BELOW	0	0.00%	
In common storage ABOVE	0	0.00%	

C04 - CPU usage timeline

Overview

This timeline analysis breaks the observation session duration into a number of (approximately) fixed-length, chronological time intervals. Each line represents one of these intervals. By default, 15 intervals are reported, each representing approximately the same number of samples. This illustrates any progressive CPU usage trends, such as blocks of intensive consumption or long periods of waits. The percentage value and the graph quantify CPU usage for an interval. The percentage is derived by dividing the number of samples CPU activity was observed by the number of samples in the interval. This, effectively, is the percentage of time the CPU was executing instructions.

A sample CPU Usage Timeline report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
CO4: CPU Usage Timeline (0656/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00015
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
SEQN
    <u>Seconds</u> <u>Sig</u>
              Percent of Interval * 10.00% ±1.1%
              *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9....*
     0001
0002
0004
0005
     <u>0006</u>
0007
     8000
0009
<u>0010</u>
0011
0012
     0013
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents reports values under the following headings:

- SEQN
- Seconds
- Sig

SEQN

This is the sequence number of the interval. Intervals are numbered 0001, 0002, etc. You can create a subset of report C01, C02, or C03 from this line by entering the report code as a line command. A pop-up window of the report will be displayed, and the subset of data used for the report will be the samples from this interval.

Seconds

This is the duration of the interval in seconds.

Sig

This quantifies the significance of the measurement for the interval. This is the percentage of samples in the interval the address space was not Queued – either CPU consumption or WAIT state was observed.

Subset reports

This report can generate subset reports for any detail line. By entering a report code on a detail line, a pop-up subset report is displayed for this item. The item selected is scaled to 100 percent. The available subset reports are listed below in "Line commands, on objects."

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details.
C01	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C01 report subset.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
C02	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C02 report subset.
C03	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C03 report subset.
C09	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display C09 report subset.

This report does not have any line commands on headings.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

Number of Intervals

Use this option to change the number of equal time intervals that are reported.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

C05 - CPU usage by task/category

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU consumption. It shows, for each Task (TCB), the percentage of the total CPU time measured in that Task. Under each task, this information is shown under the following general categories:

APPLCN

Application Code

SYSTEM

System/OS Services

DATAMG

Data Management (DASD) Requests

Db2SQL

SQL Processing

IMSDLI

IMS DL/I Calls

IMSDLI

IMS DL/I Calls

ADABAS

Adabas requests

Natural

Natural Processing

In addition, any activity observed at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to a category:

NOSYMB

No Module Name Found

A sample report is shown below. When the report is first displayed, only the top level of the hierarchy (Tasks) is visible. Often there will only be one task, however this example has many. To expand a task to show the next hierarchical level, you can type the "+" line command on the detail line. You can also enter the "+" line command on the Name heading to expand the entire report to show all detail lines in all hierarchical levels.

```
File View Navigate Help
CO5: CPU Usage by Task/Category (0711/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00041
                                                                ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===>
              <u>Description</u>
                                   Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±3.8%%
<u>Name</u>
                                         *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
DFHKETCB-007 TCB=008DAD90
                                  52.19 ==========
<u>DFHKETCB-001</u> TCB=008DA6B8

<u>DFHKETCB-012</u> TCB=008C2068
                                  32.07
                                         ==========
                                  13.16 =====
DFHKETCB-008 TCB=008DAA68
                                   2.57
IEAVAR00-002 TCB=008FE0A8
                                   0.00
IEAVTSDT-003 TCB=008FFE88
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-024 TCB=008BC210
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-025 TCB=008B9E88
                                   0.00
DFHSIP-005
              TCB=008F69F8
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-026 TCB=008B9CD8
                                   0.00
DFHKETCB-009 TCB=008C2E88
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-027 TCB=008B9A30
DFHKETCB-011 TCB=008C2750
                                   0.00
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-028 TCB=008B9788
                                   0.00
CSQCSERV-014 TCB=008BDE88
                                   0.00
DFSPAT00-029 TCB=008B94E0
                                   0.00
CSQCSERV-016 TCB=008BDA60
                                   0.00
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object – an object to which CPU time is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Task

This is the highest level object in the report. Each active Task is reported. The percentage of the total measured CPU time which was measured in this Task is reported. A SETUP option is available which specifies that all Tasks – including inactive tasks – are to be displayed.

Name Column

The name of the program specified in the ATTACH macro that started the task as well as the TCB index number is shown.

Description Column

The TCB address is shown. For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address.

Category

Activity within a Task is categorized as APPLCN, SYSTEM, DATAMG, Db2SQL, IMSDLI, ADABAS, Natural, or NOSYMB.

DPA Group

Within a category – usually the SYSTEM category – load modules can be further arranged into Descriptive Program Attribution (DPA) groups. These are functional groups like: IMS, Db2, MVS, SVC, etc. By entering a "+" on the SYSTEM category line:

The list of objects in this category is expanded to the next level of the hierarchy to include DPA groups:

Note: Note Using the SETUP primary command, you can specify aggregation of modules into Group or Subgroup. Subgroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group.

In this sample screen Subgroup has been selected in SETUP, note that the SVC group has now been replaced with SVC subgroups (a subgroup for each SVC type.)

Name Column

The symbolic name of the Group/Subgroup appears under this heading.

Description Column

A Group/Subgroup description appears under this heading.

Load Module

A load module line appears under a Group/Subgroup line, under a Category line, or under an SVC line.

For example, to see the load modules under the Group/Subgroup line MVS, enter "+" on the MVS object:

The MVS Group has now been expanded to show load modules in the next hierarchical level:

Name Column

The load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer was able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured activity will be attributed to them.

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column

This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

Source program mapping can be accessed from this line by entering a "p" line command.

SVC (Supervisor Call)

This line shows attribution of measured activity during execution of an MVS Supervisor Call.

Name Column

"SVC" followed by a 3-digit decimal SVC number (000 to 255) appears under this heading. For example, "SVC120."

Description Column

A description of the SVC service, or the name of the macro which invokes the SVC appears under this heading. For example: "GETMAIN/FREEMAIN."

DDNAME

These lines appear under the DATAMG category and indicate the DDNAME of a file to which CPU usage is attributed. The quantification indicates CPU time consumed in data management routines.

Data Management Request

These lines appear under DDNAME lines and show a further breakdown of CPU usage for the DDNAME to the specific I/O request statements.

SQL Statement

This item attributes measured activity to a Db2 SQL statement.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique SQL statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field. It is possible for some sequence numbers to be missing (sequence gaps) from the report. This will occur if a sequence number was assigned to SQL statements but no CPU activity was measured for these statements.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the SQL request followed by the precompiler statement number (enclosed in parentheses) is shown here. This is followed by the SQL function (e.g. SELECT, INSERT, COMMIT).

DL/I Call

This item attributes measured activity to an IMS DL/I call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique DL/I call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The DL/I function code appears followed by the PCB name followed by the relative PCB number in parentheses. The location of the call. in *csect+offset* format, follows.

Adabas Call

This item attributes measured activity to an Adabas call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique Adabas call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the Adabas request and the offset within the program, followed by the Adabas command code that was issued, is displayed in this field. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.

Natural Program

This item is present for each Natural program. This is a first-level detail line in the Natural category.

Name Column

The name of the Natural program is shown in this field.

Description Column

The name of the Natural library from which the Natural program was obtained.

Natural Statement

This item is present for each Natural statement sampled. This is a second-level detail line in the Natural category.

Name Column

4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which cpu activity is reported.

Description Column

The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which cpu activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes measurement activity to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

Activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: "08915xxx" means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Display context help information.
++	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Show additional details.
+	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Expand to reveal next level.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Task, Category, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task, Category, SVC, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call, and Natural Program	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, SQL command, DLI call, Adabas call	Display source program mapping.
C09	Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address, DLI call, Adabas call	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help
 CO5 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A)
                                            Scroll ===> CSR
 Command ===>
 Options for CPU Analysis by Category
 Enter "/" to select an option
/ Report modules by "Group". Unselect to report
       by "SubGroup". Group is a higher level (more
       inclusive) categorization than SubGroup.
    / Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An
       inactive task is one for which there were no
       observations of CPU consumption.
    / Show the Db2SQL category in which CPU time
       attributed to SQL processing is shown.
    / Show the DATAMG category in which CPU time
       attributed to data management is shown.
    / Show the IMSDLI category in which CPU time
       attributed to DLI processing is shown.
    / Show the ADABAS category in which CPU time
       attributed to ADABAS processing is shown.
    / Show the Natural category in which CPU time
       attributed to Natural processing is shown.
      Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as
      specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Reporting by Group / SubGroup

This option allows you to aggregate modules into Group or SubGroup. SubGroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group. For example, when reporting by Group, all SVCs would be reported under the "SVC" Group. When reporting by SubGroup, SVCs would be reported under SubGroups such as SVCTYPE1, SVCTYPE2, etc.

Include inactive tasks

You can choose to include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.

Show the Db2SQL category

You can choose to show the Db2SQL category in which CPU time attributed to SQL processing is shown.

Show the DATAMG category

This shows activity attributed to data management functions, which include basic access functions such as READ and WRITE. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the IMSDLI category

This shows activity attributed to IMS DLI calls. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the ADABAS category

This shows activity attributed to Adabas requests. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the Natural category

When the Natural extractor is on, this shows activity attributed to Natural requests. If it is not selected, the activity is included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

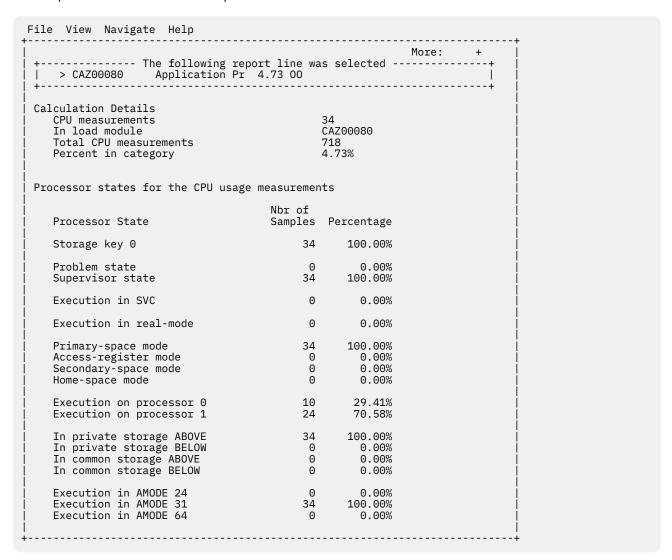
Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:



C06 - CPU usage by task/module

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU consumption. It shows, for each Task (TCB), the percentage of the total CPU time measured in that Task. Under each task, a further breakdown of CPU consumption is shown by load modules.

In addition, any execution measured at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to hexadecimal address ranges.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object, an object to which measured activity is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Task

This is the highest level object in the report. Each active Task is reported. The percentage of the total measured CPU time which was measured in this Task is reported. A SETUP option is available which specifies that all Tasks - including inactive tasks - are to be displayed.

Name Column

The name of the program specified in the ATTACH macro that started the task as well as the TCB index number is shown.

Description Column

The TCB address is shown. For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address.

Load Module

Name Column

The load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer was able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured activity will be attributed to them.

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column

This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes measurement activity to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

Activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: "08915xxx" means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. When the report is first displayed, only the top level of the hierarchy (Tasks) is visible. Often there will only be one task, however this example has many. To expand a task to show the next hierarchical level, you can type the "+" line command on the detail line. You can also enter the "+" line command on the Name heading to expand the entire report to show all detail lines in all hierarchical levels.

```
File View Navigate Help
CO6: CPU Usage by Task/Module (0711/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00021
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
            Description
                             Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.3%%
                                  *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
                            PMSEL-012
            TCB=008B8318
<u>ISPTASK-008</u> TCB=008B8D90
PMSEL-021
            TCB=008B8318
                             11.18 =====
ISPF-007
EXEC-017
            TCB=008E1190
                             10.70 =====
                             5.13 ===
           TCB=008B8A50
                              3.21 ==
EX-018
           TCB=008B8A50
CALL-014
           TCB=008A0B50
                              2.51
                                   =
CALL-011
           TCB=008A0130
                             1.92
           TCB=008A0130
                              1.76
CALL-020
EX-010
           TCB=008B8B48
                             1.28
EXEC-013
           TCB=008A0F68
                              1.07
ALTLIB-019
           TCB=008A00F0
                              0.96
ALTLIB-015
           TCB=008A00F0
                              0.90
FREE-016
            TCB=008A00F0
                              0.80
IEAVAR00-001 TCB=008FE0A8
                              0.00
<u>IEAVTSDT-002</u> TCB=008FFE88
                              0.00
<u>IEESB605-003</u> TCB=008FFBF8
                              0.00
```

Here is a sample with the first task fully expanded: Line commands:

```
File View Navigate Help
CO6: CPU Usage by Task/Module (0694/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 01111
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                     <u>Description</u>
                                                                                                                                      Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.3%%
Name
                                                                                                                                                            *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
                                         PMSEL-012 TCB=008B8318
         → C0200
\rightarrow C0020 Application Prog 7.86 == 

\rightarrow C0020 CSECT in C0 7.86 == 

\rightarrow BKNCESUP Application Prog 2.88 =
                                                                                                                                       7.86 ==
7.86 ==
                                                       CSECT in BKNCE
          → BKNCESUP
                                                                                                                                         0.53
          → BKNSTFMT
→ IGDDCFSR Storage management of the storagement of the storage management of the storage management of the storage management of the storage management of the storage manag
                                                                                                                                        2.30 2.08
                                      Application Prog
CSECT in CO
         → <u>IARVFRMN</u>
                                                             Real storage m 2.08
       C0010
                                                                                                                                         1.65
          → <u>C00</u>10
                                                                                                                                         1.65
       <u>IAXVP</u>
                                                             Nucleus Routine
                                                                                                                                        1.33
         → <u>IARVPGTI</u>
                                                                                                                                        1.33
                                                                    Real storage m
                                                              DFSMS
       IGWLHHLS
                                                                                                                                         0.96
         → IGWLHRLS
                                                                      DFSMS
                                                                                                                                         0.32
                IGWLHAJB
                                                                      DFSMS
                                                                                                                                         0.16
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.	
++	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.	
+	Task, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Task, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
SV	Task	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task, Category	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT	Display source program mapping.
C09	Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help

| C06 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) | Scroll ===> CSR |
| Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for CPU Usage by Task/Category |
| Enter "/" to select an option | / Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Include inactive tasks

You can choose to include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.

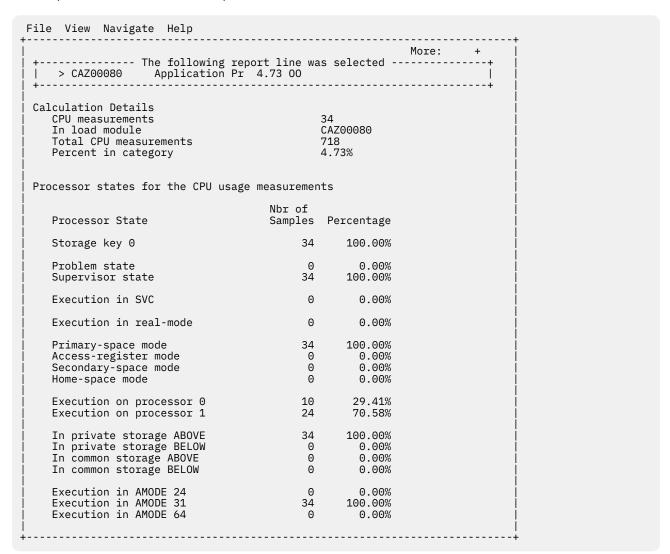
Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:



C07 - CPU usage by procedure

Usage

Use this report to see quantification of CPU usage at the source program procedure level.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported item to the total CPU consumption measured in the address space.

Detail line hierarchy

C07 displays detail lines at a single level. Up to four types of detail lines are reported.

```
Level 1 Source Procedure
Level 1 Source Procedure
Level 1 Source Procedure
...
Level 1 APPLCN Category
Level 1 SYSTEM Category
Level 1 NOSYMB Category
```

Detail line descriptions

Source procedure detail line

This identifies a source program procedure and quantifies CPU usage attributed to the procedure. The source procedure detail lines are displayed only when the source program or programs are mapped and loaded. There are two ways to map and load the source program. You can use the A01 panel, or you can open any other Application Performance Analyzer report that supports the 'P' line command and use the 'P' line command to map and load the source before opening the C07 report. When the source is mapped and loaded, the source procedure details lines are displayed and the source can be viewed using the 'P' line command. See Chapter 13, "Source program mapping," on page 645 for more details.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Program	The name of the CSECT in the module containing the source procedure.
Procedure Name	The name of the source procedure.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed during execution in the source procedure.

APPLCN Category detail line

Any execution measured in application programs that could not be associated with a source program procedure is quantified in this detail line. No further breakdown of this category is reported. Use report C01 to see further details.

SYSTEM Category detail line

Any execution measured in system programs that could not be associated with a source program procedure is quantified in this detail line. No further breakdown of this category is reported. Use report CO1 to see further details.

NOSYMB Category detail line

Any execution measured at addresses that could not be associated with a load module is quantified in this detail line. No further breakdown of this category is reported. Use report CO1 to see further details.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Program, Category	Display context help information.
++	Program, Category	Show additional details.
М	Program	Display load module information.
Р	Program	Display source program mapping.
C09	Program, Category	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Program, Procedure Name, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Procedure name	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Procedure name	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Program, Procedure Name, Percent CPU	Sort next level by value.
SN	Program, Procedure Name, Percent CPU	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

CO7 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A)

Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR

Options for CPU Analysis by Procedure

Enter "/" to select an option

/ Omit procedures for which no CPU activity was measured. Unselect to report all procedure names.

Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

By default, only those procedures for which CPU activity was measured are displayed. Deselect this option to display all procedure names.

Omit procedures with no CPU activity

By default, only those procedures for which CPU activity was measured are displayed. Deselect this option to display all procedure names.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

File View Navigate Help			
+ The following re LPFRAYV4 B300-PROCESS-ACCTS +	port line wa 59.95 0000	ms selected	More: +
Calculation Details Data management CPU measuremen In load module Executing routine Total CPU measurements Percent in category		4,820 LPFRAYV4 B300-PROCESS-AC 8,040 59.95%	CCTS
Processor states for the CPU usag	e measuremer	nts	
Processor State	Nbr of Samples	Percentage	
Storage key 8	4,820	100.00%	
Problem state Supervisor state	4,820 0	100.00% 0.00%	
Execution in SVC	0	0.00%	
Execution in real-mode	0	0.00%	
Primary-space mode Access-register mode Secondary-space mode Home-space mode	4,820 0 0 0	100.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	
Execution on processor 0 Execution on processor 1			
In private storage ABOVE In private storage BELOW	4,820 0	100.00% 0.00%	

CO8 - CPU usage referred attribution

Usage

Use this report to see attribution of CPU usage measured in system modules referred back to the points of invocation in application modules. A SETUP option is available to display the system modules at the highest level, with a breakdown of the application programs that invoked them.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported item to the total CPU consumption measured in the address space.

Detail line hierarchy

The first level detail line shows an application module to which CPU usage in system modules has been attributed. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Application Module
Level 2 CSECT in application module
Level 3 Offset in CSECT
Level 3 Source statement
Level 4 System module
```

```
Level 5 CSECT in System module
Level 4 Unresolved address
```

The optional SETUP shows the system modules that have referred attribution with additional levels to show which application programs invoked them. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (see Expanding Report Lines).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 System module
Level 2 CSECT in System module
Level 3 Application Module
Level 4 CSECT in application module
Level 5 Offset in CSECT
Level 5 Source statement
Level 1 Unresolved address
```

Detail line descriptions

Application module

This identifies an application module to which attribution of CPU usage in system routines has been referred. During the measurement, Application Performance Analyzer determined that execution in system modules was initiated by a system request statement (such as a CALL) with an invocation point in the identified application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	Name of application load module in which CPU usage measured in system modules was attributed.
Description	Functional description of the load module if one is available. Otherwise, "Application Program" is shown here.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of attributed system module CPU usage referred back to this application module.

CSECT in application module

These lines appear under the application module detail line. Each one reports an external name (CSECT) within the application module in which invocation points for attributed CPU execution reside.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	Name of CSECT in which CPU usage measured in system modules was attributed.
Description	CSECT in loadmodname appears here.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of attributed system module CPU usage referred back to this CSECT.

Offset in CSECT

These lines appear under the CSECT detail line. Each one reports a return address offset – the point in the CSECT at which control is returned from the attributed system services CPU usage. This identifies the address of the application statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset of the return point in the CSECT of the system execution invocation request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Description	"Offset in csectname" appears here.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time measured in this system routine for the indicated invocation/return address.

Source statement

One or more lines showing the source statement appear at the same level as the Offset in CSECT detail line. This appears only when the source program has been mapped and loaded. For more information, see Chapter 13, "Source program mapping," on page 645.

System Module

This line identifies a system module in which CPU usage was measured and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of a system module in which CPU usage was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.
Description	Functional description of the system module.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time measured in this system routine for the invocation/return address under which this line appears.

CSECT in System Module

This line identifies a CSECT within a system module in which CPU usage was measured and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The name of the CSECT in which CPU usage was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.	
Description	Functional description of the CSECT.	
Percent of CPU TIme	The percentage of CPU time measured in this system CSECT for the invocation/return address under which this line appears.	

Unresolved address

This line identifies an unresolved address in which CPU usage was measured and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	An unresolved address range in which CPU usage was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.	
Description	"Unresolved Address"	
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time measured in this address range.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. This has been expanded to the third level, and the source has been mapped and loaded. (It can be expanded further to show details of the modules.)

```
File View Navigate Help
CO8: CPU Usage Referred Attribution (3598/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00027
Command ===> _____
                                                   _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                              <u>Name</u>
         <u>Description</u>
SAMPLE1
 → 000854
            Attribution Offset 35.06 =========
            > Source statement in: Sample1Mainline
                           Open Input SalesActivityFile
            Attribution Offset 24.23 =======
 → <u>00088A</u>
            > Source statement in: Sample1Mainline
                           Open OUTPUT SalesReportFile
            Attribution Offset 14.22 ======
> Source statement in: Sample1Mainline
 → 000918
                          Close SalesActivityFile
            Attribution Offset 13.89 ======
 → 000936
            > Source statement in: Sample1Mainline
                           Close SalesReportFile
            Attribution Offset 0.73 > Source statement in: Sample1Mainline
 → 000814
                        Inspect B tallying C for all '**'replacing all'**'
 → <u>000A72</u>
            Attribution Offset 0.20
            > Source statement in: ProcessSalesRecord
                        Read SalesActivityFile
```

A sample report using the SETUP option is shown here. It reports attribution from the system modules and CSECTs to the application programs that called them

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
CO8: CPU Usage Referred Attribution (3598/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00011
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                      Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±5.4%
Name
            <u>Description</u>
                                                          *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
                                                     14.70 ======
 \begin{array}{ccc} \underline{IGZCPAC} & COBPACK \\ \rightarrow & \underline{IGZCIN1} & INSPECT \ library \\ \rightarrow & \underline{SAMPLE1} & CICS \ Samples \end{array} 
                                                     14.41 =====
     SAMPLE1 CICS Samples

→ SAMPLE1 CSECT in SAMPLE1

→ 0008B4 Attribution Of

→ 000936 Attribution Of

→ 000832 Attribution Of
                                                    14.41 =====
                                                   14.41 =====
                                                      5.29 ===
                                                     5.00 ===
4.11 ==
0.29
0.29
                    CSECT in SAMPLE1
     → SAMPLE1
                                                      0.29
        → 000952
                        Attribution Of
                                                    0.29
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Application Module, CSECT, Attribution Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Application Module, CSECT, Attribution Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Application Module, CSECT, Attribution Offset	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Application Module, CSECT, Attribution Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Collapse to hide next level .
М	Application Module, CSECT, System Module, Unresolved Address	Display load module information.
Р	CSECT, Attribution Offset	Display source program mapping.
C09	Application Module, CSECT, Attribution Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale .
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

CO8 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A)

Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR

Options for CPU Referred Attribution

Enter "/" to select an option

Select to report attribution from the System module to the application programs that called it. Unselect to show attribution from the application program to the system module.

Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

Attribution to Application/System

Select to report attribution from the System module to the application programs that called it. Unselect to show attribution from the application program to the system module.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                    More: +
Calculation Details
   CPU measurements attributed to services
                                         582
                                         LPFRAYV4
   In the csect
   Return offset
                                         0005BE
   Total CPU measurements
                                         8,040
   Percent in category
                                         7.23%
Source Statement in: PROCEDURE-DIVISION
                  write VSAM-record
Processor states for the CPU usage measurements
   Processor State
                                  Samples Percentage
                                     303
   Storage key 0
                                              52.06%
   Storage key 8
                                     279
                                             47.93%
                                     257
                                             44.15%
   Problem state
                                            55.84%
                                    325
   Supervisor state
   Execution in SVC
                                     325
                                             55.84%
   Execution in real-mode
                                     0
                                              0.00%
   Primary-space mode
                                     582
                                             100.00%
                                              0.00%
   Access-register mode
                                       0
   Secondary-space mode
                                              0.00%
                                       0
                                      0
   Home-space mode
                                              0.00%
                                  3⊎∠
280
   Execution on processor 0
                                             51.89%
                                              48.10%
   Execution on processor 1
                                     0
                                              0.00%
   In private storage ABOVE
                                   0
420
   In private storage BELOW
                                              0.00%
                                            72.16%
   In common storage ABOVE
   In common storage BELOW
                                     162
                                             27.83%
                                              0.00%
                                       Θ
   Execution in AMODE 24
   Execution in AMODE 31
                                     582
                                             100.00%
   Execution in AMODE 64
                                              0.00%
```

File View Navigate Help			
			More: -
In private storage ABOVE	1	0.02%	
In private storage BELOW	31	0.92%	
In common storage ABOVE	2,222	66.48%	
In common storage BELOW	1,088	32.55%	
Execution in AMODE 24	192	5.74%	
Execution in AMODE 31	3,150	94.25%	
Execution in AMODE 64	0	0.00%	

C09 - CPU usage by PSW/object code

Use this report to see information about sampled CPU execution at the machine-instruction level. This report is most useful when used in Subset Analysis mode to provide more detailed analysis for a particular quantification. You can display this report by entering the "C09" line command on an eligible CPU usage report detail line. The C09 report will show you information about the executed machine instructions.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported item to the total CPU consumption measured in the address space.

Detail line hierarchy

The first level detail line shows a PSW (program status word) address value that Application Performance Analyzer recorded when it made an active CPU observation. Each repeated CPU usage observation at the same PSW address is accumulated and reported as a single detail line.

In addition to the PSW address value, Application Performance Analyzer creates a separate first-level detail line if any of the following values are different:

- Execution in problem or supervisor mode
- Address mode (AMODE) 24, 31 or 64
- Address-space control: primary-space, AR mode, secondary-space or homespace
- PSW key
- SVC number if execution was in a supervisor call
- · Object code at the PSW address

You can expand the first level detail line to show the object code at the PSW address. Object code is reported in the form of disassembled machine instructions. Application Performance Analyzer displays a line for each machine instruction from 12 bytes of object code captured during the measurement. The PSW address points to the sixth byte of the 12 bytes, so the first instructions reported are the ones that preceded the sampled instruction. When alternate disassembly are available (depending upon the assumed start address), they are listed under the subheading of "Alternate Disassembly".

Detail line descriptions

PSW address line

One line appears for each unique PSW address. By default, these are sorted in descending sequence by CPU activity.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Address	The PSW address of the sampled instruction.	
Module	The load module name at the sampled address, or 'Unknown' if Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine the module name.	
AM	The address mode (AMODE): 24, 31 or 64.	
S/P	The SVC number if execution was in a supervisor call or S or P followed by the storage key. "S" indicates supervisor mode and "P" indicates problem mode. For example, "P8" indicates execution in problem mode in storage key 8.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
AS	The address space control mode. AR indicates access-register mode, SS indicates secondary-space mode and HS indicates home-space mode. Blanks are shown for primary-space mode.
ASID	The ASID (address space ID) in hexadecimal of the address space that acquired the storage at the PSW address. This is shown only if the storage was acquired by an address space other than the measured one – a foreign address space. One example of this is the processing of an SQL request. Execution often occurs in load modules fetched into storage by one of the Db2 address spaces.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time observed at the indicated address.

Machine instruction line

Each line shows one machine instruction in disassembled format. These lines pertain to the PSW address line shown above. When alternate disassembly are available (depending upon the assumed start address), they are listed under the subheading of "Alternate Disassembly".

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The first entry has been expanded with the "+" line command.

```
File View Navigate Help
CO9: CPU Usage by PSW/Object Code (2133/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00018
Command ===>
                                                          Scroll ===> CSR
           <u>Address</u>
                                           *....1....2....3....4....5....6..
<u>17801392</u> - LPFRAYVS 31 P8
                                      98.2 ===========
                  47F0 B240 BC 15,576(,R11)
FA20 9820 A06C AP 2080(3,R9),108(1,R10)76(,R11)
→ LPFRAYVS+05D6
→ LPFRAYVS+05DA
178012E4 + LPFRAYVS 31
<u>17801360</u> + LPFRAYVS 31
                          P8
                                        0.25
17801416 + LPFRAYVS 31
17801302 + LPFRAYVS 31
                          .
P8
                                        0.23
                          Р8
                                        0.15
17801312 + LPFRAYVS 31
                          Р8
                                        0.15
<u>178012C4</u> + LPFRAYVS 31
                          Р8
                                        0.12
17801342 + LPFRAYVS 31
178012F0 + LPFRAYVS 31
                                        0.10
                          Р8
                                        0.07
<u>17801362</u> + LPFRAYVS 31
                          Р8
                                        0.05
<u>178012C6</u> + LPFRAYVS 31
                                        0.05
1780129A + LPFRAYVS 31
1780137A + LPFRAYVS 31
178012C0 + LPFRAYVS 31
                          Р8
                                        0.02
                          Р8
                                        0.02
                                        0.02
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd When Applied To Object		Action
? Address		Display context help information.
++ Address Show additional details.		Show additional details.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Address	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Address	Collapse to hide next level .
М	Address	Display load module information.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Address, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Address	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Address	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Address	Sort next level by value.
SA	Address	Sort next level by address.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

| C09 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) |
| Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for CPU Analysis by PSW/ObjCode |
| Enter "/" to select an option |
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as |
| specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ------
 Calculation Details
                                         4,056
   CPU measurements
   PSW address
                                         18802338
   Total CPU measurements
                                          8,040
   Percent in category
                                         50.44%
PSW Information
                            18802338
LPFRAYV4
LPFRAYV4
   PSW Address
   Module Name
   CSECT Name
   Module+Offset LPFRAYV4
CSECT+Offset LPFRAYV4+1748
Addressing Mode (AMODE) 31 bit
Address Space Control Primary Space
Problem/Supervisor Mode Problem Mode
 Machine Instructions
```

C10 - CPU Usage by Natural Program

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Natural programs. The Natural data extractor must be turned on during the measurement in order to produce this report.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of CPU active measurements in the indicated Natural object to the total number of CPU active observations.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Natural Program. The name field shows the Natural program name. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Natural program
Level 2 Natural statement
```

Detail line descriptions

Natural Program detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Program	The Natural program name for which CPU activity is reported.	
Library	The name of the library or folder from which the Natural program was obtained.	
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed during execution in the indicated Natural program.	

Natural statement detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Program	The four digit Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported, this will be "0000" for CPU activity for which a statement number could not be determined.
Library	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed during execution in the indicated Natural statement.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

C10: CPU Command =		Program (0236/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00022 Scroll ===> CSR
Program	<u>Library</u>	Percent of CPU Time * 10.00% ±1.9%
		*123456789
NATPGM1	SYSLIB	99.67 ==============
→ <u>0010</u>	stmt # 10	38.42 ============
→ 0020	stmt # 20	27.77 =========
→ 0090	stmt # 90	24.93 ========
→ <u>0120</u>	stmt # 120	8.53 ====
IATPGM2	SYSLIB	0.16
→ 2985	stmt # 2985	0.05
	stmt # 3687	0.02
NATPGM3	SYSLIB	0.08
→ 0183	stmt # 183	0.05
→ 0621	stmt # 621	0.02

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Program, Natural statement	Display context help information.
++	Program, Natural statement	Show additional details.
+	Program	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Program	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Program	Sort next level by value.
SN	Program	Sort next level by statement number.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Program, Library, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Program	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Library	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Program	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Library	Reduce field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Program, Library, Percent CPU	Sort next level by value.
SN	Program, Library, Percent CPU	Sort next level by statement number.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window will be displayed:

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

ile View Navigate Help			+	
+ The following re 0010				
Calculation Details CPU measurements Total CPU measurements Percent of total	;	1,700 3,949 38.42%		
Processor states for the CPU usag	e measuremen	ts		
<u>Processor State</u>	Nbr of <u>Samples</u>	<u>Percentage</u>		
Storage key 8 Storage key 9	1 1,699	0.05% 99.94%		
Problem state Supervisor state	1,700 0	100.00% 0.00%		
Execution in SVC	0	0.00%		
Execution in real-mode	0	0.00%		
Primary-space mode Access-register mode Secondary-space mode Home-space mode	1,700 0 0 0	100.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		
Execution on processor 0	1,700	100.00%		
In private storage ABOVE In private storage BELOW In common storage ABOVE In common storage BELOW	0	100.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%		

W01 - WAIT time by task/category

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU WAIT time. It shows, for each Task (TCB), the percentage of elapsed time the Task was observed to be in a WAIT. Under each task, this information is shown under the following general categories:

APPLCN

Application Code

SYSTEM

System/OS Services

DATAMG

Data Management (DASD) Requests

Db2SQL

SQL Processing

IMSDLI

IMS DL/I calls

ADABAS

Adabas requests

In addition, any WAIT time observed at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to a category:

NOSYMB

No Module Name Found

The Task (TCB) name is the object at the top level of the hierarchy for this report, and is the only object visible when the report is first displayed.

A sample report is shown here, as it would appear when it is first displayed:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
W01: WAIT Time by Category (0651/TSTJ0B01)
                                                       Row 00001 of 00009
Command ===> __
                                                 _____ Scroll ===> <u>CS</u>R
           <u>Description</u>
                           Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.3%%
<u>Name</u>
                           <u>ISPTASK-008</u> TCB=008B8D90
                           PMSEL-012
           TCB=00893528
ISPF-007
           TCB=008E1190
<u>ISPTASK-009</u> TCB=008B8738
EXEC-013
ALLOC-017
           TCB=008A67C0
                            1.01 =
           TCB=008A67C0
                             0.06
ALLOC-015
           TCB=008A67C0
                             0.05
ALLOC-016
           TCB=008A67C0
                             0.04
           TCB=008A6390
CALL-014
                             0.00
```

You can expand the entire report to show all detail lines at all hierarchical levels by entering the "+" line command on the Name heading.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object – an object to which WAIT time is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Task

This is the highest level object in the report. Each active Task is reported. The percentage of the measurement time interval the task was observed to be WAITing is reported.

Note: A SETUP option is available which specifies that all Tasks – including inactive tasks – are to be displayed.

Name Column

The name of the program specified in the ATTACH macro that started the task as well as the TCB index number is shown.

Description Column

The TCB address is shown. For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address.

Category

WAIT time within a Task is categorized as APPLCN, SYSTEM, DATAMG, IMSDLI, Db2SQL, ADABAS or NOSYMB.

DPA Group

Within a category – usually the SYSTEM category – load modules can be further arranged into Descriptive Program Attribution (DPA) groups. These are functional groups like: IMS, Db2, VSAM.

Note: A SETUP option is available from which you can specify aggregation of modules into Group or Subgroup. Subgroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group. Application Performance Analyzer uses the module name to locate descriptive information in its DPA tables.

Name Column

The symbolic name of the Group/Subgroup appears under this heading.

Description Column

A Group/Subgroup description appears under this heading.

Load Module

A load module line appears under a Group/Subgroup line, under a Category line, or under an SVC line.

Name Column

The load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer were able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured WAIT time will be attributed to them.

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

SVC (Supervisor Call)

This line shows attribution of measured WAIT time during execution of an MVS Supervisor Call.

Name Column

"SVC" followed by a 3-digit decimal SVC number (000 to 255) appears under this heading. For example, "SVC120."

Description Column

A description of the SVC service, or the name of the macro which invokes the SVC appears under this heading. For example, "GETMAIN/FREEMAIN."

SQL Statement

This item attributes WAIT activity to a Db2 SQL statement.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique SQL statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field. It is possible for some sequences numbers to be missing (sequence gaps) from the report. This will occur if a sequence number was assigned to SQL statements but no WAIT activity was measured for these statements.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the SQL request followed by the precompiler statement number (enclosed in parentheses) is shown here. This is followed by the SQL function (for example, SELECT, INSERT, COMMIT).

DL/I Call

This item attributes WAIT activity to an IMS DL/I call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique DL/I call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The DL/I function code appears followed by the PCB name followed by the relative PCB number in parentheses. The location of the call, in *csect+offset* format, follows.

Adabas Call

This item attributes WAIT activity to an Adabas call.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned to each unique Adabas call statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the Adabas request and the offset within the program, followed by the Adabas command code that was issued, is displayed in the field. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes measurement WAIT time to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

WAIT time observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example, "08915xxx" means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Task, Category, Load Module, SVC	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Task, Category, SVC	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task, Category, SVC	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent WAIT	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduces field size
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help
 W01 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A)
  Command ===>
                                               Scroll ===> CSR
     Options for WAIT Time by Task/Category
     Enter "/" to select an option
/ Report modules by "Group". Unselect to report
by "SubGroup". Group is a higher level (more
        inclusive) categorization than SubGroup.
     / Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An
        inactive task is one for which there were no
        observations of CPU consumption.
     / Show the Db2SQL category in which Wait time
        attributed to SQL processing is shown.
     / Show the DATAMG category in which Wait time
        attributed to data management is shown.
     / Show the IMSDLI category in which Wait time
        attributed to DLI processing is shown.
     / Show the ADABAS category in which Wait time
        attributed to ADABAS processing is shown.
        Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as
        specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Reporting by Group / SubGroup

This option allows you to aggregate modules into Group or SubGroup. SubGroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group. For example, when reporting by Group, all SVCs would be reported under the "SVC" Group. When reporting by SubGroup, SVCs would be reported under SubGroups such as SVCTYPE1, SVCTYPE2, etc.

Include inactive tasks

You can choose to include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.

Show the Db2SQL category

This shows activity attributed to Db2 SQL statements. If it is not selected, the activity is included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category. This category is not applicable for CICS measurements.

Show the DATAMG category

This shows activity attributed to data management functions, which include basic access functions such as READ and WRITE. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the IMSDLI category

This shows activity attributed to IMS DLI calls. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Show the ADABAS category

This shows activity attributed to Adabas requests. If it is not selected, the activity is included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

W02 - WAIT time by task/module

Overview

This report analyzes measured CPU WAIT time. It shows, for each Task (TCB), the percentage of elapsed time the Task was observed to be in a WAIT. Under each task, a further breakdown of wait time is shown by load modules.

In addition, any wait time measured at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to hexadecimal address ranges.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents a System Object - an object to which measured activity is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the "+" line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate objects. Each type of object shown in this report is described here:

Task

This is the highest level object in the report. Each active Task is reported. The percentage of the total measured CPU time which was measured in this Task is reported. A SETUP option is available that specifies that all Tasks, including inactive tasks, are to be displayed.

Name Column

The name of the program specified in the ATTACH macro that started the task as well as the TCB index number is shown.

Description Column

The TCB address is shown. For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address.

Load Module

Name Column

The load module name appears under this heading.

Description Column

If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading. Otherwise "Application Program" is displayed.

CSECT (Control Section)

These lines can appear as subordinate, breakdown items under a load module line. If Application Performance Analyzer was able to find ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information, during the

measurement process, for a load module, these items will appear under the load module and the measured wait time will be attributed to them.

Name Column

The CSECT name appears under this heading.

Description Column

This will display "CSECT in xxxxxxxx" where xxxxxxxx is the name of the load module to which the CSECT belongs.

Unresolved Address

This item attributes wait time to a range of addresses for which a corresponding load module name could not be determined.

Name Column

Activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format "HHHHHXXX" where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: "08915xxx" means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.

Description Column

"Unresolved Address" appears under this heading. A sample report is shown here. File A sample report is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
W02: WAIT Time by Module (0651/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00017
                                                      ___ Scroll ===> CSR
Command ===>
           <u>Description</u>
                               Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00% ±0.8%
                                  *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
| TCB=008B8D90
| PMSEL-012 | TCB=00893528
| ISPF-007 | TCB=008E1190
                              99.65 =============
                              99.58 ==========
                             99.18 =============
<u>TSPTASK-009</u> TCB=008B8738
                             16.54 ======
EXEC-013
           TCB=008A67C0
                              1.01 =
<u>ALLOC-017</u> TCB=008A67C0
                              0.06
ALLOC-015
ALLOC-016
         TCB=000A5.
TCB=008A67C0
           TCB=008A67C0
                              0.05
                              0.04
TEAVAR00-001 TCB=008FE0A8
IEAVTSDT-002 TCB=008FFE88
IEESB605-003 TCB=008FFBF8
                              0.00
                              0.00
                               0.00
           TCB=008A6390
CALL-014
                               0.00
```

A sample report with a task fully expanded is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
W02: WAIT Time by Module (0651/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00086
Command ===> _____
                                                                        _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
                 <u>Description</u>
                                         Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00% ±0.8%
                                                *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
\begin{array}{cc} \underline{\mathsf{ISPTASK-009}} \\ \to \underline{\mathsf{ISPSUBS}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{TCB=008B8738} \\ \mathsf{Application} \end{array}
                                         16.54 ======
                   Application Prog 11.21 =====
                     CSECT in ISPSU 8.86 ====
CSECT in ISPSU 2.21 =
CSECT in ISPSU 0.09
  → ISPCDI
  → ISPCCI
                      CSECT in ISPSU 0.04
   → <u>ISPDPD</u>
                                            4.57 ===
  IGG019BB
                   Data Management
   → <u>IGG019BB</u>
                     CSECT in IGG01 4.57 ===
                   Data Management
  IGGOCLHA
                                           0.25
                   CSECT in IGGOC 0.25
   → <u>IGGOCLXA</u>
→ <u>IEAVEWAT</u>

→ <u>IGC001</u>
                   Task management
                                            0.18
                     CSECT in IEAVE 0.18
  IGC018
                    Supervisor Contr 0.17
  → <u>SVC018</u>
<u>IGC0013I</u>
                   CSECT in IGC01 0.17
Supervisor Contr 0.12
                      CSECT in IGC00 0.07
CSECT in IGC00 0.04
   → ICVDSD03
   → ICVCMI03
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Task, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Task, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Task	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent WAIT	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

```
File View Navigate Help

| W02 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) |
| Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for WAIT Time by Task/Module |
| Enter "/" to select an option |
| / Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An |
| inactive task is one for which there were no |
| observations of CPU consumption. |
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as |
| specified in panel 5, Subsystems. |
```

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Include inactive tasks

You can choose to include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

W03 - WAIT time referred attribution

Usage

Use this report to see attribution of WAIT time. WAITs issued in system modules are referred back to the points of invocation in application modules.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies WAIT time as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of time in WAIT to the elapsed time of the measurement.

Detail line hierarchy

The first level detail line shows a task (TCB). For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address. The second level detail line shows an application module to which WAIT time in system modules has been attributed. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Task

Level 2 Application Module

Level 3 CSECT in application module

Level 4 Offset in CSECT

Level 4 Source statement

Level 5 System module

Level 6 CSECT in System module

Level 5 Unresolved address
```

Detail line descriptions

Application module

This identifies an application module to which attribution of WAIT time in system routines has been referred. During the measurement, Application Performance Analyzer determined that WAIT in system modules was initiated by a system request statement (such as a CALL) with an invocation point in the identified application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	Name of application load module in which WAIT time observed in system modules was attributed.
Description	Functional description of the load module if one is available. Otherwise, "Application Program" is shown here.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of attributed system module WAIT time referred back to this application module.

CSECT in application module

These lines appear under the application module detail line. Each one reports an external name (CSECT) within the application module in which invocation points for attributed WAIT reside.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	Name of CSECT in which WAIT time observed in system modules was attributed.
Description	CSECT in loadmodname appears here.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of attributed system module WAIT time referred back to this CSECT.	

Offset in CSECT

These lines appear under the CSECT detail line. Each one reports a return address offset – the point in the CSECT at which control is returned from the attributed system services WAIT. This identifies the address of the application statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset of the return point in the CSECT of the system execution invocation request.
Description	"Offset in csectname" appears here.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of WAIT time observed in this system routine for the indicated invocation/return address.

Source statement

One or more lines showing the source statement appear at the same level as the Offset in CSECT detail line. This appears only when the source program has been mapped and loaded. See <u>Chapter 13</u>, "Source program mapping," on page 645 for more information.

System module

This line identifies a system module in which WAIT was observed and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of a system module in which WAIT time was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.
Description	Functional description of the system module.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of WAIT time observed in this system routine for the invocation/return address under which this line appears.

CSECT in System module

This line identifies a CSECT within a system module in which wait time was measured and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the CSECT in which wait time was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.
Description	Functional description of the CSECT.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of WAIT time measured in this system CSECT for the invocation/return address under which this line appears.

Unresolved address

This line identifies an unresolved address in which WAIT time was observed and attributed to the reported application module.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	An unresolved address range in which WAIT time was measured and referred back to the application module under which this line appears.	
Description	"Unresolved Address"	
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of WAIT time observed in this address range.	

Sample reports

A sample report is show here, it has been expanded four levels.

```
File View Navigate Help
W03: WAIT Referred Attribution by Task (1917/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00053 Command ===> _______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===> _____
                                           Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±0.9%%
                 <u>Description</u>
*...1...2...3....4

<u>LPFRAYVS-001</u> TCB=008EA1C0 39.68 ==========
                                                 *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
                 → <u>LPFRAYVS</u>
→ <u>LPFRAYVS</u>
                       Attribution 35.76 =========
     → <u>0005AA</u>
                  > Source statement in: PROCEDURE-DIVISION
> write VSAM-record
       → IDA019L1 Virtual I/ 35.76 ========

0004C0 Attribution 2.72 =

> Source statement in: PROCEDURE-DIVISION OPEN OUTPUT VSAM1-FILE
        → <u>IGGOCLHA</u>
                            Data Manag 2.48 =
       → IDA019L1 Virtual I/ 0.23
→ IGC0013I Supervisor 0.00
00065A Attribution 0.34
> Source statement in: PROCEDURE-DIVISION
     → <u>00065A</u>
                                    close VSAM1-FILE
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Task, Load Module, CSECT, Offset, System Module, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Task, Load Module, Offset	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Task, Load Module, Offset	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Task	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT, System Module	Display load module information.
Р	CSECT, Offset	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent WAIT	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent WAIT	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent WAIT	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

| W03 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) | Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for WAIT Referred Attribution by Task |
| Enter "/" to select an option | Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

Include Inactive Tasks

You can include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observation of CPU consumption.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

W04 - WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE

Usage

Use this report to view the wait time, QNAME and RNAME resulting from ENQueue or RESERVE requests.

Level 1 shows the MVS TCB (Task Control Block). The Name field identifies the attached subtask load module as well as a sequence number (Task Index). The Task/TCB address is shown in the Description field.

When expanded, level 2 shows a line for each unique ENQueue or RESERVE request. The Name column shows the QNAME and the description column shows the RNAME of the request. The RNAME can be up to 255 bytes. The full RNAME is shown in the detail window.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an ENQueue/RESERVE request was in a wait state to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each MVS task for which ENQueue or RESERVE activity was sampled. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 TCB Task
Level 2 ENQueue/RESERVE

Detail line descriptions

TCB Task detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the program specified in the ATTACH macro that started the task as well as the TCB index number.
Description	The TCB address is shown. For CICS measurements that have the CICS data extractor selected, the TCB mode is displayed for CICS TCBs. This immediately follows the TCB address.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of the measurement interval time during which the task was waiting on an ENQueue/RESERVE.

ENQueue/ RESERVE detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The QNAME is shown.
Description	The RNAME is shown. Only 40 characters are shown. If the RNAME is longer, the full name can always be found in the Detail window.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of the measurement interval time during which the indicated ENQueue/RESERVE was waiting.

Sample reports

A sample report is show here, it has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
W04: Wait Time by Task ENQ/RESERVE (5331/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00013
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                            *...1...2...3...4...5...6....7
6.95 ======
2.78 ===
<u>Name</u>
                <u>Description</u>
<u>ISPF-007</u>
→ <u>ISPFEDIT</u>
→ <u>SYSZRACF</u>
→ <u>SPFEDIT</u>

→ <u>SPFEDIT</u>

USR01.SIMPLIST.TABLES
                                            2.78 ===
                   USR01.SIMPLIST.TABLES 1.39 =
ISPTASK-008 TCB=008DF2D0
                                            4.17 ====
→ SYSVTOC
→ SPFEDIT
                   BKNSM2
                                            1.39 =
                   USR01.SIMPLIST.L200708 1.39 =
                   .LOG
→ SYSZRACF
                 SYS1.RACFDS
                                          1.39 =
                TCB=008AAE88
                                            2.78 ===
 EXEC-016
                  SYS1.RACFDS
→ SYSZRACF
                                          2.78 ===
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Task, ENQ/RESERVE	Display context help information.
++	Task, ENQ/RESERVE	Show additional details.
+	Task	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Task	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Task	Sort next level by value.
SN	Task	Sort next level by name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent WAIT	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent WAIT	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent WAIT	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

| W04 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) |
| Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for Wait Time by Task ENQ/RESERVE |
| Enter "/" to select an option |
| / Include "inactive" tasks in the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observations of CPU consumption.
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

Include Inactive Tasks

You can include or eliminate inactive tasks from the report. An inactive task is one for which there were no observation of CPU consumption.

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

W05 - WAIT time by tape DDNAME

Usage

Use this report to view the wait time resulting from requests for tape mounts.

This report displays one line for each unique DDNAME for which tape mount waits occurred. The DDNAME column specifies the DDNAME for the tape and the device column specifies the device number for the tape unit.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples for which a wait for a tape mount was observed and the total number of samples.

Detail line descriptions

DDNAME detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DDNAME	The DDNAME name.
Device	The device number for the tape unit.
Percent of Time in WAIT	The percentage of the measurement interval time during which the indicated DDNAME was waiting for a tape mount.

Sample reports

A sample report is show here.

```
        File
        View
        Navigate
        Help

        W05:
        Wait Time by Tape DDNAME (5508/TSTJOB01)
        Row 00001 of 00011 of 0
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDNAME	Display context help information.
++	DDNAME	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDNAME, Device, Percent WAIT	Display context help information.
SV	DDNAME, Device, Percent WAIT	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDNAME, Device, Percent WAIT	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

| W05 - Report SETUP Window (00723/CICS56A) |
| Command ===> | Scroll ===> CSR |
| Options for Wait Time by Tape DDNAME |
| Enter "/" to select an option |
| Filter by CICS transactions and Terminals as |
| specified in panel 5, Subsystems.
```

Filter by CICS transaction and terminal

This option filters the report based on the CICS filtering parameters that are chosen in Panel 5 of the original request. When this option is selected, this report shows only the activity that is related to the filter criteria. If it is not selected, the report is unfiltered. By default, this option is not selected.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

D01 - DASD usage by device

Note: This report also covers TAPE I/O.

Overview

This report shows how much I/O time was used by each DASD (direct access storage device) or tape device for which activity was measured during the observation session. The quantification is based on the

number of samples activity on the device was observed. This is expressed as a percentage of the total number of samples.

Two types of detail lines are shown:

- Volume
- · Cylinder Address (for DASD)

Initially, only the Volume lines are visible. You can expand a Volume line (using the "+" line command) to reveal its subordinate Cylinder Address lines.

A sample report is shown here, it has been fully expanded:

Detail line descriptions

Volume

This shows the VOLSER value for a DASD or TAPE device for which I/O activity was measured.

Cylinder Address

These lines appear when the "+" line command is used to expand a Volume line. Each line shows a particular DASD cylinder and further breaks down the measurement by file into quantification by specific cylinders.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Volume, Cylinder Address	Display context help information.	
++	Volume, Cylinder Address	Show additional details.	
+	Volume	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Volume	Collapse to hide next level.	
SV	Volume	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Volume	Sort next level by name.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Volume>Cyl, Unit-Dev>DD, Percent Time	Display context help information.
+	Volume>Cyl	Expand to reveal all entries.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Unit-Dev>DD	Expand field size.
+	Percent Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Volume>Cyl	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Unit-Dev>DD	Reduce field size.
_	Percent Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Volume>Cyl	Sort next level by value.
SN	Volume>Cyl	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ----- The following report line was selected ------
Calculation Details
   Data management CPU measurements
                                    138
                                    0A99
   Device address
                                    BKNSM2
   Volume serial number
   I/O unit type
                                    DASD
   Device
                                    3390
   Total CPU measurements
                                    306
                                    45.09%
   Percent of total
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of I/O where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

D02 - DASD usage by DDNAME

Note: This report also covers TAPE I/O.

Overview

This report shows how much DASD or TAPE I/O time was measured for each file that was open during the observation session. The quantification is based on the number of samples activity on the file was observed. This is expressed as a percentage of the total number of samples.

Two types of detail line are shown:

- DDNAME
- Cylinder Address (for DASD)

Initially, only the DDNAME lines are visible. You can expand a DDNAME line (using the "+" line command) to reveal its subordinate Cylinder Address lines.

A sample report is shown here, it has been fully expanded:

Detail line descriptions

DDNAME

This represents a file which was open during the observation session. If the same DDNAME is open (and closed) multiple times during the session, it is suffixed with an instance number to indicate this.

Cylinder Address

These lines appear when the "+" line command is used to expand a DDNAME line. Each line shows a particular DASD cylinder and further breaks down the measurement by file into quantification by specific cylinders.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName, Cylinder Address	Display context help information.
++	DDName, Cylinder Address	Show additional details.
+	DDName	Expand to reveal next level.
_	DDName	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DDName	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDName	Sort next level by name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName>Cyl, Unit-Dev>DD, Percent Time	Display context help information.
+	DDName>Cyl	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Volume>Unit	Expand field size.
+	Percent Time	Zoom in scale.
_	DDName>Cyl	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Volume>Unit	Reduce field size.
_	Percent Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	DDName>Cyl	Sort next level by value.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
SN	DDName>Cyl	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                             More:
  ------ The following report line was selected -------
 | VSAM1
                 Calculation Details
    Data management CPU measurements
                                               138
    I/O unit type
Servicing I/O requests for DD Name
Total CPU measurements
                                               DASD
                                               VSAM1
                                               306
                                               45.09%
    Percent of total
 VSAM file VSAM1 OPENed at 7:27:14.84 Friday Oct 7 2005
    DDNAME
                         VSAM1
    Open Intent
                         KEY, DIR, OUT
                         USER1.DATA.TESTPF.DAT
    Dataset Name
    Storage Class
Device Type
                         BKNSMS
                         3390
    % Free Bytes in CI
                         10%
                                                   Initial
                                                                  Last
    Volume Serial
                         BKNSM2
                                  CI Splits
                                                                  0
                                  CA Splits
    CI Size
                         8,192
                                                                  0
                                 Logical Records 8
    Record Size (LRECL) 80
                                                                  7,282
                         1 (1 3)
                                  Deleted Records 1
Insrted Records 0
    Number of Extents
                                                                  1
    SHAREOPTIONS
                         (1 3) Insrted Records 0
KSDS Retrved Records 1
                                                                  0
    Organization
    CIs per CA
Free CIs per CA
                         78
                                 Updated Records 0
Bytes Free Space 1,908,736
                                                               1,327,104
                         11
    Free Bytes per CI
                         819
                                 Number of EXCPs 13
                                                                  7,287
    % Free CIs in CA
                         15%
    Strings
    DATA Buffers
                         2
    INDEX Buffers
```

```
File View Navigate Help
 Index Component of VSAM1
                                                                  More: -
                           USER1.DATA.TESTPF.IDX
    Dataset Name
    Storage Class
                           BKNSMS
    Device Type
                           3390
    % Free Bytes in CI
                           0%
                                                       Tnitial
                                                                       Last
                           BKNSM2
                                     CI Splits
    Volume Serial
                                                                        0
    CI Size
                           1,024
                                     CA Splits
                                                                        0
    Record Size (LRECL)
Number of Extents
                                     Logical Records 1
Deleted Records 0
Insrted Records 0
                           1,017
                           1 (1 3)
                                                                        0
    SHAREOPTIONS
                                                                        0
    Organization
                           KSDS
                                     Retrved Records 0
    CIs per CA
                           33
                                     Updated Records
                                                        0
    Free CIs per CA
                                    Bytes Free Space 32,768
                           0
    Free Bytes per CI
% Free CIs in CA
                                    Number of EXCPs 4
                           0
                           0%
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of I/O where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

D03 - DASD usage by data set

Note: This report also covers TAPE I/O.

Overview

This report shows how much DASD or TAPE I/O time was used by each data set for which activity was measured during the observation session. The quantification is based on the number of samples activity on the device was observed. This is expressed as a percentage of the total number of samples.

Two types of detail line are shown:

- · Data set
- DDNAME

Initially, only the data set lines are visible. You can expand a data set line (using the "+" line command) to reveal its subordinate DDNAME lines.

A sample report is shown here, it has been fully expanded:

```
File View Navigate Help

D03: DASD Usage Time by Dataset (0618/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00005 Scroll ===> CSR

Dataset Name>DDNAme Percent of Time * 10.00% ±2.2% *...1...2...3...4...5...6...7...8.

USER1.DATA.TESTPF 8.90 ====

→ VSAM1-02 BKNSM2 8.90 ====

USER1.TESTPF2.INFILE 1.25 ==

1.25 ==

1.25 ==
```

Detail line descriptions

Data set

This shows the name of a data set that was open at some point during the observation sesion.

DDNAME

This line shows a DDNAME corresponding to the data set name. There could be multiple entries under a data set if the data set was open more than once (concurrently or serially) with different DDNAMEs. If the same DDNAME is open (and closed) multiple times for the data set, it is suffixed with an instance number to indicate this.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Data set Name, DDName	Display context help information.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
++	Data set Name, DDName	Show additional details.
+	Data set Name	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Data set Name	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Data set Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Data set Name	Sort next level by name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Data set Name>DDName, Percent Time	Display context help information.
+	Data set Name>DDName	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Data set Name>DDName	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Data set Name>DDName	Sort next level by value.
SN	Data set Name>DDName	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of I/O where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

D04 - Data set attributes

This report lists information about each of the data sets (DASD and TAPE) which were open at some point during the observation session. Various attributes of each of the data sets are reported.

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
D04: Dataset Attributes (0618/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00105
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
SORT by: DDname enter SF, by Dataset Name enter SD.
Dataset information reported for 4 Files.
Non-VSAM file OUTFILE OPENed at 6:45:30.18 Monday Jan 26 2004
                           OUTFILE
                          OUTPUT
   Open Intent
   Dataset Name
                          USER1.TESTPF2.OUTFILE
   Dataset Name
Device Type 3390 Number of Extent 5
Volume Serial BKNSM1 Dataset Organiza PS
Block Size (BLKSIZE) 27,930 RECFM FIX
Data Buffers 0
                                                  FIXED BLOCKED
Non-VSAM file INFILE OPENed at 6:45:30.53 Monday Jan 26 2004
   DDNAME
                           TNFTLF
   Open Intent INPUT
Dataset Name USER1.TESTPF2.INFILE
Device Type 3390 Number of Extent 1
Volume Serial BKNSM1 Dataset Organiza PS
                           INPUT
                                     Dataset Organiza PS
   Block Size (BLKSIZE) 13,300
                                                        FIXED BLOCKED
                                     RECFM
   Record Size (LRECL) 133
```

Scrolling down in this example shows some VSAM file information.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
D04: Dataset Attributes (0618/TSTJ0B01)
                                                                                      Row 00026 of 00105
                                                                          _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===> _____
VSAM file VSAM1(1) OPENed at 6:45:33.66 Monday Jan 26 2004
                                   VSAM1
   Open Intent KEY,DIF
Dataset Name USER1.D
Storage Class BKNSMS
3390
                                  KEY, DIR, OUT, RST
                                   USER1.DATA.TESTPF.DAT
    Device Type 3390
% Free Bytes in CI 10%
                                                                        Initial Last
   Volume Serial BKNSM2 CI Splits
CI Size 8,192 CA Splits
Record Size (LRECL) 80 Logical Re
Number of Extents 1 Deleted Re
SHAREOPTIONS (1 3) Insrted Re
Organization KSDS Retrved Re
CIs per CA 78 Updated Re
Free CIs per CA 11 Byter Free
Free Bytes per CT 819 Number of
                                                                 0
                                                Logical Records 0
                                                Deleted Records 0
Insrted Records 0
                                                                                              Θ
                                               Insrted Records 0
Retrived Records 0
Updated Records 0
Byter Free Space 1,916,928
                                                                                              1,916,928
    Free Bytes per CI
                                   819
                                                Number of EXCPs 2
    % Free CIs in CA
                                   15%
                                   0
    Strings
    DATA Buffers
                                   0
    INDEX Buffers
                                   0
```

This example shows the index component:

```
File View Navigate Help
D04: Dataset Attributes (2133/TSTJ0B01)
                                         Row 00060 of 00116
Command ===>
                                                       Scroll ===> CSR
Index Component of VSAM1(1)
                     USER1.DATA.TESTPF.IDX
  Dataset Name
                     BKNSMS
  Storage Class
  Device Type
                     3390
                                            Initial
                                                        Last
                             CI Splits
                             CA Splits
                                                         0
                             Logical Records 0
                                                         0
                             Deleted Records 0
                                                         0
                             Insrted Records 0
Retrved Records 0
                             Updated Records 0
                             Bytes Free Space 33,792
                                                         33,792
                             Number of EXCPs 1
```

When available to Application Performance Analyzer, the following additional DASD statistics are displayed in D04, and in the detail windows of other DASD reports:

- · Average Response Time
- Average Pending Time
- · Average Disconnect Time
- Average Connect Time
- · Average Queued Time
- Total I/Os
- · Cache Candidates
- · Cache Hits
- Write Candidates
- · Write Hits

This example shows some of the additional DASD statistics:

```
File View Navigate Help
D04: Dataset Attributes (4167/AGM01G)
                                                                             Row 00005 of 00125
Command ===>
                                                                                Scroll ===> CSR
VSAM file BNCSTFL OPENed at 16:19:58.25 Tuesday Aug 25 2009
   DDNAME
                              BNCSTFL
   Open Intent KEY,DIR,
Dataset Name BNET.CIC
Storage Class BKNDATA
3390
                              KEY, DIR, SEQ, OUT
                              BNET.CICS22C.BNCSTFL.DATA
    Device Type
   % Free Bytes in CI 0%
                                                               Initial
                                                                                 Last
   Volume Serial
                              BKNA91+ CI Splits
                              BKNA93
    CI Size
                               8,192
                                          CA Splits
                                          Logical Records 14
Deleted Records 0
Insrted Records 0
   Record Size (LRLC),
Number of Extents 1
SHAREOPTIONS (4 3)
Organization KSDS
CIs per CA 12
Free CIs per CA 0
Free Bytes per CI 0
% Free CIs in CA 0%
Strings 1
   Record Size (LRECL) 516
                                                                                  14
                                                                                  0
                                          Retrved Records 15,858,330
Updated Records 1
                                                                                  15,918,231
                                          Updated Records 1 1
Bytes Free Space 90,112 90,112
Number of EXCPs 7,991,951 8,051,851
                                          String Waits
                                          String Waits HWM 0
    INDEX Buffers
   Avg Response Time 0.0256
                                          Avg Pending Time 0.0000
    Avg Disconnect Time 0.0000
                                          Avg Connect Time 0.0128
   Avg Queued Time
                               0.0000
                                          Total I/Os
    Cache Candidates
                               59,900
                                          Cache Hits
                                                                 59,900
```

You can place your cursor on the SORT field and enter any of the following sort codes to re-sort the report:

- · SF By DDName
- · SD By Data set name

D05 - DASD EXCP summary

Note: This report also covers TAPE I/O.

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the number of EXCPs for each open data set.

Quantification

Each report line shows EXCP counts for a DDNAME. The EXCP count at the time the file was first observed to be open and the count at the time the file was last observed to be open are reported. The difference between these two values is also reported; this is the number of EXCPs occurring during the measurement interval.

Detail line hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail line descriptions

EXCP counts

Each detail line shows the following information.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
DDNAME	The DDNAME of the file. If multiple OPENs occurred for the DDNAME, a separate line is reported for each "instance." A sequence number is appended to the DDNAME indicating the instance.		
Туре	The type of file (VSAM, Non-VSAM, Tape, etc.)		
Concat	The concatenation number. A value (+0, +1, +2) appears here to indicate the data set position in a concatenation. A value of 'RMT' indicates this is a remote CICS VSAM dataset.		
At Start	The EXCP count for the data set when first observed. For VSAM data sets, the system maintains this count for the life of the file. For non-VSAM, this only reflects EXCPs during the step.		
At End	The EXCP count for the data set when last observed. For VSAM data sets, the system maintains this count for the life of the file. For non-VSAM, this only reflects EXCPs during the step.		
During Measurement	The number of EXCPs for the measurement duration. This is computed as the difference between the "At Start" count and the "At End" count.		
	Note: The system maintains EXCP counts at the data set level. If a data set had more than one file open concurrently under different DDNAMEs, then overlapping EXCP counts will be reported.		

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> e	elp			
D05: DASD EXCP Summary (0647/TSTJ0B01) Command ===>				Row 00001 of 00082 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>	
<u>DDNAME</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Concat</u>	<u>Āt Start</u>	Number o <u>At End</u>	t EXCPs During Measurement
SAMPIN	Non-VSAM		Θ	30	30
ISPMLIB	Non-VSAM	+2	22	26	4
<u>ISP07053</u>	Non-VSAM		19	21	2
SYS00117	VSAM-DATA		3648	3649	1
	VSAM_INDEX		41	42	1
SYS00116	VSAM-DATA		2	3	1
	VSAM_INDEX		1	2	1
<u>ISP07078-3</u>	Non-VSAM		35	37	2
<u>ISP07073</u>	Non-VSAM		4	5	1
ISP07074	Non-VSAM		20	21	1
<u>ISP07078-1</u>	Non-VSAM		34	35	1
<u>ISP07078-2</u>	Non-VSAM		34	35	1
<u>ISPPROF</u>	Non-VSAM		50	50	0
<u>ISPPLIB</u>	Non-VSAM	+0	0	Θ	0
<u>ISPTLIB</u>	Non-VSAM	+2	0	Θ	0
ISPPLIB	Non-VSAM	+2	6	6	0

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName	Display context help information.
++	DDName	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName	Display context help information.
SV	DDName	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDName	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

Select this option to omit files from the report for which no I/O activity was observed. Deselect this option to display all files.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

D06 - DASD VSAM statistics

Usage

Use this report to see file access statistics for each open VSAM data set.

Quantification

Each report line shows a VSAM DDNAME and its associated file access statistics.

Detail line hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail line descriptions

VSAM statistics

Each detail line shows the following information.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DDNAME	The DDNAME of the file. If multiple OPENs occurred for the DDNAME, a separate line is reported for each "instance." A sequence number is appended to the DDNAME indicating the instance.
Retrvd	The number of records retrieved from the file during the measurement interval.
Added	The number of new records added to the file during the measurement interval.
Insrtd	The number of records inserted during the measurement interval. This count is also included in the 'added' record count.
Deletd	The number of records deleted from the file during the measurement interval.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Updatd	The number of updates to existing records during the measurement interval.
EXCPs	The number of EXCPs during the measurement interval.
FreeSpc	The change, in bytes, to the amount of free space during the measurement interval. This is shown as a plus or minus value to indicate if the free space increased or decreased.
CISplts	The change in the number of CI splits during the measurement interval. This is shown as a plus or minus value to indicate if the number of CI splits increased or decreased.
CASplts	The change in the number of CA splits during the measurement interval. This is shown as a plus or minus value to indicate if the number of CA splits increased or decreased.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate	<u>H</u> elp						
D06: DASD VSAM Statistics (0650/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00006 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR								
<u>DDNAME</u>	Logic <u>Retrvd</u>	al Record <u>Added</u> <u>I</u>	s During nsrtd <u>D</u>	; Interv <u>eletd</u>	val <u>Updatd</u>	<u>EXCPs</u>	+/- Duri <u>FreeSpc</u> <u>CI</u>	
FILEA	749	+0	0	0	0	0	+0	+0
DFHLCD	0	+0	0	0	0	0	+0	+0
DFHGCD	0	+0	0	0	0	0	+0	+0
DFHTEMP	0	+0	0	0	0		+0	+0
DFHINTRA	0	+0	0	0	0	0	+0	+0
DFHLRq	0	+0	0	0	0	0	+0	+0

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName	Display context help information.
++	DDName	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName	Display context help information.
SV	DDName	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDName	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

D | Options for DASD VSAM Statistics | 001 of 00006

C | | | 11 ===> CSR |

| Enter "/" to select an option | | Omit files for which no EXCPs were counted | - During Inte

D | during the measurement interval. Unselect to | Spc CISplts C | include all files. |
```

Select this option to omit from the report files for which no activity took place. Deselect this option to display all files.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
   -----+ The following report line was selected
  | VSAM1-02 | BKNSM2 | 8.90 ===
 VSAM file FILEA OPENed at 13:04:47.81 Tuesday Mar 2 2004
      DDNAME
                                      KEY,DSN,DIR,SEQ,SKP,OUT,NLW,LSR SHRPOOL=1
BNET.CICS22A.FILEA.DATA
      Open Intent KEY,DSN,
Dataset Name BNET.CIC
Storage Class BKNDATA
Device Type 3390
      Device Type
                                       3390
      % Free Bytes in CI 0%
                                                                               Initial
                                                                                                  Last
                                       BKNA91 CI Splits
18,432 CA Splits
      Volume Serial BKNA91
                                                                                0
                                                                                                       0
      CI Size
                                                                                0
     CI Size 18,432 CA Splits 0

Record Size (LRECL) 80 Logical Records 44

Number of Extents 1 Deleted Records 0

SHAREOPTIONS (1 3) Insrted Records 0

Organization KSDS Retrved Records 117,704

CIs per CA 3 Updated Records 0

Free CIs per CA 0 Byter Free Space 36,864

Free Bytes per CI 0 Number of EXCPs 29

Strings 1
                                                                                                       118,453
      Strings
DATA Buffers
                                       1
      INDEX Buffers
 Index Component of FILEA
                                       BNET.CICS22A.FILEA.INDEX
      Dataset Name
      Storage Class BKNSMS
      Device Type
                                       3390
     Device Type 3390
% Free Bytes in CI 0% Init
Volume Serial BKNA91 CI Splits 0
CI Size 512 CA Splits 0
Record Size (LRECL) 505 Logical Records 1
Number of Extents 1 Deleted Records 0
                                                                               Initial
                                                                                                  Last
                                                                       0
                                                                                                       0
                                                                                                       0
                                                                                                       0
```

File View Navigate He	lp			
İ				More: - +
SHAREOPTIONS	(2 3)	Insrted Records	0	0
Organization	KSDS	Retrved Records	0	0
CIs per CA	49	Updated Records	0	0
Free CIs per CA	0	Byter Free Space	24,576	24,576
Free Bytes per CI	Θ	Number of EXCPs	35	35
% Free CIs in CA	0%			
Shared Resource Pool In	formation	for LSR Pool 1		
			Initial	Last
Type (Data/Index)	DATA	Reads	1	1
Buffer Size	512	Reads Avoided	0	228
Buffers	8	User Writes	0	Θ
Hiperspace Buffers	0	Non-user Writes	0	0

D07 - DASD activity timeline

Note: This report also covers TAPE I/O.

Usage

Use this report to see, for each file, how I/O activity was distributed over the measurement interval.

Quantification

A graph, in bar chart format, is displayed for each DDNAME. The horizontal axis represents the measurement interval which spans 50 columns. Each column represents an equal 1/50th sub-interval of time. A scale is shown at the bottom of the graph indicating the percentage of time progression in the overall interval.

In each column, a vertical graph shows (roughly) how much I/O activity took place during the sub-interval. If any I/O activity did take place, a vertical bar of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 characters, extending upward from the scale, is displayed indicating the percentage of time in the sub-interval I/O was observed.

Detail line descriptions

File I/O activity distribution

A group of lines is shown for each reported file. Some information about the file appears to the left and a bar chart to the right.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
File Information	File Information The following information is shown for each file.
	The DDNAME
	Type of file (VSAM, non-VSAM, Tape, etc.)
	Volser
	Unit (device type)
nnnn Samples: Duration	A graph showing the distribution of I/O activity over the measurement interval.

Sample reports

A sample of the report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
D07: DASD Activity Timeline (0628/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00040
                                   _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===> ______
File Information
                +----- 3,999 Samples: Duration 20.6 Seconds -----+
DDN: VSAM1-2
              >80%
Type: VSAM
Vol: BKNSM2
Unit: 3390
               >60%
               >40%
               >20%
                 DDN: INFILE
               >80%
Type: Non-VSA
Vol: BKNSM1
Unit: 3390
               >60%
               >40%
               >20%
               > 0%
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	DDName	Display context help information.	
++	DDName	Show additional details.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName	Display context help information.
SV	DDName	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDName	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

The select an option of the select an option of the select an option of the select an option of the select an option of the select and select option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option option opt
```

Select this option to omit from the report files for which no activity took place. This is the default option. Deselect this option to display all files, which will typically result in the display of numerous empty graphs.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
     ----- The following report line was selected -----
 | <u>INFILE</u> Non-VSAM
                                             0
                                                      14
                                                                     141
Non-VSAM file INFILE OPENed at 6:45:30.53 Monday Jan 26 2004
    DDNAME
    Open Intent
                         INPUT
    Dataset Name
                         USER1.TESTPF2.INFILE
    Device Type
                         3390
                                   Nbr of Extents
    Device Type 5590 NDI OI EXECUTED Volume Serial BKNSM1 Dataset Org
                                                     PS
    Block Size (BLKSIZE) 13,300
Record Size (LRECL) 133
                                   RECFM
                                                     FIXED BLOCKED
                                   Data Buffers
```

D08 - DASD I/O wait time

Usage

Use this report to examine delays resulting from waits during DASD I/O operations. Note: This report is not applicable to CICS.

Quantification

Samples are counted in which the following conditions were observed:

- · All TCBs (tasks) are in WAIT state
- One (or more) TCB is waiting for completion of a DASD I/O request

The number of samples satisfying these conditions divided by the total number of samples represents the percentage of time the step was waiting for completion of DASD I/O. These percentages are computed and reported by DDNAME.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded D08 report shows a line for each DDNAME causing a delay in execution while waiting for DASD I/O activity to complete. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 DDNAME

Level 2 File I/O Request

Level 3 Supervisor Call (SVC)

Level 4 Module

Level 5 CSECT

Level 2 File I/O Request

Level 3 Module

Level 4 CSECT

Level 2 Supervisor Call (SVC)

Level 3 Module

Level 3 Module

Level 4 CSECT
```

Detail line descriptions

DDNAME

This line identifies the DDNAME of a file for which delays due to wait for I/O completion were observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Description	The volume ID (VOLSER) for the DDNAME. For a multivolume data set, the first volume is displayed.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval time the step was waiting for completion of I/O for the indicated DDNAME.

File I/O request

This line identifies the file request macro that caused a wait for I/O completion.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The DASD I/O macro function (GET, PUT, CHECK, etc.) that caused the wait.
Description	The address of the macro (return address) in CSECT+offset format.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval time the step was waiting for completion of I/O for the indicated macro.

Load module

This line identifies the data management load module in which the wait occurred.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	Name of load module in which WAIT request was issued.	
Description	Functional description of the load module if one is available.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval time the step was waiting for completion of I/O.	

CSECT

This line identifies the CSECT in the data management load module in which the wait occurred.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	Name of CSECT in which WAIT request was issued.	
Description	unctional description of the CSECT if one is available.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval time the step was waiting for completion of I/O.	

Supervisor Call (SVC)

This line identifies an SVC (Supervisor Call) that issued the wait.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	Name of SVC (Supervisor Call) in which WAIT request was issued.	
Description	unctional description of the SVC.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval time the step was waiting for completion of I/O.	

Sample reports

A sample of the report as it is first displayed is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
DO8: DASD I/O Wait Time (0099/TSTJ0B01)
                                                                 Row 00001 of 00006
                                                                  ___ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                  Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±3.5%
<u>Name</u>
              <u>Description</u>
                                   *...1...2...3...4...5...6...7...8.
7.07 ====
                BKNSM1
VS0UT1
                                   5.05 ===
3.03 ==
VS0UT2
                BKNSM1
VS0UT3
                BKNSM1
VSINP4
                BKNSM1
                                   1.26 =
QSOUT5
                BKNSM1
                                   0.25
QSINP6
                BKNSM1
                                   0.12
```

Here is a sample of the report which has been fully expanded by entering the "+" line command on the Name heading:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
DO8: DASD I/O Wait Time (0099/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00030
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
             <u>Description</u> <u>Percent of CPU time * 10.00%</u> ±3.5%
Name
                                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
              *...1
BKNSM1 7.07 ====
U0053+C8 7.07 ====
Virtual I/O (VI 7.07 ====
VS0UT1
             BKNSM1
→ <u>PUT</u>
  → IDA019L1
                   CSECT in IDAO 7.07 ====
    → IDA019R3
             BKNSM1
                                   5.05 ===
VS0UT2
              U0053+194
→ PUT
                                   5.05 ===
                 Virtual I/O (VI 5.05 ===
  → IDA019L1
                  CSECT in IDAO 4.80 ==
CSECT in IDAO 0.25
    → IDA019R3
    → IDA019RZ
VS0UT3
  → <u>IDA019L1</u> U0053+266
                BKNSM1
                                   3.03 =
                 U0053+266 3.03 =
Virtual I/O (VI 3.03 =
CSECT in IDAO 3.03 =
→ <u>PUT</u>
    → <u>IDA019R3</u>
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DDName, File I/O Request, Load Module, CSECT, SVC	Display context help information.
++	DDName, File I/O Request, Load Module, CSECT, SVC	Show additional details.
+	DDName, File I/O Request, Load Module, SVC	Expand to reveal next level.
_	DDName, File I/O Request, Load Module, SVC	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DDName, File I/O Request	Sort next level by value.
SN	DDName, File I/O Request	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	CSECT	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	DDName	Display context help information.	
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.	
+	Description	Expand field size.	
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.	
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.	
_	Description	Reduce field size.	
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.	
SV	Name, Description, Percent of Time	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Name, Description, Percent of Time	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                          More:
 +------ The following report line was selected -------
 VSAM1
                     BKNSM2 4.04 00
 Calculation Details
     Data management CPU measurements
     I/O unit type
                                                           DASD
     Servicing I/O requests for DD Name
                                                           VSAM1
     Total measurements
                                                          3,063
     Percent of total
                                                           4.04%
 VSAM file VSAM1 OPENed at 7:27:14.84 Friday Oct 7 2005
     DDNAME
                                VSAM1
                                KEY, DIR, OUT
     Open Intent
     Dataset Name
                                USER1.DATA.TESTPF.DAT
    Storage Class
Device Type
                                BKNSMS
                               3390
     % Free Bytes in CI 10%
                                                                Initial
                                                                                  Last
     Volume Serial
                                BKNSM2
                                           CI Splits
                                                                                   0
     CI Size
                                8,192 CA Splits
    Record Size (LRECL) 80 Logical Records 8 7,282

Number of Extents 1 Deleted Records 1 1

SHAREOPTIONS (1 3) Insrted Records 0 0

Organization KSDS Retrved Records 1 1

CIs per CA 78 Updated Records 0 0

Free CIs per CA 11 Bytes Free Space 1,908,736 1,327,104

Free Bytes per CI 819 Number of EXCPs 13 7,287
    Free CIs per CA
Free Bytes per CI
     % Free CIs in CA
                               15%
     Strings
DATA Buffers
                                1
     INDEX Buffers
 Index Component of VSAM1
```

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                                                       More: -
                                            USER1.DATA.TESTPF.IDX
       Dataset Name
       Storage Class
                                            BKNSMS
       Device Type
                                          3390
      % Free Bytes in CI 0%
Volume Serial BKN
                                                                                       Initial
                                                                                                              Last
      CI Size 1,024 CA Splits 0
Record Size (LRECL) 1,017 Logical Records 1
Number of Extents 1 Deleted Records 0
SHAREOPTIONS (1 3) Insrted Records 0
Organization KSDS Retrved Records 0
CIs per CA 33 Updated Records 0
Free CIs per CA 0 Bytes Free Space 32,768
Free Bytes per CI 0 Number of EXCPs 4
                                           BKNSM2 CI Splits
       Volume Serial
                                                                                        0
                                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                  1
                                                                                                                 0
                                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                  71
```

D09 - VSAM buffer pool usage

Usage

Use this report to see information about activity in VSAM LSR buffer pools.

A buffer pool number can be associated with a VSAM file. This is indicated in the Open Intent field in any reports that show detailed file information. For example, report D04 might show the following:

```
KEY,DSN,DIR,SEQ,SKP,OUT,NLW,LSR SHRPOOL=1
```

This indicates the file uses shared buffer pool number 1. Refer to report D09 to examine how effectively the buffer pool was able to reduce the I/O activity for the associated file(s).

For each buffer pool, activity is quantified for each buffer size and type (DATA or INDEX component). The buffer size corresponds to the CI size for the associated file component. VSAM will choose buffers which are at least as large as and closest in size to the CI size.

Quantification

The following values are reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Туре	DATA or INDEX. This indicates if the buffers are for VSAM DATA or INDEX components	
Buffer Size	The buffer size, in bytes.	
Buffers	The number of buffers in virtual storage.	
Hiperspace Buffers	The number of buffers in Hiperspace.	
Reads	The number of physical reads to the file. This is the number of reads that could not be avoided because no buffer contained a copy of the CI. Three values are shown: "Initial," which is the value at the start of the measurement interval; "Last," which is the value at the end; and "Difference," which is the difference between the other two values. The difference between the two values represents the activity for the duration of the interval.	
Reads Avoided	The number of avoided reads (look-asides). This is the number of reads avoided because copies of the referenced CIs were found in the buffer pool. Three values are shown: "Initial," which is the value at the start of the measurement interval; "Last," which is the value at the end; and "Difference," which is the difference between the other two values. The difference between the two values represents the activity for the duration of the interval. High values indicate the buffer pool was effective in causing I/O operations to be avoided.	
User Writes	The number of physical writes performed to the file at the request of the user program. Three values are shown: "Initial," which is the value at the start of the measurement interval; "Last," which is the value at the end; and "Difference," which is the difference between the other two values. The difference between the two values represents the activity for the duration of the interval.	
Non-user Writes	The number of forced physical writes performed to the file. Three values are shown: "Initial," which is the value at the start of the measurement interval; "Last," which is the value at the end; and "Difference," which is the difference between the other two values. The difference between the two values represents the activity for the duration of the interval.	

Sample reports

A sample of the report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate	e <u>H</u> elp				
D09: VSAM BUffer Pool Usage (5096/TSTJ0B01) Command ===>					0001 of 00022 oll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Shared Resource Pool	Information	for LSR Pool 1			
Type (Dete (Index)	TNDEV	Reads	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Last</u>	<u>Difference</u>
Type (Data/Index)	INDEX 512	Reads Avoided	260279	270299	10020
Buffers	5	User Writes	0	0	0
Buffer Size Buffers Hiperspace Buffers	0	Non-user Writes	0	0	Ō
Type (Data/Index)	DATA	Reads	576	609	33
Buffer Size Buffers Hiperspace Buffers	8192	Reads Avoided	259704	269691	9987
Buffers	5	User Writes	0	0	0
Hiperspace Buffers	0	Non-user Writes	0	0	0
Type (Data/Index)	INDEX	Reads	0	0	Θ
Buffer Size Buffers	8192	Reads Avoided	0	0	0
Buffers	5	User Writes	0	0	0
Hiperspace Buffers	0	Non-user Writes	0	0	0
Type (Data/Index)	DATA	Reads	0	0	Θ
Buffer Size Buffers	20480	Reads Avoided	0	0	0
Buffers	5	User Writes	Θ	Θ	0
Hiperspace Buffers	0	Non-user Writes	0	0	0

G01 - Coupling facility summary

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the coupling facility data collected during the observation session.

Facility summary

Fields under this heading summarize the storage and usage of the coupling facility by facility name. The facility name is listed in the heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CF Storage	Total coupling facility storage
CF Storage Used	Total used coupling facility storage.
CF Dump Storage	Total coupling facility storage dump space.
CF Storage for Structures	Total coupling facility storage used by structures.
Subchannel Contention Count	Count of times a free subchannel was not available for synchronous immediate operations.
Subchannel Contention Time uSec	Amount of time in microseconds waiting for a free subchannel for synchronous immediate operations (u-sec).
Failed Request Count	Count of the number of summed times – for unsuccessful operations.
Failed Request Time uSec	Summed service time of unsuccessful operations (u-sec).
Number of Processors	Number of processors used by the coupling facility.
Processor Utilization	Processor utilization of coupling facility processors expressed as a percentage of the sampling time.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
GO1: Coupling Facility Statistics (0003/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00023
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
 Facility Summary - CFCC1
   CF Storage
                                        74,496K
   CF Storage Used
CF Dump Storage
                                         9,216K
                                         2.048K
   CF Storage for Structures
Subchannel Contention Count
                                         7,168K
   Subchannel Contention Time uSec 0
   Failed Request Count
Failed Request Time uSec
                                         0
                                         0
   Number of Processors
   Processor Utilization
                                         0%
 Facility Summary - CFCCC2
   CF Storage
CF Storage Used
                                         74,496K
                                         2,048K
   CF Dump Storage
                                         2,048K
   CF Storage for Structures
Subchannel Contention Count
                                        0K
   Subchannel Contention Time uSec
                                         0
   Failed Request Count
                                         0
   Failed Request Time uSec
   Number of Processors
Processor Utilization
                                         51%
```

G02 - Coupling facility mean times

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by the Coupling Facility during the observation session. Expand a Coupling Facility report line to see a further breakdown by structure name within the facility name.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for each measured facility. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing the facility by its number of requests. The means are expressed in units of micro-seconds.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded G02 report shows a line for each facility name in the Coupling Facility. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Facility Name
Level 2 Structure Name
```

Detail line descriptions

Facility detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a facility name in the coupling facility.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The facility name.	
Requests - Sync	The number of synchronous operations to the coupling facility.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Requests - Asynch	The number of asynchronous operations to the coupling facility.	
Requests - Queued	The number of queued operations to the coupling facility.	
Requests - Delay	The number of operations to the coupling facility that were delayed for dump serialization.	
uSeconds - Sync	Mean micro-seconds service time per synchronous operation to the coupling facility.	
uSeconds - Async	Mean micro-seconds service time per asynchronous operation to the coupling facility.	
uSeconds - Queued	Mean micro-seconds service time for operations queued for the coupling facility.	
uSeconds - Delay	Mean micro-seconds service time for operation delays for dump serialization.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

G03 - Coupling facility total times

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by the Coupling Facility during the observation session. Expand a Coupling Facility report line to see a further breakdown by structure name within the facility name.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total time for each measured facility. The totals are the sum of all structures within the facility name. The totals are expressed in units of microseconds.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded G03 report shows a line for each facility name in the Coupling Facility. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Facility Name
Level 2 Structure Name
```

Detail line descriptions

Facility detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a facility name in the coupling facility.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The facility name.
Requests - Sync	The number of synchronous operations to the coupling facility.
Requests - Asynch	The number of asynchronous operations to the coupling facility.
Requests - Queued	The number of queued operations to the coupling facility.
Requests - Delay	The number of operations to the coupling facility that were delayed for dump serialization.
uSeconds - Sync	Total micro-seconds service time per synchronous operation to the coupling facility.
uSeconds - Async	Total micro-seconds service time per asynchronous operation to the coupling facility.
uSeconds - Queued	Total micro-seconds service time for operations queued for the coupling facility.
uSeconds - Delay	Total micro-seconds service time for operation delays for dump serialization.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
        File View Navigate Help

        G03: Coupling Facility Total Service Times (0003/TSTJ0B01)
        Row 00001 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 000002 of 00002  of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 000002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 000002 of 000002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 00002 of 000002 of 000002 of 0
```

K01- CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type

Usage

Use this report to see how Service Request Block (SRB) units of work spend CPU time.

Quantification

Each report line shows the normalized percentage of CPU time for zIIP, zAAP, and GPU processors, and the total. The normalization factor is used to express the CPU percentages of zAAP and zIIP as a percentage that a regular GPU uses for the same work. The percentage is multiplied by the normalization factor and then divided by 256.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows sampled SRBs that are grouped by SRB type. The SRB types are:

 CLIENT - A CLIENT SRB is a preemptable SRB that runs in an address space but executes work on behalf of some other address spaces, which is called the client address space. All CLIENT SRBs are preemptable, but for the purpose of this report they are classified as CLIENT instead of PREEMPTABLE.

- ENCLAVE An ENCLAVE SRB is an SRB that is scheduled into an enclave so that WLM and ENCLAVE can manage the SRB. All ENCLAVE SRBs are preemptable, but for the purpose of this report they are classified as ENCLAVE instead of PREEMPTABLE.
- PREEMPTABLE PREEMPTABLE SRBs can be preempted by higher priority units of work.
- FULLXM A FULLXM SRB receives a copy of the scheduling program's dispatchable unit access list, and it receives control in the scheduling program's current cross memory environment. FULLXM SRBs might also be MANAGED, but for the purpose of this report they are classified as FULLXM instead of MANAGED.
- MANAGED A managed SRB (Global or Local) is created by IEAMSCHD. MANAGED might also be FULLXM, but type FULLXM instead of MANAGED is used .
- NON-PREEMPT A NON-PREEMPT SRB cannot be preempted by other work units irrespective of their priority.

You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail by using the + line command. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 SRB Type
Level 2 SRB EPA instance
Level 3 SRB Execution Module
Level 4 SRB Execution CSECT

Detail Line Descriptions

SRB Type detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line is for a specific SRB type as detailed in the previous section.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	An abbreviated description of the SRB type.
Description	A full description of the SRB type.
zIIP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zIIP processors for this SRB type.
zAAP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zAAP processors for this SRB type.
GPU - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on GPU processors for this SRB type.
Total - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on all processors for this SRB type.

SRB EPA instance detail line

This is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the SRB Type detail line. This line represents each unique SRB EPA and priority.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of load module that contains the SRB EPA. If the load module cannot be resolved, the address of the entry point of the SRB is displayed.
Description	If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, the description is reported under this heading. Otherwise 'Application SRB' is displayed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
zIIP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zIIP processors for this SRB in the load module with the EPA.
zAAP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zAAP processors for this SRB in the load module with the EPA.
GPU - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on GPU processors for this SRB in the load module with the EPA.
Total - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on all processors for this SRB in the load module with the EPA.

SRB Execution Module detail line

This is a third-level detail line that is shown directly under the SRB EPA instance detail line. This line represents a unique load module at this level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The load module name that contains the SRB EPA. If the address is not resolved, NOSYMB is displayed.
Description	If a DPA functional description is found for the executing module name, the description is reported under this heading. Otherwise, 'Application Program' is displayed if the program is not in the DPA tables. If the address is unresolved, 'No Module Name' is displayed.
zIIP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zIIP processors for this SRB in the executing load module.
zAAP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zAAP processors for this SRB in the executing load module.
GPU - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on GPU processors for this SRB in the executing load module.
Total - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on all processors for this SRB in the executing load module.

SRB Execution CSECT detail line

This is a fourth-level detail line that is shown directly under the SRB Execution Module detail line. This line represents a csect in a load module. For unresolved addresses, activity for a 4k range of addresses is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The executing CSECT in the load module at the third level. The activity observed in a 4096 (4K) byte range of addresses is reported in an Unresolved Address line. This range is expressed in the format 'HHHHHxxx' where HHHHH are the 5 high order hexadecimal digits of the address. For example: '08915xxx' means the range from 08915000 to 08915FFF.
Description	If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, the description is reported under this heading. If the name of the CSECT is not in the DPA tables, 'CSECT in MMMMMMMM" is displayed where MMMMMMMM is the name of load module from level 3. For unresolved addresses, 'Unresolved Address' is displayed.
zIIP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zIIP processors for this CSECT in the load module at the third level.
zAAP - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on zAAP processors for this CSECT in the load module at the third level.
GPU - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on GPU processors for this CSECT in the load module at the third level.
Total - Normalized % of CPU Time	The total normalized percentage of CPU time on all processors for this CSECT in the load module at the third level.

Sample reports

A sample report that is expanded to level two is shown here.

K01: CPU SRB Command ===>	Usage by SRB Type (0072/DBBGDIST)			Row 00 Scr	0001 of	00024 > <u>CSR</u>
Nome	<u>Description</u>	N	ormal	ized %	of CPU	Time
<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u> 211P</u>	ZAAP	GPU	<u> 10 Lai</u>	
ENCLAVE	Enclave SRBs	41.59	0.00	50.06	91.65	
± DSNVGEPL	Enclave SRBs Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)	21.89	0.00	26.66	48.55	
→ <u>DSNVGEPL</u>	Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)					
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Àgent Services Managér	19.69	0.00	20.04	39.73	
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.00	0.00	1.48	1.48	
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	
→ <u>DSNVGEPL</u>	Agent Services Manager Agent Services Manager Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)					
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	
	Preemptable SRBs	0.29	0.00	6.68	6.97	
→ <u>DSNVGEPL</u>	Agent Services Manager Preemptable SRBs Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)				2.98	
→ <u>DSNVGEPL</u>	Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)				0.56	
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.00	0.00	2.64	2.64	
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.29	0.00	0.44	0.73	
→ <u>DSNVSRX</u>	Agent Services Manager	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	
→ <u>DSNVGEPL</u>	Agent Services Manager Agent Services Manager Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect) Non-Preemptable SRB OS/390 UNIX System Services	0.00				
NON-PREEMPT	Non-Preemptable SRB	0.00				
→ <u>BPXINLPA</u>	OS/390 UNIX System Services	0.00				
→ <u>IEA0TI00</u>	Supervisor Control	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.07	

Line commands

The following tables summarize the line commands that are available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. You can always enter a "/" on any input field to popup a menu of line commands that are available for that field.

Table 4. on objects				
Cmd	When Applied To:	Action		
?	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module, SRB Execution CSECT	Display context help information.		
++	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module, SRB Execution CSECT	Display additional details.		
+	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module	Expand to reveal next level.		
_	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module	Collapse to hide next level.		
SV	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module	Sort next level by value.		
SN	SRB Type, SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module	Sort next level by name		
М	SRB EPA Instance, SRB Execution Module, SRB Execution CSECT	Display load module information		

Table 5. on headings			
Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action	
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.	
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.	
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.	

Detail Window

You can enter "++" or the **Enter** key on any line to display a popup window that contains additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
Row 00001 of 00111
 K01 - DETAIL Window (0072/DBBGDIST)
Command ===> Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
+------ The following report line was selected ------+
SRB Attributes
    SRB EPA
                                        DSNVGEPL+10010
    SRB Type
                                        Enclave SRBs
    Major Prty
                                        00F6
    Minor Prty
                                        0000
 Calculation Details
    zIIP/zAAP Normalization Factor 3,245/256
                                      Actual
                                                     Normalized
                                                                     Normalized %
                                     Measurements Measurements of Total CPU
    Divisor Calculation (SETUP option: TCB+SRB)
       | Total SRB measurements | 2,457 | 4,021 | | Total TCB measurements | 30 | 30 | | Total for Divisor | 2,487 | 4,051 |
                                                                    99.25
0.74
100.06
                                                                        100.00
    SRB measurements(for selected report line)
      zIIP measurements
zAAP measurements
                                           70 887 21.89
0 0 0.00
1,080 1,080 26.66
1,150 1,967 48.55
       GPU measurements
       Total SRB measurements
 Module Information for DSNVGEPL
    Load Address 13F35000 to 13F58FFF
                       147,456
     Module Size
    Module Location CSA
    Program Group Db2 Subsystem
Subgroup Agent Services Manager
Function Asmc Global Entry Point List (nonexecutable Csect)
```

SETUP Options

A SETUP option is available. With this option, you can specify that calculate CPU percentages as a percentage of both TCB and SRB counts instead of SRB counts only.

K02- CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode

Usage

Use this report to see information about sampled SRB CPU execution at the machine instruction level.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies SRB CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of SRB CPU consumption that is observed for the reported item to the total SRB CPU consumption that is measured in the address space.

Detail Line Hierarchy

The first level detail line displays a PSW (Program Status Word) address value that the Measurement Task records when it actively observes SRB CPU. The SRB CPU usage observation at the same PSW address is accumulated and reported as a single detail line. In addition to the PSW address value, a separate first level detail line is created if any of the following values are different:

- Execution in problem or supervisor mode
- · Address mode (AMODE) 24, 31 or 64
- Address-space control: primary-space, AR mode, secondary-space or home-space
- PSW key
- SVC number if execution was in a supervisor call
- · Object code at the PSW address

You can expand the first level detail line by using the + line command to display the object code at the PSW address. Object code is reported in the form of disassembled machine instructions. The Measurement Task displays a line for each machine instruction from 12 bytes of object code captured during the measurement. The PSW address points to the 6th byte of the 12 bytes; therefore, the first instructions that are reported precede the sampled instruction.

If alternate disassemblies are available, which depend upon the assumed start address, the disassemblies are listed with a subheading of "Alternate Disassembly".

Detail Line Descriptions

PSW Address Line

Each unique PSW address has one line. By default, the lines are sorted in descending sequence by SRB CPU activity.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Address	The PSW address of the sampled instruction.
Module	The load module name at the sampled address. If the Measurement Task cannot determine the module name, 'Unknown' is displayed.
АМ	The address mode (AMODE): 24, 31 or 64.
S/P	If execution is in a supervisor call, the SVC number is displayed. Or S or P that is followed by the storage key is displayed. S indicates supervisor mode and P indicates problem mode. For example, P8 indicates execution in problem mode in storage key 8.
AS	The address space control mode. AR indicates access-register mode, SS indicates secondary-space mode and HS indicates home-space mode. Blanks are displayed for primary-space mode.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
ASID	If the storage was acquired by an address space other than the measured one or a foreign address space, the ASID (address space id) in the hexadecimal of the address space that acquired the storage at the PSW address is displayed. For example, the processing of an SQL request. Execution occurs in load modules fetched into storage by one of the Db2 address spaces.
Percent of SRB CPU Time	The percentage of SRB CPU time that is observed at the indicated address.

Machine Instruction line

Each line displayes one machine instruction in disassembled format. These lines relate to the PSW address lines that are shown above. If alternate dissassemblies are available, which depend upon the assumed start address, they are listed under the subheading of "Alternate Disassembly".

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

K02: CPU S Command ==	,	PSW/ObjCode (0072/	DBBGDIS	T) Row 00001 of 07878 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Address</u>	<u>Module</u>	AM S/P AS ASID		nt of CPU Time * 10.00% ±2.0%
<u>014FC526</u>	IRARMINT	31 S0	1.50	123450/
→IRARMI01+ →IRARMI01+ →IRARMI01+	0396	AD03 0250 18D5 A7F4 0057	STOSM LR BRC	592(R0),3 R13,R5 R15,87
<u>012EDAF6</u>	IEAVEPSS	31 S0	1.42	
→IEAVEPSS+ →IEAVEPSS+ →IEAVEPSS+ →IEAVEPSS+	0AD4 0AD6	98BC D040 07FE 0DC0 A7CA 0918	LM BCR BASR AHI	R11,R12,64(R13) R15,R14 R12,R0 R12,2328

Line commands

The following tables summarize the line commands that are available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. You can always enter a "/" on any input field to popup a menu of line commands that are available for that field.

Table 6. on objects			
Cmd	When Applied To:	Action	
?	Address	Display context help information.	
+	Address	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Address	Collapse to hide next level.	
М	Address	Display load module information.	

Table 7. on headings			
Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action	
?	Address, Percent CPU	Display context help information.	
+	Address	Expand to reveal all entries.	
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.	
_	Address	Collapse to show only first level.	
_	Percent CPU	Zoom outscale.	
SV	Address	Sort next level by value.	
SA	Address	Sort next level by address.	

Detail Window

You can enter "++" or the **Enter** key on any line to display a popup window that contains additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
KO2 - DETAIL Window (0072/DBBGDIST)
                                                                          Row 00001 of 00025
+----- The following report line was selected
Calculation Details
     CPU measurements
PSW address
                                               014FC
2,457
                                                  014FC526
      PSW address
     Total CPU measurements
     Percent of total
                                                  1.50%
 PSW Information
     W Information
PSW Address 014FC526
Module Name IRARMINT
Module Description System resources manager (SRM)
CSECT Name IRARMI01
Module+Offset IRARMINT+136E
CSECT+Offset IRARMI01+0396
Addressing Mode (AMODE) 31 bit
Address Space Control Primary Space
Problem/Supervisor Mode Supervisor Mode
       IRARMI01+0392 AD03 0250 STOSM 592(R0),3
IRARMI01+0396 18D5 LR R13,R5 <-
IRARMI01+0398 A7F4 0057 BRC R15,87
    Machine Instructions
                                                      LR R13,R5 <- PSW address BRC R15,87
```

V01 - Measurement variance summary

Usage

Use this report to analyze variances between multiple separate measurements. To gain access to variance reporting, issue the "V" line command from the Observation Session List. The "V" line command selects the base measurement for comparison. Prior to entering the line command you must previously tag at least one measurement by entering the "T" line command in the Observation Session List. Up to 20 measurements can be tagged at one time. This report quantifies variances between tagged measurements and the base measurement.

Measurements analyzed

The first segment of the V01 report lists the measurements analyzed in the report. Each measurement is assigned a two-digit sequential reference number. This segment of the report identifies each of the measurements and their reference number.

The measurement identified by reference number 01 is the "base" measurement, the measurement to which the other measurements are compared. Throughout this report, measurements are identified by their reference numbers.

Variances

A percentage value is displayed under the heading "Variance" in various segments of this report. Its value quantifies the variance between a particular performance figure for the compared measurement and the corresponding value for the base measurement. A plus (+) value indicates a higher value than the base measurement and a minus (-) value indicates a lower value. The value is the percentage by which the compared measurement figure exceeds (+) or is less than (-) the corresponding base measurement value. Any value exceeding 999 percent is reported as "999%." The magnitude of the value is also represented graphically by a string of greater-than or less-than symbols.

CPU time TCB

This report segment compares the TCB CPU times that were recorded by the operating system during the measurement sessions.

CPU time SRB

This report segment compares the SRB CPU times that were recorded by the operating system during the measurement sessions.

EXCP requests

This report segment compares the number of EXCPs that were processed during the measurement sessions.

Service units

This report segment compares the number of service units recorded by the operating system during the measurement sessions.

Percentage of CPU active samples

This report segment compares the percentage of samples during which one or more TCBs was executing CPU instructions.

Percentage of WAIT samples

This report segment compares the percentage of samples during which all TCBs were in WAIT state.

Percentage of queued samples

This report segment compares the percentage of samples during which no CPU activity was taking place but one or more TCBs was suspended and waiting to be dispatched.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
VO1: Measurement Variance Summary (2312/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00059
                                                                                   _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===> _____
The Following Measurements are Analyzed

        Ref
        ReqNum
        Job Name
        Date
        Time
        Description

        01
        02312
        TSTJ0B01
        Mar-30-2007
        10:54
        Test 2

        02
        02311
        TSTJ0B01
        Mar-30-2007
        10:52
        Test 1

CPU Time TCB
             \underline{\text{CPU Time TCB}} \quad \underline{\text{Variance}}
 Ref
            11.41 sec
11.73 sec + 2 %
 01
 02
CPU Time SRB
             <u>CPU Time SRB</u> <u>Variance</u>
             1.52 sec
                 1.61 sec + 5 %
 02
EXCP Requests
             EXCP Requests Variance
 <u>Ref</u>
                      7,721
7,710 - 0 %
Service Units
             <u>Service Units</u> <u>Variance</u>
                      7,721
7,710 + 3 %
 01
02
 Percentage of CPU Active Samples
                   --- Sample Count ---
                  CPU Active Total 2,171 4,136
                                                                             <u>Variance</u>
 Ref

        Total
        Percentage
        Variance

        4,136
        52.51%

        4,790
        51.21%
        - 2 %

                                                        <u>Percentage</u>
                     2,171
  01
                      2,452
Percentage of WAIT Samples
                   --- Sample Count ---
                  TCB WAIT Total Percentage 1,739 4,136 42.06% 1,979 4,790 41.33%
 Ref
                                                       Percentage Variance
                                                                             - 1 %
  02
Percentage of Queued Samples
                   --- Sample Count ---
                                                  Percentage
5.41%
```

V02 - CICS variance summary

<u>Queued</u>

<u>Total</u>

4,136 4,790

<u>Ref</u>

02

5.41% 7.45%

<u>Variance</u>

+ 37 % >>

Usage

Use this report to analyze variances in CICS data between multiple measurements. To gain access to CICS variance reporting, issue the "V" line command on a CICS measurement from the Observation Session List. The "V" line command selects the base measurement for comparison. Prior to entering the "V" line command you must previously have tagged at least one CICS measurement by entering the "T" line command in the Observation Session List. Up to 20 measurements can be tagged at one time. This report will quantify CICS data variances between tagged measurements and the base measurement.

Measurements analyzed

The first segment of the V02 report lists the measurements analyzed in the report. Each measurement is assigned a two digit sequential reference number. This segment of the report identifies each of the measurements and their reference number.

The measurement identified by reference number 01 is the "base" measurement, which is the one to which the other measurements are compared. Throughout this report, measurements are identified by their reference numbers.

Variances

A percentage value is displayed under the heading "Variance" in various segments of this report. Its value quantifies the variance between a particular performance figure for the compared measurement and the corresponding value for the base measurement. A plus (+) value indicates a higher value than the base measurement and a minus (-) value indicates a lower value. The value is the percentage by which the compared measurement figure exceeds (+) or is less than (-) the corresponding base measurement value. Any value exceeding 999 percent is reported as "999%." The magnitude of the value is also represented graphically by a string of greater-than or less-than symbols.

CICS Transaction Statistics

This report segment displays the starting and ending task number in each measurement, the number of transactions counted and observed, and compares the transaction rate per second between measurements.

Mean Execution Time

This report segment compares the mean execution time of all CICS transactions sampled during the measurement sessions

Mean Suspend Time

This report segment compares the mean suspend time of all CICS transactions sampled during the measurement sessions.

Mean CICS Dispatch Delay Time

This report segment compares the mean CICS dispatch delay time of all CICS transactions sampled during the measurement sessions.

Mean MVS Dispatch Delay Time

This report segment compares the mean MVS dispatch delay time of all CICS transactions sampled during the measurement sessions.

Mean Service Time

This report segment compares the mean service time of all CICS transactions sampled during the measurement sessions.

Sample reports

The following sample report shows the variances between a base CICS measurement and 3 tagged CICS measurements.

```
V02: CICS Measurement Variance Summary (5592/CICS32A)
                                                                                                                                                   Row 00001 of 00064
  The Following Measurements are Analyzed

        ReqNum
        Job Name
        Date
        Time
        Description

        05592
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:36
        Variance 1

        05593
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:39
        Variance 2

        05594
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:41
        Variance 3

        05595
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:42
        Variance 4

    \underline{\texttt{Ref}} \quad \underline{\texttt{ReqNum}} \quad \underline{\texttt{Job Name}} \quad \underline{\texttt{Date}}
                                                                                                               <u>Description</u>
                                                                                                            Variance 1 (Base)
      01
       02
       03
CICS Transaction Statistics
                     -Task Number-
                                                                  --Transaction--
       <u>Re</u>f
                                         End

        Count
        Obsvd

        1,746
        1,075

        2,172
        1,054

        2,066
        900

        1,671
        908

                                                                                                                      <u>Rate</u>
                     Start
                                                                Count Obsvd
                                                                                                                                                       Variance
                                                                                             ,075
,054
900
908
        01 10,894 12,640
                                                                                                                   58.20 per sec
        02 15,236 17,408
03 17,408 19,474
04 19,580 21,251
                                                                                                                   74.89 per sec + 28 % >>
71.24 per sec + 22 % >
57.62 per sec - 0 %
Mean Execution Time
                           Time
0.0225 sec
       Ref
                                                                 <u>Variance</u>
        01
                           0.0204 sec - 9 %
0.0216 sec - 4 %
0.0175 sec - 22 % <
         02
         03
         04
Mean Suspend Time
                           <u>Time</u>
1.4997 sec
       Ref
                                                                 <u>Variance</u>
        01
                           1.0826 sec - 27 % <<
1.2369 sec - 17 % <
0.5693 sec - 62 % <<
         02
         03
                            0.5693 sec
                                                                  - 62 % <<<
```

V02: CICS	S Measurement Va	ariance Summary (5592,	/CICS32A)	Row 00039 of 00064	
Mean CICS	Mean CICS Dispatch Delay Time				
Ref 01 02 03 04	Time 0.0337 sec 0.4190 sec 0.3559 sec 0.9112 sec	+956 % >>>>>>			
Mean MVS [Dispatch Delay	ime			
02	Time 0.0051 sec 0.0056 sec 0.0058 sec 0.0055 sec	+ 13 % >			
Mean Servi	Mean Service Time				
Ref 01 02 03 04	<u>Time</u> 1.5610 sec 1.5276 sec 1.6202 sec 1.5035 sec				

V03 - Db2 variance summary

Usage

Use this report to analyze variances in Db2 data between multiple measurements. To gain access to Db2 variance reporting, issue the "V" line command on a Db2 measurement from the Observation Session List. The "V" line command selects the base measurement for comparison. Prior to entering the "V" line command you must previously have tagged at least one Db2 measurement by entering the "T" line command in the Observation Session List. Up to 20 measurements can be tagged at one time. This report will quantify Db2 data variances between tagged measurements and the base measurement.

Measurements analyzed

The first segment of the V03 report lists the measurements analyzed in the report. Each measurement is assigned a two digit sequential reference number. This segment of the report identifies each of the measurements and their reference number.

The measurement identified by reference number 01 is the "base" measurement, which is the one to which the other measurements are compared. Throughout this report, measurements are identified by their reference numbers.

Variances

A percentage value is displayed under the heading "Variance" in various segments of this report. Its value quantifies the variance between a particular performance figure for the compared measurement and the corresponding value for the base measurement. A plus (+) value indicates a higher value than the base measurement and a minus (-) value indicates a lower value. The value is the percentage by which the compared measurement figure exceeds (+) or is less than (-) the corresponding base measurement value. Any value exceeding 999 percent is reported as "999%." The magnitude of the value is also represented graphically by a string of greater-than or less-than symbols.

SQL calls sampled

This report segment displays the subsystem name and version of the Db2 subsystem being used, and compares the number of calls sampled during the measurement sessions.

SQL observations

This report segment compares the number of samples taken while an SQL call was in-flight.

SQL calls executed

This report segment compares the number of calls executed during the sample based on the REQCT count for the active threads.

Avg SQL call rate

This report segment compares average SQL call rate per second.

SQL calls counted

This report segment compares the number of calls counted by the Db2+ intercept during sampling. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL throughput

This report segment compares the throughput rate of the samples based on the number of calls made during the time that SQL was active in the sample.

SQL service time

This report segment compares the total service time of the samples while an SQL call was active. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL call max time

This report segment compares the highest service time for an SQL call. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL call min time

This report segment compares the lowest service time for an SQL call. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL CPU time

This report segment compares the total CPU time used to process SQL calls. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL call max CPU

This report segment compares the highest CPU time for an SQL call. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

SQL call min CPU

This report segment compares the lowest CPU time for an SQL call. This segment is displayed for measurements with the Db2+ extractor active.

Sample reports

The following sample report shows the variances between a base Db2 measurement and 2 tagged Db2 measurements.

```
V03: Db2 Measurement Variance Summary (5592/CICS32A)
                                                                                                                 Row 00003 of 00105
The Following Measurements are Analyzed

        Ref
        ReqNum
        Job Name
        Date
        Time
        Description

        01
        05592
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:36
        Variance 1

        02
        05593
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:39
        Variance 2

        03
        05594
        CICS32A
        Aug-09-2010
        12:41
        Variance 3

     Ref ReqNum Job Name
                                                                                        Variance 1 (Base)
SQL calls sampled
                  ----Db2----
                                                  Calls
     <u>Ref</u>
                <u>Subsys</u> <u>Version</u>
                                                 <u>Sampled</u>
                                                                            <u>Variance</u>
                DB9G 9.1.0 1,205
DB9G 9.1.0 635
DB9G 9.1.0 630
       01
                                                                            - 47 % <<
- 47 % <<
       02
       03
SQL observations
                                     ount Variance
1,338
726 - 45 % <
721 - 46 % <
     <u>Ref</u>
                                  <u>Count</u>
      01
                                                         - 45 % <<
       02
                                                             - 46 % <<
       03
SQL calls executed
     Ref
                                  Count
                                                             <u>Variance</u>
                                     5,871
2,997
      01
                                                             - 48 % <<
       02
                                      2,997
       03
                                                               - 48 % <<
Avg SQL call rate
     Ref
                                      <u>Rate</u>
                                                             <u>Variance</u>
                       195.70 per sec
100.23 per sec
      01
                                                        - 48 % <<
- 48 % <<
       02
                       100.23 per sec
       03
```

Avg SQL ca	all rate		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01	195.70 per sec	40.0/	
02 03	100.23 per sec 100.23 per sec	- 48 % << - 48 % <<	
03	100.23 per sec	- 40 /0 \\	
QL calls	counted		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01	2,937		
02 03	1,500 1,500	- 48 % << - 48 % <<	
00	1,000	10 /0 11	
SQL throug	ghput		
Ref	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	1505.38 per sec	E 9/	
03		- 5 %	
SQL servi	ce time		
Ref	<u>Time</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	3.9691 sec 2.2327 sec	- 12 %	
03	2.2025 sec	- 45 % << - 44 % <<	
	,,		
SQL call n	nax time		
Ref	<u>Time</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	0.01 74 sec	+ 79 % >>>>	
03	0.0157 sec	- 9 %	

V03: Db2 Mea	asurement Variance	Summary (5592/CICS32A)	Row 00067 of 00105
SQL call max	time		
Ref 01 02 03	Time 0.0174 sec 0.0313 sec 0.0157 sec	+ 79 % >>>>	
SQL call min	time		
Ref 01 02 03	Time 0.0003 sec 0.0003 sec 0.0003 sec	<u>Variance</u>	
SQL CPU time			
Ref 01 02 03	<u>Time</u> 1.9055 sec 0.9905 sec 1.0115 sec	- 48 % <<	
SQL call max	CPU		
Ref 01 02 03	0.0033 sec	<u>Variance</u> - 3 %	
SQL call min	CPU		
<u>Ref</u> 01 02 03	Time 0.0002 sec 0.0003 sec 0.0002 sec	<u>Variance</u> + 50 % >>>	

V04 - IMS variance summary

Usage

Use this report to analyze variances in IMS data between multiple measurements. The IMS+ extractor must be active in the selected measurements to display meaningful variance data. To gain access to IMS variance reporting, issue the "V" line command on an IMS measurement from the Observation Session List. The "V" line command selects the base measurement for comparison. Prior to entering the "V" line command you must previously have tagged at least one IMS measurement by entering the "T" line command in the Observation Session List. Up to 20 measurements can be tagged at one time. This report quantifies IMS data variances between tagged measurements and the base measurement.

Measurements analyzed

The first segment of the V04 report lists the measurements analyzed in the report. Each measurement is assigned a two digit sequential reference number. This segment of the report identifies each of the measurements and their reference number.

The measurement identified by reference number 01 is the "base" measurement, which is the one to which the other measurements are compared. Throughout this report, measurements are identified by their reference numbers.

Variances

A percentage value is displayed under the heading "Variance" in various segments of this report. Its value quantifies the variance between a particular performance figure for the compared measurement and the corresponding value for the base measurement. A plus (+) value indicates a higher value than the base

measurement and a minus (-) value indicates a lower value. The value is the percentage by which the compared measurement figure exceeds (+) or is less than (-) the corresponding base measurement value. Any value exceeding 999 percent is reported as "999%." The magnitude of the value is also represented graphically by a string of greater-than or less-than symbols.

Txn observations

This report segment displays the subsystem name and version of the IMS subsystem being used, and compares the number of transactions sampled during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txns counted

This report segment compares the number of transactions counted during the measurement sessions.

Transaction rate

This report segment compares the transaction rate per second during the measurement sessions.

Txn throughput

This report segment compares the transaction throughput rate per second based on the number of transactions counted by the transaction service time.

IMS Txn svc time

This report segment compares the total service time while IMS transactions were active during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txn max svc

This report segment compares the longest running IMS transaction during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txn min svc

This report segment compares the shortest running IMS transaction during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txn CPU time

This report segment compares the total CPU time used by all IMS transactions during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txn max CPU

This report segment compares the highest CPU time for IMS transactions during the measurement sessions.

IMS Txn min CPU

This report segment compares the lowest CPU time for IMS transactions during the measurement sessions.

DLI observations

This report segment compares the number of samples taken while a DLI call was in-flight.

DLI call count

This report segment compares the number of DLI calls counted during the measurement sessions.

DLI call rate

This report segment compares the DLI call rate per second during the measurement sessions.

DLI call thruput

This report segment compares the DLI call throughput rate per second based on the number of DLI calls counted by the DLI service time.

DLI svc time

This report segment compares the total service time for DLI calls during the measurement sessions.

DLI max svc

This report segment compares the longest running DLI call during the measurement sessions.

DLI min svc

This report segment compares the shortest running DLI call during the measurement sessions.

DLI CPU time

This report segment compares the total CPU time used by all DLI calls during the measurement sessions.

DLI max CPU

This report segment compares the highest CPU time for a DLI call during the measurement sessions.

DLI min CPU

This report segment compares the lowest CPU time for a DLI call during the measurement sessions.

Sample reports

The following sample report shows the variances between a base IMS measurement and 1 tagged IMS measurement.

```
V04: IMS Measurement Variance Summary (5497/IMSAMPP1)
                                                                                                               Row 00001 of 00148
  The Following Measurements are Analyzed

        Ref
        ReqNum
        Job Name
        Date
        Time
        Description

        01
        05497
        IMSAMPP1
        Jul-06-2010
        14:52
        IMS+ (2)

        02
        05498
        IMSAMPP1
        Jul-06-2010
        14:57
        IMS+ (3)

Txn observations
                 ----IMS----
                                              Txns

        Subsys
        Version
        Sampled
        Variance

        IMSA
        10.1.0
        35

        IMSA
        10.1.0
        17
        - 51 % <<<</td>

     <u>Ref</u>
      01
IMS Txns counted
                              <u>Count</u> <u>Variance</u>
     Ref
      01
                                                     - 40 % <<
      02
Transaction rate

        Ref
        Rate
        Variance

        01
        0.15 per sec

        02
        0.08 per sec
        - 46 %

                                                     - 46 % <<
Txn throughput
     Ref
                                <u>Rate</u>
                                                    <u>Variance</u>
               90.00 per sec
160.00 per sec + 77 % >>>>
      01
IMS Txn svc time
                                                      <u>Variance</u>
                           0.3463 sec
      01
                                                        - 46 % <<
                           0.1850 sec
IMS Txn max svc
                          11me Variance
0.0294 sec
0.0213 sec - 27 %
      01
                                                         - 27 % <<
      02
IMS Txn min svc
                                 <u>Time</u>
     <u>Ref</u>
                                                      <u>Variance</u>
                       0.0019 sec
0.0037 sec
                                                      + 94 % >>>>
IMS Txn CPU time
     Ref
01
02
     Ref
                         <u>Time</u> <u>Variance</u> 0.2175 sec
                          0.1246 sec
                                                         - 42 % <<
IMS Txn max CPU
    Ref
                          <u>Time</u>
0.0152 sec
0.0120 sec
                                                      <u>Variance</u>
                                                      - 21 % <
```

IMS Txn mir	n CPU		
Ref	<u>Time</u> 0.0019 sec	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	0.0019 sec 0.0023 sec	+ 21 % >	
DLI observa	ations		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	8 3	- 62 % <<<	
DLI call co	ount		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	204 100	- 50 % <<<	
		3 π	
DLI call ra	 ate		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
ค1	1.13 per sec 0.55 per sec		
V2	0.00 por 500	<u> </u>	
DLI call th	nruput		
Ref	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	Rate 2040.00 per sec 0.00 per sec	-100 % <<<<	
UZ	0.00 pci 3cc	100 /0 11111	
DLI svc tin	ne		
<u>Ref</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	<u>Time</u> 0.1201 sec 0.0744 sec	- 38 % <<	
-	0.07.1.000		
DLI max svo	: :		
Ref	<u>Time</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	0.0128 sec	- 21 % <	
V2	3.0100 000	 % ·	
DLI min svo	:		
Ref	<u>Time</u>	<u>Variance</u>	
01 02	0.0000 sec		
02	0.0000 Sec		
DLI CPU tin	ne		
Ref	Time	<u>Variance</u>	
01	0.0484 sec		
02	0.0308 sec	- 36 % <<	
DLI max CPU	 J		
		Variance	
<u>Ref</u> 01	<u>Time</u> 0.0019 sec		
02	0.0023 sec	+ 21 % >	
DLI min CF			
		Variance	
<u>Ref</u> 01	<u>Time</u> 0.0001 sec	<u>Variance</u>	
02	0.0001 sec		

Chapter 4. CICS performance analysis reports

This section describes the CICS Performance Analysis Reports.

For information about	See
The CICS data extractor	"Overview of CICS data extractor" on page 189
E01 CICS session statistics	"E01 - CICS session statistics" on page 191
E02 CICS CPU and use count by program	"E02 - CICS CPU and use count by program" on page 193
E03 CICS CPU usage by transaction	"E03 - CICS CPU usage by transaction" on page 195
E04 CICS mean service time by transaction	"E04 - CICS mean service time by transaction" on page 202
E05 CICS total service time by transaction	"E05 - CICS total service time by Txn" on page 213
E06 CICS service time by task ID	"E06 - CICS service time by task ID" on page 225
E07 CICS wait by transaction	"E07 - CICS wait by Txn" on page 235
E08 CICS mean service time by terminal ID	"E08 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID" on page 237
E09 CICS total service time by terminal ID	"E09 - CICS total service time by terminal ID" on page 246
E10 CICS mean service time by user ID	"E10 - CICS mean service time by user ID" on page 255
E11 CICS total service time by user ID	"E11 - CICS total service time by user ID" on page 263
E12 CICS CPU/service time by transaction	"E12 - CICS CPU/service time by transaction" on page 271

Overview of CICS data extractor

In order to use the CICS Performance Analysis Reports, the CICS data extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You must select the CICS data extractor in the Schedule New Measurement panel, and enter the transaction name(s) or patterns you want to observe. For more information on entering an observation request for CICS, see "Panel 5 – Subsystems" on page 29.

There are two distinct types of data that Application Performance Analyzer gathers when the CICS extractor is active: Session statistics, and Transaction measurement data.

Session statistics

This data is a summary of how much CICS related activity occurred in the region during the Observation Session. The activity measured is directly related to services requested by in-flight transactions. The data provides an indication on the load (or stress level) that transactions are placing on the region. In a region that is idle, almost all these numbers would be zero. Data for the majority of these statistics are gathered once at the start of the session and once at the end of the session. The statistics are then calculated by taking the delta of each set of data values.

Transaction measurement data

There is one sample record created for each in-flight transaction during each sampling interval. A transaction is only sampled if it was specified when the Observation Request was created. For some reports the sample records are analyzed to produce CPU usage and Service Time by transaction. These reports describe the load that a transaction is placing on the CICS region.

The sample record consists of transaction state data captured during a sampling interval. This information is used to generate the Session Activity report. This report highlights the state of sampled transactions. State information includes:

- 1. Whether the transaction was running or suspended (active or not)
- 2. Module information where it was running
- 3. Module information where to be resumed if suspended
- 4. Information on the CICS service executing on behalf of the application (if applicable)

CICS+ Extractor

CICS+ is a CICS measurement option (data extractor) in which the precise number of CICS transactions are counted during the measurement interval. It records the exact service time and CPU time for each transaction. This data is displayed in the E12 report only, and has no effect on the other CICS reports.

Activating the CICS+ option automatically activates the CICS option. The extractor applies to CICS TS 3.1 and above. Your installer may have chosen to limit access to this data extractor.

Overview of CICS Multiple Address Space Support

CICS multiple address space (MASS) support allows you to measure and analyze multiple CICS regions simultaneously. Transaction data from multiple regions is merged to produce a set of 4 CICS reports showing multi-region activity. These reports are X01, X02, X03 and X04.

To enter CICS MASS observations:

- 1. Start a NEW request.
- 2. In Panel 1 Job Information, enter either a Job name/Pattern with an asterisk (*) or a multi-job measurement with a percent (%) for the CICS regions you want to measure.
- 3. In Panel 4 Active Jobs, if you entered an asterisk (*) in the Job Name/Pattern field, select the CICS regions from the list of active jobs presented. If you entered a percent (%) in the Job Name/Pattern field, the CICS regions that match the pattern are displayed. It is not necessary to select the CICS regions in this case, unless you want to limit the measurement to specific CICS regions. The maximum number of regions you are permitted to select is determined during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer.
- 4. In Panel 2 Options, select the CICS data extractor.
- 5. Complete any other relevant panels for your request. You can specify further CICS measurement criteria in Panel 5 Subsystems.

Once the NEW request is complete and submitted, Application Performance Analyzer creates and starts separate observation requests for each CICS region selected for measurement.

When the separate observation requests are completed, you can view the CICS MASS reports by using the tag (T) and report (S or R) commands.

- Tag up to 20 CICS region measurements to be included in the CICS MASS reports.
- Select one of the CICS region measurements for reporting, using the S or R command. This measurement does not have to be tagged.

In addition to the standard reports for the selected observation, Application Performance Analyzer generates the specific CICS MASS reports that show multi-region activity for all selected CICS regions.

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the CICS measurement data collected during the observation session.

Note: Be aware that a reset of CICS statistics, if done during the measurement interval, can invalidate some of the values reported here.

Detail line descriptions

Environmental Information

Fields under this heading describe characteristics of the CICS environment.

CICS Release

The CICS version and release.

Transaction Statistics

Some CICS processing statistical values are shown under this heading.

First Transaction TaskId

The value of the CICS TaskId at the beginning of the observation session.

Last Transaction TaskId

The value of the CICS TaskId at the end of the observation session.

Number of TaskId Increments

The difference between the first and last CICS TaskId.

Number of Observed Transactions

The number of transactions with unique CICS TaskId values observed. If this value does not correspond to the number of increments, it could be an indication that not all executed transactions were measured. Some transactions could have been excluded as specified in the measurement request or transactions can be missed if a sampling rate is chosen that is slower than the transaction throughput rate.

Transaction Rate

The average number of transactions per second during the measurement interval.

Peak Active Transactions

The maximum number of concurrently active transactions observed during the measurement interval.

Peak Active Txns (Overall)

The maximum number of concurrently active transactions that occurred during the entire execution of the CICS region.

MaxTask

The maximum number of concurrent transactions CICS is configured for.

Mean Transaction Time

The average service time for the transactions observed during the measurement interval.

The service time consists of:

Execution Time

The time a CPU is processing the transaction.

Suspend Time

The time the transaction is suspended by CICS.

CICS Dispatch Delay Time

The time the transaction is delayed by CICS.

MVS Dispatch Delay Time

The time execution is delayed by the MVS dispatcher.

Service Time

The sum of the execution time, the suspend time, and the delay time.

Service Statistics

These are counts of service requests issued by CICS programs during the measurement interval:

- · Program Requests
- Terminal Messages
- · Storage Getmains
- Storage Freemains
- File I/O Requests
- Temporary Storage Requests
- Transient Data Requests
- Journal Write Requests

Exception or Critical Conditions

These are counts of certain exception or critical conditions that occurred during the measurement interval:

- · System Dumps
- · System Dumps Suppressed
- Transaction Dumps
- Transaction Dumps Suppressed
- Storage Violations
- Short on Storage occurrences
- Times at MaxTask
- Times at Class MaxTask

Transaction Counts

A list of each transaction code that was measured and the number of executions is shown here.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E01: CICS Session Statistics (0866/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00045
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Environmental Information
   CICS Release
                                    CICS/TS 2.3
Transaction Statistics
  MaxTask
Mean Transaction Time (Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service)
  Execution Time 0.0727747
Suspend Time 0.232708
CICS DIspatch Delay Time 0.052427
MVS Dispatch Delay Time 0.018062
Service Time 0.375944
Service Statistics
                                   536
   Program Requests
                                     305
3,295
   Terminal Messages
   Storage Getmains
   Storage Freemains
                                     3,279
  File I/O Requests
Temporary Storage Requests
Transient Data Requests
                                   0
0
0
   Journal Write Requests
Exception or Critical Conditions
   System Dumps
                                      0
   System Dumps Suppressed
   Transaction Dumps
   Transaction Dumps Suppressed
   Storage Violations
                                      0
                                     0
   Short on Storage occurrences
   Times at MaxTask
```

```
File View Navigate Help

E01: CICS Session Statistics (0866/CICS23A) Row 00040 of 00047 Command ===> CSR

Transaction Counts

TranId Count DNC1 151 CESN 2 CQRY 1 CATA 1
```

E02 - CICS CPU and use count by program

Usage

Use this report to get CPU usage and call counts for CICS programs that were executing during the observation session.

Quantification

Each report line displays the number of times a program was called by CICS services. The report will not show any calls that use a direct method such as a BALR.

Each report line also shows the percentage of CPU usage attributable to the program. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported program to the total CPU consumption for all CICS programs.

A program name of "CICS" is used to quantify CPU consumption not directly attributable to a CICS program.

A CICS program in this report is a program that is defined in the CICS System Definition (CSD) dataset.

Detail line hierarchy

The E02 shows one level, the detail lines cannot be expanded.

Sample reports

A sample is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate	e <u>H</u> elp
E02: CICS CPU Command ===>		Counts by Pgm (3090/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00016 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>	<u>Calls</u>	Percent of CPU Time * 10.00% ±1.5% *123456789
CICSDb2	300	36.82 ===========
SAMPREAD	501	30.56 =========
DSN5CA0	30	10.05 =====
<u>CSQCTRUE</u>	0	4.09 ==
DFHD2EX1	0	3.79 ==
CICS	0	3.74 ==
<u>Db2DRVR</u>	1	2.44 =
<u>READDRVR</u>	1	2.29 =
MQSAMP1	100	2.12 =
<u>MQDRVR</u>	1	1.54 =
SAMPBGN1	200	1.22 =
CSQ4CVK1	100	1.09 =
<u>IMSDRVR</u>	1	0.19
<u>DFHEMTD</u>	1	0.00
<u>DFHEITMT</u>	1	0.00
<u>DFHEMTP</u>	1	0.00

Detail line descriptions

CICS program name detail line

This is the only level for the detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS program for which CPU consumption was measured.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS program name.
Calls	The number of times this program was called by another CICS program. The call must be done by an EXEC CICS API call.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed during execution of the program.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Load Module	Display context help information.
++	Load Module	Show additional details.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Percent CPU Display context help information	
+	Percent CPU Zoom in scale.	
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.
SC	Name	Sort by call count.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

E03 - CICS CPU usage by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU consumption was distributed across the CICS transactions that were executing during the observation session.

Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by program, CICS command and SQL Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported item (transaction, program, CICS command or SQL request) to the

total CPU consumption measured in the address space. The sum of all the percentages will normally be less than 100 percent because only those CICS transactions being measured are quantified in the report. But the percentage is the portion of the total CICS region CPU consumption.

Similarly, any CICS region CPU overhead not attributable to CICS transactions will not be quantified in the report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E03 report shows a line for each CICS transaction for which CPU usage was measured. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 CICS Program
        Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command
    Level 2 CICS Program
         Level 3 SQL Request
         Level 3 SQL Request
    Level 2 CICS Program
         Level 3 DL/I Request
         Level 3 DL/I Request
       Level 2 EXEC ADABAS
              Level 3 ADABAS Request
              Level 3 ADABAS Request
       Level 2 Natural Programs
              Level 3 Natural Program
              Level 3 Natural Program
    Level 2 CICS Program
        Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
         Level 3 System Services
    Level 2 CICS Program
         Level 3 Adabas Request
         Level 3 Adabas Request
    Level 2 System Services
         Level 3 Module
         Level 3 Module
         Level 3 System Services
```

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

You can enter the "+" line command on a transaction to expand to the next level. A sample of the report with a transaction expanded to the second level of the hierarchy (CICS program) is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E03: CICS CPU Usage by Transaction (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00015
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
        NTxns/Description
                                           Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±1.5%
                                              *...1...2...3...4...5...6....7
                                            77.22 ============
DNC1
          327
→ PFSAMPC EXEC SQL
→ DFHD2EX1 CICS Program
→ PFSAMPB EXEC SQL
→ PFSAMPA EXEC SQL
→ PFSAMPA CICC
                                            35.01 =======
                                           16.38 =====
                                             8.14 ====
                                            3.59 ==
                                             3.54 ==
→ <u>PFSAMPA</u> CICS Program
→ CICS Program

→ PFSAMPB CICS Program

→ PFSAMPA EXEC CICS

→ PFSAMPC CICS Program

→ CEECCICS EXEC CICS

→ PFSAMPB EXEC CICS

FINO 295
                                             3.11 ==
                                             3.02 ==
                                             2.05 =
                                             1.89 =
                                             0.34
                                             0.09
FINO
          295
                                             8.35 ====
```

You can enter the "+" line command on a program to expand to the next level. In the sample below, a line with description "EXEC SQL" has been expanded, showing the SQL commands:

```
File View Navigate Help
E03: CICS CPU Usage by Transaction (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00027
Command ===> __
                                                        ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
      NTxns/Description
                                    Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±1.5%
Name
                                        *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7
                                    77.22 ============
         EXEC SQL
→ PFSAMPC
                                    35.01 ========
          FETCH
 → <u>+1BE2</u>
                                    13.29 =====
 → +662A
            FETCH
                                    6.56 ===
 → +0F52
            SELECT
                                    3.36 ==
                                    2.72 =
 → <u>+6E9C</u>
            SELECT
                                    2.33 =
 → +1164
            SELECT
 → +6C4C
             SELECT
                                    1.89 =
             SELECT
                                     1.85 =
 → +6248
 → +1588
            OPEN
                                    1.55 =
             OPEN
 → +64D0
                                    0.89
             CLOSE
 → +6752
                                     0.29
             CLOSE
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which CPU consumption was measured.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name The CICS transaction code.	
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed during execution of the transaction.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be CICS command lines, SQL requests, DL/I requests or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, Db2 SQL, or IMS DLI calls, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, this displays "EXEC SQL". If lines grouped under this line are DL/I request lines, this displays "EXEC DLI". Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if it is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing in the identified program during execution of the transaction under which the line appears.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This is in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the CICS command.

SQL Request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL call. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red
Description	The SQL request function — SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the SQL request.

DL/I Request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an IMS DL/I request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DL/I call. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DL/I function code followed by the PCB name.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the DL/I request.

Active module detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing in the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the Adabas request.

Natural Programs detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents processing for a Natural program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	This is the name of the Natural program for which processing occurred.
Description	The Natural library from which the Natural program was obtained.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing Natural processing.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	CICS Active Module, Command, CSECT, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Sort next level by name.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here, this one is for a CICS command:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ----- The following report line was selected -----
 | > +2C70 RETURN 0.72
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
                                                 DNC1
    CPU Measurements Servicing CICS Commands
                                                 2906
    Total Measurements
    Percent of total
                                                 0.72%
 Command Attributes
      CICS Command
                                      EXEC CICS RETURN
      Issued in Load Module
Return Offset in Module
                                      PFSAMPA
                                      +2C90
                                      PFSAMPA
      Name of CSECT
      Return Offset in CSECT
                                      +2C70
The command execution measurement counts are Executing (CPU active) 21
Suspended by CICS 0
      Delayed
         CICS dispatch delay
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
```

A sample detail window for an SQL command is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
        ----- The following report line was selected --
 | → +84D6 SELECT 1,84 =
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
    CPU Measurements Servicing Db2 SQL
                                             168
                                             1980
    Total Measurements
    Percent of total
                                             8.48%
    These quantities represent measurements of CPU usage while
    processing the indicated SQL requests.
 SQL Statement Information
    Subsystem name DSN1
                                        Attach type
    Plan name
                   PFSAMPA
                                        Plan BIND time Nov-28-04 14:11:17
    DBRM name
                 PSSAMPC
                                        DBRM token
                                                       17859595 06957A24
    DBRM date/time Nov-25-04 14:49:42
    Package ID
                   PFSAMPC
                                        Location
                                                        CABNETDb24
                                        Pkg BIND time no data
    Collectn name PFSAMPX2
                                        Static/dynamic
    SQL function
                   SELECT
                                                        Static
    Precmplr stmt# 3155
                                        DBRM section#
                                                        20
    CSECT/module PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 000084D6
   Sample count
SQL CPU time
                   69
                                        SQL req count
Service time
                                                        172
                   0.28
                    SELECT *
INTO : H ,
: H : H ,
: H : H
    SQL Statement:
                    WHERE XRATE = : H
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum CPU percentage

You can set this option to eliminate modules where the CPU percentage is below a certain threshold.

E04 - CICS mean service time by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by the CICS transactions that were executing during the observation session. Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by program, CICS command, DL/I request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for each measured transaction. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing all occurrences of a transaction by its number of occurrences. The means are expressed in units of seconds. The mean service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E04 report shows a line for each measured CICS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command

Level 2 EXEC SQL
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 2 EXEC ADABAS
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement

Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
```

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E04: CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00004
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                ----- Mean Time in Seconds -----
       <u>NTxns Description</u> <u>Error Execution</u> + <u>Suspend</u> + <u>Delay</u> = <u>Service</u>
<u>Name</u>
DNC1
        327
                                                 0.013
                              ± 5.5%
                                        0.103
                                                          0.023
                                                                    0.140
FINQ
        295
                               ± 5.8%
                                        0.012
                                                 0.000
                                                          0.011
                                                                    0.023
```

You can enter the "+" line command on a transaction to expand to the next level. A sample of the report with a transaction expanded to the second level of the hierarchy (CICS Program) is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
E04: CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00004
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                               ----- Mean Time in Seconds -----
      Name
          EXEC SQL
CICS Program
DNC1
                           ± 5.5%
                                     0.103
                                              0.013
                                                     0.023
                                                               0 140
→ PFSAMPC
                                     0.046
                                             0.000
                                                     0.004
                                                               0.051
         EXEC SQL
System
→ DFHD2EX1
                                     0.021
                                              0.011
                                                     0.002
                                                              0.035
→ PFSAMPB
                                    0.010
                                              0.000
                                                   0.002
                                                               0.013
                                 0.004
→ CICS
→ PFSAMPA
           System Services
CICS Program
                                              0.000
                                                     0.008
                                                               0.012
        CICS Program
EXEC SQL
CICS Program
                                             0.000
                                                               0.007
                                                     0.002
→ PFSAMPA
                                     0.004
                                              0.000
                                                     0.001
                                                               0.006
→ PFSAMPB
                                     0.004
                                              0.000
                                                     0.000
                                                               0.004
          CICS Program
→ PFSAMPC
                                    0.002
                                              0.000
                                                    0.000
                                                               0.002
           EXEC CICS
                                                     0.000
                                     0.002
                                              0.000
                                                               0.002
→ PFSAMPA
→ CEECCICS
                                     0.000
                                              0.000
                                                     0.000
                                                               0.000
→ PFSAMPB
           EXEC CICS
                                     0.000
                                              0.000
                                                     0.000
                                                               0.000
```

You can enter the "+" line command on a program to expand to the next level. In the sample below, a line with description "EXEC SQL" has been expanded, showing the SQL commands:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E04: CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00041
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                     ----- Mean Time in Seconds -----
                              Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service
<u>Name</u>
       NTxns Description
DNC1
                              ± 5.5%
                                         0.103
                                                   0.013
                                                           0.023
                                                                      0.140
→ <u>PFSAMPC</u>
            EXEC SQL
                                         0.046
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.004
                                                                      0.051
           FETCH
FETCH
 → <u>+1BE2</u>
                                         0.017
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.001
                                                                      0.019
 → +662A
                                         0.008
                                                   0.000 0.000
                                                                      0.009
 → +0F52
            SELECT
                                         0.004
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.005
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
 → +6E9C
            SELECT
                                         0.003
                                                                      0.004
 → +1164
             SELECT
                                         0.003
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.003
 → +6C4C
             SELECT
                                         0.002
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.002
                                         0.002
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
 → +6248
             SELECT
                                                                      0.002
                                         0.002
 → <u>+1588</u>
             OPEN
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.002
 → +64D0
            OPEN
                                         0.001
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.001
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
 → +6752
             CLOSE
                                         0.000
                                                                      0.000
             CLOSE
                                         0.000
                                                   0.000
                                                           0.000
                                                                      0.000
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of the transaction as the sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DL/I Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, Db2 SQL, or IMS DLI calls, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
NTxns	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this displays "EXEC CICS". If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, this displays "EXEC SQL". If lines grouped under this line are DL/I request lines, this displays "EXEC DLI". Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if it is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This is in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide	
The most common wait types include:		
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.	
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.	
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.	
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The SQL request function — SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide	
	The most common wait types include:	
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.	
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.	
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.	
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

DL/I request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an IMS DL/I request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DL/I command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	he DL/I function code followed by the PCB name.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the DL/I request was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DL/I request was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide	
	The most common wait types include:	
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.	
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.	
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.	
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the DL/I request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.	
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.	
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.	
Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.	
Suspend	he mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of ne transaction while the Natural was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.	
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.	
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.	

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.	
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.	
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	y/ As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	CICS Active Module, Command, CSECT, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here, this one is for a CICS command:

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ------
 | > +2C70 RETURN 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000|
 Calculation Details
     CICS Transaction
                                                         DNC1
     The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The quantities are mean times for the command for all executions of the
     transaction and are calculated as follows:
        (1) Times command observed in txn/program
        (2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                                0.006003
       (2) Duration of one sample interval
(3) (1) × (2) = total time for command
                                                                0.156078
       (4) Number of executions of transaction
(5) (3) ÷ (4) = mean time for the command
                                                             342
0.000456
                                                                342
Command Attributes
CICS Command
      Issued in Load Module PFSAMPA
Return Offset in Module +2C90
Name of CSECT PFSAMPA
Return Offset in CSECT +2C70
                                           EXEC CICS RETURN
 The command execution measurement counts are
       Executing (CPU active) 21
Suspended by CICS 5
       Delayed
           CICS dispatch delay 0
MVS delay (WAIT) 0
MVS delay (Busy) 0
```

A sample detail window for an SQL command is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
+----- The following report line was selected ------
 | → <u>+85D8</u> SELECT 0.001 0.000 0.000
Calculation Details
                                               DNC1
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated Db2 SQL call while processing this transaction. The quantities are mean times for the SQL call for all executions of the
    transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times SQL call observed in txn/program
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                    0.006003
      (3) (1) x (2) = total time for SQL call
                                                    0.558279
      (4) Number of execution of transaction
                                                    342
      (5) (3) \div (4) = mean time for the SQL call 0.001632
SQL Statement Information
    Subsystem name DSN1
                                          Attach type
                                                          SASS
                    PFSAMPA
    Plan name
                                          Plan BIND time Nov-28-04 14:11:17
    DBRM name PSSAMPC
                                          DBRM token
                                                          17859595 06957A24
    DBRM date/time Nov-25-04 14:49:42
                                          Location CABNETDb24
Pkg BIND time no data
                    PESAMPO
    Package ID
    Collectn name PFSAMPX2
                    SELECT
    SQL function
                                          Static/dynamic Static
    Precmplr stmt# 3179
                                          DBRM section#
                                                          21
    CSECT/module
                    PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 000085D8
                    93
                                          SQL req count
Service time
    Sample count
                                                          172
    SQL CPU time
                    0.28
    SQL Statement:
                     SELECT *
                     INTO : H ,
 : H : H ,
                     : H : H
FROM DEPT
                     WHERE XRATE = : H
```

E05 - CICS total service time by Txn

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by the CICS transactions that were measured during the observation session. Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by program and by CICS command.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for each measured transaction. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E05 report shows a line for each measured CICS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command
```

```
Level 2 EXEC SQL
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 ADABAS
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement
...
Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DL/I Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, Db2 SQL, or IMS DLI calls, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this displays "EXEC CICS". If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, this displays "EXEC SQL". If lines grouped under this line are DL/I request lines, this displays "EXEC DLI". Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if it is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This is in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function — SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DL/I request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an IMS DL/I request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DL/I command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DL/I function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the DL/I request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DL/I request was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the DL/I request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.
Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Natural was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E05: CICS Total Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00004
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                               ----- Mean Time in Seconds -----
      <u>NTxns Description</u> <u>Error Execution</u> + <u>Suspend</u> + <u>Delay</u> = <u>Service</u>
<u>Name</u>
DNC1
        327
                                                4.419
                                                         7.649
                              ± 5.5% 33.736
                                                                 45.805
FINQ
        295
                              ± 5.8%
                                     3.649
                                                0.000
                                                                 7.029
                                                         3.379
```

You can enter the "+" line command on a transaction to expand to the next level. A sample of the report with a transaction expanded to the second level of the hierarchy (CICS Program) is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
E05: CICS Total Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 000015
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                       ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
      Name
           EXEC SQL ± 5.5% 33.736
CICS Program 15.298
EXEC SQL 7.159
EXEC SQL
System Server
DNC1
                                                        4 419
                                                                  7 649
                                                                            45 805
                                                              1.569
0.869
0.949
2.799
0.769
→ PFSAMPC
                                                        0.000
                                                                            16.868
→ DFHD2EX1
                                                        3.709
                                                                            11.738
→ PFSAMPB
            EXEC SQL
System Services
CICS Program
EXEC SQL
CICS Program
CICS Program
EXEC CICS
EXEC CICS
EXEC CICS
                                                        0.000
                                                                           4.509
→ <u>CICS</u>
→ <u>PFSAMPA</u>
                                             1.359
                                                        0.089
                                                                             4.249
          CICS Program
EXEC SQL
CICS Program
                                           1.549
                                                        0.259
                                                                            2.579
                                                        0.000
→ PFSAMPA
                                            1.569
                                                                  0.539
                                                                            2.109
→ PFSAMPB
                                             1.319
                                                        0.179
                                                                  0.079
                                                                             1.579
→ PFSAMPC
                                            0.829
                                                        0.139
                                                                  0.000
                                                                             0.969
                                              0.899
→ PFSAMPA
                                                        0.009
                                                                  0.039
                                                                             0.949
                                              0.149
                                                        0.019
                                                                             0.199
→ CEECCICS
                                                                  0.029
→ PFSAMPB
              EXEC CICS
                                              0.039
                                                        0.009
                                                                  0.000
                                                                             0.049
```

You can enter the "+" line command on a program to expand to the next level. In the sample below, a line with description "EXEC SQL" has been expanded, showing the SQL commands:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E05: CICS Total Service Time by Txn (0817/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00027
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                       ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
                              <u>Error Execution</u> + <u>Suspend</u> + <u>Delay</u> = <u>Service</u>
<u>Name</u>
       NTxns Description
DNC1
                                                              7.649
                                ± 5.5% 33.736
                                                     4.419
→ PFSAMPC
                                                     0.000 1.569
0.000 0.579
             EXEC SQL
                                          15.298
                                                                        16.868
            FETCH
FETCH
  → <u>+1BE2</u>
                                           5.809
                                                                         6.389
                                                                       2.979
  → +662A
                                           2.869
                                                     0.000 0.109
  → +0F52
             SELECT
                                           1.469
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.239
                                                                         1.709
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.129
  → +6E9C
             SELECT
                                           1.189
                                                                         1.319
                                                              0.189
  → +1164
             SELECT
                                           1.019
                                                     0.000
                                                                         1.209
  → +6C4C
             SELECT
                                           0.829
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.109
                                                                         0.939
                                           0.809
                                                              0.079
  → +6248
             SELECT
                                                     0.000
                                                                         0.889
 → <u>+1588</u>
             OPEN
                                           0.679
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.059
                                                                         0.739
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.029
             OPEN
                                           0.389
                                                                         0.419
  → <u>+64D0</u>
  → +6752
             CLOSE
                                           0.129
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.019
                                                                         0.149
             CLOSE
                                           0.099
                                                     0.000
                                                              0.019
                                                                         0.119
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, Seqno, DL/I Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	CICS Active Module, Command, CSECT, Seqno, DL/I Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here, this one is for a CICS command:

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ------
 | > +2C70 RETURN 0.126 0.030 0.000 0.156|
 Calculation Details
     CICS Transaction
                                                           DNC1
     The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
     indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
     the transaction and are calculated as follows:
        (1) Times command observed in txn/program(2) Duration of one sample interval
       (2) Duration of one sample interval 0.006003
(3) (1) \times (2) = total time for command 0.156078
 Command Attributes
       Issued in Load Module PFSAMPA
Return Offset in Module +2C90
Name of CSECT
       name of CSECT
Return Offset in CSECT
                                              +2C70
The command execution measurement counts are Executing (CPU active) 21
Suspended by CICS 5
       Delayed
          CICS dispatch delay 0
MVS delay (WAIT) 0
MVS delay (Busy) 0
```

A sample detail window for an SQL command is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
+----- The following report line was selected ------
 | → <u>+6E9C</u> SELECT 1.189 0.000 0.129
Calculation Details
                                                DNC1
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
    the transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times SQL call observed in txn/program 132
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                     0.009999
      (2) Duration of one sample interval 0.009999
(3) (1) x (2) = total time for SQL call 1.319868
SQL Statement Information
    DBRM name PSSAMPC
    DBRM token
                     17652081 1C3E933C
    Precmplr stmt# 3179
    SQL Call Module PFSAMPC
    SQL Call CSECT
                      PFSAMPC
    SQL Call Offset 00006E9C
    SQL Function
                      SELECT
    Subsystem name
                      DSN1
    Connection Type SASS
    Package/Plan:
      Location
                      CABNETDB24
                     PFSAMPC6
      Collectn name
                      PFSAMPC
      Package ID
      Plan name
                      PFSAMPA
    SQL Req Count
    SQL Statement: SELECT *
                     INTO : H
                          : H : H
                    FROM DEP
                    WHERE XRATE = : H
```

E06 - CICS service time by task ID

Usage

Use this report to see a chronology of occurrences of CICS transactions. Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a separate line for each execution of the transaction. Expand a task number report line to see a further breakdown by program, CICS command, SQL request and DL/I request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for each measured transaction. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E06 report shows a line for each measured CICS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal a line for each occurrence of the transaction.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 2 EXEC SQL
```

```
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 2 EXEC DLI
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 4 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement
Level 5 Natural Statement
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS transaction number detail line

This detail line shows information about a single execution of the transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The 'Task ID' of the transaction. This is a sequence number assigned to the transaction by CICS. CICS increments this value for each transaction execution. It serves as a unique transaction identifier.
Description	The time of day at which the transaction was executed.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the transaction was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fourth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL request lines, DLI request lines or module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, this displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, this displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if it is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS command detail line

detail line These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This is in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide	
	The most common wait types include:	
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.	
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.	
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.	
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.	
Service	The total service time for the transaction the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

DLI request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.	
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.	
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a fifth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.
Service	The total service time for the transaction the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.	
Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Natural was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.	
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.	
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.	

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.	
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.	
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.	

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E06: CICS Service Time by Task Id (0712/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00003
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                            ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
Name Count Description Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service
CKAM
                           ±99.9%
                                    0.000
                                          141.069
                                                   0.000
                                                          141.069
       72
DNC1
                           ±11.9%
                                    0.665
                                         63.709
                                                  54.076
                                                          118.451
                           ± 7.6%
                                           0.035
```

By entering "+" on a transaction line, it is expanded into the CICS transaction occurrence detail line:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
E06: CICS Service Time by Task Id (0712/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00177
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                           ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
<u>Name Count Description</u> <u>Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service</u>
                                   ±99.9%
                                              0.000
                                                     141.069
                                                                 0.000
                                                                           141.069
CKAM
DNC1
         72
                                   ±11.9%
                                              0.665
                                                       63.709
                                                                54.076
                                                                           118.451
                                                        0.035
FINQ
         174
                                   ± 7.6%
                                              1.576
                                                                73.506
                                                                           75.118
             16:34:50.97
→ 01531
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.361
                                                                             0.361
→ 01533
             16:34:51.87
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.513
                                                                             0.513

    → 01534
    → 01536
    → 01537

             16:34:53.55
16:34:53.99
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.303
                                                                             0.303
                                                                 0.490
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                             0.490
             16:34:54.92
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.256
                                                                             0.256
→ 01539
             16:34:55.30
                                              0.035
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.490
                                                                             0.525
→ 01540
             16:34:56.39
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.482
                                                                             0.482

    → 01541
    → 01542

             16:34:58.06
16:34:58.60
                                                                 0.397
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                             0.397
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.408
                                                                             0.408
→ 01544
                                                                             0.432
             16:34:59.08
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.432
→ 01545
             16:34:59.99
                                              0.023
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.280
                                                                             0.303
→ 01547
             16:34:00.48
                                              0.011
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.361
                                                                             0.373
             16:34:00.92
                                              0.000
                                                        0.000
                                                                 0.443
                                                                             0.443
→ 01548
```

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Task ID, CICS Program	Sort next level by name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
    ------ The following report line was selected -------
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for executions of
    this transaction. The service time is the sum of execution time, suspend time and delay time. The quantities are total times for all
    executions of the transaction and are calculated as follows:
       (1) Number of times transaction observed
      (2) Duration of one sample interval 0.006003
(3) (1) \times (2) = total time for transaction 20.518254
 The transaction execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
                                       266
      Delayed
         CICS dispatch delay
                                       125
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
                                       437
 Measurement counts for service requests made by this transaction
      Program requests
                                       51
      Terminal messages
      Getmain requests
                                       10
      Freemain requests
                                       11
      File I/O requests
      File suspends
      Temporary storage requests
Transient data requests
                                       0
                                       0
      Dump system requests
                                       0
      Dump transaction requests
                                       0
      Journal requests
```

E07 - CICS wait by Txn

Usage

Use this report to see where CICS transactions were waiting. Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by resource name.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies accumulated wait as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of wait time observed for the reported item (transaction or resource), to the total number of wait observations measured in the address space. There can be many wait observations recorded for the same CICS sample.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E07 report shows a line for each CICS transaction which was observed to be in a wait. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 Wait Resource
Level 2 CICS Dispatch Delay
Level 2 MVS Delay (Wait)
Level 2 MVS Delay (Busy)
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction which was observed in a wait.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns/Description	The number of executions of the transaction, and if this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Percent wait time	The percentage of wait observations for this transaction of the total number of wait observations for the region.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed. This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS resource type or a wait type. The complete list of resource types is documented in the CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Problem Determination Guide
	The most common wait types include:
	CICS The CICS region was busy processing other transactions and could not dispatch this transaction.
	MVSWait The entire region was in a wait for an MVS service.
	MVSBusy The MVS system was busy and did not dispatch the CICS region.
	CICSSusp The transaction has been suspended by CICS while waiting on a resource.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, the transaction has been expanded to the second level.

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Resource/Wait type	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Resource/Wait type	Show additional details.
+	Transaction	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction	Sort next level by name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

E08 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent on CICS terminals that were executing during the observation session. Expand a CICS terminal report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for all measured transactions on the terminal. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing all occurrences of transactions on the terminal by the number of occurrences. The means are expressed in units of seconds. The mean service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E08 report shows a line for each measured CICS terminal, and one line for all non-terminal-attached transactions. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command

Level 2 EXEC SQL
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
...
```

```
Level 2 EXEC DLI
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 2 EXEC ADABAS
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement
Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS terminal detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS terminal for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS terminal ID. This will be the terminal ID or N/A if a terminal ID was not available during the sample. A terminal might not be available because the transaction was running while not attached to the terminal, or the transaction was not attached to the terminal during initialization or termination.
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions on this terminal.
Description	This will either be terminal transaction or nonterminal transaction.
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions for this terminal as a sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing transactions on this terminal.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of transactions on this terminal.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transactions on this terminal was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for transactions on this terminal, including execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS transaction detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of the transaction as the sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, execution of the transaction was delayed. Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons: CICS dispatch delay MVS dispatch delay MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fourth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DLI Request lines, or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DLI request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these

lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.

Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Natural was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.	
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.	
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.	

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed		
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.		
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.		
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.		

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, the transaction has been expanded to the second level.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
E08: CICS Mean Service Time by Termid (2669/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00005 Command ===>						
			Me	ean Time in	Seconds -	
ET38 342 → DNC1 342 → DFHD2EX1 → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPB → CICS → PFSAMPC → PFSAMPA → CEECCICS → PFSAMPB → CEECCICS → PFSAMPB → PFSAMPC	Terminal Attached CICS Program CICS Program CICS Program System Services CICS Program EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS	± 5.4% ± 5.4%	0.044 0.044 0.013 0.001 0.000 0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.004 0.004 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.001 0.001 0.000 0.000
ET40 325 → DNC1 325 → DFHD2EX1 → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPC → CICS → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPB → CEECCICS	Terminal Attached CICS Program CICS Program CICS Program CICS Program System Services EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS	± 5.5% ± 5.5%	0.042 0.042 0.012 0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.007 0.003 0.000	0.005 0.005 0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.056 0.016 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.001 0.000 0.000
→ <u>DNC1</u> 122 → <u>DFHD2EX1</u> → <u>PFSAMPC</u> → <u>CiCS</u> → <u>PFSAMPA</u>	Terminal Attached CICS Program CICS Program System Services CICS Program CICS Program CICS CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS EXEC CICS	± 9.0%	0.043 0.004 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.009 0.009 0.001 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.005 0.005 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.057 0.006 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.	
++	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.	
+	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.	
SV	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Terminal, Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.	
М	Load Module	Display load module information.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Name	Display context help information.	
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.	
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.	
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for a CICS command report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution
    of the indicated CICS command while processing transaction DNC1. The quantities are mean times for the command for all executions
    of the transaction and are calculated as follows:
       (1) Times command observed in txn/program(2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                           0.009999
       (3) (1) \times (2) = total time for transaction (4) NUmber of executions of transaction
                                                           0.059994
                                                           327
       (5) (3) \div (4) = mean time for the command
                                                           0.000183
 Command Attributes
                                        EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID(DNC1)
      CICS Command
      Issued in Load Module
                                        PFSAMPA
      Return offset in Module
                                        +11AE
                                        PFSAMPA
      Name of CSECT
      Return of Offset in CSECT
                                        +118E
 The command execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
      Delayed
          CÍCS dispatch delay
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
                                        0
```

A sample detail window for an SQL command is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
    ------ The following report line was selected --------
  → <u>+85D8</u> SELECT 0.001 0.000 0.000 |
 Calculation Details
   The quantities shown represent the service time for execution
   of the indicated Db2 SQL call while processing transaction DNC1. The quantities are mean times for the SQL call for all executions
   of the transaction and are calculated as follows:

 Times SQL call observed in txn/program

                                                 0.006003
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
         (1) x (2) = total time for SQL call
                                                 0.558279
      (4) Number of executions of transaction
                                                 342
      (5) (3) \div (4) = mean time for the SQL call 0.001632
 SQL Statement Information
    Subsystem name DSN1
                                     Attach type SASS
Plan BIND time Nov-28-04 14:11:17
                   PFSAMPA
   Plan name
                   PFSAMPC
    DBRM name
                                      DBRM token
                                                     17859595 06957A24
   DBRM date/time Nov-25-04 14:49:42
                   PESAMPC
   Package ID
                                      Location
                                                   CABNETDB24
   Collectn name
                   PFSAMPX1
                                     Pkg BIND time no data
                             Static/dynamic Static
    SQL function
                   SELECT
   Precmplr stmt#
                                      DBRM section#
                   3179
                   PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 000085D8
   CSECT/module
    Sample count
                   93
                                      SQL req count
                                                      172
   SQL CPU time
                                      Service time
                                                     0.54
                   0.28
                   SQL Statement
```

E09 - CICS total service time by terminal ID

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent on CICS terminals that were executing during the observation session. Expand a CICS terminal report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, program, CICS command, DLI request, and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for transactions measured on a terminal. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E09 report shows one line for each measured CICS terminal, and one line for all nonterminal attached transactions. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 2 EXEC SQL
Level 3 SQL Request
```

```
Level 3 SQL Request
...
Level 2 EXEC DLI
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
...
Level 2 EXEC ADABAS
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement
...
Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS terminal detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS terminal for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Name	The CICS terminal ID. This will be the terminal ID or N/A if a terminal ID was not available during the sample. A terminal might not be available because the transaction was running while not attached to the terminal, or the transaction was not attached to the terminal during initialization or termination.		
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions on this terminal.		
Description	This will either be terminal transaction or nonterminal transaction.		
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions for this terminal as a sample size.		
Execution	The total time, in seconds, a CPU was actively executing transactions on this terminal.		
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of transactions on this terminal.		
Delay	The total time, in seconds, execution of the transactions on this terminal was delayed.		
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:		
	CICS dispatch delay		
	MVS dispatch delay		
	MVS WAIT		
Service	The mean service time for transactions on this terminal, including execution, suspend, and delay time.		

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Name	The CICS transaction code.		
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.		
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).		
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.		
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.		
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.		
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed. Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons: CICS dispatch delay MVS dispatch delay MVS WAIT		
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.		

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL request lines, DLI request lines, or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.	
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed				
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.				
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.				
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.				
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:				
	CICS dispatch delay				
	MVS dispatch delay				
	• MVS WAIT				
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.				

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.			
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.			
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.			
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.			
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.			
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay			
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.			

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed				
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.				
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.				
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQ request was being processed.				
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.				
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.				
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:				
	CICS dispatch delay				
	MVS dispatch delay				
Service	The total service time for the transaction the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.				

DLI request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed				
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.				
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.				
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.				
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.				
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.				
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:				
	CICS dispatch delay				
	MVS dispatch delay				
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.				

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these

lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.			
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.			
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.			
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.			
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.			
Service	The total service time for the transaction the during which the identified module was executing or delayed.			

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.			
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.			
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.			
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.			
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay			
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.			

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed	
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.	

Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.			
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.			
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of he transaction while the Natural was being processed.			
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay			
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.			

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed		
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.		
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.		
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.		

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed			
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.			
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.			
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.			

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, the transaction has been expanded to the second level.

File View Navigate Help E09: CICS Total Service Time by Command ===>	Termid	 (2669/CICS2	23A)	Row 00001	of 00036
Name NTxns Description	<u>Error</u>	Execution	Total Time + <u>Suspend</u>	in Seconds + <u>Delay</u> =	Service
ET38 342 Terminal Attached → DNC1 342 → DFHD2EX1 CICS Program → PFSAMPA CICS Program → PFSAMPB CICS Program → CICS System Services → PFSAMPC CICS Program → PFSAMPC CICS Program → PFSAMPC CICS Program → PFSAMPB EXEC CICS → PFSAMPB EXEC CICS → PFSAMPB EXEC CICS → PFSAMPC EXEC CICS	± 5.4% ± 5.4%	15.207 15.207 10.912 1.085 0.743 0.851 0.545 0.641 0.179 0.179 0.065	2.795 2.795 2.597 0.053 0.071 0.011 0.059 0.000 0.000 0.000	1.637 1.637 0.755 0.215 0.221 0.077 0.305 0.041 0.017 0.000	19.640 19.640 14.265 1.355 1.037 0.941 0.911 0.683 0.197 0.179 0.065
ET40 325 → DNC1 325 → DFHD2EX1 → PFSAMPA → PFSAMPB → PFSAMPC → CICS → PFSAMPB → CICCS → PFSAMPB — CEECCICS → PFSAMPC	± 5.5% ± 5.5%	13.893 13.893 10.120 0.791 0.737 0.557 0.689 0.653 0.161 0.149 0.029	2.555 2.555 2.417 0.017 0.017 0.041 0.059 0.000 0.000 0.000	1.775 1.775 0.803 0.257 0.215 0.317 0.089 0.065 0.011 0.005 0.005	18.224
ET33 122 Terminal Attached → DNC1 122 → DFHD2EX1 CICS Program → PFSAMPC CICS Program → CICS System Services → PFSAMPA CICS Program → PFSAMPB CICS Program → PFSAMPB CICS Program → PFSAMPB EXEC CICS → PFSAMPB EXEC CICS → CEECCICS EXEC CICS	± 9.0% ± 9.0%	5.261 5.261 3.647 0.251 0.311 0.311 0.281 0.287 0.101	1.109 1.109 1.043 0.035 0.011 0.011 0.005 0.000 0.000	0.629 0.629 0.293 0.143 0.077 0.047 0.047 0.005 0.005	7.000

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.		
++	Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.		
+	Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.		
_	Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.		
SV	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.		
SN	Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.		
М	Load Module	Display load module information.		

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for a CICS command report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
 Calculation Details
   CICS Transaction
                                    DNC1
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The \,
    quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
    the transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times command observed in txn/program(2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                   0.009999
                                                   0.059994
      (3) (1) \times (2) = total time for transaction
 Command Attributes
     CICS Command
                                   EXEC CICS RETURN TRANSID(DNC1)
     Issued in Load Module
                                   PFSAMPA
                                   +11AE
     Return offset in Module
                                   PFSAMPA
      Name of CSECT
      Return of Offset in CSECT
                                   +118E
The command execution measurement counts are
     Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
                                   0
      Delayed
         CICS dispatch delay
                                   0
        MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
                                   0
```

A sample detail window for an SQL command is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
    ----- The following report line was selected ------
  → <u>+6E9c</u> SELECT
                                        1.189 0.000 0.129 |
Calculation Details
                                      DNC1
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated Db2 SQL call while processing this transaction. The quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
    the transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times SQL call observed in txn/program
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
                                                      0.009999
      (2) Dulation or one sample interval 0.009999
(3) (1) x (2) = total time for SQL call 1.319868
 SQL Statement Information
                 PFSAMPC
    DBRM name
    DBRM Token
                     17652081 1C3E933C
    Precmplr stmt# 3179
    SQL Call Module PFSAMPC
    SQL Call CSECT
                     PFSAMPC
    SQL Call Offset 00006E9C
    SQL Function
                      SELECT
    Subsystem name
                     DSN1
    Connection Type SASS
    Package/Plan:
      Location
                      CABNETDB21
      Collectn Name PFSAMPC6
                     PFSAMPC
      Package ID
      Plan Name
                     PFSAMPA
    SQL Req Count:
    SQL Statement:
                      SELECT *
                      INTO: H,
                      : H : H ,
                      FROM DEP
                      WHERE XRATE = : H
```

E10 - CICS mean service time by user ID

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by CICS users that were executing during the observation session. Expand a CICS user ID report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for all measured transactions initiated by the user. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing all occurrences of transactions initiated by the user, by the number of occurrences. The means are expressed in units of seconds. The mean service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E10 report shows one line for each measured CICS user. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement

Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS user detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS terminal for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS user ID.
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions initiated by this user.
Description	
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions by this user as a sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which a CPU was actively executing transactions initiated by this user.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of transactions initiated by this user.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transactions initiated by this user was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for transactions initiated by this user. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS transaction detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of the transaction as the sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL request lines, DLI request lines, or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command descriptor is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DLI request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these

lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.

Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Natural was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed		
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.		
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.		
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.		

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading This is displayed	
Name 4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for CPU activity is reported.	
Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, the transaction has been expanded to the second level.

<u>File View Navigate Help</u>						
E10: CICS Mean Service Time by Userid (1873/CICS32A) Row 00001 of 00032 Command ===>						
Name NTxn	s <u>Description</u>	Error	Execution	Mean Time i + <u>Suspend</u>	n Seconds + <u>Delay</u> =	Service
$\begin{array}{c} \text{AHM01} & 0 \\ \rightarrow \text{ MQS1} & 0 \\ \rightarrow \text{ MQSAMP1} \\ \rightarrow \text{ CEECCIC} \\ \rightarrow \text{ CEEPLPK} \\ \rightarrow \text{ CICS} \\ \rightarrow \text{ DFHTFP} \\ \rightarrow \text{ MQSAMP1} \end{array}$	CICS Program S EXEC CICS A EXEC CICS System Services CICS Program EXEC CICS	±99.9% ±99.9%	16.731 14.917 12.848 1.888 0.000 0.104 0.059 0.014	0.299 0.089 0.119 0.000 0.089	28.184 2.338 0.944 0.479 0.659 0.239 0.000 0.014	2.488 0.659 0.434 0.059
 → MQDR 0 → CSQ4CVK → MQDRVR → MQDRVR → CICS 	1 CICS Program EXEC CICS CICS Program System Services	±99.9%	0.359 0.239 0.089 0.014 0.014	0.404 0.254 0.044 0.104 0.000	15.966 15.696 0.224 0.044 0.000	0.164
→ CICSDB3 → CEECCIC	System Services CICS Program S EXEC CICS EXEC CICS		1.379 0.329 0.989 0.014 0.044	3.463 2.413 0.899 0.149 0.000	8.305 6.506 1.769 0.014 0.014	9.250 3.658 0.179
→ <u>DBDR</u> 0 → <u>DB2DRVR</u>	EXEC CICS	±99.9%	0.074 0.074	0.239 0.239	1.574 1.574	1.888 1.888
AGM02 0 → CKAM 0 → DFHMQMO		±99.9% ±99.9%	0.000 0.000 0.000		0.000 0.000 0.000	29.984 29.984 29.984

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	User ID, Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.
++	User ID, Transaction, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.
+	User ID, Transaction, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	User ID, Transaction, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	User ID, Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	User ID, Transaction, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for a CICS command report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
               -- The following report line was selected ------
  → +06B8 PROGRAM(CSQ4CVK1) 0.014 0.044 0.104 0.164 |
Calculation Details
                                          MODR
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The
    quantities are mean times for the command for all executions of the
    transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times command observed in txn/program
                                                    0.014992
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
      (3) (1) × (2) = total time for command
                                                    0.164912
      (4) Number of executions of transaction
(5) (3) / (4) = mean time for the command
                                                    252.263688
 Command Attributes
      CICS Command
                                     EXEC CICS LINK PROGRAM(CSQ4CVK1)
      Issued in Load Module
                                     MODRVR
      Return offset in Module
                                     +06D8
                                     MQDRVR
      Name of CSECT
      Return Offset in CSECT
                                     +06B8
The command execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
         ayed
CICS dispatch delay
      Delayed
                                     0
         MVS delay (Busy)
```

E11 - CICS total service time by user ID

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by CICS users that were measured during the observation session. Expand a CICS user ID report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for transactions measured for a CICS user. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E11 report shows one line for each measured CICS user ID. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 EXEC CICS
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 3 CICS Command
Level 2 EXEC SQL
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 DLI Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 ADABAS Request
Level 3 Natural
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 4 Natural Program
Level 5 Natural Statement

Level 2 CICS Program
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
Level 3 Module
Level 3 Module
Level 3 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS terminal detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS user for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS user ID.
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions initiated by this user.
Description	This is either Terminal Txn or Non-Terminal Txn.
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions by this user as a sample size.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which a CPU was actively executing transactions initiated by this user.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of transactions initiated by this user.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transactions initiated by this user was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for transactions initiated by this user. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS transaction detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The third-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL request lines, DLI request lines, or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command descriptor. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command description is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.	
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

DLI request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.			
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.			
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:			
	CICS dispatch delay			
	MVS dispatch delay			
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.			

Module/system services detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.			
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.			
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line appears.			
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.			
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.			
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.			

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.		
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabathe Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.		
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.		
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.		

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delayMVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Natural Programs processing detail line

One of these second-level lines appears under each CICS Transaction for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed			
Name	The heading, 'Natural' is displayed.			
Description	The heading, 'Natural Programs' is displayed.			
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while Natural was being processed.			
Suspend	he mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of ne transaction while the Natural was being processed.			
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed, while Natural was being processed, for one of the following reasons:			
	CICS dispatch delay			
	MVS dispatch delay			
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which Natural was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.			

Natural Program detail line

One of these third-level lines appears under each Natural Program for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed		
Name	The name of the Natural program is displayed.		
Description	The library from which the Natural programs was obtained is displayed.		
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.		

Natural Statement detail line

One of these fourth-level lines appears for each Natural Statement for which there is Natural processing.

Under heading	This is displayed		
Name	4 digit key for the line which is the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported.		

Description	The description of the line: "stmt #", followed by the Natural statement number for which CPU activity is reported. If the Natural statement is in an INCLUDE, the name of the INCLUDE member is shown in parenthesis.
Execution/Suspend/Delay/ Service columns	As before times in seconds are displayed in each column, execution/ Suspend/Delay/Service but just showing the time for the named Natural program.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The transaction has been expanded to the second level.

E11: CICS Total Service Time by Userid (1873/CICS32A) Row 00001 of 00032 Command ===>	<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate	<u>H</u> elp				
Name NTxns Description Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service AHM01 0 ±99.9% 16.731 4.407 28.184 49.323 → MQSAMP1 CICS Program 12.848 0.089 0.944 13.882 → CEECCICS EXEC CICS 1.888 0.119 0.479 2.488 → CEEPLPKA EXEC CICS 0.000 0.000 0.659 0.659 → CICS System Services 0.104 0.089 0.239 0.434 → DFHTFP CICS Program 0.059 0.000 0.000 0.059 → MQDRVB EXEC CICS 0.014 0.000 0.014 0.029 → MQDRVB EXEC CICS 0.014 0.000 0.014 0.029 → MQDRVR EXEC CICS 0.089 0.404 15.966 16.731 → MQDRVR EXEC CICS 0.089 0.044 0.224 0.359 → MQDRVR CICS Program 0.014 0.104 0.004 0.014 </td <td>E11: CICS Total Service Command ===></td> <td>Time by Userid (:</td> <td>1873/CICS3 </td> <td>2A) </td> <td>Row 00001 Scroll =</td> <td>of 00032 ==> <u>CSR</u></td>	E11: CICS Total Service Command ===>	Time by Userid (:	1873/CICS3 	2A) 	Row 00001 Scroll =	of 00032 ==> <u>CSR</u>
→ MQSAMP1 CICS Program → CEECCICS EXEC CICS → CEECCICS EXEC CICS → CICS → CICS → CICS → CICS → CICS → CICS → DFHTFP CICS Program → MQSAMP1 EXEC CICS → DFHTFP CICS Program → MQSAMP1 EXEC CICS → O.000 → O.059 → MQSAMP1 EXEC CICS → O.014 → O.000 → O.0000 → O.0000 → O.0000 → O.0000 → O.0000 → O.0000	Name NTxns Description	n <u>Error</u> <u>l</u>	Execution	Total Time + <u>Suspend</u>	in Seconds + <u>Delay</u> =	Service
→ CICS System Services 0.014 0.000 0.000 0.014 → TDB2 0 ±99.9% 1.379 3.463 8.305 13.147 → CICS System Services 0.329 2.413 6.506 9.250 → CICSDB3 CICS Program 0.989 0.899 1.769 3.658 → CEECCICS EXEC CICS 0.014 0.149 0.014 0.179 → CICSDB3 EXEC CICS 0.044 0.000 0.014 0.059 → DBDR 0 ±99.9% 0.074 0.239 1.574 1.888 AGM02 0 ±99.9% 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984	→ MOSAMP1 CICS Progr → CEECCICS EXEC CICS → CEEPLPKA EXEC CICS	±99.9% ram	14.917 12.848 1.888 0.000 0.104 0.059	0.299 0.089 0.119 0.000 0.089 0.000	2.338 0.944 0.479 0.659 0.239 0.000	17.555 13.882 2.488 0.659 0.434 0.059
		±99.9% ram ram rvices	0.359 0.239 0.089 0.014 0.014	0.404 0.254 0.044 0.104 0.000	15.696 0.224 0.044	16.191 0.359 0.164
→ DB2DRVR EXEC CICS 0.074 0.239 1.574 1.888 AGM02 0 ±99.9% 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984 → CKAM 0 ±99.9% 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984	→ <u>CICS</u> System Ser → <u>CICSDB3</u> CICS Progr → <u>CEECCICS</u> EXEC CICS	rvices ram	0.329 0.989 0.014	2.413 0.899 0.149	6.506 1.769 0.014	9.250 3.658 0.179
AGM02 0 ±99.9% 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984 → CKAM 0 ±99.9% 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984 → DFHMQMON EXEC CICS 0.000 29.984 0.000 29.984						
	AGM02 0 → CKAM 0 → DFHMQMON EXEC CICS	+99 9%	0.000	29.984	0.000	29.984

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	User ID, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.		
++	User ID, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.		
+	User ID, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.		
_	User ID, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.		

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
SV	User ID, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	User ID, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for a CICS command report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
  -----+ The following report line was selected -----+ \rightarrow +0750 START TRANSID(MQS1) 0.014 0.000 0.000 0.014
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
                                             MQDR
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The
    quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
    the transaction and are calculated as follows:
       (1) Times command observed in txn/program
                                                        0.014992
       (2) Duration of one sample interval
      (3) (1) \times (2) = total time for command
                                                        0.014992
 Command Attributes
      CICS Command
                                        EXEC CICS START TRANSID(MQS1)
      Issued in Load Module
                                        MQDRVR
      Return offset in Module
Name of CSECT
                                        +0770
                                        MODRVR
      Return Offset in CSECT
                                        +0750
 The command execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
      Delayed
         CICS dispatch delay
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
```

E12 - CICS CPU/service time by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how much time was used by the CICS transactions that were measured during the observation session. A prerequisite for this report is activation of the CICS+ option during the measurement. This option records exact CPU and service times for CICS transactions. Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by task number.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each CICS transaction:

- · Number of transactions executed
- Percentage of total CPU used for this transaction
- Total CPU used for this transaction
- · Mean CPU used for this transaction
- Total service time for this transaction
- Mean service time for this transaction

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded E11 report shows one line for each measured CICS user ID. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 CICS Task Number
Level 2 CICS Task Number
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	If this is a recognized CICS transaction, a functional description.
% of CPU	The percent CPU consumed by this transaction, out of the total recorded for this report.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all tasks counted for this CICS transaction. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time per CICS transaction. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all tasks for this CICS transaction. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per CICS transaction. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

CICS task number detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. It quantifies the CPU and service time for each individual CICS task run under this transaction id.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The task number of the CICS transaction.
Description	The start time of the CICS transaction.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for this task.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time for this task. This is the same as the total time since it applies to only 1 task. This shows the CPU time to 5 decimal positions.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for this task.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this task. This is the same as the total time since it applies to only 1 task. This shows the CPU time to 5 decimal positions.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The CICS transaction has been expanded to the second level (task number).

E12: CIC	CS CPU/Service Time by Tr	cansaction (186	•	-	Row 00001 _ Scroll	of 00603 ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>	NTxns Description	% of CPU		U Time- 1 <u>Mean</u>	Svc <u>Total</u>	
TDB2 → 08879 → 09180 → 08883 → 08880 → 099013 → 09013 → 09283	600 16:05:08.21 16:05:20.52 16:05:08.22 16:05:08.21 16:05:08.46 16:05:20.54 16:05:20.54 16:05:21.42	64.5%	4.25 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00709 0.01550 0.01099 0.00977 0.00965 0.00925 0.00910 0.00844 0.00842	83.55 0.09 0.05 0.15 0.09 0.13 0.16 0.21	0.13925 0.09333 0.05510 0.15520 0.09113 0.13706 0.16997 0.13625 0.21626

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Task	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Task	Show additional details.
+	Transaction	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction	Sort next level by value.

Cmd When Applied To Object		Action	
SN	Transaction	Sort next level by name.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for a CICS command report is shown below. This example shows a CICS task ID:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ----- The following report line was selected -----
CPU and Service Time for CICS Transaction
   Transaction ID
Start Time
Stop Time
                                        TDB2
                                        16:05:08.21
16:05:08.30
   Task Number
                                        08879
   Dispatch Time
CPU Time
                                        0.04277
                                        0.01550
   Suspend Time
                                        0.05055
                                       0.04030
   Dispatch Wait Time
   File Control Requests
                                        370064
   Db2 Requests
   IMS Requests
                                        0
   MQ Requests
```

Chapter 5. IMS performance analysis reports

This section describes the IMS Performance Analysis Reports.

For information about	See
The IMS data extractor	"Overview of IMS data extractor" on page 276
The IMS+ extractor	"IMS+ extractor" on page 276
IMS Multiple Address Space Support (MASS)	"Overview of IMS Multiple Address Space Support" on page 276
IO1 IMS measurement profile	"I01 - IMS measurement profile" on page 277
IO2 IMS DL/I call timeline	"I02 - IMS DL/I call timeline" on page 281
IO3 IMS transaction timeline	"I03 - IMS transaction timeline" on page 282
IO4 IMS transaction activity timeline	"I04 - IMS transaction activity timeline" on page 284
IO5 IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB	"I05 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB" on page 290
I06 IMS DL/I CPU usage by transaction	"I06 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by transaction" on page 293
IO7 IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call	"I07 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call" on page 296
IO8 IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB	"I08 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB" on page 299
IO9 IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction	"I09 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction" on page 302
I10 IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call	"I10 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call" on page 305
I11 IMS DL/I activity by PSB	"I11 - IMS DL/I activity by PSB" on page 307
I12 IMS DL/I activity by transaction	"I12 - IMS DL/I activity by transaction" on page 311
I13 IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call	"I13 - IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call" on page 314
I14 IMS PSB/PCB attributes	"I14 - IMS PSB/PCB attributes" on page 316
I15 IMS DL/I call attributes	"I15 - IMS DL/I call attributes" on page 318
I16 IMS transaction service times	"I16 - IMS transaction service times" on page 319
I17 IMS transaction DL/I call counts	"I17 - IMS transaction DL/I call counts" on page 321
I18 IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls	"I18 - IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls" on page 323
I19 IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB	"I19 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB" on page 325
I20 IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction	"I20 - IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction" on page 327
I21 IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB	"I21 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB" on page 329

For information about	See
I22 IMS Region Transaction Summary	"I22 - IMS Region Transaction Summary" on page 331

Overview of IMS data extractor

When the IMS data extractor is active all DL/I calls in the target address space are recorded each time a sample is taken. For each DL/I call in flight, all of the call parameters, SSAs etc, are recorded, as well as the module and offset from which the call was made. In a CICS region there can be multiple IMS threads active and so multiple DL/I calls can be recorded each time an IMS sample is taken in a CICS region.

Additionally, several IMS environment parameters are recorded each time a sample is taken. These parameters include, the region type and its status, the PSB, transaction code, IMS version and release, message sequence number and time stamp from the IOPCB. In the case of a CICS region, the scheduling and termination of PSBs is also recorded.

IMS+ extractor

IMS+ is an IMS measurement option (data extractor) in which the precise number of DL/I calls is counted as well as the exact DL/I service time and CPU time by DL/I call. Activating the IMS+ option automatically activates the IMS option. Many of the IMS reports require that the IMS+ extractor be used.

Note: Running measurements with the IMS+ data extractor turned on causes each IMS call to be intercepted to collect additional data. This may have a small impact on the performance of the target address space. Care should be taken when using this feature with other products that also intercept IMS calls as unpredictable results may occur. Your installer may have chosen to limit access to this feature.

Overview of IMS Multiple Address Space Support

IMS multiple address space (MASS) support allows you to measure an IMS transaction that is eligible to run in multiple MPP regions, either within a single IMS subsystem or within an IMSPlex. You specify the IMS transaction and the IMS subsystem or IMSPlex group name to measure. Application Performance Analyzer determines the MPP regions that are eligible to process the transaction and returns a list of active MPP regions in Panel 4. You select the regions you want to measure. Application Performance Analyzer creates a parent observation for each IMS subsystem and one child observation request for each selected MPP region grouped within the IMS subsystem.

To enter IMS MASS observations:

- 1. Start a NEW request.
- 2. In Panel 1 Job Information, enter a dash (-) in the Job name/Pattern field.
- 3. In Panel 5 Subsystems, enter either the IMS subsystem ID or the IMSPlex group name, and the IMS transaction code.
- 4. In Panel 4 Active Jobs, Application Performance Analyzer returns a list of active MPP regions that are eligible to process the transaction. Select the MPP regions you want to measure. The maximum number of regions you are permitted to select is determined during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer.
- 5. In Panel 2 Options, select the IMS+ data extractor.
- 6. Complete any other relevant fields for your observation request.

Once the NEW request is complete and submitted, Application Performance Analyzer creates and starts separate observation requests for each MPP region selected for measurement. The observations are displayed in the R02 Observation List as child observations under an IMS parent. You can view the IMS reports for each MPP region individually. When any of the selected MPP regions has not processed the IMS transaction during the measurement interval, the measurement has a status of Ended, with 1 Sample and no IMS reports are generated.

The NEW line command can be entered on any of the child observations or the IMS parent. When the NEW command is entered on a child observation, the new request is considered a single region request with a transaction code specification, and is initialized with the same parameter values as the original request. When the NEW line command is entered on the IMS parent of a single IMS subsystem, the new request is considered an IMS MASS request and is initialized with the same parameter values as the original request for a single IMS subsystem. The Panel 4 Active Jobs list is populated with the eligible MPP regions at the time of the new request and the desired regions must selected from the list.

101 - IMS measurement profile

Usage

Use this report to see a general overview of the IMS measurement data. This is a good report to examine first when analyzing IMS information. It provides an at-a-glance summary of various aspects of the measurement data and helps you choose which other reports to concentrate on. Information about the IMS environment is shown at the top of this report. This is followed by a series of mini performance graphs illustrating various types of measured activity.

IMS environment

This does not appear if the measurement was for a CICS region.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DFSRRC00 parms	The PARM data that was passed to DFSRRC00 (the IMS region controller) in the EXEC statement.
IMS system ID	The system name of the IMS subsystem under which the measured activity took place.
IMS region name	The JOB name/STC name of the IMS dependent region.
IMS version	The IMS version.
IMS region type	The type of dependent region: BMP, MPP, etc.
IMS function level	The IMS function level.

Performance graphs

These are histograms quantifying measurement data. To the right of some of the graphs, report codes of reports that show related and more detailed information are displayed. You can display the report by skipping the cursor to one of these fields and by pressing the ENTER key.

Most active IMS PSBs

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
IMS PSB Name	An IMS PSB name is shown and the number of samples in which processing of DL/I calls under this PSB was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time DL/I calls were being serviced under this PSB.

Most active IMS transactions

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.			
IMS Transaction Code	An IMS transaction code is shown and the number of samples in which processing of DL/I calls under this transaction was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time DL/I calls were being serviced in this transaction.			

Most active DL/I calls

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.			
DL/I Call	A DL/I call identified by three fields: a unique sequence number assigned to the DL/I call, its DL/I function code and its PCB name. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of samples in which processing this DL/I call was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion the overall measurement time all executions of this DL/I call were being serviced.			

Most CPU consumptive DL/I

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total DL/I CPU Time	The number of seconds of CPU time consumed by all executions of DL/I calls during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
DL/I Call	A DL/I call identified by three fields: a unique sequence number assigned to the DL/I call, its DL/I function code and its PCB name. The quantification and the graph show the number of CPU seconds of execution for this DL/I call.

Most frequent transactions

This requires that the IMS+ measurement option is active and the execution of IMS transaction was observed. The graphic information is based on the number of transactions counted.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total txns counted	The total number of IMS transactions counted during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
IMS transaction	The IMS transaction code and the number of executions of this transaction.

Most frequent DL/I calls

This requires that the IMS+ measurement option was active. The graphic information is based on the number of DL/I calls counted.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total DL/I calls counted	The total number of DL/I calls counted during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
DL/I call	A DL/I call identified by three fields: a unique sequence number assigned to the call, its DL/I function code and its PCB name. The number of executions of this call is quantified.

Transaction statistics

This requires that the IMS+ measurement option was active and the execution of IMS transaction was observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
IMS Txns counted	The number of IMS transactions counted during the measurement interval.
Transaction rate	The average rate, in transactions per second, at which transactions were processed during the measurement interval.
Txn observations	The number of samples transaction execution was observed.
Txn throughput	The theoretical transaction throughput, in transactions per second, based on the number of counted transactions divided by the number of seconds transactions were executing.
IMS Txn svc time	The total service time for all observed transactions.
IMS Txn CPU time	The total CPU time consumed by all observed transactions.
IMS Txn max svc	The maximum service time observed for a single transaction execution.
IMS Txn max CPU	The maximum CPU time observed for a single transaction execution.
IMS Txn min svc	The minimum service time observed for a single transaction execution.
IMS Txn min CPU	The minimum CPU time observed for a single transaction execution.

DLI call statistics

This requires that the IMS+ measurement option was active for the measurement and the execution of DLI calls was observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DLI call count	The number of DLI calls counted during the measurement session.
DLI call rate	The DLI call rate per second during the measurement session.
DLI observations	The numbers of samples taken when a DLI call was in-flight.
DLI call thruput	The DLI call throughput rate per second based on the number of DLI calls counted divided by the DLI service time.
DLI svc time	The total service time for DLI calls during the measurement session.
DLI CPU time	The total CPU time for DLI calls during the measurement session.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DLI max svc	The service time of the longest running DLI call during the measurement session.
DLI max CPU	The highest CPU time for a DLI call during the measurement session.
DLI min svc	The service time of the shortest running DLI call during the measurement session.
DLI min CPU	The lowest CPU time for a DLI call during the measurement session.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
IO1: IMS Measurement Profile (00276/IMSFMPP1)
                                                    Row 00001 of 00067
 IMS Environment ------
 DFSRRC00 parms MSG,001000000000,N00010000,,,,0,6,5,IMSF,,,,MQDC,DC,,N,
 | IMS region name IMSF
| IMS region type MPP
Most Active IMS PSBs -----
                                                       Reports:
                   5,000 100.0% ' ' ' ' ' '
 Samples
 IMSQAPGM
                      3,740 74.8% *******
Most Active IMS Transactions ------
                                                       Reports:
                      3,000 100.0% ' ' ' ' ' ' '
Samples IMSQATRN
                      3,740 74.8% *******
Most Active IMS DLI Calls -----
                                                       Reports:
U0001 GN IOPCB
00002 GU IOPCR
00002
                      5,000 100.0% ' ' ' ' ' ' '
00001 GN IOPCB 3,622 72.4% *********
00002 GU IOPCB 74 1.4% *
00003 CHNG ALTPCB 39 0.7% *
00004 ISRT ALTPCB 5 0.1% *
00005 ISRT IOPCB
                      0.00
                             0.0%
Most Frequent Transactions ------
                                                       Reports:
<u> 103</u>
```

Remainder of report after scrolling down is shown here:

File <u>View Navigate</u> I01: IMS Measurement Pr		/ADSMPF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Row 00031 of 00049
Command ===>				Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Most Frequent DL/I Call Total DLI calls counte 00001 GU IOPCB 00002 ISRT IOPCB	ed 620 206	100.0%	****	Reports: <u>IO2</u> <u>I17</u> <u>I18</u>
Transactions Statistic IMS Txns counted Txn observations	104			
IMS Txn svc time IMS Txn max svc IMS Txn min svc	0.1496 sec	İ	IMS Txn max CPU	0.0266 sec
DLI Call Statistics DLI call count DLI observations	790			
DLI svc time DLI max svc DLI min svc	0.2504 sec			5.7611 sec 0.0453 sec 0.0206 sec

IO2 - IMS DL/I call timeline

Usage

Use this report to see the chronology of DL/I calls observed during the measurement interval. Each line shows information about one executed DL/I call. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

The number of DLI calls displayed in this report is limited by the value of the IMSIMaxTraceSize parameter specified during Application Performance Analyzer installation, or by the value on panel 2 of the measurement request (if your installation has configured this field). The report is truncated when the number of DLI calls issued reaches the value specified for IMSIMaxTraceSize.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one IMS DL/I call.

Detail line hierarchy

The IO2 report shows only one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Call Seq	A sequence number assigned to the DL/I call execution.
Func	The DL/I function code.
PCB Name	The name of the PCB referenced by the DL/I call.
ID	An identifier assigned to each unique DL/I call. This is useful when examining printed reports. You can use this identifier to locate detailed information about the DL/I call in the I15 DL/I Call Attributes report.
Location	The location, in CSECT+offset format, of the return address of the DL/I call.
Stat	The PCB status code returned by IMS upon completion of the DL/I call.
Call Time	The time of day at which the DL/I call occurred.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Duration	The duration of the DL/I call in seconds.		

Sample reports

Below is an IMS DL/I call timeline sample report:

File View Navigate Help IO2: IMS DL/I Call Timeline (0805/ADSMPP) Command ===>						Row 00001 of 01128 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>	
<u>CallSeq</u>		PCB Name	<u>Id</u>	<u>Location</u>		Call Time	<u>Duration</u>
000001 000002 000003 000004 000005 000006 000007 000008 000009 000010	GU GHU GHU ISRT GHU ISRT REPL REPL ISRT	IOPCB DBSCA001 DBSCN001 DBSCA002 DBSCA002 DBSTL001 DBSTL001 DBSCA001 DBSCN001 IOPCB	0001 0002 0003 0004 0005 0006 0007 0008 0009	BBSFIN00+038C BBSAP012+0E0E BBSAP012+0EE4 BBSAP012+11086 BBSAP012+1110 BBSAP012+11B0 BBSAP012+1252 BBSAP012+131E BBSAP012+13A4 BBSFIN00+0410	QН	20:36:10.29 20:36:11.20 20:36:11.26 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.46	0.0001 0.0556 0.0133 0.0003 0.0023 0.0232 0.0003 0.0001 0.0023 0.0002
$\begin{array}{c} \underline{000011} \\ \underline{000012} \\ \underline{000013} \\ \underline{000014} \end{array}$	GU GHU GHU GHU	IOPCB DBSCA001 DBSCN001 DBSCA002	0001 0002 0003 0004	BBSFIN00+038C BBSAP012+0E0E BBSAP012+0EE4 BBSAP012+1086		20:36:11.46 20:36:11.47 20:36:11.51 20:36:11.54	0.0087 0.0396 0.0257 0.0002

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DL/I call	Display context help information.
++	DL/I call	Show additional details.
М	DL/I call	Display load module information.
Р	DL/I call	Display source program mapping.

103 - IMS transaction timeline

Usage

Use this report to see the chronology of IMS transactions observed during the measurement interval. Each line shows information about one executed IMS transaction and can be expanded to show the sequence of DL/I calls executed by the transaction. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

The number of transactions and DLI calls displayed in this report is limited by the value of the IMSIMaxTraceSize parameter specified during Application Performance Analyzer installation, or by the value on panel 2 of the measurement request (if your installation has configured this field). The report is truncated when the number of DLI calls issued reaches the value specified for IMSIMaxTraceSize.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one IMS transaction.

Detail line hierarchy

The unexpanded IO3 report shows a line for each observed IMS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 IMS Transaction Level 2 DL/I Call

Detail line descriptions

IMS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an observed IMS transaction. These lines appear in transaction chronological sequence.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
TranCode	The IMS transaction code.
PSB/PCB	The name of the PSB under which the IMS transaction was scheduled.
Location	The LTERM where the transaction originated.
Txn Time	The time of day at which the IMS transaction was initiated. This is the time at which the transaction program received control upon return from the GU-IOPCB call.
Duration	The duration of the IMS transaction in seconds. The duration is measured from the time of return from the GU-IOPCB to the time of entry to the next GU-IOPCB.

DL/I call detail line

Line This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an observed IMS DL/I Call that was executed in the transaction. These lines appear in DL/I call chronological sequence.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
TranCode	A sequence number assigned to the DL/I call execution.
PSB/PCB	The name of the PCB referred to by the DL/I call.
ID	An identifier assigned to each unique DL/I call. This is useful when examining printed reports. You can use this identifier to locate detailed information about the DL/I call in the I15 DL/I Call Attributes report.
Func	The DLI function code.
Location	The location, in CSECT+offset format, of the return address of the DL/I call.
Stat	The PCB status code returned by IMS upon completion of the DL/I call.
Txn Time	The time of day at which the DL/I call occurred.
Duration	The duration of the DL/I call in seconds.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The first TranCode has been expanded to the second level.

		 Timeli	.ne (080	5/ADSMPP)			91 of 00111 l ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>TranCode</u>	PSB/PCB	<u>Id</u>	<u>Func</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Stat</u>	<u>Txn Time</u>	<u>Duration</u>
BBSDR000	BBSFIN00					20:36:10.29	1.1639
± 000001 → 000002 → 000004 → 000005 → 000007 → 000008 → 000009 → 000010	TOPCB DBSCA001 DBSCN001 DBSCA002 DBSCA002 DBSTL001 DBSTL001 DBSCA001 DBSCN001 TOPCB	0001 0002 0003 0004 0005 0006 0007 0008 0009 0010	GU GHU GHU ISRT GHU ISRT REPL REPL ISRT	BBSFIN00+038C BBSAP012+0E0E BBSAP012+0EE4 BBSAP012+1086 BBSAP012+1110 BBSAP012+11B0 BBSAP012+1252 BBSAP012+131E BBSAP012+13A4 BBSFIN00+0410	QН	20:36:10.29 20:36:11.20 20:36:11.26 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.27 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.30 20:36:11.46	0.0001 0.0556 0.0133 0.0003 0.0003 0.0232 0.0003 0.0001 0.0023 0.0002
BBSDR000 BBSDR000 BBSDR000	BBSFIN00 BBSFIN00 BBSFIN00			TERMX09		20:36:11.47 20:36:11.55 20:36:11.58	0.0760 0.0273 0.0467

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode, DL/I call	Display context help information.
++	Trancode, DL/I call	Show additional details.
+	Trancode	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Trancode	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Trancode, DL/I call	Display load module information.
Р	Trancode, DL/I call	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode	Display context help information.
+	Trancode	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Trancode	Collapse to show only first level.

104 - IMS transaction activity timeline

Usage

Use this report to see, for each IMS transaction, how execution of that transaction was distributed over the measurement interval.

Quantification

A graph, in bar chart format, is displayed for each observed IMS transaction code. The horizontal axis represents the measurement interval which spans 50 columns. Each column represents an equal 1/50th subinterval of time. A scale is shown at the bottom of the graph indicating the percentage of time progression in the overall interval.

In each column, a vertical graph shows the approximate percentage of time during the subinterval that execution of the IMS transaction took place. A vertical bar of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 characters, extending upward from the scale, is displayed indicating the percentage of time in the subinterval execution of the indicated transaction was observed.

Detail line descriptions

IMS transaction activity distribution

A group of lines is shown for each reported transaction. Some information about the transaction appears to the left, and a bar chart appears to the right.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Txn	The IMS transaction code.
PSB	The name of the PSB and program.
Txns	The number of executions of the transaction that occurred during the measurement interval. This value is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
IO4: IMS Transaction Activity Timeline (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 00018
                      <----> 2,000 Samples: Duration 59.8 Seconds ---->
IMS Transaction
                  >80%
Txn:
     BBSDR000
PSB:
     BBSFIN00
                  >60%
                             ** * * * * * * *
Txns: 50
                  >40%
                  >20%
                            ****** * *** * * *
                  > 0%
                            ***********
                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9....*
Txn: BBSCR000
                  >80%
                  >60%
PSB: BBSFIN00
                              * * * * * * * *
Txns: 49
                              ** * * * * * * * *
                  >40%
                  >20%
                  > 0%
                             **********
                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9....*
```

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode	Display context help information.
++	Trancode	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	IMS Transaction Display	Display context help information.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
SV	IMS Transaction	Sort next level entries by value.
SN	IMS Transaction	Sort next level entries by name.

Detail lines for reports I05 through I13

This section describes the common format of detail lines shared by reports I05 through I13. These reports quantify activity based on the basis of the PSW (Program Status Word) address values observed at the time of the sample. This format is not exclusive to the IMS reports, it is also used in CPU reports such as C01, and Wait reports such as W01.

Detail lines reported for PSW sampling

Various report detail lines quantify activity on the basis of the PSW (Program Status Word) address values observed at the time of the sample. One PSW observation is recorded for each TCB. Depending on the report, the 'activity' might be: CPU usage, WAIT time, Queued time, or overall service time.

The analysis reports classify the PSW address values and aggregate them into 'objects'. The reports show each of these objects in one detail line arranged in a hierarchy. Each successive level in the hierarchy represents a more granular breakdown of the quantifications reported in the higher level items.

These objects are reported with a Name field, a Description, a quantification expressed as a percentage, and a histogram depicting the quantity. Descriptions of these detail lines are presented here.

APPLCN - Application code category

A group of lines is shown for each reported transaction. Some information about the transaction appears to the left, and a bar chart appears to the right.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	"APPLCN"
Description	"Application Code"
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in application code. The classification as application code is done on the basis of load module names and DPA (Descriptive Program Attribution) tables.

SYSTEM - System/OS services category

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	"SYSTEM"
Description	"System/OS Services"
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in system services. The classification as SYSTEM is done on the basis of load module names and DPA (Descriptive Program Attribution) tables. These include core operating system services as well as major system applications or subsystems: Db2, IMS, CICS, MQ, etc. SVC (Supervisor Call) routines and MVS Nucleus routines are included in this category.

NOSYMB - No module name found

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	"NOSYMB"

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Description	"No Module Name"
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured at addresses for which associated module names could not be determined. An example of this would be execution of instructions moved into an area of GETMAINed storage.

DPA group

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	DPA Group name
Description	Description of the DPA group. For example: MVS, IMS, Db2, SVC, LERUNLIB, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in modules in the indicated grouping.

DPA subgroup

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	DPA Subgroup name.
Description	Description of the DPA subgroup. For example: MVS, IMS, SVCTYPE1, SVCTYPE2, LEBASE, LECOBOL, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in modules in the indicated grouping.

NOSYMB address range

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	Hexadecimal address range.
Description	"Unresolved Address."
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured at the indicated address range. These are addresses for which no corresponding module name could be determined. These measurements are aggregated under the NOSYMB category. Each report line represents a 4K (4096 bytes) range of addresses. The address range is displayed under the Name heading in the format HHHHHxxx. HHHHH displays the first five hexadecimal digits of the address and xxx represents the three lower order digits: a range from X'000' to X'FFF' (decimal 0 to 4095).

SVC - Supervisor call

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	SVCnnn - where nnn is the supervisor call number in decimal.
Description	Description of the supervisor call function.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated supervisor call.

CSECT - Control section

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	CSECT (Control Section) name.	
Description	Functional description of the CSECT if one is available. Otherwise "csectname in modulename" appears.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated CSECT.	

Db2SQL - Db2 SQL processing category

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	Db2SQL"	
Description	"SQL Processing."	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while processing SQL requests.	

SQL statement

Under Heading	his is Displayed	
Name	A unique reference number assigned to the SQL statement.	
Description	The name of the program that issued the SQL request as well as the precompiler statement number of the SQL statement in PGMNAME(stmt#) format. This is followed by the SQL function name. For example: SELECT, INSERT, COMMIT, etc.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while processing the indicated SQL statement.	

DATAMG - Data management processing category

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	"DATAMG"	
Description	"Data Mgmt Processing."	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in routines that were servicing data management (DASD) requests. This includes basic access functions (such as READ and WRITE) to files. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category.	

DDNAME

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	DDNAME of a DASD file.	
Description	Access method for the indicated file: VSAM, QSAM, etc.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in routines that were servicing data management (DASD) requests for the indicated DDNAME. This includes basic access functions (such as READ and WRITE) to files. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category.	

DASD I/O request

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	Type of I/O request.	
Description	Program name and offset of the I/O request.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in routines that were servicing data management (DASD) requests for the indicated request.	

IMS PSB

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	IMS PSB Name. NONIMS to indicate IMS activity for which no PSB has been scheduled.	
Description	The type of IMS dependent region: BMP, MPP, IFP, etc.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured under the indicated IMS PSB.	

IMS transaction

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	MS transaction code.	
Description	The PSB to which the IMS transaction belongs.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while executing the indicated IMS transaction.	

IMS DL/I call

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	A unique reference number assigned to the DL/I call.	
Description	The DL/I function code followed by the PCB name followed by the relative PCB number in parentheses. The location of the call in csect+offset form follows this.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while executing the indicated DL/I call.	

IMSDLI - IMS DL/I processing category

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	"IMSDLI"	
Description	"IMS DL/I Calls."	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the processing of IMS DL/I calls.	

105 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB

Usage

Use this report to see the distribution of CPU usage in an IMS-dependent region. This report aggregates CPU usage by IMS PSB and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS PSBs are scheduled (for example, an MPP region). Both IMS and non-IMS CPU usage is reported. IMS CPU usage measured during the execution of DL/I calls is reported under detail lines, which identify each of the DL/I calls. Non-DL/I call CPU usage is reported as application code or system routines.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage of the overall CPU usage observed for the measurement interval. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of CPU active observations for the object on the report detail line to the total number of CPU active observations in the measurement.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded IO5 report shows a line for each IMS PSB in which CPU usage was observed. The name field reports the PSB name. IO5 reports CPU usage for which there was no IMS PSB on a separate line named NONIMS. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
        Level 3 DL/I call identification
Level 4 Category
                     Level 5 Load module
                         Level 6 CSECT
                 Level 4 SVC total
                     Level 5 SVCnnn
                         Level 6 Load module
                              Level 7 CSECT
    Level 2 APPLCN - application code
       Level 3 Load module
                 Level 4 CSECT
    Level 2 SYSTEM - system routines
        Level 3 Category
                 Level 4 Load module
        Level 5 CSECT Level 3 SVC total
                 Level 4 SVCnnn
                     Level 5 Load module
                          Level 6 CSECT
    Level 2 NOSYMB - no load module name
        Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

PSB detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS PSB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	IMS PSB Name. NONIMS to indicate IMS activity for which no PSB has been scheduled.	
Description	The type of IMS dependent region: BMP, MPP, IFP, etc.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured under the indicated IMS PSB.	

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the second level.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
                                                   Row 00001 of 00008
IO5: IMS CPU Usage by PSB (0805/ADSMPP)
                                                  ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===>
                             \underline{\text{Percent of CPU time} \, \star \, 10.00\%} \quad \pm 10.1\%
<u>Name</u>
        <u>Description</u>
                            Not IMS Execution
                             1.01 =
NONIMS
        System/OS Services
→ SYSTEM
                             1.01 =
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information
++	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details
+	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level
-	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level
SV	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value
SN	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
Р	Load Module, DL/I call, CSECT, SQL command	Display source program mapping
C01	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C01 report subset
C02	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset
C03	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C03 report subset
C08	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C08 report subset
C09	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level
-	Description	Reduce field size
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale
SV	Name	Sort next level by value
SN	Name	Sort next level by name

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                     More: +
   ----- The following report line was selected ------
 Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call CPU measurements
                                          98
                                          BBSFIN00
   Total CPU measurements
                                          98.98%
   Percent of total
 IMS PSB Information
                                   IMS_system
   PSB Name
                  BBSFIN00
                                                    IMSP
   No.of PCBs
                                      LIST=NO PCBs
                                      DL/I calls
                                                    1010
   Txn count
                  611
   Sample count
                    Type DBD/LTRM PROCOPT
          Name
          IOPCB
                                          YES
           ALT1
                    ΤP
                                          YES
       3
           ALT2
                     TP
                                          YES
           DBSCN001
                         DBSCN000
       4
                     DB
                                          YES
           DBSCN002
                         DBSCN000
                                          YES
       6
7
           DBSCN003
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                          YES
           DBSCI001
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                          YES
       8
           DBSCI002
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                          YES
       9
           DBSCI003
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                          YES
      10
           DBSCA001
                         DBSCA000
                                          YES
      11
           DBSCA002
                         DBSCA000
                     DB
                                          YES
      12
           DBSCA003
                                          YES
                         DBSCA000
      13
           DBSTL001
                     DB
                         DBSTL000
                                          YES
           DBSTL002
      14
                         DBSTL000
                                          YES
      15
           DBSTL003
                         DBSTL000
                                          YES
      16
           DBSCNA01
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                          NO
      17
           DBSCNA02
                     DR
                         DBSCN000
                                          NO
      18
           DBSCNA03
                         DBSCN000
                                          NO
           DBSCIA01
                         DBSCI000
                                          NO
```

106 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see the distribution of CPU usage in an IMS-dependent region. This report aggregates CPU usage by IMS transaction and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS transactions are scheduled (for example, an MPP region). Both IMS and non-IMS CPU usage is reported. IMS CPU usage measured during the execution of DL/I calls is reported under detail lines, which identify each of the DL/I calls. Non-DL/I call CPU usage is reported as application code or system routines.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage of the overall CPU usage observed for the measurement interval. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of CPU active observations for the object on the report detail line to the total number of CPU active observations in the measurement.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I06 report shows a line for each IMS transaction in which CPU usage was observed. The name field reports the transaction code. I06 reports CPU usage for which no IMS transaction was

active under a line identifying the PSB name. If no IMS PSB was active the CPU usage is reported under a line named "NONIMS." You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Trancode, PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
        Level 3 DL/I call identification
Level 4 Category
                     Level 5 Load module
                          Level 6 CSECT
                  Level 4 SVC total
                      Level 5 SVCnnn
                          Level 6 Load module
                               Level 7 CSECT
    Level 2 APPLCN - application code
        Level 3 Load module
                 Level 4 CSECT
    Level 2 SYSTEM - system routines
        Level 3 Category
Level 4 Load module
                     Level 5 CSECT
        Level 3 SVC total
                 Level 4 SVCnnn
                     Level 5 Load module
                           Level 6 CSECT
    Level 2 NOSYMB - no load module name
         Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

Transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS transaction. A PSB line is reported for any activity under IMS that is not under an IMS transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	IMS transaction code.
Description	The PSB to which the IMS transaction belongs.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while executing the indicated IMS transaction.

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the second level.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	TranCode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, DL/I call, SQL command	Display source program mapping.
C01	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C01 report subset.
C02	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset.
C03	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C03 report subset

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
	Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C08 report subset.
C09	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

107 - IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call

Usage

Use this report to see the distribution of CPU usage across IMS DL/I calls. IO7 reports only CPU activity that occurred during processing of DL/I calls.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage of the total CPU usage observed for all DL/I call processing. CPU usage observed outside of DL/I call processing is excluded from the calculation. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of CPU active observations for the object described by the report detail line to the total number of CPU active observations in DL/I call processing.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded IO7 report shows a line for each IMS DL/I call in which CPU usage was observed. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique DL/I call. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 DL/I call identification

Level 2 Category

Level 3 Load module

Level 4 CSECT

Level 2 SVC total

Level 3 SVCnnn

Level 4 Load module

Level 5 CSECT
```

Detail line descriptions

See "Detail lines for reports IO5 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
IO7: IMS CPU Usage by DL/I Call (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 00039
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                    Percent of DLI CPU time * 10.00% ±18.5%
<u>Name</u>
       00001
GHU-DBSTL001(13) BBSAP 6.66 ===
00006
       IMS Subsystem 3.33 ==
SVC Routines 3.33 ==
     REPL-DBSCN001(4) BBSAP 6.66 ===

IMS Subsystem 6.66 ===
00018
       IMS Subsystem
→ <u>IMS</u>
       DBSCA001(10) BBSAP 6.66 === 6.66 ===
00002
→ SVC
       DBSCN001(4) BBSAP 6.66 ===
00009
         IMS Subsystem
                         6.66 ===
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	CSECT, DL/I call, SQL command	Display source program mapping.
C01	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C01 report subset.
C02	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset.
C03	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C03 report subset
C08	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C08 report subset.
C09	Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ------
 Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call CPU measurements
                                      14
   Total CPU measurements
                                      30
   Percent of total
                                      46.66%
DL/I Call Information
                                   PSB Name
   Function code GU
                                                BBSFIN00
   PCB Name
                IOPCB
                                   IMS Id-Region IMSP-ADSMPP
                1 Call type CBLTDLI
BBSFIN00 in BBSFIN00 Offset of call 0000038C
   PCB Number
   CSECT/module
                                   Call count
   Sample count
                10
                                                 60
   DLI CPU time
                0.14
                                   Service time
                                                0.19
```

108 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB

Usage

Use this report to identify any delays caused by wait conditions in IMS regions. This report shows wait time by IMS PSB and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS PSBs are scheduled (for example, a MPP region). Only wait time observed when an IMS PSB is active is reported. Wait time is identified both within the processing of DL/I calls and outside of DL/I call processing.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) and IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time as a percentage of the overall time IMS PSBs were active. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of samples in which the active IMS program was waiting to the total number of samples IMS programs were active. Any time when no IMS programs were active is excluded. This ensures that quantifications are not distorted by inactive intervals such as those that occur between scheduled transactions.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I08 report shows a line for each IMS PSB that was observed. The name field reports the PSB name. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
    Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
Level 3 DL/I call identification
                 Level 4 Category
                     Level 5 Load module
                          Level 6 CSECT
                 Level 4 SVC total
                     Level 5 SVCnnn
                         Level 6 Load module
                              Level 7 CSECT
    Level 2 APPLCN - application code
        Level 3 Load module
                 Level 4 CSECT
    Level 2 SYSTEM - system routines
        Level 3 Category
                 Level 4 Load module
                      Level 5 CSECT
```

```
Level 3 SVC total
Level 4 SVCnnn
Level 5 Load module
Level 6 CSECT

Level 2 NOSYMB - no load module name
Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

PSB detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	IMS PSB Name. NONIMS to indicate IMS activity for which no PSB has been scheduled.
Description	The type of IMS dependent region: BMP, MPP, IFP, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured under the indicated IMS PSB.

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

```
File View Navigate Help
IO8: IMS WAIT Time by PSB (0805/ADSMPP)
                                                            Row 00001 of 00020
                                                              Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===>
          Description
                                      Percent of Time * 10.00% ±3.5
 <u>Name</u>
                                      *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8
→ IMSDLI
  <del>→</del> 00012
  → 00003
  → <u>00011</u>
            GHU-DBSCA001(10) B
                                 1.91 ==
          GHU-DBSCA001(10) B
  → <u>00002</u>
                                1.78 ==
  → 000015 GHU-DBSILUU1(10) - 00018 REPL-DBSCN001(4) B
            GHU-DBSTL001(13) B
                                 0.25
                                 0.25
→ SVC SVC Routines 5.33

→ LERUNLIB Language Environme 0.25
                                 5.35 ====
→ APPLCN Application Code 3.56 ==

→ BKN00SUP Application Progra 1.65 =

→ BKN00102 Application Progra 1.14 =

→ BKN00101 Application Progra 0.38

→ BKN00103 Application Progra 0.25
                                 3.56 ===
  → BKN00111 Application Progra
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, DL/I call, SQL command	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                       More: +
   ----- The following report line was selected ------
 Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call wait time measurements
                                          647
                                          BBSFIN00
   Total measurements
                                          82.42%
   Percent of total
IMS PSB Information
   PSB Name
                  BBSFIN00
                                      IMS system
                                                     IMSP
   No.of PCBs
                                       LIST=NO PCBs
                  27
                                                     1010
   Txn count
                                      DL/I calls
                  611
   Sample count
                    Type DBD/LTRM PROCOPT
          Name
          IOPCB
                                           YES
           ALT1
                     ΤP
                                           YFS
       3
           ALT2
                     TP
                                           YES
           DBSCN001
       4
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                           YES
           DBSCN002
                         DBSCN000
                                           YES
       6
7
           DBSCN003
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                           YES
           DBSCI001
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                           YES
       8
           DBSCI002
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                           YES
       9
           DBSCI003
                     DB
                         DBSCI000
                                          YES
      10
           DBSCA001
                         DBSCA000
                                          YES
      11
           DBSCA002
                         DBSCA000
                     DB
                                           YFS
      12
           DBSCA003
                     DB
                         DBSCA000
                                          YES
      13
           DBSTL001
                     DB
                         DBSTL000
                                          YES
           DBSTL002
      14
                     DB
                         DBSTL000
                                           YES
      15
           DBSTL003
                         DBSTL000
                                          YES
      16
           DBSCNA01
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                          NO
      17
           DBSCNA02
                     DB
                         DBSCN000
                                          NO
      18
           DBSCNA03
                         DBSCN000
                                           NO
           DBSCIA01
                         DBSCI000
                                          NO
```

109 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction

Usage

Use this report to identify any delays caused by wait conditions in IMS regions. This report shows wait time by IMS transaction and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS transactions are scheduled (for example, a MPP region). Only wait time observed when an IMS PSB is active is reported. Wait time is identified both within the processing of DL/I calls and outside of DL/I call processing.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time as a percentage of the overall time IMS PSBs were active. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage, which represents the ratio of the number of samples in which the active IMS program was waiting compared to the total number of samples IMS programs were active. Any time during when no IMS programs were active are excluded. This ensures that quantifications are not distorted by inactive intervals such as those that occur between scheduled transactions.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded IO9 report shows a line for each IMS transaction observed. The name field reports the transaction code. In the event that no IMS transaction was active but a PSB was active, the PSB will be identified in the report line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Trancode, PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
Level 3 DL/I call identification
```

```
Level 4 Category
Level 5 Load module
Level 6 CSECT

Level 4 SVC total
Level 5 SVCnnn
Level 6 Load module
Level 7 CSECT

Level 2 APPLCN - application code
Level 3 Load module
Level 4 CSECT

Level 2 SYSTEM - system routines
Level 3 Category
Level 3 Category
Level 5 CSECT

Level 3 SVC total
Level 4 SVCnnn
Level 5 Load module
Level 6 CSECT

Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

Transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS transaction. For any activity under IMS which is not under an IMS transaction a PSB line is reported.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	IMS transaction code.
Description	The PSB to which the IMS transaction belongs.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while executing the indicated IMS transaction.

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
IO9: IMS WAIT Time by TXn (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 00026
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                 <u>Description</u>
                                                           Percent of Time * 10.00% ±3.5
                                                           *...<u>1....2....3....4...</u>.5....6....7....8
             BBSDR000
→ IMSDLI
   → 00003
   → 00002
   → 00002 GHU-DBSCA001(10) B 1.78

→ 00006 GHU-DBSTL001(13) B 0.12

→ 00001 GU-IOPCB(1) BBSFIN 0.22

→ 00007 TSPT-DBST1001(13) 0.12
\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \ \underline{00007} \\ \rightarrow \ \underline{00007} \\ \rightarrow \ \underline{SYSTEM} \\ \rightarrow \ \underline{SVC} \\ \end{array} ISRT-DBSTL001(13) System/OS Services SVC Routines
                                                    0.12
                                                   3.69 ===
                                                    3.43 ===
   → <u>LERUNLIB</u> Language Environme 0.25
\rightarrow APPLCN Application Code 3.56 = 

→ BKN00SUP Application Progra 1.65 = 

→ BKN00102 Application Progra 1.14 =
                                                    3.56 ===
                                                   1.65 =
   → <u>BKN00101</u> Application Progra 0.38

→ <u>BKN00103</u> Application Progra 0.25
   → <u>BKN00111</u> Application Progra 1.12 =
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode, PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, DL/I call, SQL command	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
          ---- The following report line was selected --
 Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call wait time measurements
                                      336
                                      BBSDR000
   IMS transaction
   Total measurements
                                      785
                                      42.80%
   Percent of total
IMS Transaction Information
                                   IMS system
                                                IMSP
   IMS Trancode
                BBSDR000
   PSB name
                BBSFIN00
                                   Txn count
                                                 50
   Total time
                10.1332
                                   Total CPU time 0.4327
```

I10 - IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call

Usage

Use this report to identify delays caused by wait conditions in specific DL/I calls. This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time as a percentage of the total time observed for all DL/I call processing. Time observed outside of DL/I call processing is excluded from the calculation. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of wait samples for the object described by the report detail line to the total number of samples in DL/I call processing.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I10 report shows a line for each IMS DL/I call. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique DL/I call. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 DL/I call identification

Level 2 Category

Level 3 Load module

Level 4 CSECT

Level 2 SVC total

Level 3 SVCnnn

Level 4 Load Module

Level 5 CSECT
```

Detail line descriptions

See "Detail lines for reports IO5 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	DL/I call, CSECT, SQL command	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
       ----- The following report line was selected ------
Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call wait time measurements
                                       276
   Total measurements
                                       611
                                       45.17%
   Percent of total
DL/I Call Information
   Function code GHU
                                  PSB Name
                                                 BBSFIN00
                DBSCN001
                                                 IMSP-ADSMPP
   PCB Name
                                   IMS Id-Region
   PCB Number
                 4
                                   Call type
                                                 CBLTDLI
   CSECT/module
                BBSAP011 in BBSAP011 Offset of call 00000E68
   Sample count
DLI CPU time
                                   Call count
                277
                                                 49
                0.02
                                                 8.21
                                   Service time
   SSA/FSA
                 01 SBSCNTL (CNTLNUM =...)
```

I11 - IMS DL/I activity by PSB

Usage

Use this report to see how time is consumed in IMS-dependent regions. All time is reported regardless of whether the time is CPU usage or wait. This report shows activity by IMS PSB and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS PSBs are scheduled (for example, a MPP region). Only time observed while an IMS PSB was active is reported. Time is identified both within the processing of DL/I calls and outside of DL/I call processing but only when an IMS PSB is active.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as a percentage of the overall time IMS PSBs were active. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of samples in which the active IMS program was observed compared to the total number of samples IMS programs were active. Any time when no IMS programs were active is excluded. This ensures that quantifications are not distorted by inactive intervals such as those that occur between scheduled transaction.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I11 report shows a line for each IMS PSB in which activity was observed. The name field reports the PSB name. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Trancode, PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
Level 3 DL/I call identification
                  Level 4 Category
                      Level 5 Load module
                           Level 6 CSECT
                  Level 4 SVC total
                      Level 5 SVCnnn
                          Level 6 Load module
                                Level 7 CSECT
    Level 2 APPLCN - application code
       Level 3 Load module
                 Level 4 CSECT
    Level 2 SYSTEM - system routines
         Level 3Category
                  Level 4 Load module
                      Level 5 CSECT
         Level 3 SVC total
                  Level 4 SVCnnn
                      Level 5 Load module
                           Level 6CSECT
    Level 2 NOSYMB - no load module name
         Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

PSB detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	IMS PSB Name. NONIMS to indicate IMS activity for which no PSB has been scheduled.
Description	The type of IMS dependent region: BMP, MPP, IFP, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured under the indicated IMS PSB.

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
I11: IMS DL/I Activity by PSB (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 00034
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                             Percent of Time * 10.00% ±3.5
          <u>Description</u>
                                    *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8
GHU-DBSCA001(10) B
REPL-DBSCN001(4) B
  → 00011
                               1.91 ==
  → 00018
                                0.50
  → 00006
            GHU-DBSTL001(13) B
                                0.38

    → 00015
    → 00009

            GHU-DBSTL001(13) B
                                0.38
            REPL-DBSCN001(4) B
                                0.38
  → <u>00007</u>
            ISRT-DBSTL001(13)
                                0.38

    → 00004
    → 00017

            GHU-DBSCA002(11) B
                                0.12
            REPL-DBSCA001(10)
                                0.12
 → 00013

→ 00013

→ 00008

→ 00008 REPL-DBSCA001(10) 0.12

→ 00010 ISRT-IOPCB(1) BBSF 0.12

16.94
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	PSB, DL/I call, Category, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	DL/I call, CSECT, SQL command	Display source program mapping.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
C01	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C01 report subset.
C02	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset.
C03	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C03 report subset
C08	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C08 report subset.
C09	PSB, DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

I12 - IMS DL/I activity by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see how time is consumed in IMS-dependent regions. All time is reported regardless of whether the time is CPU usage or wait. This report shows activity by IMS transaction and is meaningful when measuring a region in which multiple IMS transactions are scheduled (for example, a MPP region). Only time observed while an IMS PSB was active is reported. Time is identified both within the processing of DL/I calls and outside of DL/I call processing but only when an IMS PSB is active.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as a percentage of the overall time IMS PSBs were active. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of samples in which the active IMS program was observed compared to the total number of samples IMS programs were active. Any time when no IMS programs were active is excluded. This ensures that quantifications are not distorted by inactive intervals such as those that occur between scheduled transaction.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I12 report shows a line for each IMS transaction observed. The name field reports the transaction code. In the event that no IMS transaction was active but a PSB was active, the PSB will be identified in the report line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Trancode, PSB Name or 'NONIMS'
Level 2 IMSDLI - DL/I call execution
        Level 3 DL/I call identification
                 Level 4 Category
                     Level 5 Load module
                          Level 6 CSECT
                 Level 4 SVC total
                     Level 5 SVCnnn
                          Level 6 Load module
                               Level 7 CSECT
    Level 2 APPLCN - application code
Level 3 Load module
                 Level 4 CSECT
    Level 2SYSTEM - system routines
        Level 3 Category
                 Level 4 Load module
                     Level 5 CSECT
         Level 3 SVC total
                 Level 4 SVCnnn
                      Level 5 Load module
                          Level 6 CSECT
    Level 2 NOSYMB - no load module name
         Level 3 hexadecimal addresses
```

Detail line descriptions

Transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It aggregates activity by IMS transaction. A PSB line is reported for any activity under IMS that is not under an IMS transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	IMS transaction code
Description	The PSB to which the IMS transaction belongs.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured while executing the indicated IMS transaction.

Other detail lines

Other detail lines are subcategories and show objects based on observed PSW addresses. See <u>"Detail</u> lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
I12: IMS DL/I Activity by Txn (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 00046
Command ===> ____
                                                              ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Name
           <u>Description</u>
                                        Percent of Time * 10.00% ±3.5
                                        *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8
          BBSDR000
           IMSDLI
                                  38.47 ==========
  → 00003
             GHU-DBSCA001(10) B 2.16 ==
GU-IOPCB(1) BBSFIN 1.27 ==
 → 00002
 → 00001
           GU-IOPCB(1) BBSFIN
GHU-DBSTL001(13) B
REPL-DBSCN001(4) B
  → 00006
                                   0.38
             REPL-DBSCN001(4) B
  → 00009
                                   0.38
              ISRT-DBSTL001(13)
  → <u>00007</u>
                                   0.38
             GHU-DBSCA002(11) B
  → <u>00004</u>
                                   0.12
   80000
             REPL-DBSCA001(10)
             ISRT-IOPCB(1) BBSF 0.12
  → 00010
→ <u>SYSTEM</u> System/OS Services
→ <u>SVC</u> SVC Routines
                                   9.29 ======
                                  8.53 =====
  → SVC
  → <u>LERUNLIB</u> Language Environme 0.50
  → MVS
         MVS System
Application Code
             MVS System
                                   0.25
 APPLCN
                                  4.58 ===
  → BKN00SUP Application Progra 2.03 ==

→ BKNCS102 Application Progra 1.14 ==
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
-	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, CSECT, DL/I call, SQL Display source program m	
C01	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C01 report subset.
C02	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset.
C03	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C03 report subset
C08	Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C08 report subset.
C09	Trancode, PSB, Category, DL/I call, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ------ The following report line was selected ------
Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call activity measurements
                                       412
                                       BBSDR000
   IMS transaction
   Total measurements
                                       52.48%
   Percent of total
IMS Transaction Information
                                 IMS system
   IMS Trancode BBSDR000 PSB name BBSFIN00 Total time 10.1332
                                                  TMSP
                 BBSFTN00
                                    Txn count
                                                  50
                                    Total CPU time 0.4327
```

I13 - IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call

Usage

Use this report to see how time is consumed in IMS-dependent regions by specific DL/I calls. All time is reported regardless of whether the time is CPU usage or wait.

This report is intended for measurements of IMS-dependent regions (MPP, BMP, FPP) as well as IMS batch DL/I regions.

Note:

You should not use this report to analyze CICS measurements.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as a percentage of the total time observed for all DL/I call processing. Time observed outside of DL/I call processing is excluded from the calculation. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage representing the ratio of the number of samples for the object described by the report detail line to the total number of samples in DL/I call processing.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I13 report shows a line for each IMS DL/I call. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique DL/I call. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 DL/I call identification

Level 2 Category

Level 3 Load module

Level 4 CSECT

Level 2 SVC total

Level 3 SCVnnn

Level 4 Load module

Level 5 CSECT
```

Detail line descriptions

See "Detail lines for reports I05 through I13" on page 286.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below. The report is expanded to the third level.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display context help information.
++	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Show additional details.
+	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Expand to reveal next level.
-	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by value.
SN	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, SQL command	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module, CSECT	Display load module information.
Р	DL/I call, CSECT, SQL command	Display source program mapping.
C01	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address Display C01 report subset.	
C02	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C02 report subset.
C03	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address Display C03 report subset	
C08	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address Display C08 report subset.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
C09	DL/I call, Category, Load Module, SVC, CSECT, SQL command, Unresolved Address	Display C09 report subset.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size.
+	Percent CPU	Zoom in scale.
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
-	Description	Reduce field size.
-	Percent CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ----- The following report line was selected ------
 Calculation Details
   IMS DL/I call activity measurements
                                         277
   Total measurements
                                         611
   Percent of total
                                         45.33%
DL/I Call Information
                                     PSB Name
IMS Id-Region
   Function code GHU
                                                    BBSFIN00
   PCB Name
                  DBSCN001
                                                    IMSP-ADSMPP
                 4 Call type CBLTDLI
BBSAP011 in BBSAP011 Offset of call 00000E68
   PCB Number
   CSECT/module
Sample count
                  277
                                      Call count
                                                    49
   DLI CPU time
                  0.02
                                     Service time
                                                    8.21
                  01 SBSCNTL (CNTLNUM =...)
```

I14 - IMS PSB/PCB attributes

Usage

This report is intended primarily for use when analyzing measurements using printed reports. Use I14 to look up detailed information about PSBs (and their PCBs) referred to by detail lines in other reports. When analyzing data in interactive mode, you can look up this information by pressing the ENTER key (or entering the "++" line command) on any detail line that refers to the PSB.

Detail line descriptions

PSB information

The following information is reported for each PSB:

Under Heading	This is Displayed
PSB Name	The name of the PSB.
IMS System	The system ID of the IMS subsystem. This information might not be available for a CICS measurement.
No. of PCBs	The number of PCBs in the PSB. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.
LIST=NO PCBs	The number of PCBs in the PSB defined with the LIST=NO option. These PCBs are not visible to the application in the PSB list passed by IMS. They are accessed by symbolic name using the AIB interface. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.
Txn Count	The number of IMS transactions under this PSB counted during the measurement. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.
DL/I calls	The number of DL/I calls executed under this PSB during the measurement. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.
Sample count	The number of times execution under this PSB was sampled.

PCB information

The PCBs are listed if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
PSBNum	The relative PCB number.
Name	The symbolic name of the PCB defined in the label field of the PCB macro.
Туре	TP or DB indicates a data communications or data base PCB.
DBD/LTRM	The data base name for a data base PCB. The PCB LTERM parameter value for a data communications PCB.
PROCOPT	The processing options for a data base PCB.
LIST	Indicates whether the PCB was defined as LIST=YES or LIST=NO.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

I14: IMS PS Command ===	File View Navigate Help I14: IMS PSB/PCB Attributes (0805/ADSMPP) Command ===>			Row 00001 of 00036	
IMS PSB In:	formation for P	SBName BBSF	INOO		
PSB Name BBSFIN00 No.of PCBs 27 Txn count 99 Sample count 611		LIST	system =NO PCBs calls	IMSP 12 1010	
PCBNum 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Name Type TOPCB TP ALT1 TP ALT2 TP DBSCN0001 DB DBSCN0002 DB DBSC1001 DB DBSC1002 DB DBSC1003 DB DBSC4004 DB DBSCA005 DB DBSCA001 DB DBSCA003 DB DBSTL001 DB DBSTL003 DB DBSTL004 DB DBSTL005 DB DBSCNA01 DB DBSCNA02 DB DBSCNA03 DB	DBSCN000 DBSCN000 DBSCN000 DBSC1000 DBSC1000 DBSCA000 DBSCA000 DBSCA000 DBSTL000 DBSTL000 DBSTL000 DBSTL000 DBSCN0000 DBSCN0000 DBSCN0000 DBSCN0000	PROCOPT A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	LIST YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES YES	

I15 - IMS DL/I call attributes

Usage

This report is intended primarily for use when analyzing measurements using printed reports. Use I15 to look up detailed information about DL/I calls referred to by detail lines in other reports. When analyzing data in interactive mode, you can look up this information by pressing the ENTER key (or entering the "++" line command) on any detail line that refers to the DL/I call.

Detail line descriptions

DL/I call information

The following information is reported for each DL/I call:

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
DL/I Call ID	A unique reference number assigned to the call.	
Function Code	The DL/I function code.	
PSB Name	The name of the PSB under which all occurrences of this DL/I call executed.	
PCB Name	The name of the PCB referenced by the DL/I call.	
IMS ID-Region	The ID of the IMS subsystem and the name of the IMS-dependent region.	
PCB Number	The relative PCB number in its PSB.	
Call Type	The language interface used by the call: <asmtdli, cbltdli,="" etc.=""> was sampled.</asmtdli,>	
CSECT/Module	The CSECT name and load module of the DL/I call.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Offset of call	The offset in the CSECT of the call.	
Sample count	The number of times activity in this DL/I call was sampled.	
Call count	The number of occurrences of this DL/I call observed. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.	
DL/I CPU time	The number of seconds of CPU time consumed by all occurrences of the DL/I call. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.	
Service time	The number of seconds of service time for all occurrences of the DL/I call. This information is available only if the IMS+ measurement option was enabled.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

```
File View Navigate Help
I15: IMS DL/I Call Attributes (0805/ADSMPP)
                                                                             Row 00001 of 0192
Command ===> _____
                                                                               __ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
DL/I Call Id 00001
   Function code GU PSB Name BBSFIN00
PCB Name IOPCB IMS Id-Region CBLTDLI
CSECT/module BBSFIN00 in BBSFIN00 Offset of call 0000038C
Sample count 9 Call count 60
DL/I CPU time 0.14 Service time 0.19
DL/I Call Id 00002
                       GHU PSB Name
DBSCA001 IMS Id-Region
10 Call type
   Function code GHU
                                                                            BBSFIN00
   PCB Name
                                                                            IMSP-ADSMPP
   PCB Number
                                                                            CBLTDLI
   CSECT/module BBSAP012 in BBSAP012 Offset of call Sample count 16 Call count
                                                                            00000E0E
                                                                            50
                                                  Service time
   DLI CPU time 0.04
                                                                          0.66
  SSA/FSA
                       01 SBSABAS (ACCTNUM =...)
```

I16 - IMS transaction service times

Usage

Use this report to see information about IMS transaction service times. This report is meaningful only when measuring an IMS-dependent region in which transactions are executed. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Use this report to see information about IMS transaction service times. This report is meaningful only when measuring an IMS-dependent region in which transactions are executed. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Detail line hierarchy

The I16 report shows one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

The following information is reported for each DL/I call:

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
TranCode	The IMS transaction code.	
PSB/PGM	The name of the PSB and program.	
Counts: Txns	The number of executions of the transaction that occurred during the measurement interval.	
Counts: Fetch	The number of times the program was fetched by IMS. In general, the program is fetched when the transaction is scheduled. The number of fetches of the program is also affected by the limit count value for the transaction. A high fetch count could mean that a performance improvement might be realized by raising the limit count or pre-loading the program.	
Counts: Sched	The number of times the program was scheduled for successive executions of the transaction. This is the count of sets of consecutive transaction executions that occurred before QC status was returned to the GU-IOPCB call.	
Total Time	The total execution time of the transaction during the measurement interval.	
Avg/Txn	The average execution time for the transaction based on the measurement interval.	
CPU Time	The total CPU time consumed by all executions of the transaction during the measurement interval.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Trancode	Display context help information.
++	Trancode	Show additional details.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

I17 - IMS transaction DL/I call counts

Usage

Use this report to see information about the number of DL/I calls issued by each of the measured IMS transactions. This report is meaningful only when measuring an IMS-dependent region in which transactions are executed. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one IMS transaction.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded I17 report shows a line for each IMS transaction code for which transaction execution was observed. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 IMS Transaction
Level 2 DL/I Call
```

Detail line descriptions

IMS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about one IMS transaction code.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Tran/PCB	The IMS transaction code.
PSB/DBD	The name of the PSB and program.
PCBNum	No data is reported in the transaction detail line.
Func	No data is reported in the transaction detail line.
DL/I Call Count: Total	The total number of DL/I calls counted for all executions of the transaction during the measurement interval.
DL/I Call Count: Minimum	The minimum number of DL/I calls observed in a single execution of the transaction during the measurement interval.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DL/I Call Count: Maximum	The maximum number of DL/I calls observed in a single execution of the transaction during the measurement interval.
DL/I Call Count: Average	The average number of DL/I calls per transaction for all executions of the transaction during the measurement interval.

DL/I call detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a DL/I call for which execution was observed under the transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Tran/PCB	The name of the PCB referenced by the indicated DL/I call.
PSB/DBD	The DBD name for the DL/I call for database calls.
PCBNum	The relative PCB number of the PCB referenced by the DL/I call.
Func	The DL/I function code.
DL/I Call Count: Total	The total number of occurrences of the indicated DL/I call counted for all executions of the transaction during the measurement interval.
DL/I Call Count: Minimum	The minimum number of occurrences of the indicated DL/I call observed in a single execution of the transaction during the measurement interval.
DL/I Call Count: Maximum	The maximum number of occurrences of the indicated DL/I call observed in a single execution of the transaction during the measurement interval.
DL/I Call Count: Average	The average number of occurrences of the indicated DL/I call per transaction during the measurement interval.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Trancode, PCB	Display context help information.	
+	Trancode	Show additional details.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
-	Trancode	Collapse to hide next level.	
++	Trancode, PCB	Show additional details.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Tran/PCB	Display context help information.
+	Tran/PCB	Expand to reveal all entries.
-	Tran/PCB	Collapse to show only first level.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

I18 - IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls

Usage

Use this report to see information about exact CPU times and service times for DL/I calls. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one DL/I call.

Detail line hierarchy

The I18 report shows one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Call A unique reference number assigned to the DL/I call.	
Func	The DL/I function code.
PCB Name	The name of the PCB referenced by the DL/I call.
Location	The location of the DL/I call in CSECT+offset format.
Count	The number of executions of the DL/I call counted.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Svc time/Prcnt	The total service time for all executions of this DL/I call and the percentage of the total DL/I call service time.
CPU time/Prcnt	The total CPU time consumed by all executions of this DL/I call and the percentage of the total DL/I call CPU time.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate	<u>H</u> elp					
I18: IM Command			me by DL/I Call					
<u>Call</u>	<u>Func</u>	PCB Name	<u>Location</u>	Count		DL/I Pro <u>e/Prcnt</u>	cessing Time CPU Time	
<u>0012</u>	GHU	DBSCN001	BBSAP011+0E68	49	8.210	44.4%	0.028	4.8%
0003	GHU	DBSCN001	BBSAP012+0EE4	50	7.823	42.3%	0.031	5.4%
0002	GHU	DBSCA001	BBSAP012+0E0E	50	0.664	3.5%	0.048	8.3%
<u>0011</u>	GHU	DBSCA001	BBSAP011+0D92	49	0.590	3.1%	0.047	8.2%
<u>0001</u>	GU	IOPCB	BBSFIN00+038C	119	0.557	3.0%	0.148	25.8%
0015	GHU	DBSTL001	BBSAP011+111E	49	0.134	0.7%	0.045	7.8%
0006	GHU	DBSTL001	BBSAP012+11B0	50	0.114	0.6%	0.043	7.5%
0018	REPL	DBSCN001	BBSAP011+12EA	49	0.107	0.5%	0.036	6.2%
0009	REPL	DBSCN001	BBSAP012+13A4	50	0.075	0.4%	0.035	6.1%
0007	ISRT	DBSTL001	BBSAP012+1252	50	0.072	0.3%	0.027	4.7%
0010	ISRT	IOPCB	BBSFIN00+0410	99	0.034	0.1%	0.010	1.7%
0016	ISRT	DBSTL001	BBSAP011+11C0	49	0.016	0.0%	0.015	2.6%
0013	GHU	DBSCA002	BBSAP011+0FF4	49	0.015	0.0%	0.011	1.9%
0004	GHU	DBSCA002	BBSAP012+1086	50	0.014	0.0%	0.010	1.7%
0005	ISRT	DBSCA002	BBSAP012+1110	50	0.011	0.0%	0.011	1.9%
0014	ISRT	DBSCA002	BBSAP011+107E	49	0.011	0.0%	0.011	1.9%

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DL/I Call	Display context help information.
++	DL/I Call	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Call	Display context help information.
SV	Call	Sort next level by value.
SN	Call	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

I19 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB

Usage

Use this report to see information about exact CPU times and service times for DL/I calls by PSB. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one PSB.

Detail line hierarchy

The I19 report shows one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
PSB Name	The IMS PSB name.	
Txn Count	The number of transaction executions counted under the indicated PSB.	
DL/I Count	The number of DL/I calls counted under the indicated PSB.	
Svc time/Prcnt	The total service time for all executions of DL/I calls under the indicated PSB and the percentage of the total DL/I call service time.	
CPU time/Prcnt	The total CPU time consumed by all executions of DL/I calls under the indicated PSB and the percentage of the total DL/I call CPU time.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

```
File View Navigate Help

I19: IMS CPU/Service Time by PSB (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 0001 Scroll ===> CSR

Txn DL/I ---- DL/I Processing Time ----
PSB Name Count Count Svc Time/Prcnt CPU Time/Prcnt

BBSFIN00 101 1010 18.466 100.0% 0.573 100.0%
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	PSB Name	Display context help information.		
++	PSB Name	Show additional details.		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	PSB Name	Display context help information.	
SV	PSB Name	Sort next level by value.	
SN	PSB Name	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

BBSFINOC	The	e follo	owing report 1010 18	line wa 3.466 1	as selected 100.0% 0.57	3 100.0%
						+
MS PSB In PSB Nam	formation	DECETN	90	7	MS system	TMCD
No.of P	CBs 2	77	30	I	IMS system IST=NO PCBs	12
Txn cou	int	99		Ī	L/I calls	1010
Sample	count 6	511				
PCBNum	Nama	Туре	DBD/LTRM	PROCOPT	LIST	
1	IOPCB	TP	DDD/ LTKIT	i kocoi i	YES	
2	ALT1	TP			YES	
3	ALT2	TP			YES	
4	DBSCN001	DB	DBSCN000	Α	YES	
5	DBSCN002	DB	DBSCN000	Α	YES	
6	DBSCN003	DB	DBSCN000	A	YES	
7 8	DBSCI001	DB DB	DBSCI000	A	YES	
9	DBSCI002 DBSCI003	DB DB	DBSCI000 DBSCI000	A A	YES YES	
10	DBSCA001	DB	DBSCA000	Â	YES	
11	DBSCA002	DB	DBSCA000	Ä	YES	
12	DBSCA003	DB	DBSCA000	A	YES	
13	DBSTL001	DB	DBSTL000	Α	YES	
14	DBSTL002	DB	DBSTL000	Α	YES	
15	DBSTL003	DB	DBSTL000	A	YES	
16	DBSCNA01	DB	DBSCN000	A	NO NO	
17 18	DBSCNA02 DBSCNA03	DB DB	DBSCN000	A A	NO NO	
19	DBSCNA03	DB DB	DBSCN000 DBSCI000	A	NO NO	
20	DBSCIA01	DB	DBSCI000	A	NO NO	
21	DBSCIA02	DB	DBSCI000	Ä	NO	
22	DBSCAA01	DB	DBSCA000	A	NO	
23	DBSCAA02	DB	DBSCA000	Α	NO	
24	DBSCAA03	DB	DBSCA000	Α	NO	
25	DBSTLA01	DB	DBSTL000	Α	NO	

I20 - IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see information about exact CPU times and service times for DL/I calls by IMS transaction. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one IMS transaction code.

Detail line hierarchy

The I20 report shows one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
TranCode	The IMS transaction code.
Txn Count	The number of executions of the transaction that occurred during the measurement interval.
Txn Total Time: Service	The total service time for all execution in the indicated transaction. This includes DL/I call execution and all other program execution.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Txn Total Time: CPU	The total DL/I CPU time consumed by all execution in the indicated transaction. This includes DL/I call execution and all other program execution.
Svc time/% of Txn	The total service time for all executions of DL/I calls in the indicated transaction. The percentage indicates how much of the service time was in DL/I call processing. This total does not include GU-IOPCB wait times (not attributed to transaction service time) and may differ from other reports.
CPU time/% of Txn	The total CPU time for all executions of DL/I calls in the indicated transaction. The percentage indicates how much of the CPU time was in DL/I call processing.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

```
File View Navigate Help

I20: IMS CPU/Service Time by Transaction (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 0002 Scroll ===> CSR

Txn -- Txn Total Time ---- DL/I Processing Time ----- TranCode Count Service CPU Time Svc time %of Txn CPU Time %of Txn

BBSDR000 50 10.133 0.432 8.995 88.7% 0.372 86.1% BBSCR000 49 9.438 0.407 9.316 98.7% 0.356 87.4%
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	TranCode	Display context help information.		
++	TranCode	Show additional details.		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	TranCode	Display context help information.
SV	TranCode	Sort next level by value.
SN	TranCode	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

I21 - IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB

Usage

Use this report to see information about exact CPU times and service times for DL/I calls by individual PCB. The IMS+ feature must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

Quantification

Each report line shows information pertaining to one DL/I call.

Detail line hierarchy

The I21 report shows one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
PSB Name	The PSB name.
PCB Name	The name of the PCB.
PCBNum	The relative PCB number.
Count	The total number of executions of DL/I calls that referenced the indicated PCB.
Svc time/Percent	The total service time for all executions of DL/I calls in the indicated PCB and the percentage of the total DL/I service time.
CPU time/Percent	The total CPU time consumed by all executions of DL/I calls in the indicated PCB and the percentage of the total DL/I CPU time.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown below.

```
File View Navigate Help

I21: IMS CPU/Service Time by PCB (0805/ADSMPP) Row 00001 of 0002 Scroll ===> CSR

------ DL/I Call Counts -----

PSB Name PCB Name PCBNum Count Svc time/Percent CPU Time/Percent

BBSFIN00 DBSCN001 4 198 16.216 87.8% 0.131 22.8% BBSFIN00 DBSCA001 10 198 1.268 6.8% 0.106 18.4% BBSFIN00 IOPCB 1 218 0.591 3.2% 0.158 27.5% BBSFIN00 DBSCA002 11 198 0.337 1.8% 0.132 23.0% BBSFIN00 DBSCA002 11 198 0.053 0.2% 0.044 7.6%
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	PCB	Display context help information.		
++	РСВ	Show additional details.		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	PSB Name	Display context help information.
SV	PSB Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	PSB Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

BBSFIN00	The	followi	ng report lir 198 16.2	ne was selec	ted	+
						+
MS PSB In	formation					
PSB Nam		BBSFIN00		IMS syste	m	IMSP
No.of P	nt 9	27		LIST=NO P DL/I call		
Sample		511		DL/I Call	.5	1010
·						
PCBNum ₁	Name Topon	<u>Type</u>	DBD/LTRM	<u>PROCOPT</u>	LIST	
1 2	IOPCB ALT1	TP TP			YES YES	
3	ALT2	TP			YES	
4	DBSCN001	DB	DBSCN000	Α	YES	
5	DBSCN002	DB	DBSCN000	Α	YES	
6	DBSCN003	DB	DBSCN000	Α	YES	
7	DBSCI001	DB	DBSCI000	A	YES	
8 9	DBSCI002 DBSCI003	DB DB	DBSCI000 DBSCI000	A A	YES YES	
10	DBSC1003	DB DB	DBSC1000	A	YES	
11	DBSCA001	DB	DBSCA000	Ä	YES	
12	DBSCA003	DB	DBSCA000	Ä	YES	
13	DBSTL001	DB	DBSTL000	Α	YES	
14	DBSTL002	DB	DBSTL000	Α	YES	
15	DBSTL003	DB	DBSTL000	A	YES	
16 17	DBSCNA01 DBSCNA02	DB DB	DBSCN000 DBSCN000	A A	NO NO	
18	DBSCNA02	DB	DBSCN000	Ä	NO NO	
19	DBSCIA01	DB	DBSCI000	Ä	NO	
20	DBSCIA02	DB	DBSCI000	A	NO	
21	DBSCIA03	DB	DBSCI000	Α	NO	
22	DBSCAA01	DB	DBSCA000	A	NO	
23	DBSCAA02	DB	DBSCA000	A	NO	
24 25	DBSCAA03 DBSTLA01	DB DB	DBSCA000 DBSTL000	A A	NO NO	

I22 - IMS Region Transaction Summary

Usage

Use this report to view a summary of the transactions that executed in the measured IMS Dependent Region. Each detail line summarizes a transaction code with the count of that transaction and the averages for Service time (duration), CPU time, and DL/I calls. The IMS+ feature must be enabled before the measurement. If the Db2+ feature is active, the average SQL calls is reported. If the MQ+ feature is active, the average MQ calls is also reported. The total line sums the transaction counts and reports the average values across all transactions for the other columns.

By default, the detail lines are sorted in ascending transaction code (Name) sequence (SN). You can also request that the data be sorted by transaction count. Enter the SV line command on TranCode heading field to sort by transaction count. The lines are sorted in ascending transaction counts. Entering either SN or SV a second time sorts the lines in the reverse order.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each transaction code.

- The transaction code.
- · The PSB name.
- The number of times that transaction code executed.
- The average service time (duration) per transaction.
- The average CPU time per transaction.

- The average DL/I calls per transaction.
- The average SQL calls per transaction.
- The average MQ calls per transaction.

The CPU time applies only to the region that is being measured. Any execution in other address spaces is not reported.

Detail line hierarchy

The I22 report shows only one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
TranCode	The IMS transaction code.
PSB Name	The name of the PSB.
Txn count	The number of executions of the transaction that occurred during the measurement interval.
Svc/Trn	The average service time of the transaction.
CPU/Trn	The average CPU time consumed by the transaction.
DLI/Trn	The average number of DLI calls for the transaction.
SQL/Trn	The average number of SQL calls for the transaction.
MQ/Trn	The average number of MQ calls for the transaction.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
I22: IMS Region Transaction Summary (0798/IMSDMPP1) Row 00001 of 00013
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
   Command ===> _____
   IMS region name IMSDMPP1

        Imsortal
        Imsortal

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3.50
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       4.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      4.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    1.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       4.00
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         0.00
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0.56
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here. You can always enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction Code	Display context help information.
++	Transaction Code	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	TranCode	Display context help information.
SV	TranCode	Sort next level by value (Txn count).
SN	TranCode	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" or press the Enter key on any line to display a window that contains additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

Chapter 6. Db2 performance analysis reports

This section describes the Db2 Performance Analysis Reports.

For information about	See
The Db2 data extractor	"Overview of Db2 data extractor" on page 336
The Db2+ data extractor	"The Db2+ data extractor" on page 336
Displaying SQL Statement Text	"Displaying SQL Statement Text" on page 337
SQL statement sequence numbers	"SQL statement sequence numbers" on page 338
Db2 Multiple Address Space Support	"Overview of Db2 Multiple Address Space Support" on page 338
F01 Db2 session statistics	"F01 - Db2 measurement" on page 338
F02 Db2 SQL activity timeline	"F02 - Db2 SQL activity timeline" on page 342
F03 Db2 SQL activity by DBRM	"F03 - Db2 SQL activity by DBRM" on page 346
F04 SQL execution summary	"F04 - Db2 SQL activity by statement" on page 349
F05 Db2 SQL activity by plan	"F05 - Db2 SQL activity by plan" on page 353
F06 SQL statement attributes	"F06 - Db2 SQL statement attributes" on page 356
F07 Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM	"F07 - Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM" on page 358
F08 Db2 SQL wait time by statement	"F08 - Db2 SQL wait time by statement" on page 361
F09 Db2 SQL wait time by plan	"F09 - Db2 SQL wait time by plan" on page 364
F10 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM	"F10 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM" on page 366
F11 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Stmt	"F11 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by stmt" on page 369
F12 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan	"F12 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by plan" on page 373
F13 Db2 SQL threads analysis	"F13 - Db2 SQL threads analysis" on page 376
F14 Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc	"F14 - Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc" on page 377
F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc	"F15 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc" on page 381
F16 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave	"F16 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave" on page 384
F17 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid	"F17 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid" on page 387
F18 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn	"F18 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn" on page 390
F19 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr	"F19 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr" on page 394
F30 - Db2 Class 3 Wait Times	"F30 - Db2 Class 3 Wait Times" on page 397

For information about	See
Db2 EXPLAIN report	"Db2 EXPLAIN report" on page 407
Db2SQL Category in report C01	"DB2SQL category in C01 report" on page 410

Overview of Db2 data extractor

In order to use the Db2 Performance Analysis Reports, the Db2 data extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You must select the Db2 data extractor in the Schedule New Measurement panel.

The Db2 extractor collects measurement data directly related to SQL activity. During each sampling interval, Application Performance Analyzer interrogates Db2 to determine if the application or transaction is currently performing a Db2 request. If it is, a Db2 measurement record is created that describes the request. If the request was to process an SQL statement then details of the SQL statement are also recorded. These Db2 records later are analyzed to produce the Db2 reports.

The Db2+ data extractor

There is a second Db2 data extractor called Db2+. You will see this if your installation has it enabled, and your TSO ID has authority to use it.

Turning on the Db2+ data extractor allows Application Performance Analyzer to collect the data required to report exact SQL request counts, SQL CPU time, SQL Service Time, and to collect Db2 accounting data from SMF. The Db2+ data extractor needs to be selected to produce report F10, F11, F12, F15, F16, F17, F18, F19, and F30. Also some fields in the F01 report require Db2+.

Turning on Db2+ will insure that the SQL text reported on SQL statements is accurate. Without Db2+ turned on, it is possible for the SQL text to be incorrect. This is true for both static and dynamic SQL.

Note: Running Application Performance Analyzer measurements with the Db2+ data extractor turned on causes each Db2 call to be intercepted to collect additional data. This might have a small impact on the performance of the target address space. Care should be taken when using this feature with other products that also intercept Db2 calls as unpredictable results might occur. Your installer might have chosen to limit access to this feature.

Measuring DDF activity

If you measure a Db2 DDF address space with the Db2+ extractor turned on, Application Performance Analyzer captures the remote SQL activity detected in the address space. The data is reported in the following reports: F02, F10, F11, F12, F15, F16, F17, F18 and F19. The only other report available for a DDF measurement is S01 Measurement Profile.

For DDF measurements only, Application Performance Analyzer records the enclave CPU time, zIIP time, and zIIP on CP time for each observed SQL call.

There are some limitations when reporting on a DDF address space:

- 1. The SQL calls observed will not correlate one-for-one with those issued by the application at the requester site. Some calls will not be observed because they are not sent to the DDF address space.
- 2. Multiple SQL calls can be issued by Db2 when processing a particular SQL call. For example, an OPEN call could result in FETCH and CLOSE calls being issued by the DDF address space. These calls will have the same statement number as the OPEN call.
- 3. When a CALL statement results in invoking a stored procedure in the same Db2 subsystem, the stored procedure calls can also be observed in the DDF address space.
- 4. Some dynamic SQL statements can be shown as static. This is because the DDF address space is treating them as though they are static.
- 5. The SQL function of remote SQL calls display as the actual SQL function, however because they are remote:

- The SQL text might not be accurate.
- Issuing an EXPLAIN request against a SQL statement with a type of Remote SQL can result in an error at the server rather than being caught in the TSO session of the user.
- 6. Some SQL calls have a statement type of Remote SQL instead of the expected SQL type. For example, INSERT and DELETE calls are observed as Remote SQL. As a consequence:
- 7. A CALL statement might not always have SQL text available.
- 8. A DESCRIBE statement does not have any SQL text available.

Note:

- 1. If you want to select a DDF address space from a list when setting up the measurement, enter *DIST in the Job Name pattern field, unless your organization has changed the DDF address space naming standard. In that case, contact your Db2 system administrator to obtain the name of the DDF address space in your organization.
- 2. If you want to limit the scope of a DDF measurement, you may filter the measurement for specific Correlation Id, End User Id and/or Workstation Id in Panel 5 of the NEW dialog.
- 3. The Number of Samples specified for a DDF measurement is not used because each DDF call is intercepted rather than sampled. The number of samples will always be converted to approximately one per second.

Displaying SQL Statement Text

When SQL statement text is displayed in a Db2 report, a limit of up to 4,000 characters, or up to 15,000 characters is displayed, depending on the circumstances. SQL statements exceeding the limit are truncated.

For non-DDF observations, the SQL text for dynamic SQL can be up to 15,000 characters long. If the Db2V option is selected, then static SQL text can also be up to 15,000 characters long. Otherwise, static SQL text is limited to 4,000 characters.

For DDF observations, the SQL text for dynamic SQL can be up to 15,000 characters long. Static SQL statements are limited to 4,000 characters.

When the execution of a SQL statement is unsuccessful, Db2 sets a negative SQLCODE. In this situation, Application Performance Analyzer displays the negative SQLCODE in the Db2 reports, rather than the SQL statement text. Report F11 SQL CPU/Service Time by Statement provides a SETUP option to limit the display of SQL statements to only those that ended successfully or to only those that ended unsuccessfully.

SQL statement text formatting

SQL statement text is displayed unformatted in the main body of the Db2 reports. Complex SQL statements may be difficult to interpret, therefore for readability purposes the SQL statement text in the report detail windows is displayed formatted. To view the formatted SQL text in the detail window, use the '++' line command or press the Enter key as a shortcut. If statement formatting fails for any reason, it is displayed unformatted in the detail window with an accompanying warning message.

When a formatted static SQL statement is displayed, all tokens are separated by a single space, with two possible exceptions:

- Between a host variable marker and a host variable name, for example :H
- Between escaped qualified references, for example. "#SALES". "\$TARGETS"

When a formatted dynamic SQL statement is displayed:

- All tokens except escaped identifiers and string literals are displayed in upper case.
- All excess whitespace characters (including line breaks and tabs) are removed.
- All comments are removed.
- All tokens are separated by a single space.

If the unformatted SQL statement text is truncated and leaves a trailing string literal or escaped identifier with no terminating delimiter, the formatted SQL statement text will display with a matching closing delimiter appended, to prevent a parsing error.

SQL statement text with DBCS identifiers (for example, Japanese or Korean) is always displayed unformatted.

SQL statement sequence numbers

A sequence number is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to each unique SQL statement observed during the measurement. In most Db2 reports, this sequence number is preceded by either "S" or "D" indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic. Application Performance Analyzer will stop sampling when 99,999 unique SQL statements are observed. When this maximum is reached the observation request is cancelled with the reason 'Maximum SQL statements exceeded'.

Overview of Db2 Multiple Address Space Support

Db2 multiple address space (MASS) support allows you to create a request to measure a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function, regardless of which WLM region it executes in.

You can also measure Db2 activity in stored procedures and user-defined functions that are invoked from any job you are measuring, by selecting the Collateral Db2 data extractor (CDB2). In this case, the measured job does not have to be a stored procedure or user-defined function.

To enter a Db2 MASS observation that measures a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function:

- 1. Start a NEW request.
- 2. In Panel 1 Job Information, enter a dash (-) in the Job name/Pattern field.
- 3. In Panel 5 Subsystems, enter the Db2 subsystem name, the schema name, and the stored procedure name or the user-defined function name. You must also indicate whether you are measuring a stored procedure or a user-defined function.
- 4. In Panel 2 Options, select the Db2 data extractor.
- 5. Complete any other relevant fields for your observation request.

Once the NEW request is complete and submitted, Application Performance Analyzer creates and starts an observation request for the Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function. It will execute for the duration specified on the NEW request.

To enter an observation that measures a Db2 batch job that invokes a Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function:

- 1. Start a NEW request.
- 2. In Panel 1 Job Information, enter the batch job name in the Job name/Pattern field.
- 3. In Panel 2 Options, select the Db2+ and CDB2 data extractors.
- 4. Complete any other relevant fields for your observation request.

Once the NEW request is complete and submitted, Application Performance Analyzer creates and starts an observation request for the Db2 batch job. Because the collateral Db2 extractor is on, when the Db2 batch job calls the stored procedure or user-defined function, Application Performance Analyzer generates a separate measurement. This measurement is displayed in the R02 Observation List as child observations under the parent.

F01 - Db2 measurement

Usage

Use this report to see a general overview of the Db2 measurement data. This is a good report to examine first when analyzing Db2 information. It provides an at-a-glance summary of various aspects of the measurement data and helps you choose which other reports to concentrate on. The first section of this report consists of a series of mini performance graphs illustrating various types of activity that was measured. This is followed by a section that reports measurement values.

Performance graphs

These are histograms quantifying measurement data. To the right of some of the graphs, report codes of reports that show related and more detailed information are displayed. You can display the report by skipping the cursor to one of these fields and by pressing the ENTER key.

Most Active Db2 Plans

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
Db2 Plan Name	A Db2 plan name is shown and the number of samples in which processing of SQL requests under this plan was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time SQL requests were being serviced under this Db2 plan.

Most active package/DBRMs

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
Package or DBRM Name	A package or DBRM name is shown and the number of samples in which processing of SQL requests in this Package/DBRM was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time SQL requests were being serviced in this Package/DBRM.

Most active SQL statements

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samples	The number of samples done during the measurement upon which this graph is based. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
SQL Statement	The DBRM name, precompiler statement number, SQL function and the number of samples in which processing of this SQL request was observed. The percentage and the graph represent the proportion of the overall measurement time this SQL request was being serviced.

Most CPU consumptive SQL

This requires that the Db2+ measurement option was active.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total SQL CPU Time	The number of seconds of CPU time consumed by all executions of SQL requests during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
SQL Statement	The DBRM name, precompiler statement number, SQL function and the number of CPU seconds of execution for this statement.

Most frequent SQL statements

This requires that the Db2+ measurement option was active. The graphic information is based on the number of SQL requests counted.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total SQL Calls Counted	The total number of SQL requests counted during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
SQL Statement	The DBRM name, precompiler statement number, SQL function and the number of SQL requests counted for this statement.

Single SQL call service time

This requires that the Db2+ measurement option was active.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total SQL Service Time	The number of seconds of service time for all executions of SQL requests during the measurement. This number represents 100 percent of the data upon which the graph is based and is used as the divisor to compute the percentages shown in other lines in the graph.
SQL statement identification	The DBRM name, precompiler statement number, SQL function and the number of seconds of service time for this statement.

Db2 measurement statistics

A grid of values is shown for the overall Db2 measurement and then a separate grid for each Db2 subsystem. If only one subsystem was observed then only one grid appears.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Db2 Subsystem Name	The name of the Db2 subsystem.
Db2 Version	The version of Db2 for the subsystem.
Db2 Catalog Level	The catalog level for the Db2 subsystem (applicable for only Db2 v12 and later versions, not applicable for v11 and earlier versions).
Db2 Code Func Lvl	The code level for the Db2 subsystem. It relates directly to the maintenance level of the Db2 subsystem (applicable for only Db2 v12 and later versions, not applicable for v11 and earlier versions).

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Db2 Curr Func Lvl	The currently activated function level for the Db2 subsystem (applicable for only Db2 v12 and later versions, not applicable for v11 and earlier versions).
SQL Calls Sampled	The number of unique SQL requests in which samples were taken.
SQL observations	The number of samples in which SQL activity was observed.
SQL Calls Executed	The number of SQL requests executed determined on the basis of lower and upper REQCT values for each of the Db2 threads.
Avg SQL call rate	This is the average number of SQL calls per second for the measurement interval. This is based on the SQL calls counted value if it was measured (Db2+ option active). Otherwise it is based on the SQL calls executed value.
SQL Calls Counted	The number of SQL requests counted by the Db2+ measurement feature. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement. This is an exact SQL request count for the measurement interval.
SQL throughput	A theoretical SQL request throughput rate based on the number of SQL requests for the portion of the measurement interval SQL processing was occurring. (Time other non-SQL application activity was taking place is excluded.) This is based on the SQL calls counted value if it was measured (Db2+ option active). Otherwise it is based on the SQL calls executed value.
SQL service time	The total service time for SQL processing. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.
SQL CPU time	The total CPU time in the measured region for SQL processing. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.
SQL max time	The maximum service time for a single SQL call. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.
SQL max CPU	The maximum CPU time for a single SQL call. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.
SQL min time	The minimum service time for a single SQL call. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.
SQL min CPU	The minimum CPU time for a single SQL call. This value is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was selected for the measurement.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, it is a scrollable report, and is shown here split into two screen images.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F01: Db2 Measurement Profile (1354/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00060
Command ===> _____
                              _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Most Active Db2 Plans -----
                                    Reports:
Most Active Package/DBRMs -----
                                    Reports:
1,173 11.7% **
302 3.0% *
235 2.3% *
PFSAMPC
PFSAMPB
PFSAMPA
           10,000 100.0%
Most Active SQL Statements -----
                                    Reports:
Samples
Most CPU consumptive SQL -----
                                    Reports:
```

F02 - Db2 SQL activity timeline

Usage

Use this report to see information about the chronology of SQL requests that were sampled over the duration of the measurement and to identify any calls with excessive service times. Each line shows information about one SQL call. By default, the detail lines are sorted chronologically by Db2 thread. You can also request that the data be sorted in descending sequence by SQL call duration. Enter the "SD" line command on the "Threads" heading field to sort in this sequence. This will bring to the top of the report any SQL calls that might have had excessive service times.

When the Db2+ feature is active for a measurement, the number of SQL calls displayed in this report is limited by the value of the Db2IMaxTraceSize parameter specified during Application Performance Analyzer installation, or by the value on panel 2 of the measurement request (if your installation has configured this field). The report is truncated when the number of SQL calls issued reaches the value specified for Db2IMaxTraceSize.

Quantification

When the Db2+ feature is not active, each report line shows the time at which the first sample for the identified SQL call took place. The duration of the interval execution of the SQL call was observed is also reported. This is derived from the number of samples and the sampling interval. This gives an indication of the service time for the particular SQL call.

When the Db2+ feature is active each report line shows the time at which the identified SQL call started. The service time or duration of execution of the SQL call is also reported. This is measured directly by the Db2+ feature.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F02 report shows a line for each SQL call that was measured by the Db2+ feature or that was sampled one or more times. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 SQL Call
Level 2 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL Call execution detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about one SQL call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Thread	A sequence number identifying the Db2 thread. Application Performance Analyzer assigns a unique sequence number to each Db2 thread that was observed.
REQCT	The REQCT value for the SQL call.
Program	The name of the DBRM in which the SQL call was defined.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number of the SQL statement.
SQL Function	The SQL function performed by the reported statement: SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, etc.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Samps	The number of samples recorded for the interval described by this report line. This can be zero if the identified SQL call was measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.
Call Time	When the Db2+ feature is not active this is the time at which the first sample in the sequence of samples reported by this line occurred. When the Db2+ feature is active each report line shows the time at which the identified SQL call started. The time is shown in minutes, seconds and hundredths of seconds.
Interval	When the Db2+ feature is not active, this is the duration of the interval, in seconds, during which samples were recorded for the indicated SQL call. This can provide a good indication of the service time for the SQL call. When the Db2+ feature is active, this is measured directly by the Db2+ feature.
CPU Time	The CPU time, in seconds, for the reported SQL call as measured by the Db2+ feature. If an SQL call was not measured by the Db2+ feature but was sampled, the CPU time will be reported as Not Available (N/A). This might occur at the beginning of a measurement before the Db2+ feature completes initialization, depending on the sampling rate and system activity.

SQL statement text detail line

This is second-level detail line shown directly under the SQL statement detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (Thread). A sample is shown here:

F02: Db2 SQL Activity Timeline (1264/CICS23A) Command ===> Thread REQCT Program Stmt# SQL Function Samps Call Time Interval CPU Time 52577 08557 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:45.96 0.00 0.002 52577 08564 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.25 0.00 0.001 52577 08566 PFSAMPB 678 SELECT 1 08:24:46.27 0.00 0.002 52577 08567 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 2 08:24:46.27 0.01 0.001 52577 08569 PFSAMPC 1443 OPEN 1 08:24:46.28 0.00 0.002 52577 08570 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.28 0.00 0.002 52577 08571 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.30 0.01 0.003 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.30 0.01 0.002 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 3155 SELECT 3 08:24:46.32 0.01 0.002 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 3159 SELECT 1 08:24:46.33 0.00 0.005 52577 08587 PFSAMPC 3179 SELECT 1 08:24:46.33 0.00 0.005 52577 08588 PFSAMPB 816 UPDATE 1 08:24:46.34 0.00 0.002 52577 08592 PFSAMPB 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.50 0.00 0.001 52577 08598 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.68 0.00 0.001 52577 08599 PFSAMPB 408 SET HOST VAR 1 08:24:46.69 0.00 0.001 52577 08599 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 5 08:24:46.69 0.00 0.001 52577 08601 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 5 08:24:46.69 0.00 0.001 52577 08605 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 1 08:24:46.73 0.00 0.001	<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate	<u>H</u> elp						
52577 08557 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:45.96 0.00 0.002 52577 08564 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.25 0.00 0.001 52577 08566 PFSAMPB 678 SELECT 1 08:24:46.27 0.00 0.002 52577 08567 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 2 08:24:46.27 0.01 0.001 52577 08569 PFSAMPC 1443 OPEN 1 08:24:46.28 0.00 0.002 52577 08570 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.29 0.01 0.003 52577 08571 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.30 0.01 0.002 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 3155 SELECT 3 08:24:46.32 0.01 0.006 52577 08587 PFSAMPC 3179 SELECT 1 08:24:46.33 0.00 0.002										
52577 08564 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.25 0.00 0.001 52577 08566 PFSAMPB 678 SELECT 1 08:24:46.27 0.00 0.002 52577 08567 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 2 08:24:46.27 0.01 0.001 52577 08569 PFSAMPC 1443 OPEN 1 08:24:46.28 0.00 0.002 52577 08570 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.39 0.01 0.003 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 2 08:24:46.30 0.01 0.002 52577 08586 PFSAMPC 3155 SELECT 3 08:24:46.32 0.01 0.006 52577 08587 PFSAMPC 3179 SELECT 1 08:24:46.33 0.00 0.005 52577 08588 PFSAMPB 816 UPDATE 1 08:24:46.34 0.00 0.002	<u>Thread</u>	REQCT	Program	Stmt#	SQL Function	<u>Samps</u>	Call Time	<u>Interval</u>	CPU Time	
52577 08592 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.50 0.00 0.001 52577 08598 PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 1 08:24:46.68 0.00 0.001 52577 08599 PFSAMPB 408 SET HOST VAR 1 08:24:46.69 0.00 0.002 52577 08601 PFSAMPC 1316 SELECT 5 08:24:46.69 0.03 0.003 52577 08604 PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 1 08:24:46.73 0.00 0.001	52577 52577 52577 52577 52577 52577 52577 52577	08564 08566 08567 08569 08570 08571 08586 08587	PFSAMPA PFSAMPB PFSAMPC PFSAMPC PFSAMPC PFSAMPC PFSAMPC PFSAMPC	816 678 1316 1443 1466 1466 3155 3179	SELECT SELECT SELECT OPEN FETCH FETCH SELECT SELECT	1 1 2 1 2 2 3 1	08:24:46.25 08:24:46.27 08:24:46.28 08:24:46.29 08:24:46.30 08:24:46.33 08:24:46.33	0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.001 0.002 0.001 0.002 0.003 0.002 0.006 0.005	
52577 08607 PFSAMPC 2989 SELECT 1 08:24:46.76 0.00 0.002	52577 52577 52577 52577 52577 52577	08592 08598 08599 08601 08604 08605	PFSAMPA PFSAMPB PFSAMPC PFSAMPC PFSAMPC	816 816 408 1316 1466 1466	SELECT SELECT SET HOST VAR SELECT FETCH FETCH	1 1 5 1 3	08:24:46.56 08:24:46.68 08:24:46.69 08:24:46.73 08:24:46.74	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.01	0.001 0.001 0.002 0.003 0.001	

You can enter a "+" line command to expand to the next level, which is the SQL text. The report is shown here where a thread has been expanded:

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Thread	Display context help information.
++	Thread	Show additional details.
+	Thread	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Thread	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Thread	Display context help information.
+	Thread	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Thread	Collapse to hide next level.
ST	Thread	Sort chronologically by Db2 thread.
SD	Thread	Sort descending by SQL call duration.
SC	Thread	Sort descending by SQL CPU Time

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. For example, entering "++" on an SQL line will cause this detail window to appear:

```
File View Navigate Help
SQL Call Information
                                                     USER1
   Sample count 1
                                Db2 Authid
Service time
                   0.002
   SQL CPU time
                                                       0.00
SQL Statement Information
                                       Attach type
                                                        SASS
   Subsystem name DSN1
                  PFSAMPC
                                      Plan bind time no data
   Plan name
   DBRM name
                  PFSAMPA
                                       DBRM token
                                                       17D8B8DF 05CC86F8
   DBRM date/time May-08-06 15:48:14
   Package ID
                                      Location CABNETD
Pkg BIND time no data
                   PFSAMPA
                                                       CABNETDB24
   Collectn name PFSAMPX1
                   SELECT
   SOL function
                                       Static/dynamic Static
   Precmplr stmt# 678
                                       DBRM section#
                   PFSAMPA in PFSAMPA Offset of call 00002764
   CSECT/module
                           SQL req count
Service time
   Sample count
                   147
                                                        333
   SQL CPU time
                                                        0.84
                   0.60
   SQL Statement:
                   SELECT *
                   INTO : H ,
: H : H ,
                        : H : H
                   FROM DEP
                   WHERE XRATE = : H
Db2 Thread Information
    Thread sequence number
                                        00001
    Attachment type
                                        CICS
                                      05256
    First REQCT value observed
                                       14:06:47.24
    Time of first REQCT
    Last REQCT value observed
                                        10613
    Time of last REOCT
                                       14:07:46.74
    Total REQCT increments
                                       5,358
    Duration first to last
                                       59.49
    SQL rate for thread, per second
Number of samples for thread
                                        90.06
                                       1,417
    Number of REQCT values sampled
                                       1,292
```

F03 - Db2 SQL activity by DBRM

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by SQL request processing. The percentage of time is reported by each module that issued SQL requests. Expand a module line to see a further breakdown of time consumption by individual SQL request issued by the module.

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time for all SQL requests issued by a module (DBRM). This is further broken down by SQL request. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F03 report shows a line for each module that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Module (DBRM)

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text

...
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL DBRM (Module) detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a DBRM (Module) for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The DBRM name. The DBRM name is often the same name as the corresponding module in which SQL requests were issued.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration SQL Requests for the indicated DBRM Name were being processed.	

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the DBRM/Module detail line. It quantifies the aggregated service time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request.
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated SQL Request was being processed.

Note: It is normal for the counts for the second-level items to add up to a higher value than the first level line. The reason for this is that the program level line shows the percentage of time Db2 processing is active. For a sample, Db2 is counted as being active only once, regardless of the number of SQL statements being processed (concurrently). So its percentage can be lower than the sum of the individual SQL request statement percentages because of overlaps.

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (DBRM Name). A sample is shown here:

You can enter the "+" line command on a DBRM Name to expand to the next level, which is SQL commands. Then you can expand the SQL commands to show the SQL. A sample is shown here with the first DBRM expanded, and then one of the SQL commands expanded:

```
File View Navigate Help
F03: SQL Activity by Module (0659/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00019
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
           Stmt# SQL Function Percent of Time * 10.00% ±1.1%
Name
                         *...1...2...3....4....5....6.....7.
17.22 =======
PFSAMPC
FF5AIIFL

→ $00012 01466 FETCH

→ $00008 01316 SELECT

→ $00017 03054 FETCH

→ $00010 01347 SELECT

→ $00011 01443 OPEN

→ $00018 03155 SELECT
                                          9.13 =====
                                            1.82 =
                                           1.81 =
                                           1.48 =
0.80
                                            0.66
            > SELECT * INTO : H , : H , : H , : H : H FROM DEP

> T WHERE XRATE = : H
                                            0.48
→ <u>S00015</u> 02989 SELECT
→ <u>S00019</u> 03179 SELECT
                                             0.43
→ S00014
           01562 CLOSE
                                             0.26
           03046 OPEN
→ <u>S00016</u>
                                            0.25
           03065 CLOSE
                                             0.05
→ <u>S00020</u>
→ S00009
           01316 SELECT
                                             0.01
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Module, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Module, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Module, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Module, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Module	Sort next level by value.
М	Module, Seqno	Display load module information.
SS	Module	Sort next level by Seqno.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Percent Time	Display context help information.
+	Name, Percent Time	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name, Percent Time	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. For example, entering "++" on an SQL line will cause this detail window to appear:

```
File View Navigate Help
  ----- The following report line was selected ------
Calculation Details
   Db2 SQL activity measurements
   SQL request
In program
Precompiler statement number
                                                SELECT
                                                PFSAMPC
                                                3179
                                                10,000
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
                                                0.84
SQL Statement Information
                                  Attach type SASS
Plan bind time May-11-05 13:57:39
   Subsystem name DSN1
                   PFSAMPA
   Plan name
                   PFSAMPC
                                                          179FD30A 1B977868
   DBRM name
                                          DBRM token
   DBRM date/time May-11-05 13:56:56
   Package ID PFSAMPC Location CABNETDB24 Collectn name PFSAMPX1 Pkg BIND time May-11-05 13:57:36
                               Static/dynamic Static
   SQL function
                    SELECT
   Precmplr stmt# 3179 Static/dynamic Static
DBRM section# 21
CSECT/module PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 00008610
Sample count 84 SQL reg count 172
                             SQL req count 172
Service time 0.49
   SQL CPU time
                    0.28
   SQL Statement: SELECT *
                    INTO: H,
: H: H,
: H: H
FROM VDEP
                    WHERE DEPTNO = : H
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of SQL activity where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

F04 - Db2 SQL activity by statement

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by SQL request processing. The percentage of time is reported by each SQL request.

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time for all executions of an SQL request. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F04 report shows a line for each SQL request. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 SQL Request
Level 2 SQL Statement Text
....
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL request detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It quantifies the aggregated service time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Program	The DBRM name for the program that issued the SQL request.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request.
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated SQL Request was being processed.

SQL statement text detail line

This is second-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F04: SQL Activity by Statement (0659/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00020
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Segno
       Program Stmt# SQL Function Percent of Total Time * 10.00% ±1.1%
                                       *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7...
       PFSAMPC 01466 FETCH
PFSAMPB 00816 UPDATE
S00012
S00013
                                     9.13 =====
                                     3.28 ==
S00001
       PFSAMPA
                00816
                       SELECT
                                     2.00 =
       PFSAMPC
                                     1.82
S00008
                 01316
                        SELECT
S00017
       PFSAMPC
                03054
                        FETCH
                                     1.81 =
       PFSAMPB
<u>S00004</u>
                00678
                        SELECT
                                     1.67 =
       PFSAMPC
S00010
                 01347
                        SELECT
                                     1.48 =
                        SET HOST VA 1.26 =
S00002
       PFSAMPB
                00408
       PFSAMPC
                01433
                        OPEN
S00011
                                     0.80
       PFSAMPC
                03155
                        SELECT
S00018
                                     0.66
       PESAMPO
                02989
                        SELECT.
                                     0.48
S00015
       PFSAMPC
S00019
                03179
                        SELECT
                                     0.43
S00014
       PFSAMPC
                01562
                        CLOSE
                                     0.26
S00016
S00020
       PFSAMPC
                03046
                        OPEN
                                     0.25
       PFSAMPC
                03065
                        CLOSE
                                     0.05
                01385
       PFSAMPB
                                     0.03
S00007
                        SELECT
S00005
       PFSAMPB
                 00947
                        SELECT
                                     0.02
S00003
       PFSAMPB
                 00408
                        SET HOST VA 0.01
       PFSAMPB
                 01163
                        SELECT
                                     0.01
S00006
S00009
       PFSAMPC
                 01316
                        SELECT
                                     0.01
```

Each line can be expanded to display the SQL statement by entering the "+" line command on the Sequence Number. For example, "+" was entered on the third line in this report to display the SQL.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F04: SQL Activity by Statement (0659/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00022
                                                              ___ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
       Program Stmt# SQL Function Percent of Total Time * 10.00% ±1.1%
<u>Seqno</u>
                                        *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7...
       PFSAMPC 01466 FETCH
PFSAMPB 00816 UPDATE
                                      9.13 =====
S00012
S00013
                                      3.28 ==
       PFSAMPA 00816 SELECT
S00001
                                      2.00 =
              > SELECT * INTO : H FROM DEPTA WHERE XRATE = : H
S00008
S00017
       PFSAMPC 01316
                        SELECT
                                      1.82 =
        PFSAMPC
                 03054
                        FETCH
                                      1.81
S00004
       PFSAMPB 00678
                        SELECT
                                      1.67 =
        PESAMPO
                 01347
S00010
                        SELECT
                                      1.48 =
                        SET HOST VA 1.26 =
S00002
       PFSAMPB
                 00408
S00011
       PFSAMPC
                 01433
                        OPEN
                                      0.80
S00018
S00015
       PFSAMPC
                 03155
                        SELECT
                                      0.66
       PFSAMPC
                 02989
                        SELECT.
                                      0.48
       PFSAMPC
                                      0.43
S00019
                 03179
                        SELECT
S00014
        PFSAMPC
                 01562
                        CLOSE
                                      0.26
        PFSAMPC
                 03046
                        OPEN
                                      0.25
S00016
       PFSAMPC
                 03065
                        CLOSE
                                      0.05
S00020
       PFSAMPB
S00007
                 01385
                        SELECT
                                      0.03
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.
SS	Seqno	Sort next level by Seqno.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on an SQL line will cause this detail window to pop up:

```
File View Navigate Help
+----- The following report line was selected ------
| > S00012 3179 SELECT 0.84
Calculation Details
   Db2 SQL activity measurements
                                             84
   SQL request
                                             SELECT
                                              PFSAMPC
   In program
   Precompiler statement number
                                             3179
   Total measurements
                                             10,000
   Percent of total
                                             0.84
SQL Statement Information
                                      Attach type SASS
Plan bind time May-11-05 13:57:39
   Subsystem name DSN1
   Plan name
                 PFSAMPA
   DBRM name PFSAMPC
                                       DBRM token
                                                         179FD30A 1B977868
   DBRM date/time May-11-05 13:56:56
                   PESAMPC
                                                        CABNETDB24
   Package ID
                                     Pkg BIND time May-11-05 13:57:36
                                        Location
   Collectn name PFSAMPX1
                  SELECT Static/dynamic Static
3179 DBRM section# 21
PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 00008610
SOI rea count 172
   SQL function
   Precmplr stmt# 3179
  CSECT/module PFSAI
Sample count 84
SQL CPU time 0.28
                         SQL req count 172
Service time 0.45
   SQL Statement: SELECT *
                   WHERE DEPTNO = : H
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of SQL activity where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

F05 - Db2 SQL activity by plan

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by SQL request processing. The percentage of time is reported by each Db2 plan under which measured SQL activity was recorded. Expand a plan line to see a further breakdown of time consumption by individual SQL request.

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time for all SQL requests issued under a Db2 Plan. This is further broken down by SQL request. Each quantity is expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F05 report shows a line for each module that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Db2 Plan
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

Db2 plan detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Db2 Plan for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned to the Db2 plan.
Plan/Pgm	The Db2 plan name.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated Db2 plan was being processed.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Db2 Plan detail line. It quantifies the aggregated service time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Plan/Pgm	The DBRM name for the program that issued the SQL request.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request.
SQL Function	SQL Function The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated SQL Request was being processed.

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with a plan expanded to the second level (statement) and a statement expanded to show the SQL text.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F05: SQL Activity by Plan (1336/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00017
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
         <u>Plan/Pgm Stmt# SQL Function</u> <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.1%
Segno
                                       *....1....2....3....4....5....6.....7.
> SELECT NEXTLIM INTO : H FROM MRATE WHERE CURATE = : H
                                      2.29 =
→ <u>S00005</u> PFSAMPC
                    3054 FETCH
         PFSAMPB
                    678 SELECT
                                      1.94 =
 S00012
         PFSAMPC
→ <u>S00011</u>
                    1316 SELECT
                                      1.47 =
→ <u>S00010</u>
         PFSAMPB
                    816 UPDATE
                                      1.40 =
                 3179 SELECT
 S00007
         PFSAMPC
                                     1.09 =
→ <u>S00002</u>
         PFSAMPC
                    1347 SELECT
                                     0.89
         PFSAMPC
                    3155 SELECT
→ S00009
                                     0.79
→ S00008
         PFSAMPC
                    2989 SELECT
                                     0.68
→ <u>S00013</u>
→ <u>S00004</u>
         PFSAMPC
                    1433 OPEN
                                      0.60
         PFSAMPC
                    3046 OPEN
                                     0.30
                    1562 CLOSE
3065 CLOSE
         PFSAMPC
→ S00014
                                      0.14
         PFSAMPC
 <u>S00006</u>
                                      0.12
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Plan Seqno, SQL Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Plan Seqno, SQL Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Plan Seqno, SQL Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Plan Seqno, SQL Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	SQL Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	SQL Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	SQL Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. For example, entering "++" on an SQL line will cause this detail window to pop up:

```
File View Navigate Help
Calculation Details
   Db2 SQL activity measurements
   SOL request
                                             SELECT
                                             PFSAMPC
   In program
   Precompiler statement number
                                             3179
   Total measurements
                                             10,000
   Percent of total
                                             0.84
SQL Statement Information
                                      Attach type SASS
Plan bind time May-11-05 13:57:39
   Subsystem name DSN1
   Plan name
                   PFSAMPA
                   PFSAMPC
                                                        179FD30A 1B977868
   DBRM name
                                       DBRM token
   DBRM date/time May-11-05 13:56:56
   Package ID
                   PFSAMPC
                                        Location
                                                        CABNETDB24
                                      Pkg BIND time May-11-05 13:57:36
   Collectn name
                   PFSAMPX1
                                        Static/dynamic Static
   SQL function
                   SELECT
                  3179 DBRM section# 21
PFSAMPC in PFSAMPC Offset of call 00008610
84 SQL req count 172
0.28 Service time 0.45
   Precmplr stmt#
   CSECT/module
   Sample count
   SQL CPU time
   SQL Statement:
                   SELECT *
                   INTO : H ,
: H : H ,
                        : H : H
                   FROM VDEP
                   WHERE DEPTNO = : H
```

SETUP options

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Minimum percentage of time

You can set this option to eliminate reporting of SQL activity where the percentage of time is below a certain threshold.

F06 - Db2 SQL statement attributes

Usage

Use this report to see detailed information about each of the measured SQL statements. This is useful as a reference report when working with printed copies of other Db2 reports that do not show full SQL statement details. (When browsing online, the pop-up detail windows show this information.) The following information is shown for each SQL statement for which activity was observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
SQL Statement ID	A unique sequence number assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to the SQL statement. This is shown in other Db2 reports that display SQL statement information.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Subsystem name	The name of the Db2 subsystem under which the SQL statement was executed.	
Attachment type	The type of Db2 attachment for the thread under which the SQL statement was executed.	
Plan name	The name of the Db2 plan under which the SQL statement was executed.	
Plan Bind Time	The date and time of the BIND of the plan.	
DBRM Name	The name of the DBRM under which the SQL statement was executed.	
DBRM Token	The DBRM consistency token. This is an 8 byte hexadecimal value that identifies the DBRM.	
DBRM Date/Time	The date and time of the DBRM. This is the time at which the precompiler created the DBRM.	
Package ID	The package ID. This is omitted if there was no package bound for the DBRM.	
Location	The location name associated with the package. This is omitted if there was no package bound for the DBRM.	
Collection Name	The collection name for the package. This is omitted if there was no package bound for the DBRM.	
Package Bind Time	The date and time of the BIND of the package. This is omitted if there was no package bound for the DBRM.	
SQL Function	The SQL function: SELECT, UPDATE, FETCH, etc.	
Precmplr Stmt#	The statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL statement.	
Static/Dynamic	This indicates if the SQL request was Static or Dynamic.	
DBRM Section#	The section number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL statement. Groups of related statements (such as OPEN, FETCH, CLOSE) are correlated using the section number.	
PREPARE Stmt#	The statement number of the corresponding PREPARE statement. This field only applies to dynamic SQL statement that operate on SQL text processed by a corresponding PREPARE statement. In order for this information to appear, it is required that execution of the corresponding PREPARE was sampled.	
CSECT/Module	The name of the load module and CSECT in which the SQL call was issued.	
Offset of Call	The offset of the SQL call return address in the CSECT or module.	
SQL Req Count	The number of SQL calls counted for the indicated statement. This information is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was active. It indicates the number of calls counted at the indicated SQL statement number for the duration of the measurement. Counting begins when the first SQL call is sampled.	
Sample Count	The number of Samples in which execution of the indicate statement was measured.	
Total CPU Time	The total CPU time consumed by processing of the indicated statement in the measured region. This information is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was active. It indicates the accumulated CPU time used by the indicated SQL statement number for the duration of the measurement. Accumulation begins when the first SQL call is sampled.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Total Service Time	The total service time for processing of the indicated statement. This information is available only if the Db2+ measurement option was active. It indicates the accumulated service time used by the indicated SQL statement number for the duration of the measurement. Accumulation begins when the first SQL call is sampled.
SQL Statement	The SQL statement text.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
F06: Db2 SQL Statement Attributes (1623/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00324
                                                           ___ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
SQL Statement Id 00001
   Subsystem name DSN1
                                          Attach type
                                          Plan BIND time Nov-28-04 14:11:17
  Plan name
                  PFSAMPA
  DBRM name
               PSSAMPA
                                          DBRM token
                                                         17859595 050DCBBC
  DBRM date/time Nov-25-04 14:50:15
  Package ID
                  PFSAMPA
                                          Location
                                                        CABNETDB24
                                          Pkg BIND time no data
  Collectn name PFSAMPX1
  SQL function
                  SELECT
                                          Static/dynamic Static
                  816
                                          DBRM section#
  Precmplr stmt#
                  816
PFSAMPA in PFSAMPA
                                          Offset of call 000007FA
  CSECT/module
                                          SQL req count
Service time
                  324
  Sample count
                                                          342
  SQL CPU time
                  0.91
                   SELECT NEXTLIM INTO : H FROM MRATE WHERE CURATE = :
  SQL Statement:
SQL Statement Id 00002
                                          Attach type
                                                         SASS
  Subsystem name DSN1
  Plan name PFSAMPA
                                          Plan BIND time Nov-28-04 14:11:17
  DBRM name PFSAMPC
                                          DBRM token
                                                        17859595 06957A24
  DBRM date/time Nov-25-04 14:49:42
  Package ID PFSAMPC Collectn name PFSAMPX1
                                          Location
                                          Location CABNETDB24
Pkg BIND time no data
                                          Static/dynamic Static
  SQL function
                  SELECT
  Precmplr stmt# 1316
                                          DBRM section#
```

F07 - Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM

Usage

Use this report to see information about WAIT time that occurred during the processing of SQL requests. The percentage of time is reported for each module (DBRM) that issued SQL requests and is expressed as the percentage of the total measurement interval.

In addition, a SETUP option lets you choose to see the WAIT time expressed as a percentage of SQL service time. The two quantification options help answer these questions about SQL processing wait time:

 For how much of the overall measurement interval was the address space in a WAIT during SQL processing? • For how much of the SQL processing time was the address space in a WAIT?

You can further expand each module line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statements.

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time for all SQL requests issued by a module (DBRM). This is further broken down by SQL request.

Depending on a report SETUP option, the quantities are expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval or as a percentage of the overall service time for the DBRM.

Keep in mind that quantification applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and a WAIT in the measured address space could indicate the region was suspended while part of the SQL processing was being serviced by another region.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F07 report shows a line for each module that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Module (DBRM)
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL DBRM (Module) detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a DBRM (Module) for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The DBRM name.	
Percent	Either Percent of Total Time or Percent of DBRM SQL Time depending on SETUP option. This is the percentage of time that SQL processing for the indicated DBRM was observed to be in WAIT state.	

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the DBRM/Module detail line. It quantifies the wait time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.	
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number of the SQL statement.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
SQL Function	The SQL function.	
Percent	The percentage of the total time or of the DBRM time (depending on SETUP option) for which SQL processing for the indicated statement was in WAIT state.	

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This shows the report with one DBRM expanded to the second level (SQL statement):

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F07: SQL WAIT Time by DBRM (0611/CICS23A)
                                                            Row 00001 of 00009
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
         Stmt# SQL Function Percent of Total Time * 10.00% ±2.5%
                                          *....1....2....3....4....5....6.....7.
PFSAMPD
                                     25.49 ========
           435 FETCH
                                      12.05 ======
→ S00001
→ <u>S00003</u>
           541 UPDATE
                                       7.50 ===
→ S00004
           465
               FETCH
                                       3.95 ==
           455 FETCH
                                       1.91 =
→ S00002
           485 FETCH
462 OPEN
→ S00005
                                       0.06
→ <u>S00008</u>
                                       0.00
→ <u>S00</u>006
           481 CLOSE
                                       0.00
→ S00007
           451
               CLOSE
                                       0.00
```

You can use the + command to expand an SQL statement and show the SQL text as shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
F07: SQL WAIT Time by DBRM (0611/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00009
                                                                  ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===>
Name
          <u>Stmt#</u> <u>SQL Function</u> <u>Percent of Total Time * 10.00%</u> ±2.5%
                                               *....1....2....3....4....5....6.....7.
                                           25.49 ========
PFSAMPD
           435 FETCH
541 UPDATE
                                           12.05 =====
→ <u>S00001</u>
 S00003
                                            7.50 ===
            465 FETCH
455 FETCH
                                           3.95 ==
→ S00004
→ <u>S00002</u>
                                            1.91 =
              > DECLARE RATE2 CURSOR FOR SELECT * FROM CUSTAMTS
            485 FETCH
462 OPEN
→ S00005
                                            0.06
→ S<u>00008</u>
                                            0.00
            481 CLOSE
451 CLOSE
                                            0.00
→ S00006
→ S00007
                                            0.00
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DBRM, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	DBRM, Seqno	Show additional details.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	DBRM, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	DBRM, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	DBRM, Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
SV	DBRM	Sort next level by value.
SS	DBRM	Sort lines by program and statement number.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Percent of Total Time	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent of Total Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent of Total Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

F08 - Db2 SQL wait time by statement

Usage

Use this report to see information about WAIT time that occurred during the processing of SQL requests. The percentage of time is reported for each SQL statement sampled during the measurement.

In addition, a SETUP option lets you choose to see the WAIT time expressed as a percentage of SQL service time. The two quantification options help answer these questions about SQL processing wait time:

 For how much of the overall measurement interval was the address space in a WAIT during SQL processing? • For how much of the SQL processing time was the address space in a WAIT?

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time for an SQL request observed during the measurement.

Depending on a report SETUP option, the quantities are expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval or as a percentage of the overall service time for the SQL statement.

Keep in mind that quantification applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and a WAIT in the measured address space could indicate the region was suspended while part of the SQL processing was being serviced by another region.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F08 report shows a line for each observed SQL statement. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 SQL Request
Level 2 SQL Statement Text
Level 1 SQL Request
Level 2 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL request detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It quantifies the wait time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyze to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.	
Program	The DBRM name for the program that issued the SQL request.	
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request.	
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.	
Percent of Total Time	The percentage of the total time or of the SQL statement service time (depending on SETUP option) for which processing for the indicated statement was in WAIT state.	

SQL statement text detail line

This is second-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This shows the report with one of the SQL statements expanded to show the next level, which is SQL text.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F08: SQL WAIT Time by Statement (0611/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00010
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Segno
         Program Stmt# SQL Function Percent of Total Time * 10.00% ±2.5%
                                                *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7...
<u>$00001</u> PFTESTD 435 FETCH

<u>$00003</u> PFTESTD 541 UPDATE
                                            12.05 =====
7.50 ===

        500004
        PFTESTD
        465
        FETCH

        500002
        PFTESTD
        455
        FETCH

                                             3.95 ==
                                             1.91 =
                > DECLARE RATE2 CURSOR FOR SELECT * FROM CUSTAMTS
         PFTESTD
                     485 FETCH
                                             0.06
S00007
S00008
         PFTESTD 451 CLOSE
PFTESTD 462 OPEN
PFTESTD 481 CLOSE
                                             0.00
                                             0.00
                                             0.00
S00006
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno, Percent of Total Time	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent of Total Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent of Total Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.
SS	Seqno	Sort next level by program and statement number.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

```
File View Navigate Help

Options for Db2 SQL wait time by statement

Enter "/" to select an option

Quantify wait time as a percentage of total

measurement interval. Unselect to quantify
as a percentage of the SQL service time for
the SQL statement.
```

F09 - Db2 SQL wait time by plan

Usage

Use this report to see information about WAIT time that occurred during the processing of SQL requests. The percentage of time is reported for each observed Db2 Plan under which SQL requests were issued. It is expressed as the percentage of the total measurement interval.

In addition, a SETUP option lets you choose to see the WAIT time expressed as a percentage of SQL service time. The two quantification options help answer these questions about SQL processing wait time:

- 1. For how much of the overall measurement interval was the address space in a WAIT during SQL processing?
- 2. For how much of the SQL processing time was the address space in a WAIT?

You can further expand each Db2 Plan line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statements. The SQL statements can be expanded to show the SQL text.

Note: This report shows all SQL calls that were sampled, but when the Db2+ feature is active it will not show SQL calls that were measured by the Db2+ feature but not sampled.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time for all SQL requests issued under a Db2 Plan. This is further broken down by SQL request.

Depending on a report SETUP option, the quantities are expressed as a percentage of the overall measurement interval or as a percentage of the overall service time under the Plan.

Keep in mind that quantification applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and a WAIT in the measured address space could indicate the region was suspended while part of the SQL processing was being serviced by another region.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F09 report shows a line for each module that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Db2 Plan
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

Db2 plan detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Db2 Plan under whose execution SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned, by Application Performance Analyzer, to the Db2 plan.
Plan/Pgm	The name of a Db2 plan.
Percent of Total Time	The percentage of the total time or of the SQL processing time for the PLAN (depending on SETUP option) for which SQL processing under the plan was in WAIT state.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Plan detail line. It quantifies the wait time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Plan/Pgm	The name of a Db2 plan.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request.
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Percent of Total Time	The percentage of the total time or of the SQL processing time for the PLAN (depending on SETUP option) for which processing for the indicated statement was in WAIT state.

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

In this sample, the P0001 plan line has been expanded to the second level (SQL statement), and one of the statements has been expanded to the third level to show the SQL text.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F09: SQL WAIT Time by Plan (0611/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00010
                                                                       _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
            \underline{\textit{Plan/Pgm}} \quad \underline{\textit{Stmt\#}} \quad \underline{\textit{SQL Function}} \quad \underline{\textit{Percent of Total Time} \, \star \, 10.00\%} \quad \pm 2.5\%
Segno
                                                *...1...2...3...4...5...6....7...
25.49 ========
            PFPLN022
P0001
                                                 12.05 =====
→ <u>S00001</u>
            PFTESTD
                           435 FETCH
                         541 UPDATE
            PFTESTD
                                                  7.50 =====
→ S00003
            PFTESTD 465 FETCH PFTESTD 455 FETCH
→ S00004
                                                  3.95 ==
→ <u>S00002</u>
                                                   1.91 =
                 > DECLARE RATE2 CURSOR FOR SELECT * FROM CUSTAMTS
→ <u>S00005</u> PFTESTD
                          485 FETCH
                                                  0.06
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno,Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

```
File View Navigate Help

Options for Db2 SQL wait time by plan

Enter "/" to select an option

Quantify wait time as a percentage of total
measurement interval. Unselect to quantify
as a percentage of the SQL service time for
the plan.
```

F10 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This option records exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time and total SQL processing CPU time by embedded SQL statement. When measuring a distributed data facility (DDF) address space, SQL Enclave and SQL zIIP

CPU times are also recorded. This report shows quantification by DBRM. You can further expand each DBRM line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual embedded SQL statement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each DBRM and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed in the DBRM.

- Number of SQL calls.
- Total CPU time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean SQL call CPU time, or percent of total used.
- Total service time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used.

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that measured CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. For DDF only, this is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line descriptions

SQL DBRM (Module) detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a DBRM (Module) for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The DBRM name.
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this DBRM.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this DBRM. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this DBRM used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this DBRM. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc time: Pct	The percent of total service time this DBRM used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the DBRM/Module detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report expanded to the second level (SQL statement), and one of the statements has been expanded to the third level to show the SQL text.

File View Navigate Help							
	F10: SQL CPU/Service Time by DBRM (1286/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00014 Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR						
<u>Name</u>	Stmt#	SQL Function	Nbr of <u>SQL Calls</u>	CPU Ti Total	me <u>Mean</u>	Svc Ti <u>Total</u>	me <u>Mean</u>
PFSAMPC ± S00003 → S00006 → S00005		FETCH SELECT SELECT LECT CUSACCT IN H AND INDX01 =		3.08 2.27 0.39 0.25 ACTINFO	0.00256 0.00441 0.00227 0.00150) WHERE SP	1.01 0.40	0.00462 0.00749 0.00588 0.00232
 → <u>S00008</u> → <u>S00007</u> <u>PFSAMPB</u> 	1443 1562	OPEN CLOSE	172 172 514	0.11 0.04 1.04	0.00064 0.00026 0.00203	0.21 0.07 1.70	0.00122 0.00045 0.00331
→ <u>S00002</u> → <u>S00004</u> <u>PFSAMPA</u>	672 810	SELECT UPDATE	342 172 342	0.69 0.34 0.84	0.00204 0.00201 0.00246	1.13 0.56 1.74	0.00332 0.00331 0.00511
→ <u>S00002</u>	815	SELECT	342	0.84	0.00246	1.74	0.00511

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DBRM, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	DBRM, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	DBRM, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	DBRM, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	DBRM, Seqno	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
SV	DBRM	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	DBRM	Sort lines by program and statement number.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data
SD	DBRM	Sort next level entries by service time

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name
SD	Name	Sort next level entries by service time

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help
Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by DBRM
Enter "/" to select an option
Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each DBRM (Module) and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F11 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by stmt

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This option records exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time and total SQL processing CPU time by embedded SQL statement. When measuring a distributed data facility (DDF) address space, SQL Enclave and SQL zIIP CPU times are also recorded.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each SQL statement:

- Number of SQL calls.
- Total CPU time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean SQL call CPU time, or percent of total used.
- · Total service time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean service time per SQL call, or percent of total used.

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that measured CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. For DDF only, this is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F11 report shows a line for each measured SQL request. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 SQL Request
Level 2 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

SQL request detail line

This is the first-level detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Name	The DBRM name.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function: SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is second-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one of the lines expanded to the second level to show SQL text.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew <u>N</u>	avigate	<u>H</u> elp					
F11: SQL CPU/Service Time by Statement (1300/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00017								
Command		rvice i.	lile by Statelli	enr (1300/0	,10323A)	, ROV	00001 01 Scroll ===	> CSB
Command	ı/					`	JCIOII	/ <u>cor</u>
				Nbr of	CPU 1	Γime	Svc Ti	me
Segno	Name	Stmt#	SQL Function					Mean
								·
			FETCH					0.00685
S00001				342	0.88	0.00258		0.00497
	>	SELECT	NEXTLIM INTO	: H FROM N	1RATE WH	HERE CURATE =	= : H	
200000	PFSAMPC	2054	FETCH	1,720	0.74	0.00043	1.15	0.00066
	PFSAMPB			342	0.47	0.00137	0.75	0.00000
	PFSAMPC		SELECT	172	0.42	0.00249	0.76	0.00446
	PFSAMPB		UPDATE	172	0.39	0.00231	0.75	0.00441
	PFSAMPB	408	SET HOST VAR	342	0.38	0.00112	0.72	0.00211
S00005	PFSAMPC	1347	SELECT	172	0.27	0.00161	0.48	0.00282
	PFSAMPC		SELECT		0.27	0.00160	0.41	0.00243
	PFSAMPC		SELECT	172	0.27	0.00158	0.47	0.00277
	PFSAMPC		SELECT	172	0.22	0.00130	0.38	0.00221
	PESAMPO		OPEN	172	0.20	0.00121	0.29	0.00170
	PESAMPO		OPEN	172	0.11	0.00067	0.31	0.00181
	PFSAMPC PFSAMPC		CLOSE CLOSE	172 172	0.04 0.03	0.00028 0.00021	0.08 0.05	0.00048 0.00034
300013	FFSAIIFC	3005	CLUSE	1/2	0.03	0.00021	0.05	0.00034

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Seqno	Display context help information.	
++	Seqno	Show additional details.	

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.		
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.		
М	Seqno	Display load module information.		
Р	Seqno Display source program mapping.			
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	Seqno	Display context help information.		
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.		
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.		
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.		
SS	Seqno	Sort lines by program and stmt number		
SD	Seqno	Sort next level entries by service time		

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Stmt

Enter "/" to select an option
/ Show SQL statements with a positive SQLCODE
(these are successful calls).

/ Show SQL statements with a negative SQLCODE
(these are failed calls).

/ Show SQL statements by statement number and ignore differences in SQL text.

/ Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Show SQL statements with positive SQLCODE

This shows SQL statements that end successfully with a zero or positive SQLCODE. When selected, successful SQL statements are included in the report.

Show SQL statements with negative SQLCODE

This shows SQL statements that are unsuccessful; that is, with a negative SQLCODE. When selected, unsuccessful SQL statements are included in the report.

Show SQL statements by statement number

This displays dynamic SQL statements consolidated by statement number and ignores differences in the SQL text. When selected, only one line is displayed per statement number regardless of the contents of the SQL text. The detail window for each statement number displays the SQL information for the first call from this statement.

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F12 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by plan

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This option records exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time and total SQL processing CPU time by embedded SQL statement. When measuring a distributed data facility (DDF) address space, SQL Enclave and SQL zIIP CPU times are also recorded. This report shows quantification by Db2 Plan. You can further expand each Db2 Plan line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual embedded SQL statement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Db2 Plan and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed under the Plan.

- · Number of SQL calls.
- Total CPU time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean SQL call CPU time, or percent of total used.
- Total service time for the SQL call processing.
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used.

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that measured CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. For DDF only, this is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F12 report shows a line for each Db2 Plan under which SQL request were issued. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Db2 Plan
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
...
```

Detail line descriptions

Db2 Plan detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Db2 Plan under which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Seqno	sequence number assigned, by Application Performance Analyzer, to the b2 plan.		
Plan/Pgm	The Db2 Plan name.		
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this Db2 Plan.		
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this plan used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
SVC time: Pct	The percent of total service time this plan used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Db2 Plan detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed			
Seqno	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.			
Plan/Pgm	The DBRM name.			
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number of the SQL statement. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements hav statement numbers that are zero.			
SQL Function	The SQL function.			
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this statement.			
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.			
CPU Time: Mean The mean CPU time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expresse minutes with an M suffix.				
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.			
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.			
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call. Large numbers will be expressed in minutes with an M suffix.			
SVC time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.			

SQL statement text detail line

This is third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with the plan expanded to the second level and one of the SQL statement lines expanded to the third level to show SQL text.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F12: SQL CPU/Service Time by Plan (1300/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00018
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Nbr of --CPU Time-- --Svc Time--
Seqno Plan/PGM Stmt# SQL Function SQL Calls Total Mean Total Mean
P0001 PFSAMPA
                                                                0.00130
                                                                                       0.00223
                                             4,810 6.25
                                                                            10.73

ightarrow $00007$ PFSAMPC 1466 FETCH 344 1.48 0.00432 2.35 

ightarrow $00001$ PFSAMPA 816 SELECT 342 0.88 0.00258 1.70
                                                                                       0.00685
                                                                                      0.00497
               > SELECT NEXTLIM INTO : H FROM MRATE WHERE CURATE = : H
                      678 SELECT 342
1316 SELECT 172
816 UPDATE 172
408 SET 172
→ <u>S00009</u> PFSAMPC
                                                       0.74
                                                                0.00043
                                                                               1.15
                                                                                       0.00066
                                                                          1.15
0.75
0.76
→ S00003 PFSAMPB
                                                      0.47
                                                               0.00137
                                                                                       0.00221
                                                            0.00249
0.00231
→ S00004 PFSAMPC
                                                      0.42
                                                                                       0.00446
                                                                             0.75
→ <u>S00010</u> PFSAMPB
                      408 SET HOST V
1347 SELECT
3155 SELECT
3179 SELECT
2989 SELECT
                                                      0.39
                                                                                       0.00441
→ <u>$00002</u> PFSAMPB
→ <u>$00005</u> PFSAMPC
                                                            0.00112
0.00161
                                               342
                                                                               0.72
                                                                                       0.00211
                                                       0.38
                                               172
                                                      0.27
                                                                               0.48
                                                                                       0.00282
                                                              0.00160
0.00158
0.00130
→ S00014 PFSAMPC
                                              172
                                                       0.27
                                                                              0.41
                                                                                       0.00243
→ <u>$00012</u> PFSAMPC
→ <u>$00011</u> PFSAMPC
                                                      0.27
                                                                               0.47
                                               172
                                                                                       0.00277
                                               172
                                                                              0.38
                                                                                       0.00221
                       3046 OPEN
                                                      0.20 0.00121
0.11 0.00067
                                                                               0.29
→ <u>S00008</u> PFSAMPC
                                               172
                                                                                       0.00170
→ <u>S00006</u> PFSAMPC
                       1443 OPEN
                                               172
                                                       0.11
                                                                0.00067
                                                                               0.31
                                                                                       0.00181
                       1443 UPEN
1562 CLOSE
                                                       0.04 0.00028
→ S00013 PFSAMPC
                                               172
                                                                             0.08
                                                                                       0.00048
→ S00015 PFSAMPC
                       3065 CLOSE
                                                      0.03
                                                              0.00021
                                                                               0.05
                                                                                       0.00034
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Display context help information.		
++	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Show additional details.		
+	Plan Seqno, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.		
_	Plan Seqno, Seqno Collapse to hide next level.			
SV	Plan Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.		
SS	Plan Seqno	Sort lines by program and statement number.		
М	Seqno	Display load module information.		
Р	Seqno Display source program mapping.			
EX	Seqno Display Db2 EXPLAIN data			
SD	Plan Seqno	Sort next level entries by service time		

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action		
?	Seqno	Display context help information.		
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.		
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.		
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.		

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
SD	Seqno	Sort next level entries by service time	

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help
Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan
Enter "/" to select an option
Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each Db2 plan and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F13 - Db2 SQL threads analysis

Usage

Use this report to see information about Db2 threads observed during the sampling of SQL call activity.

Quantification

Each report line represents a range of REQCT values for one Db2 thread. A new line is reported each time a reset of the REQCT value occurs for the thread (when the value reaches 32767 and is reset to 1).

Detail line hierarchy

Report F13 shows only one level. The detail lines cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Thread detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
SeqNum	A unique sequence number assigned to the Db2 thread.		
Thread Addr	An address of the Db2 'ACE' control block.		
Attach	The type of attachment to Db2 for the thread. This can be: CAF, SSRF, CICS, IMS or CIB.		
REQCT Range	This is the range of REQCT values observed. The lower value is the first REQCT value observed during any measurement sample. Lower values might have occurred during the measurement which were not sampled. The higher value is the last REQCT value observed during a measurement sample. Higher values might have occurred during the measurement which were not sampled. In the case where the range is a continuation after a REQCT reset, a lower value of 1 will be reported. In the case where the range is followed by another detail line after a REQCT reset, an upper value of 32768 will be reported.		

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
SQL Calls Executed	The number of SQL calls executed. This number is derived from the REQCT values.	
SQL Calls Sampled	This is the number of unique REQCT values within the reported range for which samples occurred. This number will often be significantly lower than the Calls Executed number because the rate of SQL call processing is typically much higher than the measurement sampling rate. Hence, not all SQL calls are sampled.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile	<u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigat	e <u>H</u> elp					
F13: Db2 Threads Analysis (3398/CICS23A) R Command ===>					w 00001 of 00020 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>		
<u>SeqNum</u>	<u>Thread Addr</u>	<u>Attach</u>	REQCT Range	SQL C Executed			
000035	167CCAD0	CAF	00003-04003	4,001	844		
			Thread Totals	4,001	844		
000036	167CCCA8	CAF	00003-04002	4,000	866		
			Thread Totals	4,000	866		
000037	172B61F8	CAF	00003-04001	3,999	908		
			Thread Totals	3,999	908		

F14 - Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU resource was consumed by each stored procedure measured during the sampling interval. The percentage of time is reported for each Db2 plan under which measured stored procedure activity was recorded. Expand a plan line to see a further breakdown of time consumption by category.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage as a percentage. Each percentage represents the ratio of CPU consumption observed for the reported item to the total CPU consumption measured in the address space.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F14 report shows a line for each plan that was measured in the stored procedure address space. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command).

Only the Db2SQL Category hierarchy is shown here. Activity for the Stored Procedure which is not related to SQL processing will be shown in the SYSTEM, APPLCN, or NOSYMB categories. For information about these other categories, see "C01 - CPU usage by category" on page 79. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 Db2 Plan
 Level 2 Db2SQL Category
 Level 3 Db2 DBRM
 Level 4 Db2 Load Module

Detail line descriptions

Db2 Plan detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Db2 Plan for which stored procedure measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A sequence number assigned to the Db2 plan.	
Description	The plan name.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration stored procedure requests under the indicated Db2 Plan were being processed.	

Category detail line

This is a second-level detail line. This line shows one of five categories to which CPU time has been attributed:

APPLCN

Application Code

SYSTEM

System/OS Services

Db2SQL

SQL Processing

DATAMG

Data Management (DASD) Requests

NOSYMB

No Module Name Found, any execution measured at locations for which no load module name could be determined is attributed to this category.

As F14 is used for analyzing CPU consumption in Db2 Store Procedures, the category Db2SQL is the one where you should see the majority of the activity. This category and the detail lines under it are described here. For detailed information on the other categories, see "C01 - CPU usage by category" on page 79.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	The category name "Db2SQL."	
Description	The category description "SQL Processing."	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration SQL requests under the indicated Db2 Plan were being processed.	

Db2 DBRM detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the Db2 Plan detail line. It quantifies the percentage CPU time for a specific SQL request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A sequence number assigned, by Application Performance Analyzer, to the SQL statement.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Description	The DBRM name, DBRM statement number and SQL function.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated SQL Request was being processed.	

Db2 load module detail line

This is a fourth-level detail line showing activity for Db2 load modules used in the SQL request processing.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	The Db2 Load Module name.	
Description	If a DPA functional description is found for the module name, it is reported under this heading.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated SQL Request being processed was in this module.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here, it has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
                                                         Row 00001 of 00019
F14: Db2 CPU by Plan/Stored Proc (0888/CICS23A)
Command ===>
                                                            _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                   Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.3%
Segno
           <u>Description</u>
                                   *...1...2...3...4...5...6...7...8.
39.68 =========
P0001
          Db2MAIN
                                   38.41 =========
→ Db2SQL
             SQL Processing
→ SYSTEM
             System/OS Services
                                   1.16 =
→ APPLCN
             Application Code
                                   0.05
            No Module Name 0.05
Data Mgmt Processin 0.00
→ NOSYMB
→ DATAMG
P0002
             SQL Processing
→ Db2SQL
                                   34.07 ========
→ SYSTEM
→ NOSYMB
             System/OS Services 1.11 = No Module Name 0.11
→ APPLCN
             Application Code
                                    0.00
→ DATAMG
             Data Mgmt Processin 0.00
                                   24.79 =======
24.45 =======
P0003
          WLSAMP1M
→ Db2SQL
             SQL Processing
                                  0.33
→ SYSTEM
             System/OS Services
  APPLCN
             Application Code
                                    0.00
  DATAMG
             Data Mgmt Processin 0.00
```

Line commands

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno, Load Module	Display context help information.
++	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno, Load Module	Show additional details.
+	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
SN	Plan Seqno, Category, Seqno	Sort next level entries by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Load Module, Seqno	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqno, Description, Percent of CPU	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand description field size
+	Percent of CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value.
SN	Seqno	Sort next level by name.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

Reporting by Group / SubGroup

This option allows you to aggregate modules into Group or SubGroup. SubGroup offers a more granular, less inclusive categorization than Group. For example, when reporting by Group, all SVCs would be reported under the "SVC" Group. When reporting by SubGroup, SVCs would be reported under SubGroups such as SVCTYPE1 and SVCTYPE2.

Show the Db2SQL category

This shows activity attributed to Db2 SQL statements. If it is not selected, the activity will instead be included in the appropriate system modules in the SYSTEM category. This is not available for CICS measurements.

F15 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. Also this report is only created when measuring a Distributed Data Facility (DDF) address space. Exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time, total SQL processing CPU time, SQL Enclave, and SQL zIIP times by SQL statement are recorded. This report shows quantification by Requester Location. You can further expand each line to see a more detailed breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statement.

Note: This report is for DDF measurements only.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Requester Location and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed for the Requester Location.

- Number of SQL calls
- Total CPU time for the SQL call processing
- · Mean SQL call CPU time, or percent of total used
- Total service time for the SQL call processing
- · Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Remember that measured CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. This is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F15 report shows a line for each module that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the "+" line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Requester Location
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
```

Detail line descriptions

Requester Location detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Requester Location for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The Requester Location name.	
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this Requester Location.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this Requester Location.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.	
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this requestor location used.	
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this Requester Location.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.	
Svc time: Pct	The percent of total service time this requestor location used.	

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Requester Location detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.	
Plan/Pgm	The DBRM name.	
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.	
SQL Function	The SQL function. The is the name of the SQL function, SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc. Nbr of Calls The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.	
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.	
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.	
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement.	
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.	
Svc time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.	

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one location expanded to the third level (SQL text).

```
File View Navigate Help

F15: Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc (6783/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 01067 Scroll ===> CSR

Nbr of --CPU Time-- --Svc Time--
Name Plan/Pgm Stmt# SQL Functn SQL Calls Total Mean Total Mean

CABNETDB24 295 1.66 0.00562 4.11 0.01394
- D00156 DDF2425A 279 FETCH 1 0.73 0.73480 0.79 0.79001
> Select count(*) from SYSIBM.SYSPACKSTMT
> (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 269 Seqno D00154)

- D00258 DDF2425A 279 FETCH 1 0.12 0.12491 0.14 0.14127
> Select count(*) from SYSIBM.SYSVLTREE
> (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 269 Seqno D00256)
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Location, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Location, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Location, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Location, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
SV	Location	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	Location	Sort lines by program and statement number.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.
SD	Location	Sort next level entries by service time

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name
SD	Name	Sort next level entries by service time

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc

Enter "/" to select an option

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each Requestor Location and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F16 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. Also, this report is only created when measuring a Distributed Data Facility (DDF) address space. Exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time, total SQL task CPU time, SQL Enclave, and SQL zIIP times by SQL statement are recorded. This report shows quantification by Enclave token. You can further expand each line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statement.

Note: This report is for DDF measurements only.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Enclave token and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed for the Enclave token.

- · Number of SQL calls
- · Total task CPU time for the SQL call processing
- · Mean SQL call task CPU time, or percent of total used
- Total service time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that the task CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. This is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F16 report shows a line for each Enclave token that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Enclave token
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
```

Detail line descriptions

Enclave token detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an Enclave token for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Token	The Enclave token name.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this Enclave token.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this Enclave token.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.
CPU time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this Enclave token used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this Enclave token.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
SVC time: Pct	The percent of total service time this Enclave token used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Enclave token detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Token	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
SQL Function	The SQL function. This is the name of the SQL function (SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.)
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time per SQL call.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one Enclave token expanded to the third level (SQL text).

```
File View Navigate Help
F16: Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave (1641/DB2ADIST) Row 00001 of 01410
Command ===> _____
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          _____ Scroll ===> <u>PAGE</u>
                                                                                                                                                                             Nbr of --CPU Time--
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          --Svc Time--
<u>Token</u>
                                                         Stmt# SQL Function
                                                                                                                                                                  <u>SQL Calls  Total  Mean</u>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    Total
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Mean
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04177
00000020-0000017E
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0.05
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0.05652
                                                                         0 EXECUTE IMME 1 0.04 0
> EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 0.04177
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0.05
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0.05652
± <u>D00026</u>
                                                                        > COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY
> ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY_,DEP3_COL4_,DEP3_COL5_,DEP2_COL3
                                                                        > ,DEP3_COL3_KEY ,DEP3_COL4 ,DEP3_COL5 ,DEP2_COL5 
> ,DEP2_COL4 ,FIELD_TWO ,FIELD_THREE ,FIELD_FOUR 
> ,FIELD_FIVE ,FIELD_SIX ,FIELD_SEVEN 
> ,CHAR(FIELD_EIGHT,ISO) ,CHAR(FIELD_NINE,ISO) 
> ,FIELD_TEN ,TIMEZONE () FROM MAIN FULL OUTER JOIN DEP2 
> ON DEP2_COL1_KEY = FIELD_ONE_KEY LEFT JOIN DEP3 ON 
DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DEP3_COL4_KEY = DE
                                                                         > DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = 
> DEP2_COL2_KEY ORDER BY COL1_KEY , COL2_KEY
                                                                          > ,DEP3_COL3_KEY
00000024-00000198
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0.04668
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0.04668
→ D00026
                                                                             0 EXECUTE IMME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            0.04
                                                                         > EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT
                                                                        > COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY
> COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
> DEP3_COL3_KEY_DEP3_COL4_DEP3_COL5_DEP2_COL3
                                                                        > ,DEP3_COL3_KEY ,DEP3_COL4 ,DEP3_COL5 ,DEP2_COL3 

> ,DEP2_COL4 ,FIELD_TWO ,FIELD_THREE ,FIELD_FOUR 

> ,FIELD_FIVE ,FIELD_SIX ,FIELD_SEVEN 

> ,CHAR(FIELD_EIGHT,ISO) ,CHAR(FIELD_NINE,ISO) 

> ,FIELD_TEN ,TIMEZONE () FROM MAIN FULL OUTER JOIN DEP2 

> ON DEP2_COL1_KEY = FIELD_ONE_KEY LEFT JOIN DEP3 ON 

> DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP3_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP3_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP3_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3_COL3_KEY AND DEP3
                                                                         > DEP2_COL2_KEY ORDER BY COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL
> DEP3_COL3_KEY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0.04167
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04925
00000020-000001A8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04
                                                                             0 EXECUTE IMME
→ D00026
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.04167
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0.04925
                                                                       > EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT

> COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY

> ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS
COL2 KEY
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Token, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Token, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Token, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Token, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Token	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	Token	Sort lines by program and statement number.
SD	Token	Sort next level entries by service time
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Token	Display context help information.
+	Token	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Token	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Token	Sort next level by value.
SN	Token	Sort next level by name.
SD	Token	Sort next level by service time.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave

Enter "/" to select an option

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each Enclave token and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F17 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. Also this report is only created when measuring a Distributed Data Facility (DDF) address space. Exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time, total SQL task CPU time, SQL Enclave, and SQL zIIP times by SQL statement are recorded. This report shows quantification by Correlation ID. You can further expand each line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statement.

Note: This report is for DDF measurements only.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Correlation ID and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed for the Correlation ID.

- Number of SQL calls
- · Total task CPU time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call task CPU time, or percent of total used
- Total service time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that the task CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. This is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F17 report shows a line for each Correlation ID that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Correlation ID

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text
```

Detail line descriptions

Correlation ID detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Correlation ID for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Corrid	The Correlation ID name.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this Correlation ID.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this Correlation ID.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this Correlation ID used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this Correlation ID.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this Correlation ID used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Correlation ID detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Corrid	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
SQL Function	The SQL function. This is the name of the SQL function (SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.)
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time per SQL call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one Correlation ID expanded to the third level (SQL text).

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
F17: Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid (1641/DB2ADIST) Row 00001 of 00314
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> PAGE
                      Stmt# SQL Function SQL Calls Total Mean Total Mean
Corrid
                                                                                                                                    Mean
                                                                                  0.63 0.00394
0.16 0.04137
                                                                                                                  25.92
0.20
db2bp.exe
                                                                                                                                     0.16200
                                                                                  0.16
± D00026
                            0 EXECUTE IMME
                                                                                                                                     0.05004
                          > EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT

> COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY

> ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
                          > ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY ,DEP3_COL4 ,DEP3_COL5 ,DEP2_COL3
> ,DEP2_COL4 ,FIELD_TWO ,FIELD_THREE ,FIELD_FOUR
> ,FIELD_FIVE ,FIELD_SIX ,FIELD_SEVEN
> ,CHAR(FIELD_EIGHT,ISO) ,CHAR(FIELD_NINE,ISO)
> ,FIELD_TEN ,TIMEZONE () FROM MAIN FULL OUTER JOIN DEP2
> ON DEP2_COL1_KEY = FIELD_ONE_KEY LEFT JOIN DEP3 ON
> DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY =
DEP2_COL2_KEY ONDEPR_BY_COL3_KEY (COL2_KEY)
                          > DEP2_COL2_KEY ORDER BY COL1_KEY ,COL2_KEY

> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY

0 FETCH 4 0.07 0.0189
± D00007
                                                                                                 0.01895
                                                                                                                        0.07
                                                                                                                                      0.01983
                          > ( SELECT T1.FIELD_ONE_KEY AS 
> UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T1.FIELD_TWO AS 
> UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T1 WHERE NOT EXISTS
                                (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP1 T2 WHERE T1.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                                T2.DEP1_COL1_KEY1 ) UNION SELECT T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY
                               AS UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T3.FIELD_TWO
AS UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T3 WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP2 T4 WHERE T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                               T4.DEP2_COL1_KEY ) ) UNION ALL ( SELECT T2.FIELD_ONE_KEY AS UNION_COLUMN_01
                                ,T2.FIELD_TWO AS UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM
                               AIF04.MAIN T2 WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP1 T1 WHERE T2.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                           > T1.DEP1_COL1_KEY1 ) UNION SELECT T4.FIELD_ONE_KEY
> AS UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T4.FIELD_TW0
> AS UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T4 WHERE NOT EXISTS
                                (SELECT \star FROM \overline{\text{AIF04.DEP2}} T3 WHERE T4.FIELD_ONE_KEY = T3.DEP2_COL1_KEY ) )
                               (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 0 Seqno D0005)
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Corrid, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Corrid, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Corrid, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Corrid, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Corrid	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	Corrid	Sort lines by program and statement number.
SD	Corrid	Sort next level entries by service time
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Corrid	Display context help information.
+	Corrid	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Corrid	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Corrid	Sort next level by value.
SN	Corrid	Sort next level by name.
SD	Corrid	Sort next level by service time.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help

Options for Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid

Enter "/" to select an option

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each Correlation ID and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F18 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. Also this report is only created when measuring a Distributed Data Facility (DDF) address space. Exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time, total SQL task CPU time, SQL Enclave, and SQL zIIP times by SQL statement are recorded. This report shows quantification by Workstation ID. You can further expand each line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statement.

Note: This report is for DDF measurements only.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Workstation ID and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed for the Workstation ID.

- · Number of SQL calls
- Total task CPU time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call task CPU time, or percent of total used
- Total service time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that the task CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. This is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F18 report shows a line for each Workstation ID that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Workstation ID
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
Level 2 SQL Request
Level 3 SQL Statement Text
```

Detail line descriptions

Workstation ID detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a Workstation ID for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Wkstn	The Workstation ID name.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this Workstation ID.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this Workstation ID.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this Workstation ID used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this Workstation ID.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this Workstation ID used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the Workstation ID detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Wkstn	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
SQL Function	The SQL function. This is the name of the SQL function (SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.)
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time per SQL call.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one Workstation id expanded to the third level (SQL text)

```
File View Navigate Help
F18: Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn (1641/DB2ADIST) Row 00001 of 00337
Command ===> _____
                                                                            ______ Scroll ===> <u>C</u>SR
                                                        Nbr of --CPU Time--
                                                                                                            --Svc Time--
<u>Wkstn</u>
                  Stmt# SQL Function SQL Calls Total Mean
                                                                                                         <u>Total</u>
                                                                                                                        <u>Mean</u>
                                                                                       0.00548
0.03885
D12A3H26
                                                                                                                           0.00586
                                                                           0.57
                                                                                                               0.61
                                                              105
± <u>D00016</u>
                         0 EXECUTE IMME
                                                                3
                                                                          0.11
                                                                                                               0.13
                                                                                                                             0.04345
                              EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT
                        > EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT
> COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY
> ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY ,DEP3_COL4 ,DEP3_COL5 ,DEP2_COL3
> ,DEP2_COL4 ,FIELD_TWO ,FIELD_THREE ,FIELD_FOUR
> ,FIELD_FIVE ,FIELD_SIX ,FIELD_SEVEN
> ,CHAR(FIELD_EIGHT,ISO) ,CHAR(FIELD_NINE,ISO)
> ,FIELD_TEN ,TIMEZONE () FROM MAIN FULL OUTER JOIN DEP2
> ON DEP2_COL1_KEY = FIELD_ONE_KEY LEFT JOIN DEP3 ON
DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND_DEP3_COL2_KEY =
                        > DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY = DEP2_COL2_KEY ORDER BY COL1_KEY ,COL2_KEY > ,DEP3_COL3_KEY
                                                                                           0.00744
→ D00020
                                                                             0.08
                                                                                                                              0.00763
                              SELECT * FROM PLAN TABLE ORDER BY QUERYNO, QBLOCKNO,
                              PLANNO
                              (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 0 Segno D00017)
→ D00019
                                                                  3
                                                                            0.08
                                                                                         0.02768
                                                                                                                             0.02891
                              SELECT * FROM PLAN_TABLE ORDER BY QUERYNO, QBLOCKNO,
                              (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 0 Segno D00017)
→ D00034
                                                                                         0.01741
                                                                                                               0.05
                                                                                                                             0.01809
                              ( SELECT T1.FIELD ONE KEY AS
                         > UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T1.FIELD_TWO AS
> UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T1 WHERE NOT EXISTS
> (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP1 T2 WHERE T1.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                         > T2.DEP1 COL1 KEY1 ) UNION SELECT T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY
> AS UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T3.FIELD_TWO
> AS UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T3 WHERE NOT EXISTS
> (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP2 T4 WHERE T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                         > T4.DEP2_COL1_KEY ) ) UNION ALL ( SELECT
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Wkstn, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Wkstn, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Wkstn, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Wkstn, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Wkstn	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	Wkstn	Sort lines by program and statement number.
SD	Wkstn	Sort next level entries by service time
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Wkstn	Display context help information.	
+	Wkstn	Expand to reveal all entries.	
_	Wkstn	Collapse to show only first level.	
SV	Wkstn	Sort next level by value.	
SN	Wkstn	Sort next level by name.	
SD	Wkstn	Sort next level by service time.	

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each Workstation ID and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F19 - Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. Also this report is only created when measuring a Distributed Data Facility (DDF) address space. Exact SQL call counts, total SQL service time, total SQL task CPU time, SQL Enclave, and SQL zIIP times by SQL statement are recorded. This report shows quantification by End User ID. You can further expand each line to see a further breakdown and quantification by individual SQL statement.

Note: This report is for DDF measurements only.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each End User ID and, when expanded, for each SQL statement observed for the End User ID.

- Number of SQL calls
- · Total task CPU time for the SQL call processing
- · Mean SQL call task CPU time, or percent of total used
- Total service time for the SQL call processing
- Mean SQL call service time, or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields. Keep in mind that the task CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Db2 executes in multiple address spaces and CPU could also be consumed in other Db2 regions not reflected in this report. This is reflected in the enclave CPU times shown in the detail windows of this report.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded F19 report shows a line for each End User ID that issued SQL requests. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 End User ID

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text

Level 2 SQL Request

Level 3 SQL Statement Text
```

Detail line descriptions

End User ID detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an End User ID for which SQL request measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
EndUsr	The End User ID name.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this End User ID.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this End User ID.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per SQL call.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this End User ID used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this End User ID.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this End User ID used.

SQL request detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the End User ID detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
EndUsr	A sequence number. This is assigned by Application Performance Analyze to uniquely identify the SQL request. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number indicating if the SQL statement is static or dynamic.	
Stmt#	The precompiler statement number. This is the statement number assigned by the precompiler to the SQL request. When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.	
SQL Function	The SQL function. This is the name of the SQL function (SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.)	
Nbr of Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement.	
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this statement.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time per SQL call.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time this statement used.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time for all SQL calls for this statement.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per SQL call.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time this statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

This sample shows the report with one End User ID expanded to the third level (SQL text).

```
File View Navigate Help
F19: Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr (1641/DB2ADIST) Row 00001 of 00336
Command ===> _____
                                                                                        _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                                                                 --Svc Time--
                                                     Nbr of --CPU Time--
                    Stmt# SQL Function SQL Calls Total Mean
EndUsr
                                                                                                       Total Mean
                                                           121 0.67 0.00555 16.74 0.13837
3 0.11 0.03885 0.13 0.434
USR01
± D00016
                       0 EXECUTE IMME
                                                                                                                      0.04345
                       > EXPLAIN PLAN SET QUERYNO=1 FOR SELECT
                       > COALESCE(FIELD_ONE_KEY, DEP2_COL1_KEY) AS COL1_KEY
> ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
                       > ,COALESCE(DEP2_COL2_KEY, DEP3_COL2_KEY) AS COL2_KEY
> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY ,DEP3_COL4 ,DEP3_COL5 ,DEP2_COL3
> ,DEP2_COL4 ,FIELD_TWO ,FIELD_THREE ,FIELD_FOUR
> ,FIELD_FIVE ,FIELD_SIX ,FIELD_SEVEN
> ,CHAR(FIELD_EIGHT,ISO) ,CHAR(FIELD_NINE,ISO)
> ,FIELD_TEN ,TIMEZONE () FROM MAIN FULL OUTER JOIN DEP2
> ON DEP2_COL1_KEY = FIELD_ONE_KEY LEFT JOIN DEP3 ON
> DEP3_COL1_KEY = DEP2_COL1_KEY AND DEP3_COL2_KEY =
> DEP2_COL2_KEY ORDER BY COL1_KEY ,COL2_KEY
> ,DEP3_COL3_KEY
                                                                                                                        0.00763
→ <u>D00020</u>
                                                                         0.08
                            SELECT * FROM PLAN TABLE ORDER BY QUERYNO, OBLOCKNO,
                        > (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 0 Seqno D00017)
→ D00019
                                                                        0.08
                                                                                     0.02768
                                                                                                                       0.02891
                            SELECT * FROM PLAN_TABLE ORDER BY QUERYNO, QBLOCKNO,
                        > (PREPARE of SQL was done at Stmt# 0 Segno D00017)
→ D00034
                                                                                     0.01741
                                                                                                          0.05
                                                                                                                       0.01809
                       > (SELECT T1.FIELD_ONE_KEY AS

> UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T1.FIELD_TWO AS

> UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T1 WHERE NOT EXISTS

> (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP1 T2 WHERE T1.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                        > T2.DEP1_COL1_KEY1 ) UNION SELECT T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY
                       > AS UNION_COLUMN_01 ,T3.FIELD_TWO
> AS UNION_COLUMN_02 FROM AIF04.MAIN T3 WHERE NOT EXISTS
> (SELECT * FROM AIF04.DEP2 T4 WHERE T3.FIELD_ONE_KEY =
                        > T4.DEP2_COL1_KEY ) ) UNION ALL ( SELECT
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	EndUsr, Seqno	Display context help information.
++	EndUsr, Seqno	Show additional details.
+	EndUsr, Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	EndUsr, Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	EndUsr	Sort next level entries by value.
SS	EndUsr	Sort lines by program and statement number.
SD	EndUsr	Sort next level entries by service time
Р	Seqno	Display source program mapping.
EX	Seqno	Display Db2 EXPLAIN data.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	EndUsr	Display context help information.
+	EndUsr	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	EndUsr	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	EndUsr	Sort next level by value.
SN	EndUsr	Sort next level by name.
SD	EndUsr	Sort next level by service time.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by each End User ID and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

F30 - Db2 Class 3 Wait Times

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This report shows quantification of Db2 Class 3 wait times in micro seconds. The wait times are extracted from Db2 SMF records created during the measurement and are accumulated by plan name. This report is only produced

when the Db2 SMF configuration option is enabled during installation, and Application Performance Analyzer is able to collect the Db2 accounting trace data from SMF.

Detail Line descriptions

Plan Name

This is the name of the Db2 plan for which the following Class 3 wait times are accumulated.

Database I/O

This is the accumulated I/O elapsed wait time for database I/O.

Read I/O other

This is the accumulated wait time for read I/O that was done under a thread other than the one being measured.

Write I/O other

This is the accumulated wait time for write I/O that was done under a thread other than the one being measured.

IRLM Lock/Latch

This is the accumulated wait time due to local contention for locks.

Db2 Latch

This is the accumulated wait time due to latch contention.

Page Latch

This is the accumulated wait time due to page latch contention.

Log Write I/O

This is the accumulated wait time for a log write I/O.

Log Read

This is the accumulated wait time for archive reads, active reads, and active log prefetch reads.

ARC LOG QUIESCE

This is the accumulated wait time due to processing of ARCHIVE LOG MODE(QUIESCE) commands.

Phase 1 Write

This is the accumulated wait time for commit phase 1 database write I/O completion.

TCP/IP LOB/XML

This is the accumulated wait time for TCP/IP LOB and XML materialization.

Glbl Contention

This is the accumulated wait time due to global contention for parent L-locks.

Group Messages

This is the accumulated wait time due to sending of messages to other Db2 members in the data sharing group.

CF Requests

This is the accumulated wait time for IXLCACHE and IXLFCOMP asynch requests.

Drain Lock

This is the accumulated wait time for a drain lock.

Claim Release

This is the accumulated wait time for a drain when waiting for claims to be released.

Task Switch: COMMIT

This is the accumulated wait time due to synchronous execution unit switching for Db2 commit, abort, or deallocation processing.

Task Switch: OPEN/CLOSE

This is the accumulated wait time due to synchronous execution unit switching to the Db2 Open/Close data set service or the HSM recall service.

Task Switch: SYSLGRNG

This is the accumulated wait time due to synchronous execution unit switching to the Db2 SYSLGRNG recording service. This service is also sometimes used for level-id checking for down level detection.

Task Switch: Data Manager

This is the Accumulated wait time due to synchronous execution unit switching to the Db2 Dataspace Manager Services, which include; Define data set, Extend data set, Delete data set, Reset data set, and VSAM catalog access.

Task Switch: Other

This is the accumulated wait time due to synchronous execution unit switching to other Db2 service tasks.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

F30: Db2 Class 3 Wait Time Command ===>	es (7507/CICS32	2A)	Row 00001 of 00015 Scroll ===> CSR	
Plan Name PFSAMPC				
Database I/O Read I/O other Write I/O other IRLM Lock/Latch Db2 Latch Page Latch Log Write I/O Log Read ARC LOG QUIESCE Phase 1 Write TCP/IP LOB/XML	0.122218 0.000000 1.147968 0.021755	Glbl Contention Group Messages CF Requests Drain Lock Claim Release Task Switch: COMMIT OPEN/CLOSE SYSLGRNG Data Manager Other	0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000	

F31 - Db2+ (SMF) CPU/Elapsed Times

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This report shows quantification of Db2 SMF CPU, Elapsed and Specialty Engine (SE) times. These times are either extracted or calculated from fields obtained from Db2 SMF records. These SMF records are created during the measurement and are accumulated by Thread Address (ACE).

Use this report to see Db2 Accounting Information collected and recorded by SMF during the sampling of Db2+ measurements. F31 shows the Db2 CPU, Elapsed and Specialty Engine (SE) Times extracted and/or calculated based on the Db2 Accounting Information.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Thread Address.

- · Plan name
- · Attach Type
- CPU Time
- Elapsed Time
- Specialty Engine Time

Detail Line Hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail Line descriptions

CPU, Elapsed and SE Times detail line

Under heading	This is displayed
Accounting Data	Description of which Class (1 or 2) the data represents.
	Class 1 - This is the time spent in Db2 and outside of Db2. The time spent outside of Db2 is usually referred to as "in application".
	Class 2 - This is the time spent in Db2 and includes:
	Non-Nested This value represents the time the allied agent spent in Db2 for non- nested activity. This time does not include the time for processing SQL statements issued by Stored Procedures, User-Defined functions (UDF) or Triggers.
	Stored Procedures This value represents time consumed for Stored Procedures.
	UDF Requests This value represents time consumed executing user-defined functions.
	Trigger This value represents time consumed executing under the control of Triggers.
CPU Time	Class 1 and Class 2 CPU Times.
Elapsed Time	Class 1 and Class 2 Elapsed Times.
SE Time	Class 1 and Class 2 Specialty Engine (SE) Times.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown as follows:

```
File View Navigate Help

F31: Db2+ (SMF) CPU/Elapsed Times (00793/QADBCX15) Row 00001 of 00001 Command ===> CSR_

Thread Attach Address Plan Type CPU Time Elapsed Time CPU Time

168C0EC0 PLANCX15 CAF 00:08.368765 00:09.605468 00:00.0000000
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.

on objects

?	Thread Address	Display context help information.
++	Thread Address	Show additional details about this line.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown as follows:

```
File View Navigate Help
F31 - DETAIL Window (00793/QADBCX15)
Accounting Data
                 CPU Time
                           Elapsed Time
                                      Specialty Engine
                 00:08.368765
                                      00:00.000000
                           00:09.605468
 Class 1
 Class 2 Totals
                 00:08.348078
                           00:09.569612
                                      00:00.000000
  00:09.569612
                                      00:00.000000
                           00:00.000000
                                      00:00.000000
                           00:00.000000
                                      00:00.000000
                           00:00.000000
                                      00:00.000000
```

SETUP Options

There are no setup options for this report.

F32 - Db2+ (SMF) SQL Activity

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This report shows quantification of Db2 SMF SQL Activity. This data is either extracted or calculated from fields obtained from Db2 SMF records. These SMF records are created during the measurement and are accumulated by Thread Address (ACE).

Use this report to see Db2 Accounting Information collected and recorded by SMF during the sampling of Db2+ measurements. F32 offers a view of the SQL Activity extracted and/or calculated based on the Db2 Accounting Information.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Thread Address.

- · Plan name
- Attach Type
- SQL Call Total
- · SQL Call Timeouts

Detail Line Hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail Line descriptions

SQL Functions and Call Counts

Under heading	This is displayed
SQL Functions and Call Counts	SQL Functions are displayed together with the number of calls.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown as follows:

```
File View Navigate Help

F32: Db2+ (SMF) SQL Activity (00793/QADBCX15) Row 00001 of 00001
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> CSR_

Thread Attach SQL SQL
Address Plan Type Call Total Call Timeouts

168C0EC0 PLANCX15 CAF 124 0
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.

on objects

?	Thread Address	Display context help information.
++	Thread Address	Show additional details about this line.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown as follows:

```
File View Navigate Help
F32 - DETAIL Window (00793/QADBCX15)
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> CSR_
  More: +
------- The following report line was selected
SQL Functions and Call Counts
                             O CREATE TABLE
 SELECT
                             O CREATE INDEX
O CREATE TABLESPACE
 INSERT
  UPDATE
                              O CREATE DATABASE
  DELETE
                             54 CREATE SYNONYM
24 CREATE STORAGE GROUP
  FETCH
 OPEN
 CLOSE
                                   CREATE VIEW
                                   CREATE ALIAS
  PREPARE
 DROP TABLE
DROP INDEX
O ALTER TABLE
DROP TABLESPACE
DROP DATABASE
O ALTER TABLESPACE
O ALTER TABLESPACE
DROP DATABASE
O ALTER DATABASE
```

SETUP Options

There are no setup options for this report.

F33 - Db2+ (SMF) Buffer Pool Stats

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This report shows quantification of Db2 SMF Buffer Pool Statistics. This data is either extracted or calculated from fields obtained from Db2 SMF records. These SMF records are created during the measurement and are accumulated by Thread Address (ACE).

Use this report to see Db2 Accounting Information collected and recorded by SMF during the sampling of Db2+ measurements. F33 offers a view of the Buffer Pool Statistics extracted and/or calculated based on the Db2 Accounting Information.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Thread Address.

- Plan name
- · Attach Type
- · Buffer Pool Id
- I/O Request Total

Detail Line Hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail Line descriptions

Buffer Pool Statistics

Under heading	This is displayed
---------------	-------------------

Get Page Requests Issued	This is the number of successful requests for pages for queries that are processed in parallel. This count includes both successful and unsuccessful requests for pages for queries that are not processed in parallel.
Read w/disk Cache Hits	This is the number of read I/O operations that resulted in disk cache hits.
Unsuccessful Get Page Operations	This is the number of times a page requested for a query processed in parallel was unavailable because an I/O was in progress or the page was not found in the buffer pool.
SETW Issued for System Pages	This is the number of times a buffer update occurs for the agent. This counter is incremented every time a page is updated and is ready to be written to DASD.
Synchronous Read I/O	This is the number of synchronous read I/Os. This counter is incremented for each media manager synchronous physical read request.
Immediate (Synchronous) Write I/O	This is the number of immediate (synchronous) write I/Os. This occurs when any synchronous write is triggered or an immediate write threshold is reached.
Sequential Prefetch Requested	This is the number of sequential prefetch requests.
List Prefetch Requested	This is the number of list prefetch requests.
Dynamic Prefetch Requested	This is the number of dynamic prefetch requests.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown as follows:

```
File View Navigate Help

F33: Db2+ (SMF) Buffer Pool Stats (00008/QADBCS27) Row 00001 of 00001

Command ===> _______ Scroll ===> CSR_

Thread Attach Buffer I/0
Address Plan Type Pool Id Request Total

15441020 DBACS27 CAF 0 61
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.

on objects

?	Thread Address	Display context help information.
++	Thread Address	Show additional details about this line.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown as follows:

SETUP Options

There are no setup options for this report.

F34 - Db2+ (SMF) Locking Activity

Usage

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement. This report shows quantification of Db2 SMF Locking Activity. This data is either extracted or calculated from fields obtained from Db2 SMF records. These SMF records are created during the measurement and are accumulated by Thread Address (ACE).

Use this report to see Db2 Accounting Information collected and recorded by SMF during the sampling of Db2+ measurements. F34 offers a view of the Locking Activity extracted and/or calculated based on the Db2 Accounting Information.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Thread Address.

- Plan name
- · Attach Type
- Lock Requests
- Lock Escalations
- Deadlocks

Detail Line Hierarchy

There is only one detail line level in this report.

Detail Line descriptions

Locking Activity Details

Under heading	This is displayed	
---------------	-------------------	--

Suspends (Lock Cnflct)	This is the number of suspends because of lock conflict. This is the number of times a lock could not be obtained and the unit of work was suspended.
Suspends (Ltch Cnflct)	This is the number of suspends because of IRLM latch conflict.
Suspends (Other)	This is the number of suspends because of other reasons. This includes IRLM sync requests and IRLM synchronous notifies.
Timeouts	This is the lock timeout count and is the number of times a unit of work was suspended for a time that exceeded the time out value.
Deadlocks	This is the deadlock count and is the number of times deadlocks were detected.
Lock Escal (Shared)	This is the count of lock escalations to shared mode.
Lock Escal (Excl)	This is the count of lock escalations to exclusive mode.
Max Pg/Row Locks Held	This is the maximum number of page or row locks held. This is the maximum number of page or row locks concurrently held by a single application during its execution.
Lock Requests	This is the lock request count.
Unlock Requests	This is the unlock request count.
Claim Requests	This is the claim request count.
Claim Request Failures	This is the number of unsuccessful claim requests.
Drain Requests	This is the number of drain requests.
Drain Request Failures	This is the number of unsuccessful drain requests.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.

on objects

?	Thread Address	Display context help information.
++	Thread Address	Show additional details about this line.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown as follows:

SETUP Options

There are no setup options for this report.

Db2 EXPLAIN report

The Db2 EXPLAIN report is available through the Application Performance Analyzer ISPF interface only, and is displayed by typing the command "EX" on a SQL statement. It is available in most Db2 reports. There are two sources of information for this report: static EXPLAIN data and dynamic EXPLAIN data.

Usage

Use this report to see the Db2 EXPLAIN information for a particular SQL statement. Each report line represents a row in the result PLAN_TABLE. You can obtain this report by issuing an "EX" line command against the SQL statement you want explained.

Static EXPLAIN

Static EXPLAIN data is requested when an "EX" command is issued on a SQL statement, if the DB2X data extractor was selected for the observation request and the SQL statement was bound with the EXPLAIN(YES) option.

Static EXPLAIN data is obtained at the time of the measurement. Any changes made to the Db2 objects since the measurement was requested will not be reflected in the EXPLAIN request.

This will be indicated in the Db2 EXPLAIN report by the following at the bottom of the report:

Source: Static Explain

Dynamic EXPLAIN

A dynamic EXPLAIN is requested when an "EX" command is issued on a SQL statement that does not have static EXPLAIN data available. Application Performance Analyzer will issue a dynamic EXPLAIN request on the SQL text of the statement you have selected.

Note: Not all SQL statements can be the subject of a dynamic EXPLAIN request. Included among these are UPDATE or DELETE statements with a WHERE CURRENT OF clause.

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the Db2+ option during the measurement.

The dynamic EXPLAIN request is executed at the time you request it. It is not issued at the time of the measurement. Thus, any changes made to the Db2 objects since the measurement was requested will affect the dynamic EXPLAIN request. It is valid to select a DECLARE CURSOR or a SELECT INTO statement. Application Performance Analyzer will remove the DECLARE CURSOR clause or the INTO clause before issuing the dynamic EXPLAIN request. It will also substitute any :H host variable placeholders in static SQL statements with a question mark. A dynamic EXPLAIN request can be requested on SQL statements up to 15000 bytes long.

This will be indicated in the Db2 EXPLAIN report by the following at the bottom of the report:

Source: Dynamic Explain

Field descriptions

The values of certain columns from each row of PLAN_TABLE are displayed in each report line. To see more detailed information, including values of additional PLAN_TABLE columns, issue the "++" line command or press the ENTER key. For full descriptions of these columns, refer to *Db2 Universal Database for z/OS: Application Programming and SQL Guide*.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Blk Num	The value of the QBLOCKNO column. This is also an input field. Use the "++" line command or press the ENTER key to display more information about the PLAN_TABLE row.
Plan Num	The value of the PLANNO column.
Mix Op	The value of the MIXOPSEQ column.
Join Mthd	The value of the METHOD column.
Асс Туре	The value of the ACCESSTYPE column.
Match Cols	The value of the MATCHCOLS column.
Index Only	The value of the INDEXONLY column.
Sort New	U J O G The values of the SORTN_UNIQ, SORTN_JOIN, SORTN_ORDERBY and SORTN_GROUPBY columns.
Sort Comp	U J O G The values of the SORTC_UNIQ, SORTC_JOIN, SORTC_ORDERBY and SORTC_GROUPBY columns.
Table Name	The value of the TNAME column.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
|Db2 EXPLAIN (0274/QADBCX07)
                                    Row 00001 of 00006
|Command ===> _____
                     _____Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
     Blk
                                              Table
Num.
                                               Name
                      0001
                                               MAIN
        0
0
0
           0 0
                                      N N N N
 0001
      2
                                      NNNN
                                               DFP2
              1
              1
           0
0
                                               DEP3
      3
4
                                      N N N N
 0001
 0001
              3
Source: Static Explain
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Blk Num	Display context help information.
++	Blk Num	Show additional details.

Note: There are no line commands on headings for this report.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown below (shown in three scrollable screen segments).

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                More: +
    Db2 EXPLAIN Data for Selected Row
         Block number
         Plan number
                                 0001
         Join method
                                 None
         Table creator
                                 USER4
         Table name
                                 MAIN
        Access type
                                 Table space scan
         Matching columns
                                 0
         Index creator
                                 n/a
         Index name
                                 n/a
        Index only
Merge join columns
                                 No
                                 0
         Correlation name
                                 Т3
         Page range screening
                                 n/a
         Join type
                                 n/a
         Query block type
Direct row access
                                 SELECT
                                 n/a
         <u>Sort</u>
                     New
                              <u>Composite</u>
         Unique
                     No
                              No
                     No
                              No
         Join
         Order by
                     No
                              No
         Group by
                     No
                              No
         Lock mode
                             Intent Share
         Prefetch
                             Pure sequential
         Function evaluation After data retrieval and sorting
         Multiple index operation sequence no. 0
         <u>Parallelism Information:</u>
            Number of tasks
                                           0
            Group identifier
                                           0
            Join degree
                                           0
            Join group id
Sort composite group id
                                           0
                                           0
```

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                    More: - +
    Sort new table group id
    Parallelism mode
                                        n/a
 Descriptive Names Mapped to PLAN_TABLE Column Names
    <u>Descriptive Name</u>
                                                       Column Name
                                                       QBLOCKNO
    Block number
                                                       PLANNO
    Plan number
    Join method
                                                       METHOD
    Table creator
                                                       CREATOR
    Table name
                                                       TNAME
                                                       ACCESSTYPE
    Access type
    Matching columns
                                                       MATCHCOLS
                                                       ACCESSCREATOR
    Index creator
    Index name
                                                       ACCESSNAME
                                                       INDEXONLY
    Index only
                                                       SORTN_UNIQ, SORTC_UNIQ
SORTN_JOIN, SORTC_JOIN
SORTN_ORDERBY, SORTC_ORDERBY
SORTN_GROUPBY, SORTC_GROUPBY
    Unique
    Join
    Order by
    Group by
    Lock mode
                                                       TSLOCKMODE
    Prefetch
                                                       PREFETCH
                                                       COLUMN_FN_EVAL
    Function evaluation
                                                       MIXOPSĒQ
    Multiple index operation sequence no.
    Number of tasks
                                                       ACCESS_DEGREE
    Group identifier
                                                       ACCESS_PGROUP_ID
                                                       JOIN_DEGREE
JOIN_PGROUP_ID
SORTC_PGROUP_ID
SORTN_PGROUP_ID
    Join degree
    Join group id
    Sort composite group id
    Sort new table group id
Parallelism mode
                                                       PARALĪELISM MODE
                                                      MERGE_JOIN_COLS
CORRELATION_NAME
    Merge_join columns
    Correlation name
    Page range screening
                                                       PAGE_RANGE
    Join type
                                                       JOIN_TYPE
```

DB2SQL category in C01 report

More Db2 measurement data is presented in the C01 CPU Usage by Category report, under the category DB2SQL. If you expand the DB2SQL with the "+" line command, SQL Statement items will be displayed.

A sample is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
CO1: CPU Usage by Category (0645/CICS23A) Row 00001 of 00014
Command ===> _
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                                                                                       Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.6%

        Description
        Percent of CPU time * 10.00%
        ±2.6%

        $\sigma \cdot \text{10.00}$
        ±2.6%

        $\sigma \text{10.00}$
        $\sigma \text{10.00}$

        $\sigma \text{10.00}$
        $\sigma
<u>Name</u>
                                                                                                                                            *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8.
SYSTEM
→ 00008
→ 00003
→ 00010
→ 00004
                                             PFSAMPC(1316) SELECT 1.56
                                            PFSAMPC(1347) SELECT
PFSAMPB(678) SELECT
→ 00006
                                                                                                                              0.94
→ 00002
                                                                                                                                0.67
                                            PFSAMPA(816) SELECT
PFSAMPC(1443) OPEN
→ 00001
                                                                                                                               0.67
→ 00007
                                                                                                                                0.61
 → 00009
                                             PFSAMPC(1562) CLOSE
                                                                                                                             0.40
<u>APPLCN</u>
                                     Application Code
                                                                                                                                6.58 ===
```

You can enter the "+" command to further expand each SQL statement one more level to display a breakdown by load module.

SQL Statement

This item attributes measured activity to a Db2 SQL statement.

Name Column

A sequence number is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to each unique SQL statement observed during the measurement. This sequence number is shown in the name field. It is possible for some sequences numbers to be missing (sequence gaps) from the report. This will occur if a sequence number was assigned to SQL statements but no CPU activity was measured for these statements.

Description Column

The name of the program that issued the SQL request followed by the precompiler statement number (enclosed in parentheses) is shown here. This is followed by the SQL function (e.g. SELECT, INSERT, COMMIT).

Chapter 7. MQ performance analysis reports

This section describes the MQ performance analysis reports.

For information about	See
The MQ data extractor	"Overview of MQ data extractor" on page 413
Q01 MQ activity summary	"Q01 - MQ activity summary" on page 414
Q02 MQ CPU usage by queue	"Q02 - MQ CPU usage by queue" on page 416
Q03 MQ CPU usage by request	"Q03 - MQ CPU usage by request" on page 419
Q04 MQ CPU usage by transaction	"Q04 - MQ CPU usage by Txn" on page 421
Q05 MQ service time by queue	"Q05 - MQ service time by queue" on page 424
Q06 MQ Serv Time by Request	"Q06 - MQ service time by request" on page 427
Q07 MQ service time by transaction	"Q07 - MQ service time by Txn" on page 429
Q08 MQ wait time by queue	"Q08 - MQ wait time by queue" on page 432
Q09 MQ wait time by request	"Q09 - MQ wait time by request" on page 435
Q10 MQ wait time by transaction	"Q10 - MQ wait time by Txn" on page 437
Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline	"Q11 - MQ+ Activity Timeline" on page 440
Q12 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue	"Q12 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue" on page 443
Q13 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request	"Q13 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request" on page 446
Q14 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn	"Q14 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn" on page 449

Overview of MQ data extractor

In order to use the MQ Performance Analysis Reports, the MQ data extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You must select the MQS data extractor in the Enter an Observation Request panel.

This data extractor provides the ability to observe/sample and report on MQ interface calls (both dynamic and static) in Batch, IMS and CICS programs. More specifically, to show the CPU and wait time spent in MQ interface calls and to attribute the time spent to a particular MQ interface call.

When the MQ data extractor is selected, Application Performance Analyzer will record the following information in the sample file for each MQ call that it observes:

- Environment (Batch, IMS or CICS)
- · Load module that issued the call
- Offset within the load module of the return address from the MQ call
- Type of MQI call (MQOPEN, MQGET, etc.)
- Queue Manager name
- Object name (for example, the queue name)
- Message size (actual length for MQPUT/MQPUT1, buffer length for MQGET)
- MQ Options (for MQOPEN, MQGET, MQPUT MQCLOSE)
- · Message type, priority and persistence

· Transaction ID (CICS and IMS)

Note: In an IMS environment, Application Performance Analyzer might not be able to determine the default Queue Manager name for some samples if the Application Performance Analyzer task has not previously sampled any. This might result in the MQ object name being unknown for the first few calls. Subsequent sampling runs will obtain the MQ object name for each sample.

The MQ+ extractor

MQ+ is a measurement option where the precise number of MQ calls, the exact MQ service time, and CPU time by MQ call are counted. When you select the MQ+ option, Application Performance Analyzer captures the data that is required to produce the MQ+ timeline and service time reports Q11 through Q14.

Selecting the MQ+ option has a small impact on the performance of the target address space. Be careful when you use the MQ+ feature with other products that also intercept MQ calls because unpredictable results might occur. Your installer can choose to limit access to this feature.

Q01 - MQ activity summary

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the MQ requests (Calls) issued during the observation session and a list of the MQ objects referenced by these requests.

Detail line descriptions

Access to the following MQ objects observed

Each referenced object is described under this heading. For each object, the following information is reported:

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Object Seq. Nbr	A unique sequence number assigned by Application Performance Analyzer to each unique object.
Object Manager Name	The name of the MQ Queue Manager — usually four characters. This name is combined with the object name to fully qualify the name.
Object Name	A one to 48 character MQ object name. Some functions do not reference an object. In this case, Application Performance Analyzer shows an entry with 'n/a' in this field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Object Type	The type of object. One of the following is shown:	
	• Queue	
	Namelist	
	• Process	
	Storage Class	
	Queue Manager	
	• Channel	
	Auth Info	
	CF Structure	
	Alias Queue	
	Model Queue	
	Local Queue	
	Remote Queue	
	Sender Channel	
	Server Channel	
	Regstr Channel	
	Recvr Channel	
	Current® Channel	
	Saved Channel	
	SVRCON Channel	
	CLNTCON Channel	

MQ calls observed

Each observed MQ request is listed under this heading. For each request, the following information is reported:

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Module	The name of the load module that issued the MQ request.	
CSECT	The name of the CSECT in the module containing the MQ CALL.	
Offset	The hexadecimal offset in the CSECT of the return address to the CALL.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Function	The MQ function:
	• CONNECT
	• DISCONN
	• OPEN
	• CLOSE
	• GET
	• PUT
	• PUT1
	• COMMIT
	• BACKOUT
	• INQUIRE
	• SET
Queue Mgr	The Queue Manager name.
Object Name	The object name.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Q01: MQ Activity Summary (00434/QAMQBGTW)
                                                          Row 00001 of 00018
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> CSR_
Access to the Following MQ Objects Observed
  Object Sequence Number
  Queue Manager Name
                                  CS09
                                         (V09.2.4)
                                  SYSTEM. DEFAULT. LOCAL. QUEUE
  Object Name
  Object Type
                                  Queue
  Object Sequence Number
                                  0002
  Queue Manager Name
                                         (V09.2.4)
                                  CS09
  Object Name
                                  n/a
MQ Calls Observed
  Module
            CSECT
                     Offset
                                Function
                                            Queue Mgr
                                                         Object Name
            MQBCS01 0030A4
MQBCS01 00313E
MQBCS01 00334C
MQBCS01 0033DC
  MQBCS01
                                CONNECT
                                            CSQ1
  MÕBCS01
                                OPEN
                                            CSQ1
                                                         SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
                                            CSQ1
CSQ1
                                                         SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
  MOBCS01
                                PUT
  MQBCS01
                                CLOSE
                                                         SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
                                            CSQ1
  MQBCS01
             MQBCS01 0033DC
                                CLOSE
                                            CSQ1
  MQBCS01
             MQBCS01 003452
                                COMMIT
  MQBCS01
             MQBCS01 0034C8
                                DISCONN
                                            CSQ1
```

Q02 - MQ CPU usage by queue

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU resources were consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of CPU usage is reported by MQ Queue Name. Expand the Queue Name detail lines to see a further breakdown by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage for an MQ Queue Name. This is further broken down by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q02 report shows a line for each MQ Queue. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 MQ Queue
Level 2 MQ Request
Level 2 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

MQ queue detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing MQ Requests for the indicated MQ Queue Name.

MQ request detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies CPU usage for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the indicated MQ Request.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been fully expanded by entering "+" on the Name field.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Q02: MQ CPU Usage by Queue (0643/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00010
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
          <u>Description</u>
                                       Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.8%
                                        *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7.
          SYSTEM.DEFAULT.ALIAS.QUEUE 75.90 ============================
<u>CSQ1</u>
→ <u>PUT</u>
           MQBCS01+334C
MQBCS01+313E
                                      75.50 =========
→ OPEN
→ <u>CLOS</u>E
           MQBCS01+33DC
                                       0.08
CSO1 No Object Name

→ CONNECT MQBCS01+30A4

→ DISCONN MQBCS01+34C8
                                       8.83 ===
                                       7.06 ===
            MQBCS01+34C8
→ <u>CLOSE</u> MQBCS01+33DC
→ <u>COMMIT</u> MQBCS01+3452
                                       0.08
                                       0.08
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Queue	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Queue	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Queue	Sort next level by name.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ------ The following report line was selected ------
Calculation Details
   MQ Series CPU measurements
                                      1,201
   Total CPU measurements
                                      1,526
   Percent of total
                                      78.70%
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module
                 MQBCS01
   CSECT
                 MOBCS01
   Offset
                 00334C
   Request Type
                 PUT
   Queue Manager
Object Name
Object Type
                 CSQ1
                 SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
   Object Type
                 Queue
```

Q03 - MQ CPU usage by request

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU resources were consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of CPU usage is reported by MQ Request. Expand the MQ Request lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage for an MQ Request. This is further broken down by MQ Queue Name.

Detail line descriptions

MQ request detail line

This is a first-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies CPU usage for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.	
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the indicated MQ Request.	

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing MQ Requests for the indicated MQ Queue Name.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
File \underline{V}iew \underline{N}avigate \underline{H}elp
Q03: MQ CPU Usage by Request (0643/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00007

        Command ===>
        Scroll ===> CSR

                               <u>Name</u>
        <u>Description</u>
        MQBCS01+334C
PUT
                              75.50 ===========
CONNECT
                               7.06 ===
        MOBCS01+34C8
                               1.60 =
                               0.32
        MQBCS01+313E
CLOSE
CLOSE
        MQBCS01+33DC
                               0.08
                               0.08
0.08
        MOBCS01+33DC
        MQBCS01+3452
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Request, Queue	Display context help information.
++	Request, Queue	Show additional details.
+	Request	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Request	Collapse to hide next level.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Percent of CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
Calculation Details
   MO Series CPU measurements
                                    1,201
   Total CPU measurements
                                    1,526
78.70%
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module
                MOBCS01
   CSECT
                MQBCS01
   0ffset
                00334C
   Request Type
   Queue Manager
                CS01
                SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
   Object Name
   Object Type
                Queue
```

Q04 - MQ CPU usage by Txn

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU resources were consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of CPU usage is reported by CICS or IMS transaction. Expand the transaction detail lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue and by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies CPU usage for a CICS or IMS transaction under which MQ Requests were serviced. This is further broken down by MQ Queue and by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q04 report shows a line for each CICS or IMS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS/IMS Transaction Level
Level 2 MQ Queue
Level 3 MQ Request
Level 3 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS/IMS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS or IMS transaction under which MQ requests were issued.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	A CICS or IMS transaction code. This is the transaction under which measured MQ Requests were issued. "Batch" is shown here for request not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction.	
Description	"CICS Transaction" or "IMS Transaction". "Not in IMS/CICS Txn" is shown here if the request was not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction.	
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing MQ Requests under control of the indicated transaction.	

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing MQ Requests for the indicated MQ Queue Name.

MQ request detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies CPU usage for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.	
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing the indicated MQ Request.	

Sample reports

A sample report is show here. It has been fully expanding by entering "+" on the Name heading.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Q04: MQ CPU Usage by Txn/Queue (0025/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00015
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
         <u>Description</u>
                                   Percent of CPU time * 10.00% ±2.8%
                                     *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7.
         CICS Transaction
CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
MQSAMP1+2DF2
                                   13.71 =====
MQS1
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
                                   13.20 =====
 → GET
                                   10.92 ====
 → OPEN
             MQSAMP1+2C2C
                                    1.94 =
 → <u>CLOSE</u>
            MÕSAMP1+31A0
                                   0.34
          No Object Name
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
→ <u>CLOSE</u>
                                    0.50
            MQSĀMP1+31A0
                                    0.50
      CICS Transaction
MQDR
                                    8.03 ====
 → <u>CSQ1</u>
                                    7.80 ====
                                    5.65 ===
                                    1.86 =
                                    0.28
→ CSQ1
                                    0.23
                                    0.12
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transactions, Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Transactions, Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Transactions, Queue	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transactions, Queue	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transactions, Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transactions, Queue	Sort next level by name.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of CPU	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of CPU	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
Calculation Details
   MQ Series CPU measurements
                                        1,201
   Total CPU measurements
                                        1,526
78.70%
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module MQBCS01
   CSECT
                  MOBCS01
   Offset
                  00334C
   Request Type
                  PUT
   Queue Manager CSQ1
Object Name SYSTI
Object Type Queue
                  SYŠTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
                  Queue
```

Q05 - MQ service time by queue

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of time is reported by MQ Queue Name. Expand the Queue Name detail lines to see a further breakdown by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time for an MQ Queue Name. The service time is the actual time measured MQ requests were being processed. This is further broken down by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q05 report shows a line for each MQ Queue. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 MQ Queue
Level 2 MQ Request
Level 2 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

MQ queue detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

MQ request detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies time consumed during executions of a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.

Sample reports

A sample report is show here. It has been fully expanded by pressing "+" on the Name heading.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
Q05: MQ Service Time by Queue (0025/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00010 Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                     <u>Percent of time * 10.00%</u> ±0.9%
<u>Name</u>
              <u>Description</u>
                                                     *...1...2...3....4....5....6....7.
29.71 =========
              CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
MQSAMP1+2DF2
CSQ4CVK1+284E
CSQ4CVK1+277E
MQSAMP1+2C2C
CSQ4CVK1+29E2
MOSAMP1+21A0
CSQ1
                                                     14.79 ======
→ <u>GET</u>
→ <u>PUT</u>
                                                      8.56 ===
→ OPEN
                                                      2.64 =
                                                      2.54 =
→ OPEN
→ CLOSE
                                                      0.61
              MQSAMP1+31A0
→ CLOSE
                                                      0.55
                                                       0.90
              No Object Name
→ <u>CL</u>OSE
              MQSÃMP1+31A0
                                                       0.50
→ CLOSE
                 CS04CVK1+29E2
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Queue	Expand to reveal next level
_	Queue	Collapse to hide next level
SV	Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Queue	Sort next level by name.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
+***************
 +******** The following report line was selected ***********
 | → PUT MQBCS01+334C
                               60.38 =======
 +*********************
 Calculation Details
   The 60.38% quantification represents 1,102 samples during
   which the indicated MQ request was being serviced
   The percentage is the portion of the total session elapsed
   time of 1,825 samples.
 MQ Request Details
   Calling Module
                MOBCS01
   CSECT
                MOBCS01
   Offset
                00334C
   Request Type
                PUT
   Queue Manager
                CSQ1
   Object Name
Object Type
                SYSTEM.DEFAULT.ALIAS.QUEUE
                Queue
 ***********************
```

Q06 - MQ service time by request

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of time is reported by MQ Request. Expand the MQ Request lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time for an MQ Request. This is further broken down by MQ Queue Name.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q06 report shows a line for each MQ Request. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 MQ Request
Level 2 MQ Queue
Level 2 MQ Queue
...
```

Detail line descriptions

MQ request detail line

This is a first-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies consumption of time for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.	
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Q06: MQ Service Time by Request (0643/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00007 Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
            Description
                                           <u>Percent of time * 10.00%</u> ±2.3%
Name
                                          *...1...2...3....4...5...6....7.
           MQBCS01+334C
MQBCS01+30A4
<u>PUT</u>
CONNECT
                                          10.84 ====
DISCONN
            MQBCS01+34C8
                                           1.42 =
COMMIT
OPEN
                                           1.09 = 0.21
            MQBCS01+3452
           MQBCS01+313E
MQBCS01+33DC
CL0SE
CL0SE
                                            0.05
            MQBCS01+33DC
                                            0.05
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Request, Queue	Display context help information.
++	Request, Queue	Show additional details.
+	Request	Expand to reveal next level
_	Request	Collapse to hide next level

С	md	When Applied To Object	Action
Р		Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
    ------- The following report line was selected -----------
Calculation Details
   MQ Series activity measurements
                                      1,645
2,270
72.46%
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
                 MOBCS01
   Calling Module
   CSECT
                 MÕBCS01
                 00334C
   Offset
   Request Type
                 PUT
   Oueue Manager CSQ1
Object Name SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
   Object Type
                 Queue
```

Q07 - MQ service time by Txn

Usage

Use this report to see how time was consumed by MQ Requests. The percentage of time is reported by CICS or IMS transaction. Expand the transaction detail lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue and by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time consumed by MQ requests in a CICS or IMS transaction. This is further broken down by MQ Queue and by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q07 report shows a line for each CICS or IMS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS/IMS Transaction
Level 2 MQ Queue
Level 3 MQ Request
Level 3 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS/IMS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS or IMS transaction under which MQ requests were issued.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	A CICS or IMS transaction code. This is the transaction under which measured MQ Requests were issued. "Batch" is shown here for request not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction.	
Description	"CICS Transaction" or "IMS Transaction." "Not in IMS/CICS Txn" is shown here if the request was not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests under control of the indicated transaction were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

MQ request detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies time consumption for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by Request.		
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

Sample reports

A fully expanded report is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
Q07: MQ Service Time by Txn/Queue (0025/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00015
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Name
          Description
                                       <u>Percent of time * 10.00%</u> ±0.9%
                                       *...1....2....3....4....5....6....7.
18.40 =======
          CICS Transaction
            ICS Transaction
CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
MOSAMP1+2DF2
MQS1
                                       17.89 ======
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
              MQSAMP1+2DF2
 → <u>GE</u>T
                                       14.79 ======
  → OPEN
              MQSAMP1+2C2C
                                       2.54 =
                                        0.55
              MQSAMP1+31A0
 → <u>CLOSE</u>
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
           No Object Name
MQSAMP1+31A0
                                        0.50
       CICS Transaction
<u>MQDR</u>
                                       12.21 ====
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
→ <u>PUT</u>
                                       11.82 ====
           CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
             CSQ4CVK1+284E
                                        8.56 ===
            CSQ4CVK1+284E
CSQ4CVK1+277E
  → OPEN
                                        2.64 =
  → CLOSE
              CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                        0.61
 CSQ1
            No Object Name
                                        0.39
  → CLOSE
              CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                        0.39
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Queue	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Queue	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Queue	Sort next level by name.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
    ------ The following report line was selected -----------
 Calculation Details
   MQ Series activity measurements
                                         1,645
2,270
72.46%
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module MQBCS01
   CSECT
                  MQBCS01
                  00334C
   Offset
   Request Type
                  PUT
   Request Type
Queue Manager
Object Name
Object Type
CSQ1
SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
Queue
```

Q08 - MQ wait time by queue

Usage

Use this report to see how much wait time occurred during processing of MQ Requests. The percentage of time is reported by MQ Queue Name. Expand the Queue Name detail lines to see a further breakdown by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time attributed to requests for an MQ Queue Name. This is further broken down by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q08 report shows a line for each MQ Queue. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 MQ Queue
Level 2 MQ Request
Level 2 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

MQ queue detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue	
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

MQ request detail line

This is a second-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies wait time during executions of a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.	
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

Sample reports

A fully expanded report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Q08: MQ Wait Time by Queue (0025/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00011
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>Name</u>
          <u>Description</u>
                                       <u>Percent of time * 10.00%</u> ±0.9%
                                           *...1...2....3....4....5....6....7.
                                       5.80 ===
3.01 ==
          CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
MQSAMP1+2DF2
<u>CSQ1</u>
→ <u>GET</u>
→ PUT
            CSQ4CVK1+284E
                                       1.60 =
→ OPEN
            CSQ4CVK1+277E
                                       0.59
→ OPEN
          MQSAMP1+2C2C
                                       0.38
→ <u>CLOSE</u>
            CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                       0.18
→ CLOSE
            MQSAMP1+31A0
                                       0.01
          No Object Name
MQSAMP1+31A0
CSQ1
                                       0.10
→ CLOSE
                                       0.08
→ CLOSE
            CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                       0.01
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Queue	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Queue	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Queue	Sort next level by name.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
     ----- The following report line was selected -----
Calculation Details
   MQ Series wait measurements
                                      444
                                      2,270
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
                                      19.55%
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module
                 MQBCS01
                 MOBCS01
   CSECT
                 00334C
   Offset
   Request Type
                 PUT
   Queue Manager
                 CSQ1
   Object Name
                 SYŠTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
   Object Type
                 Queue
```

Q09 - MQ wait time by request

Usage

Use this report to see how much wait time occurred during processing of MQ Requests. The percentage of wait time is reported by MQ Request. Expand the MQ Request lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time for an MQ Request. This is further broken down by MQ Queue Name.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q09 report shows a line for each MQ Request. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 MQ Request
Level 2 MQ Queue
Level 2 MQ Queue
...
```

Detail line descriptions

MQ request detail line

This is a first-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies wait time for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Request, Queue	Display context help information.
++	Request, Queue	Show additional details.
+	Request	Expand to reveal next level.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Request	Collapse to hide next level.
Р	Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information. A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
        ----- The following report line was selected -----
                          19.55 00000000000
 Calculation Details
                                          444
   MQ Series wait measurements
                                          2,270
19.55%
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
                   MQBCS01
   Calling Module
   CSECT
                   MQBCS01
   Offset
                   00334C
   Request Type
Queue Manager
                   PUT
                   CSQ1
                   SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
   Object Name
   Object Type
                   Queue
```

Q10 - MQ wait time by Txn

Usage

Use this report to see how much wait time occurred during processing of MQ Requests. The percentage of wait time is reported by CICS or IMS transaction. Expand the transaction detail lines to see a further breakdown by MQ Queue and by individual MQ Request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time in MQ requests in a CICS or IMS transaction. This is further broken down by MQ Queue and by MQ Request.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Q10 report shows a line for each CICS or IMS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail (using the "+" line command).

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS/IMS Transaction
Level 2 MQ Queue
Level 3 MQ Request
Level 3 MQ Request
...
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS/IMS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS or IMS transaction under which MQ requests were issued.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	A CICS or IMS transaction code. This is the transaction under which measured MQ requests were issued. "Batch" is shown here for requests not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction.
Description	Either "CICS Transaction" or "IMS Transaction." If the request was not issued under control of a CICS or IMS transaction, "Not in IMS/CICS Txn" will be displayed.
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration during which MQ requests under control of the indicated transaction were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.

MQ queue detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about an MQ Queue for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Queue Manager name. This name, in combination with the Queue Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Description	The MQ Queue Name. This name, in combination with the Queue Manager Name, uniquely identifies the MQ Queue.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration MQ Requests for the indicated Queue Name were being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

MQ request detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the MQ Queue detail line. It quantifies wait time for a specific MQ Request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The MQ Request function. This is the MQ function specified by the MQ Request.	
Description	Program name and offset. This is the name of the program in which the MQ CALL was issued and the hexadecimal offset of the CALL return address.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of the measurement interval duration the indicated MQ request was being processed. This represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of samples, except for CICS measurements, where it represents the percentage of samples for MQ requests out of the total number of CICS samples.	

Sample reports

A fully expanded report is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
Q10: MQ Wait Time by Transaction (0025/MQTST01) Row 00001 of 00015

        Command ===>
        Scroll ===> CSR

Name
           <u>Description</u>
                                       Percent of time * 2.5% ±0.9%
                                        *...1...2...3...4...5....6....7.
3.64 ======
            ICS Transaction
CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
MOSAMP1+2DF2
          CICS Transaction
MQS1
                                         3.62 =====
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
              MQSAMP1+2DF2
 → <u>GE</u>T
                                         3.01 =====
  → OPEN
               MQSAMP1+2C2C
                                        0.59 =
                                         0.01
              MQSAMP1+31A0
 → <u>CLOSE</u>
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
            No Object Name
MQSAMP1+31A0
                                         0.01
       CICS Transaction
<u>MQDR</u>
                                         2.25 ====
→ <u>CSQ1</u>
→ <u>PUT</u>
            CSQ1.DEFXMIT.QUEUE
                                         2.17 ====
              CSQ4CVK1+284E
                                         1.60 ===
            CSQ4CVK1+284E
CSQ4CVK1+277E
  → OPEN
                                         0.38 =
  → CLOSE
              CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                         0.18
 CSQ1
            No Object Name
                                         0.08
  → CLOSE
              CSQ4CVK1+29E2
                                         0.08
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Queue, Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Queue, Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Queue	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Queue	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Queue	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Queue	Sort next level by name.

С	md	When Applied To Object	Action
Р		Request	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name, Description, Percent CPU	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Description	Expand field size
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Description	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
          ----- The following report line was selected -----
 Calculation Details
   MQ Series wait measurements
                                          2,270
   Total measurements
                                          19.55%
   Percent of total
MQ Request Details
   Calling Module
                  MOBCS01
   CSECT
                   MQBCS01
                   00334C
   Offset
   Request Type
                   PUT
   Queue Manager CSQ1
Object Name SYSTEM.DEFAULT.LOCAL.QUEUE
Object Type Oueue
   Object Type
                   Queue
```

Q11 - MQ+ Activity Timeline

Usage

Use the Q11 report to see information about the chronology of MQ calls that are intercepted during the measurement. You can also use the Q11 report to identify calls with excessive service times and CPU times. Each line shows information about one intercepted MQ call. You must enable the MQ+ feature before the measurement performs.

By default, the detail lines are sorted in ascending chronological sequence. You can also request that the data is sorted by service time. Enter the **SD line** command on the "Seqno" heading field to sort in this sequence. This will bring MQ calls that might have excessive service times to the top of the report.

The number of MQ calls that is displayed in the Q11 report is limited by the value of the MQIMaxTraceSize parameter that is specified during Application Performance Analyzer installation, or by the value on panel 2 of the measurement request if your installation has configured this field. The report is truncated when the number of MQ calls issued reaches the value that is specified for MQIMaxTraceSize.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each MQ call:

- The type of call and where it originated.
- The length of the message.
- The time of the call.
- The service time (duration) for the MQ call processing.
- The CPU time for the MQ call processing.

The CPU time applies only to the region being measured. MQ runs in multiple address spaces and CPU might also be consumed in other MQ regions.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each MQ call that is intercepted by the MQ+ feature. You can expand each line to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

```
Level 1 MQ Call Details

Level 2 MQ Queue Manager and Queue
...
```

Detail Line Descriptions

MQ Call detail line

MQ Call detail line is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about one MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique sequence number that is assigned by Application Performance Analyzer
Call	The MQ call type
Location	The CSECT and offset where the call originated
Msg Len	The length of the MQ message
Call Time	The time of day at which the MQ call was issued
Svc Time	The service time (duration) of the MQ call in seconds
CPU Time	The CPU time that the MQ call consumed in seconds

MQ Queue Manager and Queue Name detail line

MQ Queue Manager and Queue Name detail line is second-level detail line. The MQ Queue Manager and Queue Name detail line displays the MQ queue manager name and the queue name that is used in the request.

Sample Report

An expanded sample report is shown as follows:

Q11: M(Q11: MQ+ Activity Timeline (0098/CICS42A) Row 00001 of 03172					
<u>Seqno</u>	<u>Call</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Msg Len</u>	<u>Call Time</u>	<u>Svc Time</u>	CPU Time
<u>00001</u> →CS07	Put	CSQ4CVK1+4FC2 .DEFXMIT.QUEUE	200	9:06:38.82	0.00076	0.00076
90002 →CSQ7	Close	CSQ4CVK1+5176	Θ	9:06:38.82	0.00027	0.00027
00003 →CS07	Open CSO7	CSQ4CVK1+4EDA .DEFXMIT.QUEUE	Θ	9:06:38.85	0.00045	0.00045
00004 →CS07	Put	CSQ4CVK1+4FC2 .DEFXMIT.QUEUE	200	9:06:38.85	0.00072	0.00072
00005 →CS07	Put	CSQ4CVK1+4FC2 .DEFXMIT.OUEUE	200	9:06:38.85	0.00060	0.00060
00006 →CS07	Close	CSQ4CVK1+5176	Θ	9:06:38.86	0.00020	0.00021
00007 →CSQ7	Open CSQ7	MQSAMP1+3AB8 .DEFXMIT.QUEUE	0	9:06:38.86	0.00050	0.00050

Line commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. You can enter a forward slash (/) on any input field to pop up a menu of line commands that are available for that field.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To: Action	
?	Call, Queue	Displays context help information.
++	Call	Shows additional details.
+	Call	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Call	Collapses to hide next level.
М	Call	Displays load module information.
Р	Call	Displays source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts by Call Time.

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
SD	Seqno	Sorts by Svc Time (Duration).

Detail window

To display a popup window that contains additional information, press the plus sign (+) twice or **Enter** on any MQ Call detail line. For example, if you press the plus sign (+) twice, the following detail window appears:

Q12 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how much time MQ calls that are intercepted during the observation session use. The analysis is arranged by queue manager. To use the Q12 report, you must activate MQ+ option during the measurement. The MQ+ option records exact CPU and service times for MQ calls. To see a further breakdown by MQ call, expand a Queue Manager report line.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each MQ call.

- Number of MQ calls
- · Total CPU time
- · Mean CPU time
- · Total service time
- · Mean service time

The CPU time applies to the region being measured only. MQ executes in multiple address spaces and CPU might also be consumed in other MQ regions.

To display the percent that is used in place of the mean fields, use the setup option.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique MQ Queue Manager and Queue. To reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

```
Level 1 MQ Queue Manager and Queue
Level 2 MQ Call
...
```

Detail Line Descriptions

MQ queue manager detail line

MQ queue manager detail line is the first-level detail line. The MQ queue manager detail line shows the MQ queue manager summary.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the queue manager
Description	The queue name
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls that are counted for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for all MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds per MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for all MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds per MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

MQ Call detail line

MQ Call detail line is the second-level detail line. The MQ Call detail line is displayed directly under the MQ queue manager detail line. The MQ Call detail line quantifies the CPU and service time for each MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ call type
Description	The CSECT name and offset where the call originated
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds per MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds per MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown as follows. The queue manager is expanded to the second level MQ call.

12: MQ-	+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue (00)98/CICS42A)		Row 00	9001 of 00	9008
		Nbr of	CPU	Time	Svc	Time
<u>lame</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Calls</u>	<u>Total</u>	_Mean	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
SQ7 Put	CSQ7.DEFXMIT.QUEUE	1,189	0.96	0.00081	1.91	0.00161
ut	ČSQ4CVK1+4FČ2	393	0.36	0.00092	0.64	0.00163
et e	MOSAMP1+3C4C	400	0.37	0.00092	0.64	0.00160
oen	MÕSAMP1+3AB8	200	0.13	0.00065	0.48	0.00241
oen .	CŠ04CVK1+4EDA	196	0.10	0.00053	0.14	0.00075
Q7	•	397	0.09	0.00025	0.14	0.00035
lose	CS04CVK1+5176	197	0.04	0.00023	0.06	0.00035
lose	MOSAMP1+401A	200	0.05	0.00026	0.07	0.00036

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available for any input fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To: Action	
?	Queue, Call	Displays context help information.
++	Queue, Call	Shows additional details.
+	Queue	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Queue	Collapses to hide next level.
М	Call	Displays load module information.
Р	Call	Displays source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd When Applied To Heading		Action	
?	Name	Displays context help information.	
+	Name	Expands to reveal all entries.	

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
-	Name	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Name	Sorts by Call Time.
SD	Name	Sorts by Total Svc Time (Duration).

Detail window

To open a window that contains additional information, press the plus sign (+) twice or **Enter**. A sample detail window for a queue is shown as follows:

SETUP options

Enter the **SETUP** primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields.

When selected, this option displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by the MQ calls, rather than the mean time.

Q13 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request

Usage

Use Q13 report to see an analysis of how much time the MQs that are intercepted use during the observation session. The analysis is arranged by MQ call. To use Q13 report, you must activate the MQ+ option during the measurement. The MQ+ option records exact CPU and service times for MQ calls. To see a further breakdown by queue, expand an MQ call report line.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each MQ call:

- · Number of MQ calls
- · Total CPU time
- · Mean CPU time
- · Total service time
- Mean service time

The CPU time applies to the region being measured only. MQ executes in multiple address spaces and CPU might also be consumed in other MQ regions.

To display the percent used in place of the mean fields, use a setup option.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique MQ call. To reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

```
Level 1 MQ Call
Level 2 MQ Queue Manager and Queue
...
```

Detail Line Descriptions

MQ Call detail line

MQ Call detail line is the first-level detail line. The MQ Call detail line quantifies the CPU and service time for each MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ call type
Description	The CSECT name and offset where the call originated
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

MQ queue manager detail line

MQ queue manager detail line is the second-level detail line. The MQ queue manager detail line shows the MQ queue manager and queue that is used by the call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The queue manager name	
Description	The queue name	
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds for MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds for MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown as follows. The MQ call is expanded to the second level (queue manager and queue).

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available for any input fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the field.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Call, Queue	Displays context help information.
++	Call, Queue	Shows additional details.
+	Call	Expands to reveal next level.
-	Call	Collapses to hide next level.
М	Call	Displays load module information.

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
Р	Call	Displays source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Name	Displays context help information.
+	Name	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Name	Sorts by Total CPU Time.
SD	Name	Sorts by Total Svc Time (Duration).

Detail window

To open a window that contains additional information, press the plus sign (+) twice or **Enter**. A sample detail window for a queue is shown as follows:

```
013 - DETAIL Window (0098/CICS42A)
 Request Identification
 Location
                          CSQ4CVK1+4FA2
 Number of MQ Calls
                          393
 Total CPU Time (seconds)
                          0.36164
 Percent CPU Time
                          34.11
 Total Service Time (seconds)
                          0.64235
 Percent Service Time
                          31.33
```

SETUP options

Enter the **SETUP** primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields.

When selected, this option displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by the MQ calls, rather than the mean time.

Q14 - MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn

Usage

Use the Q14 report to see an analysis of how much time MQ calls that are intercepted during the observation session use. The analysis is arranged by CICS or IMS transaction. The Q14 report applies to CICS and IMS observations only. Before you use the Q14 report, you must activate the MQ+ option during the measurement. The MQ+ option records exact CPU and service times for MQ calls. To see a further breakdown by queue, expand an MQ call report line.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each MQ call.

- · Number of MQ calls
- Total CPU time
- Mean CPU time
- · Total service time
- · Total service time

The CPU time applies to the region being measured only. MQ executes in multiple address spaces and CPU might also be consumed in other MQ regions.

To display the percent that is used in place of the mean fields, use a setup option.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique MQ call. To reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

```
Level 1 Transaction Name and Description
Level 2 MQ Queue Manager and Queue
Level 3 MQ Call
```

Detail Line Descriptions

Transaction detail line

Transaction detail line is the first-level detail line. The transaction detail line shows the transaction that issues the MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS or IMS transaction ID.
Description	The transaction description if available.
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for all MQ calls for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds per MQ call for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for MQ calls for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for all MQ calls for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds per MQ call for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for MQ calls for this transaction. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

MQ queue manager detail line

MQ queue manager detail line is the second-level detail line. The MQ queue manager detail line shows the MQ queue manager and queue that is used by the call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Name	The queue manager name		
Description	The queue name		
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.		
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for all MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds per MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for all MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds per MQ call for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for MQ calls for this queue. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.		

MQ Call detail line

MQ Call detail line is the third-level detail line. The MQ Call detail line quantifies the CPU and service time for each MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The MQ call type
Description	The CSECT name and offset where the call originated
Nbr of Calls	The number of MQ calls counted. Large numbers are expressed in thousands with a K suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time in seconds per MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
CPU Time: Pct	The percent of total CPU time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time in seconds for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time in seconds per MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.
Svc Time: Pct	The percent of total service time for this MQ call. Large numbers are expressed in minutes with an M suffix.

Sample reports

A sample report that is expanded two levels is shown as follows:

Q14: MQ-	- CPU/SVC Time by Txn (009	8/CICS42A)		ROW U	0001 of 0	0006
<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	Nbr of <u>Calls</u>	CPU <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>	Svc <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>
MQS1 →CSQ7 →CSQ7 MQDR →CSQ7 →CSQ7	CSQ7.DEFXMIT.QUEUE No Object Name CSQ7.DEFXMIT.QUEUE No Object Name	800 600 200 786 589 197	0.55 0.50 0.05 0.51 0.46 0.04	0.00069 0.00083 0.00026 0.00065 0.00079 0.00023	1.19 1.12 0.07 0.85 0.79 0.06	0.00149 0.00187 0.00036 0.00109 0.00134 0.00035

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available for any input fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the field.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Transaction, Queue, Call	Displays context help information
++	Transaction, Queue, Call	Shows additional details.
+	Transaction, Queue	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Queue	Collapses to hide next level.
М	Call	Displays load module information.
Р	Call	Displays source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action		
?	Name	Displays context help information.		
+	Name	Expands to reveal all entries.		
_	Name	Collapses to hide next level.		
SV	Name	Sorts by Total CPU Time.		
SV	Name	Sorts by Total CPU Time.		

Detail window

To open a window that contains additional information, press the plus sign (+) twice or **Enter**. A sample detail window for a transaction is shown as follows:

SETUP options

Enter the **SETUP** primary command to select options for this report. The following option is available:

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields.

When selected, this option displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by the MQ calls, rather than the mean time.

Chapter 8. Java/USS/HFS performance analysis reports

This section describes the Java performance analysis reports.

For information about	See
The Java data extractor	"Overview of Java data extractor" on page 456
J01 Java summary and attributes	"J01 - Java summary and attributes" on page 458
J02 Java heap usage timeline	"J02 - Java heap usage timeline" on page 459
J03 Java CPU usage by thread	"J03 - Java CPU usage by thread" on page 461
J04 Java CPU usage by package	"J04 - Java CPU usage by package" on page 463
J05 Java CPU usage by class	"J05 - Java CPU usage by class" on page 466
J06 Java CPU usage by method	"J06 - Java CPU usage by method" on page 468
J07 Java CPU usage by call path	"J07 - Java CPU usage by call path" on page 471
J09 Java service time by package	"J09 - Java service time by package" on page 474
J10 Java service time by class	"J10 - Java service time by class" on page 477
J11 Java service time by method	"J11 - Java service time by method" on page 480
J12 java service time by call path	"J12 - Java service time by call path" on page 483
J14 Java wait time by package	"J14 - Java wait time by package" on page 485
J15 Java wait time by class	"J15 - Java wait time by class" on page 488
J16 Java wait time by method	"J16 - Java wait time by method" on page 491
J17 Java wait time by call path	"J17 - Java wait time by call path" on page 494
H01 HFS Service Time by Path Name	"H01 - HFS Service Time by Path Name" on page 501
H02 HFS Service Time by Device	"H02 - HFS Service Time by Device" on page 503
H03 HFS File Activity	"H03 - HFS File Activity" on page 506
H04 HFS File Attributes	"H04 - HFS File Attributes" on page 508
H05 HFS Device Activity	"H05 - HFS Device Activity" on page 509
H06 HFS Device Attributes	"H06 - HFS Device Attributes" on page 511
H07 HFS Activity Timeline	"H07 - HFS Activity Timeline" on page 512
H08 HFS Wait Time by Path Name	"H08 - HFS Wait Time by Path Name" on page 514
H09 HFS Wait Time by Device	"H09- HFS Wait Time by Device" on page 516
H10 HFS Service Time by Request	"H10- HFS Service Time by Request" on page 519
H11 HFS Wait Time by Request	"H11- HFS Wait Time by Request" on page 521

Overview of Java data extractor

In order to use the Java Performance Analysis Reports, the Java data extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You must select the Java data extractor in the Schedule New Measurement panel.

The Java data extractor collects Java call stack information for each Java application thread. The call stack information identifies the methods in the call chain. Information about each method includes the package (if any), class, method and signature (parameter types and return type), and the source line number being executed (if available).

Considerations for Java

Before Java programs can be sampled, the J9VM support in Application Performance Analyzer must be enabled. Contact your systems programmer to verify whether this support is enabled.

Measuring a Java application requires loading a JVMTI agent to obtain Java samples. The JVMTI agent is loaded when the target Java job is started. The agent remains alive until the Java job terminates. The agent sits in a wait state until a sampling session is requested. After the sampling session completes, the agent returns to a wait state.

Only one observation at a time is supported for a specific Java address space.

IMS Java programs are supported in Java Message Processing (JMP) and Java Batch Processing (JBP) regions.

CICS Java programs are supported.

Application Performance Analyzer will stop sampling Java programs when the main thread ends, even if the specified number of samples has not been reached.

Java measurement reports are unrelated to CPU Usage Analysis and CPU Wait Analysis reports, since Java samples are extracted by running a JVMTI agent asynchronously with CPU samples.

Java calls that are observed with a native method at the top of the call stack are only included in the Service Time reports. This is because the J9VM does not know whether the native method is executing, waiting, or queued for execution.

Java native methods are identified in the method detail pop-up window of Java Service Time reports.

Using the JVMTI agent

You must specify the JVMTI agent in a runtime parameter of the target Java job. The agent is loaded using the Java -agentpath: runtime parameter. Specify the full path name of either the 31-bit JVMTI agent (libCAZJTA11.so) or the 64-bit JVMTI agent (libCAZJTA14.so) depending on whether your target Java job is 31-bit or 64-bit.

The format of the -agentpath runtime parameter is:

-agentpath:/dir/agent=stcid,n

where:

dir

The path to the Application Performance Analyzer JVMTI agent.

agent

The name of the Application Performance Analyzer JVMTI agent you are loading. Use libCAZJTA11.so for 31-bit. Use libCAZJTA14.so for 64-bit.

stcid

The Application Performance Analyzer started task id. This is needed only when you have more than one Application Performance Analyzer started task operating on your system.

The number of minutes to wait for the Application Performance Analyzer started task to become

An example of how to specify a 64-bit JVMTI agent in JCL that uses BPXBATCH to run the Java program *prog* follows. The example assumes that the USS components of Application Performance Analyzer have been installed in a directory named /usr/lpp/apa/v14r2, and that there is only one Application Performance Analyzer started task in the system.

```
//STEP EXEC PGM=BPXBATCH,
//PARM='sh java -agentpath:/usr/lpp/apa/v14r2/libCAZJTA14.so prog'
```

If there is more than one Application Performance Analyzer started task in the system, the -agentpath: runtime parameter can specify the system id of the started task. The following example shows how to specify that the JVMTI agent is to be loaded for the started task with a system id of CAZ1.

```
//STEP EXEC PGM=BPXBATCH,
//PARM='sh java -agentpath:/usr/lpp/apa/v14r2/libCAZJTA14.so=CAZ1 prog'
```

The JVMTI agent must locate the Application Performance Analyzer started task. By default, it will timeout after 1 minute if the started task is not found. This time limit can be overridden. The example that follows shows how to specify a time limit of 9 minutes.

```
//STEP EXEC PGM=BPXBATCH,
//PARM='sh java -agentpath:/usr/lpp/apa/v14r2/libCAZJTA14.so=CAZ1,9 prog'
```

USS multiple address space measurements

Spawned address spaces and substeps might be generated when measuring USS. Application Performance Analyzer will measure these additional address spaces if you specify a value in the USS observations field in the Schedule New Measurement panel.

When you use this feature, a USS master record will be displayed above all the associated measurements. The master record has a status of **USS**.

An example is shown here:

R02: IBM APA for z/OS Observation List (ZRAY) Command ===>			Row 00001 Scroll		
ReqNum Owned By	<u>Description</u>	<u>Job Name</u>	<u>Date/Time</u>	<u>Samples</u>	<u>Status</u>
+ USER1 → 02385 → 02386 → 02387 → 02388 → 02390 → 02391 → 02392 → 02393	USS TEST#1 BPXBATCH RUN BPXPRECP *0MVSEX BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1 BPXPRFC STEP1	*Java* *Java*	Apr-18 19:56 Apr-18 19:56 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57 Apr-18 19:57	10 7 2,500 29 2,500 2,500 2,500	Ended Ended Ended Ended Ended Ended Ended

You can expand the USS master record by entering a "+" on the sequence number. The additional measurements in the expanded record include the original measurement (the initiating step) and any spawned address spaces or substeps.

The description field in the subordinate measurements under the USS master record is populated with the program name and step name. For spawned address spaces, this would normally be BPXPRFC STEP1. For substeps, this would normally be BPXPRECP *OMVSEX.

If Java is detected in a step, then *Java* is placed in the description to the right of the program and step name.

If the step is run from the USS shell, and a Java command string is available, then the Java command string will be placed in the description instead of the information described above.

J01 - Java summary and attributes

Usage

This report displays general information about the observed Java environment. There are four sections:

- Java Virtual Machines
- Java Packages
- Java Classes
- · Java Methods

Java Virtual Machines

This section identifies Java Virtual Machines (JVMs) observed during the measurement session.

Java packages

This section lists each of the Java packages in which activity was observed during the measurement session. Each package is assigned a unique sequence number, which is cross referenced in other reports.

Java classes

This section lists each of the Java classes in which activity was observed during the measurement session. Each cass is assigned a unique sequence number, which is cross referenced in other reports.

Java methods

This section lists each of the Java methods in which activity was observed during the measurement session. Each method is assigned a unique sequence number, which is cross referenced in other reports.

Warnings and errors

In some circumstances Application Performance Analyzer will be unable to produce complete Java reports when the Java data extractor is turned on during measurement. In this case, a 'Warnings and Errors' section will be displayed in J01 with a message indicating the problem. Please refer to the Application Performance Analyzer *Messages Guide* for specific details of the problem.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J01: Java Summary/Attributes (8551/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00082
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Observed Java Virtual Machines (JVMs)
<u>JVMId Identifier Heap Max Description</u>
00001 18754508 1M 67 J2RE 1.4.2 IBM z/OS Persistent Reusable VM
                                                         build cm142-20060824 (SR6)
 Observed Java Packages
  PkgId Package Name
00001 java/util/zip
00002 java/lang
00003 java/util/jar
00004 sun/misc
00005 java/security
00006 java/net
00007 java/io
00008 com/ibm/jvm/io
 Observed Java Classes
   ClsId PkgId Class Name

        00001
        00002
        Object

        00002
        00001
        ZipFile

        00003
        00003
        JarFile

        00004
        00004
        URLClassPath$Loader

        00005
        00004
        URLClassPath$JarLoader

        00006
        00004
        URLClassPath$3

  Observed Java Methods
   MthId ClsId Method Name
   00001 00002 open
00002 00002 <init>
   00003 00003 <init> 00004 00003 <init>
   00005 00005 getJarFile
   00006 00005 <init>
00007 00006 run
00008 00007 doPrivileged1
```

J02 - Java heap usage timeline

Overview

This timeline analysis report breaks the observation session duration into a number of (approximately) fixed-length, chronological time intervals. Each line represents one of these intervals. By default, 15 intervals are reported, each representing approximately the same number of samples. This illustrates any progressive resource usage trends. The values under the heading Storage quantify the amount of heap storage allocated by the JVM during the interval.

A SETUP option is available from which you can specify the number of intervals and whether to include total heap storage in the report. Heap storage used is presented in green, and the additional storage to make up the total is presented in white.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents reports values under the following headings:

- SEQN
- Storage
- Total

SEON

This is the sequence number of the interval. Intervals are numbered 0001, 0002, etc.

Storage

This is the amount of heap storage in use by the Java application. This is an effective measurement of the Java application's demand on central storage. The value is expressed in units of kilobytes (1024 bytes) or megabytes (1048576 bytes). Each line shows the maximum value observed during the particular interval.

Total

This is the amount of heap storage allocated to the Java application. This is an effective measurement of the Java application's demand on central storage. The value is expressed in units of kilobytes (1024 bytes) or megabytes (1048576 bytes). Each line shows the maximum value observed during the particular interval.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It reports on heap usage (green) and heap total (white).

```
File View Navigate Help
J02: Java Heap Usage Timeline (0116/JVMTST01)
                                                        Row 00001 of 00047
Command ===> _____
                                                   _____ Scroll ===> <u>CS</u>R
       <u>Storage</u> <u>Total</u> <----2140K----
<u>SEQN</u>
                        *....+....+....+.....+.....+.....*
                        0001
        1615K
                 2048K
0002
        1243K
                 2048K
                         ====
0003
        1243K
                 2048K
        1243K
                 2048K
<u>0004</u>
                         ====
        1243K
                 2048K
0005
                         ====
0006
        1243K
                 2048K
0007
        1243K
                 2048K
                          ====
0008
        1243K
                 2048K
                         ====
0009
        1243K
                 2048K
                         ====
0010
        1341K
                 2048K
                         ========
0011
        1351K
                 2048K
0012
0013
        1352K
                 2048K
                         ========
        1352K
                 2048K
                         ========
                 2048K
<u>0014</u>
        1352K
                         ========
        1352K
                 2048K
                          ========
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN	Display context help information.
++	SEQN	Show additional details.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a popup window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a sequence number will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following popup will be displayed:

Number of Intervals

Use this option to change the number of equal time intervals that are reported.

Report on Heap usage and total

Select this option to include total heap storage in the report. Heap usage is displayed in green and total heap storage is displayed in white.

J03 - Java CPU usage by thread

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Java programs for each Java thread. The report shows one line for each Java thread. When the JVM reuses a z/OS Task Control Block (TCB), the individual CPU times for the threads cannot be obtained. In this case, the thread name is preceded by a number in parentheses. All threads that have reused a particular TCB will have the same number and the percentage used will indicate the total of all threads using the same TCB.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the CPU time in the indicated Java thread to the total CPU time consumed during the sampling period.

Detail line descriptions

Java Thread detail line

This report shows one detail line for each unique Java thread.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The unique sequence number assigned to this Java thread.
Thread Name	The name of the thread.
Percent of Time	The percentage of CPU used by this thread out of the total used during the sampling period

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The (1) before the Thread Name indicates that these threads reused the same TCB.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId	Display context help information.
++	JavaId	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId	Display context help information.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a popup window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a sequence number will cause this detail window to appear.

J04 - Java CPU usage by package

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique package. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java package in which execution was observed.

You can further expand each line item to show classes within the package, then methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of CPU active measurements in the indicated Java object to the total number of CPU active observations.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java Package. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique Package. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Package
Level 2 Java Class
Level 3 Java Method
Level 4 Java Line Number
...
```

Detail line descriptions

Java package detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number is assigned to each observed Java Package and is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java Package.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java class detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java class is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java class.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java method detail line

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java Method is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the fourth-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been fully expanded to show all four levels.

```
File View Navigate Help
J04: Java CPU Usage by Package (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00276
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                   Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%
                                                                                             ±3.1%
<u>JavaId</u> <u>Pkg/Cls/Mthd</u>
                                                     *....1....2.<u>...3....4...</u>.5....6....7...
00002 java/lang
→ 00104 StrictMath
→ 00228 log
→ 00000 line # unknown
→ 00226 sqrt
→ 00000 line # unknown
→ 00029 Math
→ 00219 log
→ 02290 line # 2290
→ 00000 line # unknown
→ 00227 sqrt
→ 02312 line # 2312
→ 00000 line # unknown
→ 00048 max
                                                   39.52 ==========
                                                   20.05 ======
                                                   10.52 =====
                                                 10.52 =====
9.53 =====
9.53 =====
                                                   15.83 ======
                                                 10.71 =====
                                                   9.04 =====
1.67 =
                                                  5.01 ===
4.12 ==
0.88
   → <u>00048</u> max
                                                    0.09
      → <u>02760</u> line # 2760
                                                     0.09
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Package, Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Package, Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Package, Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Package, Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Pkg/Cls/Mthd, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java class will cause this detail window to appear.

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J05 - Java CPU usage by class

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique class. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java class in which execution was observed.

Note: The class name is implicitly qualified by the package name, which can be seen in the detail window for the class.

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of CPU active measurements in the indicated Java object to the total number of CPU active observations.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java class. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique class. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 Java Class
Level 2 Java Method
Level 3 Java Line Number

Detail line descriptions

Java class detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number is assigned to each observed Java class and is displayed in this column.
Class/Method	The name of a Java class.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java method detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java me displayed in this column.	
Class/Method	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.
Class/Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J05: Java CPU Usage by Class (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00186
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                    Percent of CPU Time* 10.00% ±3.1%
<u>JavaId</u> <u>Class/Method</u>
                                    *...1...2...3...4...5...6...7...
<u>00102</u> Burner
→ <u>00220</u> calc
→ <u>00221</u> baby
                                    27.72 ========
                                    4.42 ==
<u>00104</u> StrictMath

→ <u>00228</u> log

→ <u>00226</u> sqrt
                                    20.05 ======
                                  10.52 =====
                                    9.53 =====
00029
         Math
                                   15.83 ======
→ 00219 log
→ 00227 sqrt
→ 00048 max
                                  10.71 =====
                                    5.01 ===
                                    0.09
                                    1.37 =
00019
         JarFile
→ <u>00025</u> getJarEntry
                                     0.09
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Class/Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	Class/Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Class/Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
   ------ The following report line was selected ------
| → <u>00104</u> calc 27.72 =========
Calculation Details
   Application code CPU measurements
                                               282
   Total CPU measurements
                                               1,017
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   calc
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   calc(int) double
Class Name:
   Burner
Package Name:
   com/basamps/sample
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J06 - Java CPU usage by method

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique method. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed.

Note: The method name is implicitly qualified by its package and class names, which can be seen in the detail window for the method.

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of CPU active measurements in the indicated Java object to the total number of CPU active observations.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 Java Method Level 2 Java Line Number

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.	
Method	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
MthId The line number of a Java source statement.	
Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J06: Java CPU Usage by Method (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00186
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>MthId</u>
      Method
                                      Percent of CPU Time * 10.00% ±3.1%
                                        *....1....2....3....4.....5....6....7....
<u>00220</u> calc

→ <u>00029</u> line # 29
                                      27.72 =======
                                      25.46 =======
→ <u>00024</u>
         line # 24
→ 00036
          line # 36
0.19
                                       0.19
                                       0.19
00219 log

→ 02290 line # 2290

→ 00000 line # unknown
                                     10.71 =====
                                      9.04 =====
                                      1.67 =
00228 log 
→ 00000 line # unknown
                                      10.52 =====
                                      10.52 =====
00226 sqrt \rightarrow 00000 line # unknown
                                       9.53 =====
                                       9.53 =====
                                       5.01 ====
4.12 ===
00227
00227 sqrt
→ 02312 line # 2312
→ 00000 line # unknown
                                       0.88
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
     ----- The following report line was selected ------
 | → <u>00220</u> calc 27.72 =========
Calculation Details
   Application code CPU measurements
                                                282
   Total CPU measurements
                                                1,017
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   calc
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   calc(int) double
Class Name:
   Burner
Package Name:
   com/basamps/sample
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J07 - Java CPU usage by call path

Usage

Use this report to see how CPU time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique call path. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed. Execution in a method is quantified and reported separately for each different call path. (A call path represents a path of control in the form: A calls B calls C calls D ... etc.)

By expanding the first-level method line you can see a line for each of the calling methods in the path of control. These are shown in reverse order of control. In the case of A calls B calls C calls D, method D (in which execution was observed) is reported in the first-level line and the second-level lines show C then B then A.

Quantification

The first-level report line quantifies CPU time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of CPU active measurements in the indicated Java object to the total number of CPU active observations.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method line. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Method
Level 2 Calling Java Method Line
```

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.
Method	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method.
Method	The line number of the statement that invoked the next method in the call path and the name of the method.

Sample reports

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J07: Java CPU Usage by Call Path (0116/JVMTST01)
                                                                    Row 00001 of 01831
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                                MthId Method
                                                25.36 ========
<u>00220</u> calc
\rightarrow 00221 line 16 baby \rightarrow 00218 line 25 main
00228 log

→ 00219 line 2290 log

→ 00220 line 29 calc

→ 000221 line 16 baby
                                                10.42 =====
→ <u>00218</u> line 25 main
9.43 =====
\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{00219} & \log \\ \rightarrow & \underline{00220} & \text{line 29 calc} \\ \rightarrow & \underline{00221} & \text{line 16 baby} \end{array}
                                                  8.94 =====
          line 16 baby
line 25 main
→ 00218
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ---
 | → <u>00220</u> calc 27.72 ========
 Calculation Details
   Application code CPU measurements
                                                282
                                                1,017
27.72%
   Total CPU measurements
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   calc
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   calc(int) double
Class Name:
   Burner
Package Name:
   com/basamps/sample
```

J09 - Java service time by package

Usage

Use this report to see how service time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique package. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java package in which execution was observed.

You can further expand each line item to show classes within the package, then methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (package, class, method or line) was in flight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as execution regardless of the CPU state (active, WAIT, or queued).

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method line. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Package
Level 2 Java Class
Level 3 Java Method
Level 4 Java Line Number
```

Detail line descriptions

Java package detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java package and is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java package.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java class detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java class is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java class.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java method detail line

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the fourth-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J09: Java Service Time by Package (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 01831
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
         <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±2.4%
<u>JavaId</u> <u>Pkg/Cls/Mthd</u>
                                          *...1...2...3....4....5....6....7...
<u>000002</u> java/lang

→ <u>00104</u> Strict"
                                      33.01 =========
                                      16.50 ======
→ <u>00029</u> Math
→ 00005
\rightarrow \overline{00010} String
         ClassLoader$NativeLibrar 0.47
→ <u>00017</u>
          StringBuffer
                                       0.29
→ <u>00040</u>
→ 00096
          Thread
                                      0.29
→ 00021
          Runtime
→ <u>00022</u>
→ <u>00077</u>
          System
                                      0.11
          Character
                                       0.11
→ 00057
          Class
                                       0.11
→ 00097
          Shutdown
                                       0.11
→ 00001 Object 0.05
→ 00047 StringCoding 0.05
→ 00049 StringCoding$DecoderCach 0.05
→ 00079 Throwable
→ 00079
          Throwable
                                       0.05
\rightarrow 00079 Throwable 0.05 \rightarrow 00103 FloatingDecimal 0.05
       com/baseamps/sample 28.84 ========
00020
→ <u>001</u>02 Burner
                                       28.84 =========
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Package, Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Package, Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Package, Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Package, Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Pkg/Cls/Mthd, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java class will cause this detail window to appear.

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J10 - Java service time by class

Usage

Use this report to see how service time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique class. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java class in which execution was observed.

Note: The class name is implicitly qualified by the package name, which can be seen in the detail window for the class.

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (package, class, method or line) was in flight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as execution regardless of the CPU state (active, WAIT, or queued).

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java class. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique class. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Class
Level 2 Java Method
Level 3 Java Line Number
```

Detail line descriptions

Java class detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java class and is displayed in this column.
Class/Method	The name of a Java class.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java method detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.
Class/Method	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.
Class/Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

```
File View Navigate Help
J10: Java Service Time by Class (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00208
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                  <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±2.4%
<u>JavaId</u> <u>Class/Method</u>
<u>00102</u> Burner
                                   *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7...
                                 28.84 ========
23.95 ========
                                  4.88 ==
      StrictMath
                                 16.50 =====
00104
→ <u>00226</u> sqrt
→ <u>00228</u> log
                                  8.28 ===
8.22 ===
00029
                                 12.87 =====
        Math
→ <u>002</u>19
                                   8.52 ===
       log
→ <u>00227</u> sqrt
                                   4.23 ==
→ 00048
        max
                                   0.11
                                   1.54 = 0.77
       ZipFile
00018
→ <u>00049</u>
        getEntry
→ 00062
        open
                                   0.59
       getInflater
read
→ 00039
                                   0.05
→ 00054
                                   0.05
→ 00035
         getEntry
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Class/Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Class/Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Class/Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected --
 | → <u>00220</u> calc 23.95 ========
Calculation Details
   Application code activity measurements
                                              402
   Total measurements
                                              1,678
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   calc
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   calc(int) double
Class Name:
   Burner
Package Name:
   com/basamps/sample
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J11 - Java service time by method

Usage

Use this report to see how service time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique method. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed.

Note: The method name is implicitly qualified by its package and class names, which can be seen in the detail window for the method.

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (package, class, method or line) was in flight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as execution regardless of the CPU state (active, WAIT, or queued).

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Method
Level 2 Java Line Number
```

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.
Method	The name of a Java method.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	The line number of a Java source statement.	
Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.
Class/Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.

Sample reports

```
File View Navigate Help
J11: Java Service Time by Method (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00313
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                <u>JavaId</u> <u>Class/Method</u>
00220
      calc
→ 00029 line # 29
→ 00024 line # 24
                                21.51 =======
1.31 =
                                 0.41
                                 0.35
                                0.23
                                 0.11
                               8.52 =====
6.19 ====
00219  log
    → 02290  line # 2290
    → 00000  line # unknown
                                2.32 =
<u>00226</u> sqrt
                                8.28 =====
→ <u>00000</u> line # unknown
                                 8.28 =====
00228 log 00000 line # unknown
                                 8.22 =====
                                 8.22 =====
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected -----
| → <u>00220</u> calc 23.95 ========
Calculation Details
   Application code activity measurements
                                               402
                                              1,678
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   calc
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   calc(int) double
Class Name:
   Burner
Package Name:
   com/basamps/sample
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J12 - Java service time by call path

Usage

Use this report to see how service time was consumed by execution of Java programs in each unique call path. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed. Execution in a method is quantified and reported separately for each call path. (A call path represents a path of control in the form: A calls B calls C calls D, etc.)

By expanding the first-level method line you can see a line for each of the calling methods in the path of control. These are shown in reverse order of control. In the case of A calls B calls C calls D, method D (in which execution was observed) is reported in the first-level line and the second-level lines show C then B then A.

Quantification

The first-level report line quantifies service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (method or line) was in flight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as execution regardless of the CPU state (active, WAIT, or queued).

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method line. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Method
Level 2 Calling Java Method Line
```

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.	
Method	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method.	
Method	The line number of the statement that invoked the next method in the call path and the name of the method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J12: Java Service Time by Call Path (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 02766
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
MthId Method
                                                  <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±2.4%
                                                 *...1...2...3...4...5...6...7...
21.45 =======
\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{00220} & \text{calc} \\ \rightarrow & \underline{00221} & \text{line 16 baby} \\ \rightarrow & \underline{00218} & \text{line 25 main} \end{array}
8.22 ====
00228
\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{00228} & \log \\ \rightarrow & \underline{00219} & \text{line 2290 log} \end{array}
                                                   8.16 ====
\rightarrow \frac{00220}{20020} line 29 calc
→ 00221
              line 16 baby
→ <u>00218</u> line 25 main
6.13 ===
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a line number will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected ------
 | → <u>00218</u> line 25 main
Calculation Details
   Application code activity measurements
                                                 1,678
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
                                                 0.05%
Method Name:
   main[Ljava/lang/String;)V
Method Descriptor:
   (I)D
Method Signature:
   main(java.lang.String[]) void
Class Name:
   Burner3Test
```

J14 - Java wait time by package

Usage

Use this report to see how much WAIT time was measured during execution of Java programs in each unique package. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java package in which execution was observed.

You can further expand each line item to show classes within the package, then methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies WAIT time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (package, class, method or line) was in a wait state, to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java package. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique package. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Package
Level 2 Java Class
Level 3 Java Method
Level 4 Java Line Number
```

Detail line descriptions

Java package detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	A unique sequence number is assigned to each observed Java package and is displayed in this column.	
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java package.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java class detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java class is displayed in this column.	
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java Class.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java method detail line

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the fourth-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.	
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
J14: Java Wait Time by Package (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00022
                                                           _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Command ===> _____
                                           <u>JavaId</u> <u>Pkg/Cls/Mthd</u>
<u>00006</u> java/util/zip
→ <u>00018</u> ZipFile
                                            0.89 ==
00002 java/lang

→ 00005 ClassLoader

→ 00096 Thread
                                           0.77 ==
                                            0.35 =
→ 00096
           Thread
                                            0.23
→ 00017
          ClassLoader$NativeLibrar 0.05
\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 00017 & 01035208 \\
 & 00057 & 00021 & 0001000
\end{array}
                                            0.05
                                           0.05
        com/dovetail/jzos
00018
                                            0.23
→ <u>000</u>78 ZFile
                                           0.23
00005 java/io
→ 00098 FileInputStream
→ 00012 UnixFileSystem
                                            0.17
                                            0.11
                                            0.05
<u>00007</u> java/util/jar
→ <u>00019</u> JarFile
                                            0.05
                                            0.05
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Package, Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Package, Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Package, Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Package, Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Pkg/Cls/Mthd, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Pkg/Cls/Mthd	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java class will cause this detail window to appear.

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J15 - Java wait time by class

Usage

Use this report to see how much WAIT time was measured during execution of Java programs in each unique class. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java class in which execution was observed.

Note: The class name is implicitly qualified by the package name, which can be seen in the detail window for the class

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies WAIT time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (class, method or line) was in a wait state, to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java class. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique class. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 Java Class
Level 2 Java Method
Level 3 Java Line Number

Detail line descriptions

Java class detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	A unique sequence number is assigned to each observed Java class and is displayed in this column.	
Class/Method	The name of a Java class.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java method detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.	
Class/Method	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the third-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
JavaID	The line number of a Java source statement.	
Class/Method	The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the line number could not be determined.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Sample reports

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Class, Method, line number	Display context help information.
++	Class, Method, line number	Show additional details.
+	Class, Method	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Class, Method	Collapse to hide next level.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	JavaId, Class/Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	JavaId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Class/Method	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	JavaId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Class/Method	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	JavaId	Sort next level by value.
SN	JavaId	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
     ----- The following report line was selected ------
 | → <u>00049</u> getEntry 0.65
Calculation Details
   Application code wait time measurements
                                                 1,678
    Total measurements
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   getEntry
Method Descriptor:
   (JLjava/lang/String;)J
Method Signature:
   getEntry(long, java.lang.String) long
Class Name:
   ZipFile
Package Name:
   java/util/zip
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J16 - Java wait time by method

Usage

Use this report to see how much WAIT time was measured during execution of Java programs in each unique method. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed.

Note: The method name is implicitly qualified by its package and class names, which can be seen in the detail window for the method.

You can further expand each line item to show methods within the class, then source lines within the method.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies WAIT time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (method or line) was in a wait state, to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java Method. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique Method. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 Java Method Level 2 Java Line Number

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.	
Method	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	The line number of a Java source statement.	
Method The line number of a Java source statement or "unknown" if the l number could not be determined.		
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Sample reports

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
J16: Java Wait Time by Method (0116/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00035
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                            \frac{00139}{00000} findBootstrapClass 0.35 = 0.35 = 0.35 =
00062
                             0.23
     open
→ <u>00000</u> line # unknown
                            0.23
<u>00173</u> fopen
                            0.23
→ <u>000</u>00 line # unknown
                            0.23
                            0.23
<u>00203</u> start
→ <u>000</u>00 line # unknown
                           0.23
<u>00207</u> readBytes
→ <u>00000</u> line # unknown
                             0.11
                             0.11
```

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.	
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.	
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.	
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.	
+	Method	Expand description field size.	
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.	
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.	
_	Method	Reduce description field size.	
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.	
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.	
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
      ----- The following report line was selected ------
 | \rightarrow \underline{00049} getEntry 0.65
Calculation Details
    Application code wait time measurements
                                                   11
                                                   1,678
    Total measurements
    Percent of total
Method Name:
    getEntry
Method Descriptor:
    (JLjava/lang/String;)J
Method Signature:
    getEntry(long, java.lang.String) long
Class Name:
    ZipFile
Package Name:
    java/util/zip
```

Note: If you have Java source program mapping information specified, this detail window will display the Java source when invoked from a Java line number object.

J17 - Java wait time by call path

Usage

Use this report to see how much WAIT time was measured during execution of Java programs in each unique call path. The unexpanded report shows one or more lines for each Java method in which execution was observed. Execution in a method is quantified and reported separately for each call path. (A call path represents a path of control in the form of: A calls B calls C calls D, etc.)

By expanding the first-level method line you can see a line for each of the calling methods in the path of control. These are shown in reverse order of control. In the case of A calls B calls C calls D, method D (in which execution was observed) is reported in the first-level line and the second-level lines show C then B then A.

Quantification

The first-level report line quantifies WAIT time measured as a percentage of total time, the percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which execution of the indicated Java object (method or line) was in a wait state, to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each Java method line. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique method line. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Java Method
Level 2 Calling Java Method Line
```

Detail line descriptions

Java method detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method is displayed in this column.	
Method	The name of a Java method.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated Java object.	

Java line number

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
MthId	A unique sequence number assigned to each observed Java method.	
Method	The line number of the statement that invoked the next method in the capath and the name of the method.	

Sample reports

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	Method, line number	Display context help information.	
++	Method, line number	Show additional details.	
+	Method	Expand to reveal next level.	
_	Method	Collapse to hide next level.	

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action	
?	MthId, Method, Percent of Time	Display context help information.	
+	MthId	Expand to reveal all entries.	
+	Method	Expand description field size.	
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.	
_	MthId	Collapse to show only first level.	
_	Method	Reduce description field size.	
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.	
SV	MthId	Sort next level by value.	
SN	MthId	Sort next level by name.	

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a Java method will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
 +----- The following report line was selected -----
 | → <u>00049</u> getEntry 0.65
Calculation Details
   Application code wait time measurements
   Total measurements
                                                 1,678
   Percent of total
Method Name:
   getEntry
Method Descriptor:
   (JLjava/lang/String;)J
Method Signature:
   getEntry(long, java.lang.String) long
Class Name:
   ZipFile
Package Name:
   java/util/zip
```

J18 - Java Garbage Collection Report

Usage

This report displays information about Java garbage collection (GC) events and the evolution of the size of the JVM heap during the course of a measurement.

It can be used to determine the frequency of GC events, the amount of time spent in garbage collection, and how effective each garbage collection event is at freeing storage on the JVM heap.

Users must have READ access on RACF FACILITY profile USE.JAVAGCHEAP in order to enable garbage collection measurements. See APA *Customization Guide* for more details about security profiles.

Summary Section

A static (non scrolling) box containing a summary of the observed garbage collection activity is displayed at the top of the report. It contains the following fields:

Number of GC Events

The number of separate garbage collection events observed during the measurement.

Total GC Elapsed Time

The cumulative time, in seconds, elapsed during all observed garbage collection events.

Average GC Event Time

The average GC Event time – Total GC Elapsed Time / Number of GC Events.

Total JVM Sample Time

The total time spent measuring the JVM.

Percent Time Elapsed in GC

Total GC Elapsed Time divided by Total JVM Sample Time.

Detail Line Descriptions

There are two types of detail lines in this report: **Garbage Collection Event Detail Line** and **Heap Size Detail Line**.

Garbage Collection Event Detail Line

Sequence Number

This is the JVMTI sample number during which the information displayed on the detail line was recorded.

GC Event Duration

The duration of the observed garbage collection event measured in seconds.

Heap Size Detail Line

Sequence Number

This is the JVMTI sample number during which the information displayed on the detail line was recorded. The frequency of heap size detail lines is influenced by the value of the heapwalk frequency. This variable is set using the -Dcom.ibm.apa.gcheapwalk.frequency Java option. If this option is set to an integer F, then APA will attempt to take a heap sample every F samples. For example, if com.ibm.apa.gcheapwalk.frequency=10, then a heap sample will be taken every 10 JVMTI samples. The default heapwalk frequency is 100.

During JVM startup, there might be other processes occurring that constrain how often the heap sampling can occur. Because of this the heap sample interval might not initially match the requested frequency F. As the measurement progresses, however, it should converge on the requested heap sampling frequency.

GC Event Duration

The duration of the observed garbage collection event measured in seconds.

Heap Bytes

The total number of bytes that are used on the JVM heap, for all objects, at the time of the measurement.

Heap Object Count

The total number of objects on the JVM heap at the time of the measurement.

Sample Report

```
File View Navigate Help
J18: Java Garbage Collection Stats (00362/GCTEST)
Command ===>
+--- Garbage Collection(GC) Summary ----+
|Number of GC Events
|Total GC Time (secs)
                                  4.04
|Average GC Time (secs)
                                  0.07
|Total JVM Sample Time (secs)
                                170.98
|Percent Time Elapsed in GC
Sequence Number
000100 Heap Bytes:
                         533,424 Heap Object Count:
                                                         9539
000100 *** GC Event ***
                                  Duration (secs):
                                                         0.10
                                                         9886
000320
        Heap Bytes:
                         632,768 Heap Object Count:
000330
        Heap Bytes:
                         668,744
                                  Heap Object Count:
                                                        10316
000340
                         685,128
                                  Heap Object Count:
        Heap Bytes:
                                                        10677
                                  Heap Object Count:
000370
                         703,384
                                                        11091
        Heap Bytes:
                         713,448
000380
        Heap Bytes:
                                  Heap Object Count:
                                                        11324
000380 *** GC Event ***
                                  Duration (secs):
                                                         0.03
000420 Heap Bytes:
                         719,600 Heap Object Count:
                                                        11706
000428 *** GC Event ***
                                  Duration (secs):
                                                         0.04
000440 Heap Bytes:
                         632,032 Heap Object Count:
                                                        11389
```

J19 - Java Heap Object Report

Usage

This report provides detailed information about every object present on the JVM heap at a single point in time. It does this by triggering a JVM heap dump and analyzing the contents of the dump.

It will group all the heap objects by class name and display the percentage use of the heap by all such groups. The detail pop up window will also display the number of instances of each class and the average class size. Average size is used since some classes, such as strings, are variable in size.

This report can be used to identify classes that are having an unexpected impact on the JVM heap use, either because of a large class size or many instances.

Users must have READ access on RACF FACILITY profile USE.JAVAGCHEAP in order to collect heap detail measurements. See APA *Customization Guide* for more details about security profiles.

The heap object report is generated at one instant in time during the APA measurement. The timing of the heap measurement is determined by one or both of these Java options.

- -Dcom.ibm.apa.heapdump.trigger.threshold=heap size (# of bytes)
- -Dcom.ibm.apa.heapdump.trigger.gc.eventNum=GC event number

Examples:

Java option -Dcom.ibm.apa.heapdump.trigger.threshold=75M will trigger a heap dump when the heap size surpasses 75 MB. Valid byte multiplier prefixes are K/k(kilobytes), M/m(Megabytes), and G/g(Gigabytes).

Java option -Dcom.ibm.apa.heapdump.trigger.gc.eventNum=2 will trigger a heap dump when the second garbage collection is started (as observed since the start of the measurement).

If both options are set, a dump is triggered as soon as either condition becomes true.

If neither option is set, then no heap dump is triggered and no report is generated.

After one heap is triggered and processed, APA will not request any additional dumps.

There must be enough space in user's USS(OMVS) home directory to contain the heap dump. The JVMTI will analyze this dump, then delete it, but there still needs to be space for temporary storage. The user in this case is the owner of the job being sampled or the STCID assigned to the started task.

Warning

This report requires a JVM heap dump to be taken in the measured job or started task. A Java heap dump is a "stop-the-world" event – all other activity in the JVM is suspended while the dump is taken. This can take a significant amount of time depending on the size of the heap. Do not enable this report on a production JVM or any JVM where performance is critical unless such activity can be tolerated. It is mainly intended for use in development while debugging unusual garbage collection activity or out-of-memory conditions.

Detail Line Descriptions

There is one type of detail line. It contains the following two fields:

Heap Object Classes and Arrays

This field displays the class name of each object, object array, or primitive type array that has been observed. The class name is truncated if it doesn't fit in the thirty byte wide display. The class name begins with a "}" character if it is an object array containing instances of the named class. Java has eight primitive types – byte, short, int, long, float, double, boolean, and char. Therefore, it is possible to see a detail line representing a primitive type array of each one of these types.

Percentage of Heap Used

The percentage of the entire JVM heap that is occupied by all instances of this class or class array. This is calculated by dividing the total bytes used by all instances by the total number of bytes in the heap. The total number of bytes in the heap is the sum of the free heap size and the occupied heap size.

Line Commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

CMD	When Applied to Object	Action
?	SEQN	Display context help information.
++	SEQN	Show additional details in pop-up window.

Sample Report

```
File View Navigate Help
J19: Java Heap Object Report (00362/GCTEST)
Command ===>
                                    Percentage of Heap Used * 10%
Heap Object Classes & Arrays
                                            *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9....*
                                     9.56 00000
Primitive Array:type char
Primitive_Array:type_byte
java/util/TreeMap$Entry
                                     5.07 000
                                     1.82 0
                                     1.77 0
java/lang/String
java/lang/Object
                                     0.65
java/lang/String
java/util/Hashtable$Entry
                                     0.40
                                     0.23
java/lang/Integer
                                     0.16
Primitive_Array:type_long
                                      0.15
java/lang/J9VMInternals$ClassI
                                     0.14
java/lang/ref/SoftReference
                                     0.10
java/net/URL
                                     0.10
java/util/Hashtable$Entry
                                     0.10
java/io/File
{C
                                      0.08
                                      0.08
java/lang/Thread
                                     0.06
java/lang/StringBuilder
Primitive_Array:type_int
java/util/LinkedHashMap$Entry
                                     0.06
                                     0.05
                                      0.04
sun/util/locale/LocaleObjectCa
                                      0.04
java/lang/ClassLoader$ClassNam
                                     0.04
                                     0.04
java/util/concurrent/Concurren
java/lang/Integer
                                     0.04
                                      0.03
java/net/Parts
java/io/ExpiringCache$Entry
                                     0.03
java/util/HashMap$Node
                                     0.03
java/security/AccessControlCon
                                     0.03
```

Detail Window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a class name will cause this detail window to appear.

Detail Window Field Descriptions

Class Name

The Java class to which the observed object or array belongs.

Class Type

The Java object type. This can be a standard OBJECT instance, a CLASS object (only one instance possible), an array of Java OBJECTs, or an array of Java primitive types.

Object Instance Count

The number of instances of this class observed on the heap at the time of the dump.

Average Object Size

The calculated average object size for objects of this class.

Object Total Bytes

The total number of bytes occupied by all instances of this class on the heap.

Object Total Bytes Ranking

The ordinal ranking of the object total bytes for this class as compared to all other class type byte totals.

H01 - HFS Service Time by Path Name

Usage

Use this report to see how Service time was consumed by HFS file activity during the observation session. Each report line shows an HFS file, listed by path name, for which activity was observed. If HFS file activity was observed during a sample, but could not be attributed to a specific file, the activity is aggregated to a single report line with a path name of "unknown".

Quantification

Each report line quantifies Service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS call against the indicated HFS file was inflight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as inflight regardless of the CPU state: Active, WAIT, or Queued.

Detail line descriptions

HFS File detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
FileId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.	
Path Name	The HFS file path name.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated HFS file.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
H01: HFS Service Time by Path Name (8242/JVMTST01)
                                                                    Row 00001 of 00070
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>FileId</u>
         Path Name
                                                <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                *...1...2...3...4...5...6..
70.36
          /dev/ttyp0001
00002
00000
                                                66.59
         unknown
         /dev/ttyp0000
00001
                                                50.49
00063
          /tmp/ofile.txt
                                                13.28
         /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core.
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core.
/u/zfs/ifile.txt
                                               1.59
00021
                                                1.18
<u>00080</u>
00062
                                                0.53
         /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/d
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmor
00041
00032
          /u/zfs/platz
00075
                                                0.18
00044
          /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/i
                                                0.16
          /dev/ptyp0001
00005
         /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/i
00043
         /u/zfs/platz
/u/zfs/platz
00072
                                                0.15
00070
                                                0.14
          /u/zfs/platz
                                                0.12
00036
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	FileId	Display context help information.
++	FileId	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	FileId, Path Name, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	Path Name	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Path Name	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	FileId	Sort next level by value.

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
SN	FileId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	FileId	Sort next level by Path Name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a FileId will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS activity measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS files with inflight activity during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to files with activity above the specified threshold.

H02 - HFS Service Time by Device

Usage

Use this report to see how Service time was consumed by HFS device activity during the observation session. The unexpanded report shows an HFS device, listed by device number, for which activity was observed. If HFS file activity was observed during a sample, but could not be attributed to a specific file and device, the activity is aggregated to a single report line with a device number of "unknown". You can further expand each line item to show the HFS files associated with the device.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies Service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS call against the indicated HFS device

was inflight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as inflight regardless of the CPU state: Active, WAIT, or Queued.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each HFS device. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique device. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here: Level 1 HFS Device Level 2 HFS File

```
Level 1 HFS Device
Level 2 HFS File
```

Detail line descriptions

HFS Device detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS device.	
Device#>Path Name	The HFS device number.	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated HFS device.	

HFS File detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.	
Device#>Path Name	The HFS file path name	
Percent of Time	The percentage of activity measured in the indicated HFS file.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
HO2: HFS Service Time by Device (8242/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00085
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>DevId</u> <u>Device#>PathName</u>
                                                 <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                *...1...2....3....4....5....6..
85.07
00001
→ 00002 /dev/ttyp0001
→ 00001 /dev/ttyp0000
→ 00005 /dev/ptyp0001
                                                70.36
                                                 50.49
                                                 0.15
          /dev/null
→ 00066
                                                  0.06
→ 00004
          /dev/ptyp0000
                                                 0.06
→ 00066
          /dev/null
                                                 0.04
          /dev/null
                                                 0.03
→ <u>00066</u>
→ 00066
          /dev/null
                                                  0.02
          /dev/null
/dev/null
                                                  0.02
→ 00066
                                                 0.01
→ 00066
          /dev/null
                                                 0.01
→ <u>00066</u>
       unknown
<u>00000</u>
                                                 66.59
                                                 13.28
13.28
00009
\rightarrow 00063 /tmp/ofile.txt
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DevId, FileId	Display context help information.
++	DevId, FileId	Show additional details.
+	DevId	Expand to reveal next level.
-	DevId	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DevId	Sort next level by value.
SN	DevId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	DevId	Sort next level by Path Name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	DevId, Device#>PathName, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	DevId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Device#>PathName	Expand field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	DevId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Device#>PathName	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	DevId	Sort next level by value.
SN	DevId	Sort next level by DevId.
SD	DevId	Sort next level by Device#.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a DevId will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS activity measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS devices with inflight activity during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to devices with activity above the specified threshold.

H03 - HFS File Activity

Usage

Use this report to display the Read/Write counts for each HFS file captured during the observation session. Each report line shows an HFS file, listed by path name, and its associated Read/Write count.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies the Read/Write count by subtracting the Read count at the start of the observation session from the Read count at the end of the observation session; subtracting the Write count at the start of the observation session from the Write count at the end of the observation session; and adding the two differences together.

Detail line descriptions

HFS File detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
FileId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.	
Path Name	The HFS file path name.	
File Type	The HFS file type.	
Reads/Writes	The Read/Write count for the indicated HFS file.	

A sample report is shown here.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> :	iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp		
H03: HFS Command	File Activity (8242/JVMTST01) ===>		Row 00001 of 00198 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>FileId</u>	<u>Path Name</u>	File Type	Reads/Writes
00063 00021	/tmp/ofile.txt /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core. jar	Regular File Regular File	55,985 715
<u>08000</u>	/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core.	Regular File	644
00005 00070 00066 00036 00068 00074 00035 00064 00072 00069	/u/zfs/ifile.txt /dev/ptyp0001 /u/zfs/platz /dev/null /u/zfs/platz /u/zfs/platz /dev/null /dev/null /u/zfs/platz /u/zfs/platz /u/zfs/platz /u/zfs/platz /u/zfs/platz /dev/null /u/zfs/platz /dev/null /u/zfs/platz	Regular File Character Special Regular File Character Special Regular File Regular File Character Special Character Special Regular File Regular File Regular File Character Special Regular File Character Special Regular File	File 98 98 97 File 96 89 88 88
00065	/dev/null	Character Special	File 74

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	FileId	Display context help information.
++	FileId	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	FileId	Display context help information.
SV	FileId	Sort next level by value.
SN	FileId	Sort next level by FileId.
SD	FileId	Sort next level by Path Name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a FileId will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
File 00063
                    /tmp/ofile.txt
    Path name
          File type
                           Regular File
          Opened o
                           7:08:32.33 Friday Mar 16 2007
          Device#
                           491
          Serial#
          Open Flags
                           Write_Only Truncate Create
          File Activity
                                   Initial
                                                         Last
                                                                               Delta
                                                      0
       Read Requests
                                                                         0
                                                55,985
                                                                    55,985
       Write Requests
                                   0
       Dir I/O Blocks
                                  12
       Blocks Read
                                                                         0
       Blocks Written
                                                55,985
                                   0
                                                                    55,985
       Bytes Read
                                  12
                                                    12
                                              2,127,115
                                                                 2,127,115
       Bytes Written
```

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Enter "/" to select an option
_ Omit files for which no activity was observed during the measurement interval. Unselect to include all files.
```

By default, all HFS files are displayed. Select this option to omit HFS files that had no read/write activity during the observation session.

H04 - HFS File Attributes

Usage

Use this report to see detailed information about each HFS file that was open during the observation session. This is useful as a reference report when working with printed copies of other HFS reports that do not show full HFS file details. (When browsing online, the popup detail windows show this information.)

Detail line descriptions

The following information is shown for each HFS device.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
FileId	A unique sequence number assigned to the HFS file. This is shown in other HFS reports that display HFS file information.	
Path Name	The HFS file path name.	
File Type	The HFS file type.	
Major	If the file type is Character Special, the associated Major number is displayed.	
Minor	If the file type is Character Special, the associated Minor number is displayed.	
Opened	The date and time that the file was opened (local time).	
Device#	The HFS device number associated with the file.	
Serial#	The HFS file serial number.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Open Flags	All the file Open Flags that are set are listed here.	
Mode Flags - File Type	The HFS file type listed in the HFS Mode Flags.	
Mode Flags - Permissions	The file permissions (Read/Write/Execute) categorized by Owner, Group, and Other.	
Mode Flags - Set Id Flags	The Set Id is indicated by either Userid or Group. The Sticky bit setting is also displayed here (if on).	
File Activity	The file activity is listed by category. The initial counts recorded at the start of the observation session, the final counts recorded at the end of the observation, and the delta are all listed.	

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
                                                             Row 00001 of 02162
H04: HFS File Attributes (8242/JVMTST01)
Command ===> _____
                                                         _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
HFS file information reported for 115 files.
FileId 00001
  Path name
                     /dev/ttyp0000
                    Character Special File Major 2
  File type
                                                       Minor 0
  Opened of
                    6:47:58.93 Friday Mar 16 2007
  Device#
  Serial#
                    12
                    Read/Write Read_Only Write_Only
  Open Flags
                    Not_a_controlling_terminal
  File Activity
                            Initial
                                                     Last
                                                                      Delta
     Read Requests
                                 11
                                                      12
                                                                          1
     Write Requests
                                 33
                                                      40
                                 19
     Dir I/O Blocks
                                                      19
                                                                          0
     Blocks Read
                                  5
                                                       5
                                                                          0
                                                                          0
     Blocks Written
                                  0
                                                       0
     Bytes Read
                                                  14,901
                             14,883
                                                                         18
     Bytes Written
                              1,244
                                                   1,350
```

H05 - HFS Device Activity

Usage

Use this report to display the Read/Write counts for each HFS device captured during the observation session. Each report line shows an HFS device, listed by device number, and its associated Read/Write count.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies the Read/Write count by subtracting the Read count at the start of the observation session from the Read count at the end of the observation session; subtracting the Write count at the start of the observation session from the Write count at the end of the observation session; and adding the two differences together.

Detail line descriptions

The following information is shown for each HFS device.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS device.	
Device#	The HFS device number.	
Mount Point	The directory at which the file system was mounted.	
Reads/Writes	The Read/Write count for the indicated HFS device.	

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
H05: HFS Device Activity (8242/JVMTST01)
                                                 Row 00001 of 00009
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                  Mount Point
<u>DevId</u>
     <u>Device#</u>
                                                                  Reads/Writes
00009
                /X235/tmp
                                                                       55,985
00004
                 /Z18/usr/lpp/java
                                                                        6,463
      4
                 /X235/dev
                                                                          996
00001
00005
       11
                                                                          984
                 /u/zfs
00003
00007
       10
                                                                           81
                 /Z18/usr/lpp/Db2/db2810
       12
                                                                           12
      16
                 /Z18/usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts31
00008
                  /Z18
00002
                  /X235/etc
00006
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DevId	Display context help information.
++	DevId	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	DevId	Display context help information.
SV	DevId	Sort next level by value.
SN	DevId	Sort next level by DevId.
SD	DevId	Sort next level by Device#.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a DevId will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
  Device 00004
         Device#
                                                                      24
         Dataset name
                                                                      JVA140.HFS
        Dataset name JVA1
DD name SYSG
Physical file system HFS
Mount point /Z18
                                                                      SYS00025
         Mount point
                                                                     /Z18/usr/lpp/java
        Mounted
                                                                  8:40:36.62 Friday Mar 9 2007

      Vice Activity
      Initial
      Last

      Read Requests
      186,308
      192,771

      Write Requests
      0
      0

      Dir I/O Blocks
      67,554
      73,030

      Blocks Read
      247,016
      258,524

      Blocks Written
      0
      0

      Bytes Read
      462,232,053
      501,613,789

      Bytes Written
      0
      0

         Device Activity
                                                                                                                                                          Delta
                                                                                                                                                          6,463
                                                                                                                                                          5,476
                                                                                                                                                    11,508
                                                                                                                                                                0
                                                                                                                                             39,381,736
               Bytes Written
```

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Enter "/" to select an option
_ Omit devices for which no activity was observed during the measurement interval. Unselect to include all devices.
```

By default, all HFS devices are displayed. Select this option to omit HFS devices that had no read/write activity during the observation session.

H06 - HFS Device Attributes

Usage

Use this report to see detailed information about each HFS device captured during the observation session. This is useful as a reference report when working with printed copies of other HFS reports that do not show full HFS device details. (When browsing online, the popup detail windows show this information.)

Detail line descriptions

The following information is shown for each HFS device.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to the HFS device. This is shown in other HFS reports that display HFS device information.	
Device#	The HFS device number.	
Dataset Name	The dataset containing the HFS file system.	
DD Name	The DD name assigned to the HFS dataset.	
Physical File System	The file system type - HFS, zFS, NFS.	
Mount Point	The directory at which the file system was mounted.	
Mounted	The date and time that the file system was mounted (local time).	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Device Activity	The device activity is listed by category. The initial counts recorded at the start of the observation session, the final counts recorded at the end of the observation, and the delta are all listed.	

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
H06: HFS Device Attributes (8242/JVMTST01)
                                                    Row 00001 of 0165
Command ===> _____
                                                _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
HFS device information reported for 9 devices.
DevId 00001
  Device#
  Dataset name
                          HFS.ADCD.DEV
  DD name
                          SYS00006
  Physical file system
                          /X235/dev
  Mount point
                          8:40:24.22 Friday Mar 9 2007
  Mounted
  Device Activity
                        Initial
                                                              Delta
                                          Last
     Read Requests
                         5,922
                                          6,138
                                                                216
                          1,070
                                                                780
     Write Requests
                                         1,850
     Dir I/O Blocks
                                           579
                                                                14
     Blocks Read
     Blocks Written
                             0
                                             0
                                                                 0
                        220,179
     Bytes Read
                                        221,394
                                                              1,215
     Bytes Written
```

H07 - HFS Activity Timeline

Usage

Use this report to see, for each HFS file, how activity on the file was distributed over the measurement interval.

Quantification

A graph, in bar chart format, is displayed for each observed HFS file. The horizontal axis represents the measurement interval which spans 50 columns. Each column represents an equal 1/50th sub-interval of time. A scale is shown at the bottom of the graph indicating the percentage of time progression in the overall interval.

In each column, a vertical graph shows (roughly) the percentage of time during the sub-interval that activity on the HFS file took place. A vertical bar of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 characters, extending upward from the scale, is displayed indicating the percentage of time in the sub-interval during which file activity was observed.

Detail line descriptions

HFS Activity Distribution

A group of lines is shown for each reported HFS file. Some information about the HFS files is displayed to the left, and a bar chart is displayed on the right.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Path Name	The HFS file path name.	
File Type	The HFS file type.	
Open for	The mode for which the file was opened: Read/Write, Read Only, Write Only.	

A sample report is shown here.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Path Name	Display context help information.
++	Path Name	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	File Information	Display context help information.
SV	File Information	Sort next level by value.
SN	File Information	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	File Information	Sort next level by Path Name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information

For example, entering "++" on a Path Name will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
FileId 00002
    Path name
                      /dev/ttyp0001
    File type
                      Character Special File Major 2
                                                           Minor 1
    Opened o
                      7:05:22.45 Friday Mar 16 2007
    Device#
                      17
    Serial#
    Open Flags
                      Read/Write Read_Only Write_Only
                      Not_a_controlling_terminal
    File Activity
                              Initial
                                                    Last
                                                                     Delta
       Read Requests
                                                      20
       Write Requests
                                   29
                                                                        31
       Dir I/O Blocks
                                   19
                                                      19
       Blocks Read
                                                       5
                                                                        0
                                                       Θ
       Blocks Written
                                                                        Θ
                               14,810
                                                  15,073
                                                                       263
       Bytes Read
       Bytes Written
                               1,829
```

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Enter "/" to select an option
_ Omit files for which no activity was observed during the measurement interval. Unselect to include all files.
```

By default, all HFS files are displayed. Select this option to omit HFS files that had no read/write activity during the observation session.

H08 - HFS Wait Time by Path Name

Usage

Use this report to identify delays resulting from waits during HFS requests. Each report line shows an HFS file, listed by path name, for which wait time was observed. If a wait was observed during a sample where there was an inflight HFS request, but could not be attributed to a specific file, the wait is aggregated to a single report line with a path name of "unknown".

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS call against the indicated HFS file was in a wait to the total number of samples.

Detail line descriptions

HFS File detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
FileId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.	
Path Name	The HFS file path name	
Percent of Time	The percentage wait time measured for the indicated file.	

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
HO8: HFS Wait Time by Path Name (8242/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00046
Command ===> _____
                                                                 _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>FileId</u> <u>Path Name</u>
                                                       <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                     *...1...2...3...4...5...6..
70.29
00002
           /dev/ttyp0001
00000
                                                      66.53
           unknown
           /dev/ttyp0000
00001
                                                      50.46
         /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core.
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core.
/tmp/ofile.txt
00021
                                                      0.94
00080
                                                       0.62
00063
                                                       0.32
         /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/d
/u/zfs/ifile.txt
00041
                                                       0.31
00062
                                                       0.24
          /J18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmor
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/i
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/chars
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/g
00032
                                                       0.18
00044
                                                       0.14
00026
                                                       0.09
                                                      0.09
00042
00034
           /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmpk
                                                       0.08
00072
          /u/zfs/platz
                                                       0.08
          /u/zfs/platz
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmjg
00075
                                                       0.08
00029
                                                       0.07
00036
           /u/zfs/platz
                                                       0.07
           /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/r
00054
                                                       0.07
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	FileId	Display context help information.
++	FileId	Show additional details.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	FileId, Path Name, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	Path Name	Expand description field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	Path Name	Reduce description field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	FileId	Sort next level by value.
SN	FileId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	FileId	Sort next level by Path Name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a FileId will cause this detail window to appear.

```
File View Navigate Help
    ----- The following report line was selected ----
Calculation Details
   HFS file wait time measurements
                                         7,029
   Total measurements
   Percent of total
HFS File Information
   Path name
                   /dev/ttyp0001
                   Character Special File Major 2
   File type
                                                    Minor 1
   Opened 7:0
Device# 4
Serial# 17
Open Flags Rea
                   7:05:22.45 Friday Mar 16 2007
                   Read/Write Read_Only Write_Only
                  Not_a_controlling_terminal
```

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS wait time measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS files with wait time during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to files with wait time above the specified threshold.

H09- HFS Wait Time by Device

Usage

Use this report to identify delays resulting from waits during HFS requests. Each report line shows an HFS device, listed by device number, for which wait time was observed. If a wait was observed during a sample, where there was an inflight HFS request, but could not be attributed to a specific file and device, the wait is aggregated to a single report line with a device number of "unknown". You can further expand each line item to show the HFS files associated with the device.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS call against the indicated HFS device was in a wait to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each HFS device. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique device. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 HFS Device
Level 2 HFS File
```

Detail line descriptions

HFS Device detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS device.
Device#>Path Name	The HFS device number.
Percent of Time	The percentage wait time measured for the indicated HFS device.

HFS File detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
DevId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.
Device#>Path Name	The HFS file path name.
Percent of Time	The percentage activity measured for the indicated HFS file.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
                                                                                    Row 00001 of 00057
H09: HFS Wait Time by Device (8242/JVMTST01)
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
<u>DevId</u>
             <u>Device#>PathName</u>
                                                                        <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                                       *...1...2...3...4...5...6..
84.84
00001
                /dev/ttyp0001
/dev/ttyp0000
                                                                       70.29
50.46
→ <u>00002</u>
→ <u>00001</u>
00000
             unknown
                                                                       66.53
00004
                                                                        3.27
               /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
                                                                        0.94
→ 00021
                                                                        0.62
→ 00080
→ 00041
                                                                        0.31
               /218/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmo/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/char/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmp/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmj/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext//Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/exa/
→ <u>00032</u>
                                                                        0.18
→ 00044
                                                                        0.14
                                                                        0.09
→ 00026
→ <u>00042</u>
                                                                        0.09
→ 00034
                                                                        0.08
→ 00029
                                                                        0.07
→ 00054
                                                                        0.07
→ <u>00081</u>
                /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/grap
                                                                        0.07
  00043
                /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
                                                                        0.06
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	DevId, FileId	Display context help information.
++	DevId, FileId	Show additional details.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
+	DevId	Expand to reveal next level.
_	DevId	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	DevId	Sort next level by value.
SN	DevId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	DevId	Sort next level by Path Name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	DevId, Device#>Path Name, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	DevId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Device#>Path Name	Expand field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	DevId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Device#>Path Name	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	DevId	Sort next level by value.
SN	DevId	Sort next level by DevId.
SD	DevId	Sort next level by Device#.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a DevId will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS wait time measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS devices with wait time during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to devices with activity above the specified threshold.

H10- HFS Service Time by Request

Usage

Use this report to see how Service time was consumed by HFS file requests during the observation session. The unexpanded report shows an HFS request, listed by Request name, for which activity was observed. If an HFS file request was observed during a sample, but could not be attributed to a specific file, the request is aggregated to a single report line with a request name of "unknown". You can further expand each line item to show the HFS files associated with the request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies Service time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS request was inflight to the total number of samples. An observation is counted as inflight regardless of the CPU state: Active, WAIT, or Queued.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each HFS request. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique request type. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 HFS Request Level 2 HFS File

Detail line descriptions

HFS Request detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
ReqId	A unique sequence number assigned to each request type.
Request>Path Name	The HFS request name.
Percent of Time	The percentage activity measured for the indicated HFS request.

HFS File detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
ReqId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.
Request>Path Name	The HFS file path name.
Percent of Time	The percentage activity measured for the indicated HFS file.

A sample report is shown here. It has been expanded to the second level.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
H10: HFS Service Time by Request (8242/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00090
Command ===> _____
                                                                _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
ReqId
        Request>PathName
                                                      <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                         *....1....2....3....4....5....6..
00001
         read
→ <u>00002</u> /dev/ttyp0000
                                                   70.35
→ 00001
                                                   50.48
           /dev/ttyp0000
→ 00021 /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core 1.52

→ 00080 /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core 1.10

→ 00062 /u/zfs/ifile.txt 0.53
           /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/ 0.32
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmo 0.18
→ 00041
→ <u>00032</u>
→ 00075
           /u/zfs/platz
                                                     0.18
           /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
→ 00043
                                                     0.15
→ 00044
                                                     0.15
→ <u>00072</u>
           /u/zfs/platz
                                                     0.15
→ <u>00070</u>
            /u/zfs/platz
                                                     0.14
→ 00036
            /u/zfs/platz
           /u/zfs/platz 0.12
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/grap 0.11
→ 00064
→ 00022
            /dev/ptyp0001
→ <u>00005</u>
                                                     0.11
            /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/char 0.10
→ <u>00026</u>
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	ReqId, FileId	Display context help information.
++	ReqId, FileId	Show additional details.
+	ReqId	Expand to reveal next level.
_	ReqId	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	ReqId	Sort next level by value.
SN	ReqId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	ReqId	Sort next level by Path Name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	ReqId, Request>PathName, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	ReqId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Request>Path Name	Expand field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	ReqId	Collapse to show only first level.

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
_	Request>Path Name	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	ReqId	Sort next level by value.
SN	ReqId	Sort next level by ReqId.
SR	ReqId	Sort next level by Request.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a ReqId will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS activity measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS requests captured during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to requests with activity above the specified threshold.

H11- HFS Wait Time by Request

Usage

Use this report to identify delays resulting from waits during HFS requests. Each report line shows an HFS request, listed by Request name, for which wait time was observed. If a wait was observed during a sample, where there was an inflight HFS request, but could not be attributed to a specific file, the wait is aggregated to a single report line with a request name of "unknown". You can further expand each line item to show the HFS files associated with the request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies wait time measured as a percentage of total time. The percentage represents the ratio of the number of samples in which an HFS request was in a wait, to the total number of samples.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each HFS request. The name field shows a sequence number assigned to each unique request type. You can expand each line to reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail. The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 HFS Request
Level 2 HFS File
```

Detail line descriptions

HFS Request detail line

This is the first-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
ReqId	A unique sequence number assigned to each request type.
Request>Path Name	The HFS request name.
Percent of Time	The percentage wait time measured for the indicated HFS request.

HFS File detail line

This is the second-level detail line.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
ReqId	A unique sequence number assigned to each HFS file.	
Request>Path Name	The HFS file path name.	
Percent of Time	The percentage wait time measured for the indicated HFS file.	

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
H11: HFS Wait Time by Request (8242/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00052
                                                                            _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
        Request>PathName
ReqId
                                                         <u>Percent of Time * 10.00%</u> ±1.0%
                                                             *....1....2....3....4....5....6..
                                                        35.38
00001
        read
→ <u>00002</u> /dev/ttyp0001
                                                        70.29
→ 00001
            /dev/ttyp0000
                                                        50.46
            /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core
                                                        0.94
→ 00021
            /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/core
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
                                                         0.62
→ <u>00080</u>
→ 00041
                                                         0.31
→ 00062
            /u/zfs/ifile.txt
                                                         0.24
            /d/21s/lile.tx/
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmo
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/char
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
/Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmp
→ 00032
                                                         0.18
→ 00044
                                                         0.14
→ <u>00026</u>
                                                         0.09
→ 00042
                                                         0.09
→ <u>00034</u>
                                                         0.08
→ 00072
             /u/zfs/platz
                                                         0.08
→ 00075
             /u/zfs/platz
                                                         0.08
             /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ibmj
                                                         0.07
→ <u>00029</u>
→ <u>00036</u>
             /u/zfs/platz
                                                         0.07
             /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/ext/
→ 00054
                                                         0.07
→ 00081
             /Z18/usr/lpp/java/J1.4/lib/grap
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	ReqId, FileId	Display context help information.
++	ReqId, FileId	Show additional details.
+	ReqId	Expand to reveal next level.
_	ReqId	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	ReqId	Sort next level by value.
SN	ReqId	Sort next level by FileId.
SP	ReqId	Sort next level by Path Name.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	ReqId, Request>PathName, Percent of Time	Display context help information.
+	ReqId	Expand to reveal all entries.
+	Request>Path Name	Expand field size.
+	Percent of Time	Zoom in scale.
_	ReqId	Collapse to show only first level.
_	Request>Path Name	Reduce field size.
_	Percent of Time	Zoom out scale.
SV	ReqId	Sort next level by value.
SN	ReqId	Sort next level by ReqId.
SR	ReqId	Sort next level by Request.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

For example, entering "++" on a ReqId will cause this detail window to appear.

SETUP options

The SETUP command displays the following options:

```
Minimum Percentage of Time . . . . . 0.00

This is the minimum percentage of HFS wait time measured for which an item is to be included in the report.
```

By default, all HFS requests captured during an observation session are displayed. Use the Minimum Percent of Time option to limit the report to requests with wait time above the specified threshold.

Chapter 9. WebSphere performance analysis reports

This section describes the WebSphere (WAS) performance analysis reports.

For information about	See
The WAS data extractor	"Overview of WAS data extractor" on page 525
Measuring WAS servant address space activity	"Measuring WAS servant address space activity" on page 526
B01 WAS Summary	"B01 - WAS Summary" on page 526
B02 WAS Activity	"B02 - WAS Activity" on page 529
B03 WAS Activity by Origin	"B03 - WAS Activity by Origin" on page 533
B04 WAS Activity by Servant	"B04 - WAS Activity by Servant" on page 537
B05 WAS EJB Activity	"B05 - WAS EJB Activity" on page 542
B06 WAS EJB Activity by Origin	"B06 - WAS EJB Activity by Origin" on page 545
B07 WAS EJB Activity by Servant	"B07 - WAS EJB Activity by Servant" on page 548
B08 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity	"B08 – WAS Servlet/JSP Activity" on page 551
B09 WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin	"B09 - WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin" on page 554
B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant	"B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant" on page 557
B11 WAS/CICS Calls	"B11 - WAS/CICS Calls" on page 560
B12 WAS/Db2 Calls	"B12 - WAS/Db2 Calls" on page 563
B13 Async Work Requests	"B13 - Async Work Requests" on page 566
B14 Async Work by Work Mgr	"B14 - Async Work by Work Mgr" on page 569
B15 Async Work by Servant	"B15 - Async Work by Servant" on page 571
B16 WOLA Inbound Requests	"B16 - WOLA Inbound Requests" on page 574
B17 WOLA Inbound by Origin	"B17 - WOLA Inbound by Origin" on page 577
B18 WOLA Inbound by Servant	"B18 - WOLA Inbound by Servant" on page 581
B19 WOLA Outbound Requests	"B19 - WOLA Outbound Requests" on page 585
B20 WOLA Outbound by Register	"B20 - WOLA Outbound by Register" on page 587
B21 WOLA Outbound by Servant	"B21 - WOLA Outbound by Servant" on page 589

Overview of WAS data extractor

To use the WebSphere Performance Analysis Reports, WAS must be enabled in Application Performance Analyzer by your installation, and the WAS data extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You select the WAS data extractor in the Options panel when creating a new measurement. The WAS data extractor is valid only if the target job is an active WAS controller address space. The WAS controller is not actually sampled, since no application code runs in a WAS controller. Instead, all WAS requests processed by the target WAS controller are recorded in the sample file. The sampling frequency will be changed to 1 per second and the number of samples will be changed to the sampling duration in seconds when the WAS measurement request begins.

When the WAS data extractor is selected, SMF records are activated for the target WAS controller address space. The SMF records contain information about each WAS request processed by the server. This SMF data is extracted and written to the sample file.

Sequence Numbers

The sequence numbers assigned to unique occurrences of object names (EJBs, servlets, and so on) do not necessarily indicate the order in which the objects were invoked.

CPU and Service Times

CPU time (including zIIP and zAAP time) is measured in microseconds. zIIP and zAAP CPU times are normalized to CP time. Service time (elapsed time) is measured in milliseconds. Total service time can exceed the sampling duration, because WAS processes multiple requests in parallel.

CPU Usage Breakdown

The SMF records contain information at the request level, giving total CPU and service times for each request. If the request invokes the Web container or EJB container, the SMF records contain information for each servlet/JSP or method invoked, to a maximum of 30 unique occurrences. Included in this information is CPU time, service time, and the number of times the object was invoked.

The sum of CPU times and service times for the breakdown will not add up to the CPU time and service time for the request, since not all activity is recorded in the breakdown when processing a request.

Similarly, the invocation count for a servlet/JSP or method will not add up to the request count at the request level.

Request Types

The type of a request is determined by its SMF record. Only a single type is recorded for each request. For example, if a request arrives via HTTP for a managed bean, the request type is HTTP. It will be counted once as an HTTP request. It will not be counted as an Mbean request.

Measuring WAS servant address space activity

If during measurement of the controller, one or more WebSphere Application Services servant address spaces become active, they will also be automatically measured in separate child observation sessions. The servant observation sessions use a sampling frequency based on the number of samples and duration entered for the WAS request, and end when the controller measurement ends. You may select any of the following extractors when WAS is selected: CICS, Db2, Db2+, CDb2, Db2V, and JAVA. However, these extractors are only enabled for the servant observation sessions. Upon completion of the measurement, all servant observations will include a copy of the controller's B01 to B10 reports for your convenience.

Note: Measurement of servant region activity requires the Application Performance Analyzer WLM intercept be enabled during installation. Contact your system programmer to verify that the WLM intercept is enabled in Application Performance Analyzer.

B01 - WAS Summary

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the WAS requests that were observed for the duration of the measurement.

Detail Line descriptions

System Identification

This section identifies the z/OS system on which the measurement was done.

System name

The system name taken from the CVTSNAME field of the MVS CVT control block.

Sysplex

The sysplex name taken from the ECVTSPLX field of the MVS ECVT control block.

Job name

The job name of the WAS controller address space.

Job id

The job identifier of the WAS controller address space.

ASID

The address space identifier of the WAS controller address space, displayed in hex.

WAS Identification

This section identifies the WAS server on which the measurement was done.

Cell

The cell short name of the WAS server.

Node

The node name of the WAS server.

Cluster

The cluster name of the WAS server.

Server

The server name of the WAS server.

WAS version

The version number of the WAS server.

Service level

The build level of the WAS server.

Request Counts

This section provides counts of the number of requests observed for each request type. Requests are counted once only for a single type.

Total requests

The total number of requests observed. This is the sum of all request counts below except for timed out requests.

IIOP requests

The number of Internet Inter-ORB Protocol requests observed.

HTTP requests

The number of Hypertext Transfer Protocol requests observed.

HTTPS requests

The number of Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure requests observed.

MDB Plan A requests

The number of Message Driven Bean Plan A requests observed. A plan "A" request is an MDB request from a listener port that is listening in the controller.

MDB Plan B requests

The number of Message Driven Bean Plan B requests observed. A plan "B" request is an MDB request from a listener port that is listening in the servant.

MDB Plan C requests

The number of Message Driven Bean Plan C requests observed. A plan "C" request is an MDB request from an activation specification that is listening in the adjunct.

SIP requests

The number of Session Initiation Protocol requests observed.

SIPS requests

The number of Session Initiation Protocol Secure requests observed.

MBean requests

The number of Managed Bean requests observed.

OTS requests

The number of Object Transaction Service requests observed.

Internal requests

The number of internal requests observed.

Inbound WOLA requests

The number of inbound WOLA requests observed.

Unknown requests

The number of unknown requests observed.

Asynchronous requests

The number of asynchronous requests observed.

Timed out requests

The number of requests that timed out and were not processed by a servant region. This count is not included in the total at the top, since the requests are already included in one of the other request counts.

Outbound WOLA

The number of outbound WOLA requests sent. The count is not included in the total at the top because these are requests to another system.

Outbound unknown

The number of outbound requests sent of an unknown type. This count is not included in the total at the top because these are requests to another system.

Service Time

This section shows the service time (elapsed time) for all of the requests observed. Note that the total service time can exceed the sampling duration, because WAS processes multiple requests in parallel.

Total service time

The total service time, measured from the time that the request was received to the time that the controller finished processing the request response.

WLM queued time

The total time that the requests spent on the Workload Manager queue.

Dispatched time

The total time that the requests spent being processed by the servant region.

Controller time

The total time that the requests spent being processed by the controller region.

Asynchronous time

The total time that is spent processing asynchronous requests. The time is not included in the total service time because these requests are independently dispatched and can run in parallel.

CPU Usage

This section shows the CPU time recorded for all of the requests observed.

Enclave CPU time

The total CPU time consumed by each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This includes normalized zIIP and zAAP time.

Encl zIIP CPU time

The total zIIP CPU time consumed by each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This time is normalized.

Encl zAAP CPU time

The total zAAP CPU time consumed by each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This time is normalized.

Encl CPU s/units

The total CPU service units for each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted.

Encl zIIP s/units

The total zIIP service units for each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted.

Encl zAAP s/units

The total zAAP service units for each observed request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted.

Async Encl CPU time

The total CPU time that is consumed by each observed asynchronous request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This includes normalized zIIP and zAAP time.

Async Encl zIIP CPU

The total zIIP CPU time that is consumed by each observed asynchronous request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This time is normalized.

Async Encl zAAP CPU

The total zAAP CPU time that is consumed by each observed asynchronous request, as reported by the enclave when it was deleted. This time is normalized.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here.

```
File View Navigate Help
                                                                                                                                                                                      Row 00001 of 00024
  B01: WAS Summary (0144/AZSR00A)
  Command ===>
                                                                                                                                                                                            Scroll ===> CSR
  System Identification
                                                                                                        WAS Identification
                                                                                                                 Cell: AZBASEA
            System name: X235
            Sysplex:
                                                        ADCDPL
                                                                                                                 Node:
                                                                                                                                                               AZNODEA
            Job name:
                                                        AZSR00A
                                                                                                               Cluster:
                                                                                                                                                               AZSR00
                                                                                                                WAS version: AZSROOA
           Job id:
                                                       STC08056
            ASTD:
                                                        007A
                                                                                                                                                                 7.0.0.12
                                                                                                                Service level: cf121027
  Request Counts
                                                                                                       Service Time
                                                                                           218
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:03:27.005
            Total requests:
                                                                                                                 Total service time:
                                                                                                                 WLM queued time:
Dispatched time:
            IIOP requests:
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:00.176
           HTTP requests:
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:02.732
           HTTPS requests:
                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                 Controller time:
                                                                                                                                                                                           00:03:24.095
           MDB Plan A requests:
                                                                                                           Asynchronous time:
                                                                                                0
         MDB Plan B requests:

MDB Plan C requests:

SIP requests:

SIPS requests:

MBean requests:

MBean requests:

O CPU Usage

Enclave CPU time:

O Encl zIIP CPU time:

O Encl ZAAP CPU time:

O Encl CPU s/units:

Comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the comparison of the co
00:00:00.000
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:10.327
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:09.341
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:00.000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  24940
           Internal requests:

O Encl zIIP s/units:
Inbound WOLA requests:

O Encl zAAP s/units:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  22552
                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:00.000
           Unknown requests:
                                                                                                                 Async Encl CPU time:
            Asynchronous requests:
                                                                                                  0
                                                                                                                 Async Encl zIIP CPU:
                                                                                                                                                                                             00:00:00.000
            Timed out requests:
                                                                                                                 Async Encl zAAP CPU:
                                                                                                                                                                                            00:00:00.000
           Outbound WOLA:
                                                                                                  0
            Outbound unknown:
                                                                                                  0
```

B02 - WAS Activity

Usage

This report shows quantification by the classification name of the request. You can expand each request line to see a breakdown and quantification by object (EJB or Web application) and method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each WAS request and, when expanded, the object invocation lines for the request.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object.
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation.
- Mean CPU time for the request or invocation.
- Total service time for the request or invocation.
- Mean service time for the request or invocation.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique WAS request. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS request
Level 2 EJB or Web application
Level 3 Method or servlet/JSP
Level 2 EJB or Web application
Level 3 Method or servlet/JSP

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS request for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The request name.
Count	The number of requests counted for this request name. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests counted for this request name. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests counted for this request name.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.

Object detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the Request detail line. It quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The EJB or Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this object. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore the level 2 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 1 count.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.

Invocation detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the Object detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 4 sequence number within the level 3 line.
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.

A sample report is shown here with the first level 1 line fully expanded.

B02: WAS Activity (0144/AZSR00A)			F	Row 00001	of 00038
Command ===>				Scroll	===> CSR
Request,EJB/Webapp Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean
00001 /PlantsByWebSphere/servle t/ShoppingServlet	40	6.30	0.15765	1.30	0.03269
> 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Plant sByWebSphere.war	80	4.53	0.05665	0.81	0.01023
<pre>> 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp</pre>	40 17	4.26 0.04	0.10668 0.00270	0.78 0.01	0.01955 0.00070
> 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp	11 11	0.03 0.17	0.00300 0.01618	0.00 0.02	0.00036 0.00181
<pre>> 00014 /login.jsp > 00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan tsByWebSphereEJB.jar::S hoppingCart</pre>	1 64	0.00 0.11	0.00812 0.00181	0.00 0.01	0.00100 0.00015
> 00008 getItems: > 00009 getTotalCost:	29 11	0.01 0.00	0.00047 0.00050	0.00 0.00	0.00006 0.00000
> 00011 addItem:com.ibm.websp here.samples.plantsby websphereejb.Shopping CartItem	11	0.00	0.00055	0.00	0.00018
> 00013 getCartContents:	11 2	0.00 0.08	0.00051	0.00	0.00000
<pre>> 00012 create: > 00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan</pre>	39	1.36	0.04259 0.03498	0.00 0.11	0.00300 0.00284
> 00007 getItemInventory:java .lang.String	22	0.30	0.01388	0.02	0.00104
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:in	17	1.05	0.06228	0.08	0.00517
00002 /PlantsByWebSphere/servle t/ImageServlet	174	3.96	0.02276	205.62	1.18173

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B03 - WAS Activity by Origin

Usage

This report shows quantification by the origin of the request. You can expand each origin line to see a breakdown and quantification by request, object (EJB or Web application) and method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each request origin and, when expanded, the request lines and object invocation lines for the request.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object.
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation.
- Mean CPU time for the request or invocation.
- Total service time for the request or invocation.
- Mean service time for the request or invocation.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique request origin. You can expand each line to reveal three additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS request origin

Level 2 WAS request

Level 3 EJB or Web application

Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP

Level 2 WAS request

Level 3 EJB or Web application

Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request origin detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS request origin for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The origin name, identifying from whence the WAS request came.
Count	The number of requests counted for this origin. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests counted for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests counted for this origin.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this origin.

WAS Request detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the Origin detail line. It quantifies the WAS requests that came from the origin above.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The request name.
Count	The number of requests counted for this request name that came from the origin above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests counted for this request name that came from the origin above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests counted for this request name that came from the origin above.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this request.

Object detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the Request detail line. It quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB or Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this object. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore the level 3 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 2 count.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 CPU times.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 CPU times.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object within its context. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 service times.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object within its context. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 service times.

Invocation detail line

This is the fourth level detail line shown directly under the Object detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP.

A sample report is shown here with the first level 1 line partially expanded.

B03: WAS Activity by Origin (014	44/AZSR00A	4)		Row 00012	of 00038
Command ===>	Scroll ===> CSR				
Origin,Req,EJB/Web Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	: Time Mean
00001 ip addr=99.247.184.65 > 00002 /PlantsByWebSphere/serv let/ImageServlet	100 78	6.39 1.83	0.06395 0.02346	104.24 103.34	1.04240 1.32494
> 00001 /PlantsByWebSphere/serv let/ShoppingServlet	22	4.56	0.20750	0.89	0.04070
> 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Pla ntsByWebSphere.war	44	3.57	0.08130	0.62	0.01418
<pre>> 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp</pre>	22 8	3.40 0.02	0.15490 0.00279	0.59 0.00	0.02722 0.00087
> 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp	7 7	0.02 0.12	0.00296 0.01802	0.00 0.01	0.00028 0.00228
> 00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Pl antsByWebSphereEJB.ja r::ShoppingCart	41	0.10	0.00251	0.00	0.00021
<pre>> 00008 getItems: > 00009 getTotalCost:</pre>	19 7	0.00 0.00	0.00049 0.00058	0.00 0.00	0.00005 0.00000
> 00009 getTotalcost: > 00011 addItem:com.ibm.web sphere.samples.plan tsbywebsphereejb.Sh oppingCartItem	7	0.00	0.00063	0.00	0.00028
> 00013 getCartContents:	7	0.00	0.00059	0.00	0.00000
<pre>> 00012 create: > 00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Pl</pre>	1 22	0.08 0.71	0.08112 0.03251	0.00 0.05	0.00600 0.00268
> 00007 getItemInventory:ja va.lang.String	14	0.20	0.01477	0.01	0.00107
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:	8	0.50	0.06354	0.04	0.00550
00002 ip addr=70.30.134.79	118	3.93	0.03332	102.76	0.87088

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B04 - WAS Activity by Servant

Usage

This report shows quantification by servant in which the request ran. You can expand each servant line to see a breakdown and quantification by request, object (EJB or Web application) and method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each servant region and, when expanded, the request lines and object invocation lines for the request.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object.
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation.
- Mean CPU time for the request or invocation.

- Total service time for the request or invocation.
- Mean service time for the request or invocation.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique servant region. You can expand each line to reveal three additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS servant region
Level 2 WAS request
Level 3 EJB or Web application
Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP
Level 2 WAS request
Level 3 EJB or Web application
Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request servant detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS servant region for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The job name and job id of the servant region in which the request was processed.
Count	The number of requests counted for this servant. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. Note: An Affinity Count is displayed in the detail window for this line. This is a count of the number of requests queued to this specific servant region because the requests had an affinity to the servant, possibly because of HTTP session affinity.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests counted for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests counted for this servant.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this servant.

WAS Request detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the servant detail line. It quantifies the WAS requests that came from the servant above.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The request name.
Count	The number of requests counted for this request name that ran in the servant above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests counted for this request name that ran in the servant above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests counted for this request name that ran in the servant above.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this request.

Object detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the Request detail line. It quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB or Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this object. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore the level 3 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 2 count.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 CPU times.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 CPU times.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object within its context. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 service times.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object within its context. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 3 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 2 service times.

Invocation detail line

This is the fourth level detail line shown directly under the Object detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the first level 1 line partially expanded.

B04: WAS Activity by Servant (014	14/AZSR00 <i>A</i>	4)	ı	Row 00012	of 00038	
Command ===>				Scroll	===> CSR	
Servant,Req,EJB/Web Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean	
00001 AZSR00AS STC08061 > 00002 /PlantsByWebSphere/serv	100 78	6.39 1.83	0.06395 0.02346	104.24 103.34	1.04240 1.32494	
let/ImageServlet > 00001 /PlantsByWebSphere/serv let/ShoppingServlet	22	4.56	0.20750	0.89	0.04070	
> 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Pla ntsByWebSphere.war	44	3.57	0.08130	0.62	0.01418	
> 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp	22 8	3.40 0.02	0.15490 0.00279	0.59 0.00	0.02722 0.00087	
> 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp	7 7	0.02 0.12	0.00296 0.01802	0.00 0.01	0.00028 0.00228	
> 00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Pl antsByWebSphereEJB.ja r::ShoppingCart	41	0.10	0.00251	0.00	0.00021	
> 00008 getItems:	19 7	0.00	0.00049 0.00058	0.00 0.00	0.00005 0.00000	
> 00009 getTotalCost: > 00011 addItem:com.ibm.web sphere.samples.plan tsbywebsphereejb.Sh oppingCartItem	7	0.00	0.00063	0.00	0.00028	
<pre>> 00013 getCartContents:</pre>	7	0.00	0.00059	0.00	0.00000	
> 00012 create: > 00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Pl antsByWebSphereEJB.ja r::Catalog	1 22	0.08 0.71	0.08112 0.03251	0.00 0.05	0.00600 0.00268	
> 00007 getItemInventory:ja va.lang.String	14	0.20	0.01477	0.01	0.00107	
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:	8	0.50	0.06354	0.04	0.00550	
00002 AZSR00AS STC08062	118	3.93	0.03332	102.76	0.87088	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B05 - WAS EJB Activity

Usage

This report shows quantification by EJB name, for those requests that invoked an EJB. You can expand each EJB line to see a breakdown and quantification by method within the EJB.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each EJB object and, when expanded, the methods invoked for the object.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of the EJB or method.
- Total CPU time for the EJB or method.
- Mean CPU time for the EJB or method.
- Total service time for the EJB or method.
- · Mean service time for the EJB or method.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique EJB. You can expand each line to reveal three additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 EJB Level 2 Method

Detail Line descriptions

EJB detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about an EJB for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The EJB name.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of invocations counted for this EJB. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this EJB. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per EJB. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this EJB.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per EJB.

Method detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the EJB detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method within the EJB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The EJB method name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the level 1 lines fully expanded.

B05: WAS EJB Activity (0144/AZ	SR00A)			Row 0000	1 of 00019	
Command ===>				Scroll	===> CSR	
Request,EJB/Webapp Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean	
00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Plants ByWebSphereEJB.jar::Catal		3.16	0.01487	0.27	0.00128	
og > 00005 getItemImageBytes:java. lang.String	174	1.80	0.01036	0.16	0.00093	
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:int > 00007 getItemInventory:java.l ang.String	17 22	1.05 0.30	0.06228 0.01388	0.08 0.02	0.00517 0.00104	
00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Plants ByWebSphereEJB.jar::Shopp ingCart		0.11	0.00181	0.01	0.00015	
> 00012 create:	2	0.08	0.04259	0.00	0.00300	
> 00008 getItems:	29	0.01	0.00047	0.00	0.00006	
> 00011 addItem:com.ibm.websphe re.samples.plantsbywebs phereejb.ShoppingCartIt em		0.00	0.00055	0.00	0.00018	
> 00013 getCartContents: > 00009 getTotalCost:	11 11	0.00 0.00	0.00051 0.00050	0.00 0.00	0.00000 0.00000	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.

Cmd	When applied to object	Action	
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.	
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.	

B06 - WAS EJB Activity by Origin

Usage

This report shows quantification of EJB invocations by the origin of requests that invoked the EJB. You can expand each origin line to see a breakdown and quantification by EJB and method within the EJB.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each request origin and, when expanded, the EJB and method lines for the origin.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an EJB or method.
- Total CPU time for the EJB or method.
- Mean CPU time for the EJB or method.
- Total service time for the EJB or method.
- Mean service time for the EJB or method.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique request origin. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS request origin
Level 2 EJB
Level 3 Method
Level 2 EJB
Level 3 Method

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request origin detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS request origin for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The origin name, identifying from whence the WAS request came.
Count	The number of EJB invocations counted for this origin. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all EJB invocations counted for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all EJB invocations counted for this origin.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this origin.

EJB detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the Origin detail line. It quantifies invocation of an EJB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.		
Name	The EJB name.		
Count	The number of invocations counted for this EJB within the origin above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.		
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this EJB within the origin above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.		
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this EJB within the origin above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.		
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this EJB within the origin above.		
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this EJB within the origin above.		

Method detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the EJB detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method within the EJB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB method name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method within its context. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method within its context.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method within its context.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the first level 1 line fully expanded.

B06: WAS EJB Activity by Origin	(0144/AZSI	R00A)	F	Row 00001	of 00022	
Command ===>				Scroll	===> CSR	
Origin,EJB, Seqno Method Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean	
00001 ip addr=99.247.184.65 > 00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan tsByWebSphereEJB.jar::C atalog	141 100	1.65 1.55	0.01175 0.01554	0.14 0.13	0.00102 0.00136	
> 00005 getItemImageBytes:jav a.lang.String	78	0.83	0.01075	0.07	0.00098	
> 00007 getItemInventory:java .lang.String	14	0.20	0.01477	0.01	0.00107	
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:in	8	0.50	0.06354	0.04	0.00550	
<pre>> 00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan</pre>	41	0.10	0.00251	0.00	0.00021	
> 00008 getItems:	19	0.00	0.00049	0.00	0.00005	
> 00009 getTotalCost:	7	0.00	0.00058	0.00	0.00000	
> 00011 addItem:com.ibm.websp here.samples.plantsby websphereejb.Shopping CartItem	7	0.00	0.00063	0.00	0.00028	
> 00013 getCartContents:	7	0.00	0.00059	0.00	0.00000	
> 00012 create:	1	0.08	0.08112	0.00	0.00600	
00002 ip addr=70.30.134.79	136	1.62	0.01196	0.13	0.00102	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B07 - WAS EJB Activity by Servant

Usage

This report shows quantification of EJB invocations by the servant region in which the EJB was invoked. You can expand each servant line to see a breakdown and quantification by EJB and method within the EJB.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each servant region and, when expanded, the EJB and method lines for the servant.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an EJB or method.
- Total CPU time for the EJB or method.
- · Mean CPU time for the EJB or method.
- Total service time for the EJB or method.
- Mean service time for the EJB or method.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique servant region. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS servant region

Level 2 EJB

Level 3 Method

Level 2 EJB

Level 3 Method

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request servant detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS servant for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The job name and job id of the servant region in which the request was processed.
Count	The number of EJB invocations counted for this servant. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all EJB invocations counted for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all EJB invocations counted for this servant.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this servant.

EJB detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the servant detail line. It quantifies invocation of an EJB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The EJB name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this EJB within the servant above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this EJB within the servant above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this EJB within the servant above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this EJB within the servant above.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this EJB within the servant above.

Method detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the EJB detail line. It quantifies invocation of a method within the EJB.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB method name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this method within its context. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method within its context.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method within its context.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the first level 1 line fully expanded.

B07: WAS EJB Activity by Origin	(0144/AZS	SR00A)		Row 00001	of 00022	
Command ===>				Scroll ==	==> CSR	
Servant,EJB Seqno Method Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean	
00001 AZSR00AS STC08061 > 00001 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan tsByWebSphereEJB.jar::C		1.65 1.55	0.01175 0.01554	0.14 0.13	0.00102 0.00136	
> 00005 getItemImageBytes:jav a.lang.String	78	0.83	0.01075	0.07	0.00098	
> 00007 getItemInventory:java .lang.String	14	0.20	0.01477	0.01	0.00107	
> 00001 getItemsByCategory:in	8	0.50	0.06354	0.04	0.00550	
> 00003 PlantsByWebSphere::Plan tsByWebSphereEJB.jar::S hoppingCart		0.10	0.00251	0.00	0.00021	
> 00008 getItems:	19	0.00	0.00049	0.00	0.00005	
> 00009 getTotalCost:	7	0.00	0.00058	0.00	0.00000	
> 00011 addItem:com.ibm.websp here.samples.plantsby websphereejb.Shopping CartItem		0.00	0.00063	0.00	0.00028	
<pre>> 00013 getCartContents:</pre>	7	0.00	0.00059	0.00	0.00000	
> 00012 create:	1	0.08	0.08112	0.00	0.00600	
00002 AZSR00AS STC08062	136	1.62	0.01196	0.13	0.00102	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B08 - WAS Servlet/JSP Activity

Usage

This report shows quantification by Web application name for those requests that invoked a servlet or JSP. You can expand each Web application line to see a breakdown and quantification by servlet or JSP name within the Web application.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each Web application and, when expanded, the servlet/JSP invoked within the application.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique Web application. You can expand each line to reveal an additional level of detail.

Level 1 Web application **Level 2** Servlet/JSP

Detail Line descriptions

Web application detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a Web application for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this Web application. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this Web application. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per Web application. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this Web application.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time per Web application.

Servlet/JSP detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the Web application detail line. It quantifies invocation of a servlet/JSP within the Web application.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this servlet/ JSP. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this servlet/JSP.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
	The mean service time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the level 1 lines fully expanded.

B08: WAS Servlet/JSP Activity (02	144/AZSR00	OA)	F	Row 00001 c	of 00008
Command ===>				Scroll =	==> CSR
Web App, Seqno Servlet/JSP Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean
00002 PlantsByWebSphere#PlantsByWebSphere.war	254	5.92	0.02333	1.93	0.00761
<pre>> 00004 ImageServlet > 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp > 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp</pre>	174 40 17 11 11	1.39 4.26 0.04 0.03 0.17	0.00801 0.10668 0.00270 0.00300 0.01618	1.11 0.78 0.01 0.00 0.02	0.00641 0.01955 0.00070 0.00036 0.00181
> 00014 /login.jsp	1	0.00	0.00812	0.00	0.00100

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B09 - WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin

Usage

This report shows quantification of Web application invocations by the origin of requests that invoked the Web application. You can expand each origin line to see a breakdown and quantification by Web application and servlet/JSP within the Web application.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each request origin and, when expanded, the Web application and servlet/JSP lines for the request.

- Count of the number of invocations of a Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique request origin. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS request origin
Level 2 Web application
Level 3 Servlet/JSP
Level 2 Web application
Level 3 Servlet/JSP

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request origin detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS request origin for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.	
Name	The origin name, identifying from whence the WAS request came.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of Web application invocations counted for this origin. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all Web application invocations counted for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all Web application invocations counted for this origin.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this origin.

Web application detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the Origin detail line. It quantifies invocation of a Web application.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this Web application within the origin above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this Web application within the origin above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this Web application within the origin above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this Web application within the origin above.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this Web application within the origin above.

Servlet/JSP detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the Web application detail line. It quantifies invocation of a servlet/JSP within the Web application.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.	
Name	The servlet/JSP name.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of invocations counted for this servlet/JSP within its context. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the level 1 lines fully expanded.

B09: WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin	(0144/AZSI	R00A)		Row 00001	of 00017
Command ===>				Scroll	===> CSR
Origin,Web App,	Request	CPU	Time	Svc	Time
Seqno Servlet/JSP Name	Count	Total	Mean	Total	Mean
00001 ip addr=99.247.184.65 > 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Plant sByWebSphere.war	122 122	4.21 4.21	0.03458 0.03458	1.18 1.18	0.00974 0.00974
> 00004 ÍmageServlet	78	0.64	0.00823	0.59	0.00724
> 00003 ShoppingServlet	22	3.40	0.15490		0.02722
> 00002 /shopping.jsp	8	0.02	0.00279	0.00	0.00087
> 00006 /product.jsp	7	0.02	0.00296		0.00028
> 00010 /cart.jsp	7	0.12	0.01802		0.00228
00002 ip addr=70.30.134.79 > 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Plant sByWebSphere.war	132 132	1.70 1.70	0.01293 0.01293	0.74 0.74	0.00565 0.00565
<pre>> 00004 İmageServlet > 00003 ShoppingServlet</pre>	96	0.75	0.00783	0.55	0.00573
	18	0.85	0.04774	0.18	0.01016
> 00002 /shopping.jsp	9	0.02	0.00262		0.00055
> 00006 /product.jsp	4	0.01	0.00306		0.00050
> 00010 /cart.jsp	4	0.05	0.01297		0.00100
> 00010 /cdit.jsp > 00014 /login.jsp	1	0.00	0.00812	0.00	0.00100

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant

Usage

This report shows quantification of Web application invocations by the servant region in which the Web application ran. You can expand each servant line to see a breakdown and quantification by Web application and servlet/JSP within the Web application.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each servant region and, when expanded, the Web application and servlet/JSP lines that ran in the servant.

- Count of the number of invocations of a Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean CPU time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Total service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP.
- Mean service time for the Web application or servlet/JSP

Detail Line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each unique servant region. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS servant region **Level 2** Web application

Detail Line descriptions

WAS Request servant detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS servant for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The job name and job id of the servant region in which the request was processed.
Count	The number of Web application invocations counted for this servant. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all Web application invocations counted for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this servant. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all Web application invocations counted for this servant.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this servant.

Web application detail line

This is the second level detail line shown directly under the servant detail line. It quantifies invocation of a Web application.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this Web application within the servant above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this Web application within the servant above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this Web application within the servant above. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this Web application within the servant above.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
	The mean service time for all invocations of this Web application within the servant above.	

Servlet/JSP detail line

This is the third level detail line shown directly under the Web application detail line. It quantifies invocation of a servlet/JSP within the Web application.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this servlet/JSP within its context. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this servlet/JSP within its context.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here with the level 1 lines fully expanded.

B10: WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant	(0144/AZSI	R00A)	F	Row 00001	of 00017	
Command ===>				Scroll :	===> CSR	
Servant,Web App, Seqno Servlet /JSP Name	Request Count	CPU Total	Time Mean	Svc Total	Time Mean	
00001 AZSR00AS STC08061 > 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Plant sByWebSphere.war	122 122	4.21 4.21	0.03458 0.03458	1.18 1.18	0.00974 0.00974	
> 00004 ImageServlet > 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp	78 22 8	0.64 3.40 0.02	0.00823 0.15490 0.00279	0.56 0.59 0.00	0.00724 0.02722 0.00087	
> 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp 00002 AZSR00AS STC08062	7 7 132	0.02 0.12 1.70	0.00296 0.01802 0.01293	0.00 0.01 0.74	0.00028 0.00228 0.00565	
> 00002 PlantsByWebSphere#Plant sByWebSphere.war	132	1.70	0.01293	0.74	0.00565	
<pre>> 00004 ImageServlet > 00003 ShoppingServlet > 00002 /shopping.jsp</pre>	96 18 9	0.75 0.85 0.02	0.00783 0.04774 0.00262	0.55 0.18 0.00	0.00573 0.01016 0.00055	
> 00006 /product.jsp > 00010 /cart.jsp	4 4	0.02 0.01 0.05	0.00282 0.00306 0.01297	0.00 0.00	0.00055 0.00100	
> 00014 /login.jsp	1	0.00	0.00812	0.00	0.00100	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details about this line.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

On headings

Cmd	When applied to object	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level entries.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level entries.
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sort by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sort by Service time.

B11 - WAS/CICS Calls

Usage

This report shows service times for CICS Distributed Program Link calls from the WAS servant region. You can expand each CICS region line to see a breakdown and quantification of program and start time within the CICS region.

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the WAS and CICS options during the measurement. This report is available only when you view the reports for the WebSphere Application Services servant address space measurements.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each CICS region, and when expanded, the CICS program and start time for each call of the program.

- Count of the number of invocations of the CICS program
- Total service time for the CICS program
- Mean service time for the CICS program

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each CICS region. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 CICS Region
Level 2 CICS program
Level 3 Start time of program

Detail Line Descriptions

CICS region detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows the information about a CICS region for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS VTAM® application id of the region in which the request was processed.
Count	The number of CICS program invocations counted for this region. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all CICS program invocations counted for this region.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for this region.

CICS program detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS region detail line. It quantifies the invocation of a CICS program within the CICS region.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS program name.
Count	The number of invocations counted for this CICS program within the region above. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this CICS program within the region above.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this CICS program within the region above.

Start time detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS program detail line. It quantifies the invocation of a single program within the CICS region.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The time the program started.
Count	This will always be '1' at this level.
Svc Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for the invocation of this program.
Svc Time: Mean	The mean service time for the invocation of this program. This will always be the same as the total.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The CICS region has been expanded to the third level (start time).

```
      File View Navigate Help

      CAZTA001 CICS Calls (7760/BZSR00BS)
      Row 00001 of 00004 Scroll ===> CSR

      Name
      Count
      Total Mean

      CICS42A 2 2.15 1.07763 ± BURNER 2 2.15 1.07763 ± 1.07763 1.07763 1.07243

      → 11:53:16 1 1.08 1.08284 1.07 1.07243
```

Line Commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here: (You can always enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to	Action
?	Name	Display context help information
+	Name	Expand to reveal next level
_	Name	Collapse to hide next level
SV	Name	Sort next level entries by value
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name
SS	Name	Sort next level entries by service time

On headings

Cmd	When applied to heading	Action
?	Name	Display context help information
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries
-	Name	Collapse to show only first level
SV	Name	Sort next level by value

Cmd	When applied to heading	Action
SN	Name	Sort next level by name
SS	Name	Sort next level by service time

B12 - WAS/Db2 Calls

Usage

This report shows exact SQL call counts, SQL processing CPU times and SQL processing service times for Db2 calls initiated from WAS requests. You can expand each WAS request line to see details of the SQL calls made by each WAS request.

A prerequisite for this report is activation of the WAS and Db2+ options during the measurement. This report is available only when viewing the reports for the appropriate WebSphere Application Services servant address space measurements.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for each WAS request, and when expanded, the SQL calls made by the request.

- Count of the number of SQL calls from an object
- Total task CPU time for processing the SQL call
- · Mean task CPU time or percent of total used
- Total service time for processing the SQL call
- Mean service time or percent of total used

A setup option is available to display the percent used in place of the mean fields.

Detail Line Hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each WAS request. You can expand each line to reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail (using the + line command). The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 WAS request
Level 2 SQL request
Level 3 SQL statement text

Detail Line Descriptions

WAS Request detail line

This is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a WAS request for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
WAS Request	The request name.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this request. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this request. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this request. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time:Pct	The percent of total CPU time this request used.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all SQL calls counted for this request. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all SQL calls counted for this request. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time:Pct	The percent of total service time this request used.

SQL Request detail line

This is the second-level detail line. It quantifies an individual SQL statement.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned to uniquely identify the SQL statement. Either "S" or "D" precedes the sequence number, indicating whether the SQL statement is static or dynamic.
Db2 Call	The DBRM name, precompiler statement number and SQL function.
	When the statement number is zero, it indicates that the SQL statement was not produced by the Db2 precompiler or the SQL preprocessor, but was generated by some other means. For example, JDBC SQL statements have statement numbers that are zero.
Nbr of SQL Calls	The number of SQL calls counted for this SQL statement. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this SQL statement. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean task CPU time for all SQL calls counted for this SQL statement. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time:Pct	The percent of total CPU time this SQL statement used.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all SQL calls counted for this SQL statement. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all SQL calls counted for this SQL statement. Large numbers will be expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time:Pct	The percent of total service time this SQL statement used.

SQL statement text detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the SQL request detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed in order to show the full SQL text.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. The WAS request has been expanded to the second level.

Line Commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here: (You can always enter a "/" on any input field to popup a menu of line commands available for that field).

On objects

Cmd	When applied to	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information
++	Seqno	Show additional details

Cmd	When applied to	Action
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level
SV	Seqno	Sort next level entries by value
sc	Seqno	Sort next level entries by CPU time
SS	Seqno	Sort next level entries by service time

On headings

Cmd	When applied to heading	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information
++	Seqno	Show additional details
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries
_	Seqno	Collapse to show only first level
SV	Seqno	Sort next level by value
SC	Seqno	Sort next level by CPU time
SS	Seqno	Sort next level by service time

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following window is displayed:

```
Options for WAS/Db2 Calls

Enter "/" to select an option

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields
```

Display Percent used in place of Mean fields

When selected, this displays the percent of total CPU and total service time used by the WAS request and SQL statement, rather than the mean time.

B13 - Async Work Requests

Usage

The B13 report shows request counts, CPU times, and service times for asynchronous requests that are observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B13 report shows quantification by the package or class name of the request. To see a breakdown and quantification by work manager within the package, expand each request line.

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each package/class. When you expand any package/class, the work manager lines for that package/class are displayed.

- Count of the number requests for a package/class or work manager
- Total CPU time for the package/class or work manager
- Mean CPU time for the package/class or work manager
- Total service time for the package/class or work manager
- · Mean service time for the package/class or work manager

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each Package/Class. To reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail, expand each line by using the + line command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 Package/Class Level 2 Work Manager

Detail Line Descriptions

Package/Class detail line

Package/Class detail line is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a package/class for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Package/Class	The package or class name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this package/class. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this package/class.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per package/class.

Work Manager detail line

Work Manager detail line is the second-level detail line. It shows information about the work manager used in this request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Work Mgr	The work manager name
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per work manager. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
B13: Async Work Requests (0993/Command ===>	CZSR00C)		R	ow 00001 of 0	
Package/Class	Request	CPU	Time	Svc	Time
<u>Seqno Work Mgr</u>	Count	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
00001 com.ibm.ws.asynchbeans.CJ WorkListenerRunnable	32	0.79	0.02471	0.02	0.00079
00001 wm/bnetwm1	32	0.79	0.02471	0.02	0.00079
00002 /WasTester/AsyncServletTe ster1	10	24.73	2.47375	13.79	1.37989
→ 00001 wm/bnetwm1	10	24.73	2.47375	13.79	1.37989
00003 com.banknet.wastester.ser vlets.AsyncServletTester2 \$StartupWork	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254
→ <u>00002</u> wm/bnetwm2	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B14 - Async Work by Work Mgr

Usage

The B14 report shows request counts, CPU times, and service times for asynchronous requests that are observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B13 report shows quantification by the work manager of the request. To see a breakdown and quantification by package/class within the work manager, expand each request line.

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each work manager. When you expand each report line, the package/class lines for that work manager are displayed.

- · Count of the number requests for the work manager or package/class
- Total CPU time for the work manager or package/class
- Mean CPU time for the work manager or package/class
- Total service time for the work manager or package/class
- Mean service time for the work manager or package/class

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each Work Manager. To reveal an additional hierarchical level of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 Work Manager Level 2 Package/Class

Detail Line Descriptions

Work Manager detail line

Work Manager detail line is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a work manager for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Work Mgr	The work manager name

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per work manager. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.

Package/Class detail line

Package/Class detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the work manager detail line. The Package/Class detail line shows information about the package/class used in this request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Package/Class	The package or class name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this package/class. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this package/class.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per package/class.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
B14: Async Work by Work Mgr (0993 Command ===>	/CZSR00C)			w 00001 of 00 oll ===> CSR	9009
Work Mgr	Request	CPU	Time	Svc	Time
<u>Seqno Package/Class</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
00001 wm/bnetwm1 → 00001 com.ibm.ws.asynchbeans. CJWorkListenerRunnable	42	25.52	0.60782	13.82	0.32915
	32	0.79	0.02471	0.02	0.00079
→ <u>00002</u> /WasTester/AsyncServlet Tester1	10	24.73	2.47375	13.79	1.37989
00002 wm/bnetwm2 → 00003 com.banknet.wastester.s ervlets.AsyncServletTes ter2\$StartupWork	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254
	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B15 - Async Work by Servant

Usage

The B15 report shows request counts, CPU times, and service times for asynchronous requests that are observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B15 report shows quantification by the WebSphere servant region processing the requests. To see a breakdown and quantification by package/class and work manager within the servant, expand each request line.

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each work manager. When you expand each report line, the package/class lines for that work manager are displayed.

- Count of the number requests for the servant region, package/class, or work manager
- Total CPU time for the servant region, package/class, or work manager
- Mean CPU time for the servant region, package/class, or work manager
- Total service time for the servant region, package/class, or work manager

• Mean service time for the servant region, package/class, or work manager

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each WebSphere servant region. To reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 WebSphere Servant region Level 2 Package/Class Level 3 Work Manager

Detail Line Descriptions

Servant region detail line

Servant region detail line is the first level detail line. It shows information about the servant region processing the requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Package/Class	The servant region name and job id.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per servant region. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.

Package/Class detail line

Package/Class detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the work manager detail line. The Package/Class detail line shows information about the package/class used in this request.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Package/Class	The package or class name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this package/class. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per package/class. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this package/class.		
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per package/class.		

Work Manager detail line

Work Manager detail line is the third level detail line. Each line shows information about a work manager for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.	
Work Mgr	The work manager name.	
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per work manager. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per work manager. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
B15: Async Work by Servant (0993/ Command ===>	CZSR00C)			ow 00001 of oll ===> <u>CSF</u>	
Servant,Pkg/Class	Request	CPU	Time	Sv	: Time
<u>Seqno Work Mgr</u>	<u>Count</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
00001 CZSR00CS STC01530	51	47.69	0.93529	25.99	0.50975
→ 00001 com.ibm.ws.asynchbeans. CJWorkListenerRunnable	32	0.79	0.02471	0.02	0.00079
→ 00001 wm/bnetwm1	32	0.79	0.02471	0.02	0.00079
→ 00002 /WasTester/AsyncServlet Tester1	10	24.73	2.47375	13.79	1.37989
→ 00001 wm/bnetwm1	10	24.73	2.47375	13.79	1.37989
→ 00003 com.banknet.wastester.s ervlets.AsyncServletTes ter2\$StartupWork	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254
→ <u>00002</u> wm/bnetwm2	9	22.17	2.46348	12.17	1.35254

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B16 - WOLA Inbound Requests

Usage

The B16 report shows request counts, CPU times and service times for WOLA Inbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B16 report shows quantification by the request name of the inbound request. To see a breakdown and quantification by object, for example, EJB or Web application, and invocation of method or servlet/JSP within the object, expand each request line.

To use the B16 report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for WOLAInbound request. When you expand each report line, the object invocation lines for the request are displayed.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation
- · Mean CPU time for the request or invocation
- Total service time for the request or invocation
- Mean service time for the request or invocation

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each WOLA Inbound request. To reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 WOLA Inbound request
 Level 2 EJB or Web application
 Level 3 Method or servlet/JSP

Detail Line Descriptions

WOLA Inbound request detail line

WOLA Inbound request detail line is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a WOLA Inbound request for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.	
Name	The request name.	
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this request name.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.	

Object detail line

Object detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the WOLA Inbound request detail line. The object detail line quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.	
Name	The EJB or Web application name.	
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this object. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore, the level 2 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 1 count.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.

Invocation detail line

Invocation detail line is the third level detail line that is shown directly under the Object detail line. The invocation detail line quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.	
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.	
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.	

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
B16: WOLA Inbound Requests (0998/Command ===>	CZSR00C)		S	Row 0000 croll ===	1 of 00005 > <u>CSR</u>
Request,EJB/Webapp, Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request <u>Count</u>	CPl <u>Total</u>	J Time <u>Mean</u>	Svc <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>
00001 ejb/com/ibm/ola/olasample 1 echoHome	60	0.63	0.01054	2.86	0.04770
± 00001 OLASample2::OLA_Sample2 .jar::olasample1 echo	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333
→ <u>00001</u> execute:byte[]	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
-	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B17 - WOLA Inbound by Origin

Usage

B17 report shows request counts, CPU times, and service times for WOLA Inbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B17 report shows quantification by the origin of the request. To see a breakdown and quantification by request, object, for example, EJB or Web application, within the request, and invocation of method or servlet/JSP within the object, expand each request line.

To use the B17 report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each request origin. When you expand each report line, the request lines and the object invocation lines for the request are displayed.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation
- Mean CPU time for the request or invocation
- Total service time for the request or invocation
- Mean service time for the request or invocation

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each Request Origin. To reveal three additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

```
Level 1 Request Origin
Level 2 WOLA Inbound request
Level 3 EJB or Web application
Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP
```

Detail Line Descriptions

Request Origin detail line

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.	
Name	The origin name, identifying from whence the request came.	
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this origin.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for this origin. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this origin.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for this origin.	

WOLA Inbound request detail line

WOLA Inbound request detail line is the second level detail line that is shown directly under the Request Origin detail line. Each line shows information about a WOLA Inbound request for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.	
Name	The request name.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this request name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.

Object detail line

Object detail line is the third level detail line that is shown directly under the WOLA Inbound request detail line. The object detail line quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.	
Name	The EJB or Web application name.	
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this object. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore, the level 2 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 1 count.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.	

Invocation detail line

Invocation detail line is the fourth level detail line that is shown directly under the Object detail line. The invocation detail line quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Under Heading	This is Displayed		
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.		
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.		
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.		
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.		
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.		
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.		
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.		

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp					
B17: WOLA Inbound by Origin (0998 Command ===>	/CZSR00C)		s	Row 00001 Scroll ===>	l of 00008 > <u>CSR</u>
Origin,Req,EJB/Web, Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Request <u>Count</u>	CPU <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>	Svc <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>
00001 lcom::QAREX2B ::000000AC0 0000001::002B	60	0.63	0.01054	2.86	0.04770
± <u>00001</u> ejb/com/ibm/ola/olasamp le1 echoHome	60	0.63	0.01054	2.86	0.04770
→ <u>00001</u> OLASample2::OLA_Sampl e2.jar::olasample1_ec	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333
→ <u>00001</u> execute:byte[]	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action	
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.	
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.	
+	Seqno Expands to reveal next level.		
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.	
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.	

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action	
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.	
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.	
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.	
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.	
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.	
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.	

B18 - WOLA Inbound by Servant

Usage

B18 report shows request counts, CPU times and service times for WOLA Inbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B18 report shows quantification by the WebSphere servant region that processed the request. To see a breakdown and quantification by request, object, for example, EJB or Web application, within the request, and invocation of method or servlet/JSP within the object, expand each servant region line.

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each WebSphere servant region. When you expand each report line, the request lines and the object invocation lines for the WebSphere servant region are displayed.

- Count of the number of requests or invocations of an object
- Total CPU time for the request or invocation
- Mean CPU time for the request or invocation
- Total service time for the request or invocation
- Mean service time for the request or invocation

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each WebSphere servant region. To reveal three additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 WebSphere Servant Region
Level 2 WOLA Inbound request
Level 3 EJB or Web application
Level 4 Method or servlet/JSP

Detail Line Descriptions

WebSphere Servant Region detail line

WebSphere Servant Region detail line is the first-level detail line. The WebSphere Servant Region detail line shows information about the servant region processing the requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The servant region name and job id.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this servant region. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per servant region. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this servant region.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per servant region.

WOLA Inbound request detail line

WOLA Inbound request detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the WebSphere Servant Region detail line. Each line shows information about a WOLA Inbound request for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.	
Name	The request name.	
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all requests that are counted for this request name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.	
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time per request. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.	
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this request name.	
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.	

Object detail line

Object detail line is the third level detail line that is shown directly under the WOLA Inbound request detail line. The object detail line quantifies invocation of an EJB or a Web application at the object level.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The EJB or Web application name.
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this object. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix. There can be multiple invocations of the object in one request. Therefore, the level 2 counts do not necessarily add up to the level 1 count.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this object. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time. There is processing in addition to the CPU time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 CPU times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 CPU times.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this object. There is processing in addition to the service time incurred by these invoked objects. Therefore, the level 2 service times do not necessarily add up to the level 1 service times.

Invocation detail line

Invocation detail line is the fourth level detail line that is shown directly under the Object detail line. The invocation detail line quantifies invocation of a method or servlet/JSP within the object.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The EJB method name or the Web application servlet/JSP name.
Count	The number of invocations that are counted for this method or servlet/JSP. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
CPU Time: Total	The total CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
CPU Time: Mean	The mean CPU time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context. The CPU time includes normalized zIIP and zAAP CPU time.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for all invocations of this method or servlet/JSP within its context.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

B18: WOLA Inbound by Servant (099 Command ===>_	8/CZSR00C)		S	Row 00003	1 of 00007 > CSR
Servant,Req,EJB/Web,	Request	CPU	Time	Svc	Time
Seqno Method/Servlet Name	Count	Total	Mean	Total	Mean
00001 CZSR00CS STC01546	60	0.63	0.01054	2.86	0.04770
± 00001 ejb/com/ibm/ola/olasamp le1 echoHome	60	0.63	0.01054	2.86	0.04770
→ 00001 OLASample2::OLA_Sampl e2.jar::olasample1_ec	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333
ho → 00001 execute:byte[]	60	0.09	0.00159	0.20	0.00333

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
-	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SC	Seqno	Sorts next level by CPU time.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B19 - WOLA Outbound Requests

Usage

B19 report shows request counts, number of bytes sent and received, and service times for WOLA Outbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B19 report shows quantification by the originating request. To see a breakdown and quantification by register name and service name, expand each request line

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each Outbound Request. When you expand each report line, the register names and service names for the request are displayed.

- · Count of the number of requests
- Bytes sent for the request
- Bytes received for the request
- · Total service time for the request
- · Mean service time per request

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each WOLA Outbound Request. To reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 WOLA Outbound Request Level 2 Register Level 3 Service

Detail Line Descriptions

WOLA Outbound Request detail line

WOLA Outbound Request detail line is the first-level detail line. The WOLA Outbound Request detail line shows information about the WOLA outbound requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The WOLA outbound request name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this request name that issued outbound requests. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for outbound requests.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this request name.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this request name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.

Register detail line

Register detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the WOLA Outbound Request detail line. The register detail line quantifies the use of a particular register name for outbound requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The register name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this register name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this register name.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this register name.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this register name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per register name.

Service detail line

Service detail line is the third-level detail line that is shown directly under the Register detail line. The service detail line quantifies requests for a service within the register.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The service name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this service. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this service.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this service.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this service.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for this service.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>File View Navigate Help</u>					
B19: WOLA Outbound Requests (1005 Command ===>_	Row 00001 of 00004 Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>				
Request,Register, <u>Seqno</u> <u>Service</u>	Request <u>Count</u>	Byt <u>Sent</u>	es <u>Rcvd</u>	Svc <u>Total</u>	Time <u>Mean</u>
00001 /ATSSample1Web/InvokeWas2 BatchServlet	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325
→ <u>00001</u> EXER3B → <u>00001</u> ServiceName	65 65	1495 1495	7800 7800	0.86 0.86	0.01325 0.01325

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
sv	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B20 - WOLA Outbound by Register

Usage

B20 report shows request counts, number of bytes sent and received, and service times for WOLA Outbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B20 report shows quantification by the register name of the request. To see a breakdown and quantification by service name, expand each register name.

To use this report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each register name. When you expand each report line, service names for the request are displayed.

- Count of the number of requests by register or service
- Bytes sent for the register or service
- Bytes received for the register or service
- Total service time for the register or servicet
- · Mean service time per register or service

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each unique register name. To reveal one additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 Register Level 2 Service

Detail Line Descriptions

Register detail line

Register detail line is the first level detail line. Each line shows information about a register for which measurement data is recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 1 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The register name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this register name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this register name.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this register name.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this register name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per register name.

Service detail line

Service detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the Register detail line. The service detail line quantifies requests for a service within the register.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.
Name	The service name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this service. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this service.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this service.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this service.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for this service.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows:

<u>File View Navigate Help</u>					
B20: WOLA Outbound by Register Command ===>_	(1005/CZSR00C)			Row 0000 Scroll ===	1 of 00002 > <u>CSR</u>
Seqno Register, Service	Request	CPU	Time	S	vc Time
	<u>Count</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
<u>00001</u> EXER3B	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325
→ <u>00001</u> ServiceName	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

B21 - WOLA Outbound by Servant

Usage

B21 report shows request counts, number of bytes sent and received, and service times for WOLA Outbound requests observed during a WebSphere measurement. The B21 report shows quantification by the WebSphere servant region in which the outbound requests were issued. To see a breakdown and quantification by register name and service name, expand each servant region line.

To use the B21 report, you must activate the WAS option during the measurement.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for each WebSphere servant region that processed the request. When you expand each report line, the register names and service names for the request are displayed.

- Count of the number of outbound requests
- Bytes sent for the outbound requests
- Bytes received for the outbound requests
- Total service time for the outbound requests
- Mean service time per outbound requests

Detail Line Hierarchy

A report that is not expanded shows a line for each WebSphere servant region. To reveal two additional hierarchical levels of detail, expand each line by using the **+ line** command. The hierarchy is illustrated as follows:

Level 1 WebSphere Servant Level 2 Register Level 3 Service

Detail Line Descriptions

WebSphere Servant Region detail line

WebSphere Servant Region detail line is the first level detail line. The WebSphere Servant Region detail line shows information about the WebSphere servant region processing the requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A unique level 1 sequence number.
Name	The WebSphere servant region name and job id.
Count	The number of outbound requests counted for this servant region. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for outbound requests.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this request name.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this request name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per request.

Register detail line

Register detail line is the second-level detail line that is shown directly under the WebSphere servant region detail line. The register detail line quantifies the use of a particular register name for outbound requests.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqno	A level 2 sequence number within the level 1 line.	
Name	The register name.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this register name. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this register name.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this register name.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this register name.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time per register name.

Service detail line

Service detail line is the third-level detail line that is shown directly under the Register detail line. The service detail line quantifies requests for a service within the register.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A level 3 sequence number within the level 2 line.
Name	The service name.
Count	The number of requests that are counted for this service. Large numbers are expressed in thousands or millions with a K or M suffix.
Bytes Sent	The total number of bytes sent for this service.
Bytes Received	The total number of bytes received for this service.
SVC Time: Total	The total service time (elapsed time) for all requests that are counted for this service.
SVC Time: Mean	The mean service time for this service.

Sample reports

A sample report that is fully expanded is shown as follows.

<u>File View Navigate Help</u>					
B21: WOLA Outbound by Servant Command ===>_	(1005/CZSR00C)			w 00001 of 11 ===> <u>CS</u>	
Servant,Register,	Request	Byt	es	Svc	Time
Seqno Service	<u>Count</u>	<u>Sent</u>	<u>Rcvd</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Mean</u>
<u>00001</u> CZSR00CS STC01546	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325
± <u>00001</u> EXER3B	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325
→ <u>00001</u> ServiceName	65	1495	7800	0.86	0.01325

Line Commands

The following table summarizes the line commands available in this report and the objects and headings to which they apply. To open a menu of line commands available of any fields, enter a forward slash (/) on the input filed.

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To:	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
++	Seqno	Shows additional details.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapses to hide next level.
sv	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level entries by service time.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Displays context help information.
+	Seqno	Expands to reveal all entries.
-	Seqno	Collapses to show first level only.
SV	Seqno	Sorts next level by value.
SS	Seqno	Sorts next level by service time.

Chapter 10. Multiple address space reports

This section describes the multiple address space reports.

For information about	See
X01 CICS mean service time by transaction (for multiple CICS address spaces)	"X01 - CICS mean service time by transaction" on page 593
X02 CICS total service time by transaction (for multiple CICS address spaces)	"X02 - CICS total service time by txn" on page 600
X03 CICS mean service time by terminal ID (for multiple CICS address spaces)	"X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID" on page 608
X04 CICS total service time by terminal ID (for multiple CICS address spaces)	"X04 - CICS total service time by terminal ID" on page 616
X05 Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline	"X05 - Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline" on page 624
X06 IMS MASS Region Summary	"X06 - IMS MASS Region Summary" on page 628
X07 Db2 Stored Procedures Summary	"X07 - Db2 Stored Procedures Summary" on page 630

X01 - CICS mean service time by transaction

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent by the CICS transactions that were measured during the observation session in multiple regions. CICS sample data from the selected regions is merged to produce a single report showing multi-region activity. Transaction data from the multiple regions is correlated using the network unit of work ID to relate the remote activity to the local transaction. Since this is based on sample data, there are samples from the remote region that do not match with a local transaction. These are reported under the remote transaction name, such as CSMI.

Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by region, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for each measured transaction. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing all occurrences of a transaction by its number of occurrences. The means are expressed in units of seconds. The mean service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded X01 report shows one line for each measured CICS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 CICS Command
Level 4 CICS Command

```
Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 SQL Request
Level 4 SQL Request
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 DLI Request
Level 4 DLI Request
Level 4 DLI Request
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 System Services

Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 System Services

Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 Module
Level 4 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of the transaction as the sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS region applid detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents the VTAM applied of the CICS region sampled. If a transaction shows more than 1 region applied, then activity was measured in multiple regions for that transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS region applid. This is the VTAM applid of the region where the samples were taken.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	"Region Applid"
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction in the region.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction in the region.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed in the region.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction in the region. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS region applid detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fourth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DLI Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.	
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command description. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command description is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DLI request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.	
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line is displayed.	
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.	

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.	
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

```
        File View Navigate Help

        X01: CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (1682/CICS32A)
        Row 00001 of 00002 Scroll ===> CSR

        Name NTxns Description
        Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service

        RDDR 2 ±71.4% 0.359 16.333 0.809 17.502 Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service

        READ 680 ±3.8% 0.020 2.860 0.068 2.950
```

You can enter the + line command on a transaction to expand to the next level. A sample of the report with a transaction expanded to the third level of the hierarchy (CICS Region Applid and CICS Program) is shown here:

```
      File View Navigate Help

      X01: CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (1682/CICS32A)
      Row 00001 of 00010 Scroll ===> CSR

      Name NTxns Description
      Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service

      RDDR 2 ±71.4% 0.359 16.333 0.809 17.502

      → CICS32A Region Applid → READDRVR EXEC CICS
      0.119 16.333 0.749 17.202

      → CICS32B Region Applid → DFHMIRS EXEC CICS
      0.031 0.000 0.007 0.039

      → DFHMIRS EXEC CICS DFHMIRS CICS Program 0.005 0.000 0.001 0.003
      0.009 0.000 0.001 0.005

      → CICS System Services
      0.003 0.000 0.001 0.005
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.
++	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown below. This example shows a CICS region:

```
File View Navigate Help
            ----- The following report line was selected ------
 | <u>CICS32A</u> Region Applid 0.089 17.172 0.929 18.191 |
 Calculation Details
                                         RDDR
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The
    quantities are mean times for the command for all executions of the
    transaction and are calculated as follows:

    Times command observed in txn/program

                                                         0.029970
       (2) Duration of one sample interval
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
(3) (1) A (2) = total time for command
                                                         18.191790
      (4) Number of executions of transaction
(5) (3) S (4) = mean time for the command
                                                         18.191790
 The execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
                                        573
      Delayed
         CÍCS dispatch delay
                                        29
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy) 2
```

X02 - CICS total service time by txn

Usage

Use this report to view an analysis of how time was spent by the CICS transactions that were measured during the observation session in multiple regions. CICS sample data from the selected regions is merged to produce a single report showing multi-region activity. Transaction data from the multiple regions is correlated using the network unit of work ID to relate the remote activity to the local transaction. Since this is based on sample data, there will be samples from the remote region that do not match with a local transaction. These are reported under the remote transaction name, such as CSMI.

Expand a CICS transaction report line to see a further breakdown by region, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for each measured transaction. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded X02 report shows one line for each measured CICS transaction. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Transaction
Level 2 CICS Region Applid
                Level 3 CICS Program
                         Level 4 CICS Command
Level 4 CICS Command
      Level 2 CICS Region Applid
             Level 4 SQL Request
                   Level 4 SQL Request
     Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 DLI Request
                      Level 4 DLI Request
     Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
                      Level 4 Module
                      Level 4 Module
                      Level 4 System Services
      Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 CICS Program
Level 4 Adabas Request
                            Level 4 Adabas Request
     Level 2 CICS Region Applid
Level 3 System Services
Level 4 Module
                      Level 4 Module
                      Level 4 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS transaction detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The CICS transaction code.	
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.	
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).	
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed. Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons: CICS dispatch delay MVS dispatch delay MVS WAIT	
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

CICS region applid detail line

This is the second-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents the VTAM applied of the CICS region sampled. If a transaction shows more than 1 region applied, then activity was measured in multiple regions for that transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The CICS region applid. This is the VTAM applid of the region where the samples were taken.	
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.	
Description	"Region Applid"	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction in the region.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction in the region.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed in the region.	
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
	• MVS WAIT	
Service	The total service time for the transaction in the region. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS region applid detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fourth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DLI Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.	
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.	
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
	MVS WAIT	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

CICS command detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The CICS command description. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command description is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.	
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

SQL request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.	
Delay The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction wa while the SQL request was being processed.		
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.	

DLI request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.	
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:	
	CICS dispatch delay	
	MVS dispatch delay	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the DLI request wa being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.	

Module/system services detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.	
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line is displayed.	
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.	
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.	
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.	

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.	
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adaba the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.	
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.	
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.	

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delayMVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Sample reports

When the report is first displayed, only the first level of the hierarchy is visible (transaction). A sample is shown here:

```
        File View Navigate Help

        X02: CICS Total Service Time by Txn (1684/CICS32A)
        Row 00001 of 00002 of 00002 of Command service Scroll service

        Name NTxns Description
        Error Execution + Suspend + Delay service

        READ 340
        ± 5.4% 7.672 1028.360 27.422 1063.455 of Command service

        RDDR 1
        ± 99.9% 0.449 17.172 1.018 18.641
```

You can enter the + line command on a transaction to expand to the next level. A sample of the report with a transaction expanded to the third level of the hierarchy (CICS Region Applid and CICS Program) is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
X02: CICS Total Service Time by Txn (1684/CICS32A) Row 00001 of 00011
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                          ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
       NTxns Description
                              <u>Error Execution</u> + <u>Suspend</u> + <u>Delay</u> = <u>Service</u>
Name
READ 340 \pm 5.4% 7.672 \rightarrow CICS32B Region Applid 3.686 \rightarrow CAMPBEAD EYEC CICS 3.416
                                                    1028.360
                                                                 27.422 10623.455
                                                                  3.956
                                                                          978.430
978.130
                                                       970.788
                                                    970.788
 → SAMPREAD EXEC CICS

→ SAMPREAD CICS Program

→ CICS System Services
                                           3.416
                                                                  3.926
                                                                             0.179
0.119
                                             0.149
                                                         0.000
                                                                  0.029
                                           0.119
                                                        0.000 0.000
                                          3.986
                                                                           85.024
82.507
→ <u>CICS32A</u> Region Applid
                                                       57.572 23.466
  → <u>DFHMIRS</u> CICS Program
                                             2.697
                                                      57.482 22.327
                                            1.288
                                                        0.089
                                                                              2.517
              System Services
                                                                  1.138
                                             0.449
RDDR
            1
                                ±99.9%
                                                        17.172
                                                                  1.018
                                                                              18.641
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
++	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.
+	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown below. This example shows a CICS region:

```
File View Navigate Help
 +------ The following report line was selected ------+
 | <u>CICS32B</u> Region Applid 3.686 970.788 3.956 978.430 |
 Calculation Details
                                             RFAD
     CICS Transaction
     The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
     indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
     the transaction and are calculated as follows:
       (1) Times command observed in txn/program32647(2) Duration of one sample interval0.029970(3) (1) A (2) = total time for command978.430590
 The execution measurement counts are
       Executing (CPU active) 123
       Suspended by CICS
       Delayed
                                         103
          CÍCS dispatch delay
MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
                                            29
```

X03 - CICS mean service time by terminal ID

Usage

Use this report to see an analysis of how time was spent on CICS terminals that were measured during the observation session in multiple regions. CICS sample data from the selected regions is merged to produce a single report showing multiregion activity. Transaction data from the multiple regions is correlated using the network unit of work id to relate the remote activity to the local transaction. Since this is based on sample data, there will be samples from the remote region that do not match with a local transaction. These will be reported under the remote transaction name, such as CSMI.

Expand a CICS terminal report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, region, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies time as arithmetic means for all measured transactions on the terminal. The means are calculated by dividing the total of all time spent servicing all occurrences of transactions on the terminal by the number of occurrences. The means are expressed in units of seconds. The mean service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded X03 report shows one line for each measured CICS terminal and 1 line for all non-terminal attached transactions. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Terminal
Level 2 CICS Transaction
Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 CICS Command
Level 5 CICS Command
```

```
Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 SQL Request
Level 5 SQL Request
Level 5 SQL Request

Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 DLI Request
Level 5 DLI Request

Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 System Services

Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 5 System Services

Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 5 Adabas Request
Level 5 Adabas Request
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 Module
Level 5 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS terminal detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS terminal for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS terminal ID. This is the terminal ID or N/A if a terminal ID was not available during the sample. A terminal might not be available because the transaction was running non-terminal attached, or the transaction was not attached to the terminal during initialization or termination.
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions on this terminal.
Description	This is either Terminal Txn or Non-Terminal Txn.
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions for this terminal as a sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing transactions on this terminal.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of transactions on this terminal.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of transactions on this terminal was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Service	The mean service time for transactions on this terminal. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS transaction detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of the transaction as the sample size.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS region applid detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents the VTAM applie of the CICS region sampled. If a transaction shows more than 1 region applied, then activity was measured in multiple regions for that transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS region applid. This is the VTAM applid of the region where the samples were taken.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	"Region Applid"
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction in the region.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction in the region.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed in the region.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT
Service	The mean service time for the transaction in the region. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS region applid detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fifth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DLI Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command description. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command description is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DLI request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line is displayed.
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Execution	The mean time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.
Suspend	The mean time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.
Delay	The mean time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The mean service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Sample reports

A sample report that has been expanded four levels is shown below.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
X03: CICS Mean Service Time by Term (1684/CICS32A) Row 00001 of 00033
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                   ----- Mean Time in Seconds -----
Name
       <u>NTxns Description</u> <u>Error Execution</u> + <u>Suspend</u> + <u>Delay</u> = <u>Service</u>
          1 Terminal Attached ±99.9% 0.449
1 ±99.9% 0.449
ET36
                                                        17.172
                                                                   1.018
                                                                              18.641
→ RDDR
                                              0.449
                                                        17.172
                                                                   1.018
                                                                              18.641
              Region Applid
                                              0.089
                                                        17.172
                                                                   0.929
                                                                              18.191
    → READDRVR EXEC CICS
                                                        17.172
                                                                   0.929
                                             0.089
                                                                              18.191
      → +0700 START TRANSID(READ)

→ +0884 START TRANSID(READ)
                                              0.059
                                                        12.377
0.719
                                                                   0.029
                                                                              12.467
                                                                   0.149
                                              0.000
                                                                               0.869
      → +0B84 START TRANSID(READ)
                                              0.000
                                                          0.749
                                                                   0.059
                                                                               0.809
      → +0984 START TRANSID(READ)
                                              0.000
                                                          0.509
                                                                   0.149
                                                                               0.659
      → +0904 START TRANSID(READ)
                                             0.000
                                                          0.539
                                                                   0.089
                                                                               0.629
      → ±0A04 START TRANSID(READ)

→ ±0784 START TRANSID(READ)
                                              0.000
                                                          0.539
                                                                   0.059
                                                                               0.599
                                                          0.479
                                              0.000
                                                                   0.089
                                                                               0.569
      → +0804 START TRANSID(READ)
                                             0.000
                                                          0.389
                                                                   0.119
                                                                               0.509
      → ±084 START TRANSID(READ)

→ ±0804 START TRANSID(READ)
                                              0.000
                                                          0.329
                                                                   0.089
                                                                               0.419
                                              0.000
                                                          0.359
                                                                   0.029
                                                                               0.389
                                                          0.179
      → +0BFC SEND TEXT
                                              0.029
                                                                   0.059
                                                                               0.269
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.
++	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.
+	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown below. This example shows a CICS region:

```
File View Navigate Help
   ----- The following report line was selected -----
 | CICS32A Region Applid 0.089 17.172 0.929 18.191 |
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
                                             RDDR
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The
    quantities are mean times for the command for all executions of the
    transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times command observed in txn/program
                                                      607
                                                      0.029970
      (2) Duration of one sample interval
      (3) (1) A (2) = total time for command
                                                      18.191790
      (4) Number of executions of transaction
(5) (3) S (4) = mean time for the command
                                                      18.191790
The execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
      Suspended by CICS
      Delayed
         CÍCS dispatch delay
                                     29
         MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
```

X04 - CICS total service time by terminal ID

Usage

Use this report to view an analysis of how time was spent on CICS terminals that were measured during the observation session in multiple regions. CICS sample data from the selected regions is merged to produce a single report showing multiregion activity. Transaction data from the multiple regions is correlated using the network unit of work ID to relate the remote activity to the local transaction. Since this is based on sample data, there will be samples from the remote region that do not match with a local transaction. These are reported under the remote transaction name, such as CSMI.

Expand a CICS terminal report line to see a further breakdown by transaction, region, program, CICS command, DLI request and SQL request.

Quantification

Each report line quantifies total times for transactions measured on a terminal. The total times are expressed in units of seconds. The total service time is shown and is further broken down into execution time, suspend time, and delay time.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded X04 report shows one line for each measured CICS terminal and 1 line for all non-terminal attached transactions. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 CICS Terminal
    Level 2 CICS Transaction
            Level 3 CICS Region Applid
                    Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 CICS Command
Level 5 CICS Command
         Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 SQL Request
Level 5 SQL Request
         Level 3 CICS Region Applid
Level 4 CICS Program
                                Level 5 DLI Request
Level 5 DLI Request
         Level 3 CICS Region Applid
                     Level 4 CICS Program
Level 5 Module
                             Level 5 Module
Level 5 System Services
         Level 3 CICS Region Applid
                      Level 4 CICS Program
                              Level 5 Adabas Request
                              Level 5 Adabas Request
         Level 3 CICS Region Applid
                 Level 4 System Services
                              Level 5 Module
                              Level 5 Module
                              Level 5 System Services
```

Detail line descriptions

CICS terminal detail line

This is the first-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS terminal for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS terminal ID. This is the terminal ID or N/A if a terminal ID was not available during the sample. A terminal might not be available because the transaction was running non-terminal attached, or the transaction was not attached to the terminal during initialization or termination.
NTxns	The number of executions of transactions on this terminal.
Description	This is either Terminal Txn or Non-Terminal Txn.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Error	The margin of error for the mean values calculated by using the number of executions of transactions for this terminal as a sample size.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing transactions on this terminal.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of transactions on this terminal.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of transactions on this terminal was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for transactions on this terminal. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS transaction detail line

This is the second-level detail line. Each line shows information about a CICS transaction for which measurement data was recorded.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS transaction code.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	A functional description (if the transaction is a recognized CICS transaction).
Error	The margin of error based on a sample population of the number of executions of the transaction.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for the transaction. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS region applid detail line

This is the third-level detail line shown directly under the CICS transaction detail line. This line represents the VTAM applie of the CICS region sampled. If a transaction shows more than 1 region applied, then activity was measured in multiple regions for that transaction.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The CICS region applid. This is the VTAM applid of the region where the samples were taken.
NTxns	The number of executions of the transaction.
Description	"Region Applid"
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that a CPU was actively executing for the transaction in the region.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction in the region.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed in the region.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for the transaction in the region. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS program or system services detail line

This is a fourth-level detail line shown directly under the CICS region applid detail line. This line represents a CICS program (usually an application) that was in control during execution of the transaction. The fifth-level lines shown under this item can be either CICS command lines, SQL Request lines, DLI Request lines or Module lines.

If no CICS application program was dispatched, "CICS" is shown under the Name heading and "System Services" under the Description heading.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The module name of the CICS program. If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, this field is displayed in red. For Module lines grouped under this line, the field is turquoise. "CICS" is displayed here if no application program was in control.
Description	If lines grouped under this line are CICS command lines, the description displays "EXEC CICS." If lines grouped under this line are SQL request lines, the description displays "EXEC SQL." If lines grouped under this line are DLI request lines, the description displays "EXEC DLI." Otherwise, if the program name is a recognized CICS module name (a DFH* name), a functional description is shown, and "CICS Program" is displayed if the CICS module name is not recognized; indicating this is likely an application program. "System Services" is displayed if no application program was in control.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while transaction control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
	• MVS WAIT
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which control was under the CICS program identified in the Name column. Service time includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

CICS command detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents a CICS command issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC CICS command. This hexadecimal offset appears in +xxxx format. If the CSECT containing the EXEC CICS is not the same name as the module identified in the CICS Program line above, this field contains the CSECT name. In this case, the offset is shown in the description field. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The CICS command description. If, as noted above, the CSECT name containing the EXEC CICS is different from the module name, the CICS command description is preceded by the hexadecimal offset of the command from the start of the CSECT.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the CICS command was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the CICS command was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the CICS command was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the CICS command was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

SQL request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS program detail line. Each line represents an SQL request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC SQL command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The SQL request function – SELECT, FETCH, UPDATE, etc.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the SQL request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the SQL request was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the SQL request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the SQL request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

DLI request detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents an IMS DLI request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC DLI command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The DLI function code followed by the PCB name.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, that CPU execution was observed while the DLI request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, that CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the DLI request was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that execution of the transaction was delayed while the DLI request was being processed.
	Transaction execution can be delayed for one of the following reasons:
	CICS dispatch delay
	MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the DLI request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend, and delay time.

Module/system services detail line

These lines are displayed under a CICS Program detail line. Each line represents a module that was executing under control of the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped. If Application Performance Analyzer was unable to determine a module name, "CICS" is displayed in the name field and "System Services" is displayed in the description field.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The name of the module that was executing or "CICS" if a module name could not be determined.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available. "System Services" is displayed if the module name could not be determined.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, for execution of the module within the grouping under which the detail line is displayed.
Suspend	This field will contain a value of zero.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, that the identified module was preempted by MVS.
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the identified module was executing or delayed.

Adabas request detail line

These lines appear under a CICS Program detail line. Each one represents an Adabas request issued by the program identified in the name field of the CICS Program line under which these lines are grouped.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The hexadecimal offset in the identified CICS program of the return address of the EXEC ADABAS command. This is in +xxxx format. This field is always displayed in red.
Description	The Adabas request function OP, CL, L2, etc. When Natural calls Adabas, the Natural program name and statement number are displayed. If the statement is within an INCLUDE member, the INCLUDE member name is displayed.
Execution	The total time, in seconds, during which CPU execution was observed while the Adabas request was being processed.
Suspend	The total time, in seconds, during which CICS had suspended execution of the transaction while the Adabas request was being processed.
Delay	The total time, in seconds, during which execution of the transaction was delayed while the Adabas request was being processed for one of the following reasons: • CICS dispatch delay • MVS dispatch delay
Service	The total service time for the transaction during which the Adabas request was being processed. This includes execution, suspend and delay time.

Sample reports

A sample report that has been expanded five levels is shown below .

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
X04: CICS Total Service Time by Term (1684/CICS32A) Row 00001 of 00098
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
                                 ----- Total Time in Seconds -----
Name
       NTxns Description Error Execution + Suspend + Delay = Service
        340 Non-Terminal Atta ± 5.4% 7.672
340 ± 5.4% 7.672
                                                     1028.360
N/A
                                                                 27,422
                                                                          1063.455
→ <u>READ</u> 340
                                                     1028.360
                                                                27.422
                                                                          1063.455
             Region Applid
                                             3.686
                                                      970.788
                                                                  3.956
                                                                            978.430
   → SAMPREAD EXEC CICS
                                                       970.788
                                                                  3.926
                                                                            978.130
                                            3.416
    → +04C4 READ FILE(FILEA)
→ ALLOCATE Wait on Interregion
                                             3.266
                                                      970.788
                                                                  3.926
                                                                            977.981
                                             0.000
                                                       863.885
                                                                  0.000
                                                                            863.885
      → IRLINK Wait on InterRegion Li 0.000
→ CICSDly CICS Dispatch Delay 0.000
→ MVSBusy MVS Delay (Busy) 0.000
                                                       106.873
                                                                  0.000
                                                                            106.873
                                                         0.000
                                                                  3.086
                                                                              3.086
                                                         0.000
                                                                  0.839
                                                                              0.839
                                                         0.029
                                             0.000
                                                                  0.000
      → <u>CICSSusp</u> Suspend
                                                                  0.000
0.000
0.000
                                                                              0.029
     → <u>+0468</u> RETURN
                                                         0.000
                                                                              0.089
                                             0.089
     → +03E0 RETRIEVE
                                             0.059
                                                         0.000
                                                                              0.059
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Display context help information.
++	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module, CSECT, Command, SQL Request, DLI Request	Show additional details.
+	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by value.
SN	Terminal, Transaction, Region Applid, Load Module	Sort next level by name.
М	Load Module	Display load module information.
Р	Command, CSECT, SQL Request, DLI Request, CICS Active Module	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
+	Name	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Name	Collapse to show only first level.

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
SV	Name	Sort next level by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or press the enter key) on any line to open a window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown below. This example shows a CICS region:

```
File View Navigate Help
        ----- The following report line was selected ------
 | <u>CICS32B</u> Region Applid 3.686 970.788 3.956 978.430 |
 Calculation Details
    CICS Transaction
    The quantities shown represent the service time for execution of the
    indicated CICS command while processing this transaction. The
    quantities are total times for all executions of the command within
    the transaction and are calculated as follows:
      (1) Times command observed in txn/program 32647
(2) Duration of one sample interval 0.0299
(3) (1) A (2) = total time for command 978.43
                                                           0.029970
                                                          978.430590
 The execution measurement counts are
      Executing (CPU active)
Suspended by CICS
                                         32392
      Delayed
          CICS dispatch delay
                                        103
          MVS delay (WAIT)
MVS delay (Busy)
```

X05 - Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline

Usage

This report combines a subset of data from the F02 Db2 SQL Activity Timeline, the I02 IMS DL/I Call Timeline, and the Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline reports for a single measurement. When additional information for a specific subsystem is required, refer to the individual timeline report.

Use this report to see information about the chronology of calls for Db2, IMS, and MQ that were intercepted over the duration of the measurement and to identify any calls with excessive service time (duration). Each line displays information about one intercepted call for either Db2, IMS, or MQ. One or more of the Db2+, IMS+ or MQ+ features must have been enabled when the measurement was performed.

By default, the detail lines are sorted in ascending chronological sequence (SV). You can also request that the data is sorted by service time (duration). Enter the SD line command on the SeqNo heading field to sort by duration. This brings the calls that had excessive service time to the top of the report. If you enter SV or SD a second time, the calls are sorted in the reverse order.

The number of Db2, IMS, and MQ calls that are displayed in this report is limited:

- The value of the Db2IMaxTraceSize, IMSIMaxTraceSize, and MQIMaxTraceSize parameters that are specified during Application Performance Analyzer installation
- Or by the values on panel 2 of the measurement request (if your installation configured these fields)

The report is truncated when the number of calls that are issued reaches the value that is specified for the appropriate MaxTraceSize parameter.

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for one call.

- The sequence number within each subsystem reported.
- The subsystem for this call (Db2, IMS or MQ).
- The function for the call.
- The object of the call.
- The resulting status for the call.
- The time the call was issued.
- The service time (duration) for the call processing.
- The CPU time for the call processing.

The CPU time applies only to the region that is being measured. Any execution in other address spaces is not reported.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded report shows a line for each intercepted call. You can expand each line for Db2 and MQ to reveal one additional hierarchical level of detail by using the + line command.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
Level 1 Db2 SQL Call Details
Level 2 SQL text

Level 1 IMS DLI Call Details
...

Level 1 MQ Call Details
Level 2 MQ Queue Manager and Queue
...
```

Detail line descriptions

Db2 SQL Call detail line

This is a first-level detail line that shows information about one SQL call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned by Application Performance Analyzer that is unique to the SQL call. This is sequential within each subsystem.
System	Db2.
Function	The name of the SQL function.
Object	The DBRM name.
Status	The SQL return code. Blank when zero.
Call Time	The time of day at which the SQL call started.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Svc Time	The service time (duration) of the SQL call in seconds.
CPU Time	The CPU time that the SQL call consumed in seconds.

SQL Text

This is a second-level detail line that is shown directly under the Db2 SQL call detail line. It shows the SQL statement text. If necessary, more than one line is displayed to show the full SQL text.

IMS DLI Call detail line

This is a first-level detail line that shows the information about one DLI call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned by Application Performance Analyzer that is unique to the DLI call. This is sequential within each subsystem.
System	IMS.
Function	The DLI function code.
Object	The PCB name.
Status	The PCB status code.
Call Time	The time of day when the DLI call started.
Svc Time	The service time (duration) of the DLI call in seconds.
CPU Time	The CPU time that the DLI call consumed in seconds.

MQ Call detail line

This is a first-level detail line that shows information about one MQ call.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Seqno	A sequence number assigned by Application Performance Analyzer that is unique to the MQ call. This is sequential within each subsystem.
System	MQ.
Function	The MQ call type.
Object	Queue.
Status	The return code and reason code returned by MQ. Blank when both are zero.
Call Time	The time of day at which the MQ call started.
Svc Time	The service time (duration) of the MQ call in seconds.
CPU Time	The CPU time that the MQ call consumed in seconds.

MQ Queue Manager and Queue Name detail line

This is a second-level detail line that is shown directly under the MQ call detail line. It displays the MQ queue manager name and the queue name that are used in the request.

Sample report

A sample report is shown here:

Seqno System Function Object Status Call Time Svc Time CPU time
000045 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.29 0.011088 0.008552 000046 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.30 0.000156 0.000155 000003 Db2 SELECT FABPGM06 12:06:50.37 0.009207 0.008881 000001 MQ Close Queue 12:06:50.41 0.000215 0.000215 000047 IMS CHNG ALTPCB 12:06:50.41 0.000292 0.000292 000048 IMS ISRT ALTPCB 12:06:50.41 0.000144 0.000144 000049 IMS GU IOPCB 12:06:50.41 0.005714 0.00213 000050 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.41 0.007140 0.002133 000051 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.42 0.008603 0.004261 000052 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.43 0.071402 0.040834 000053 IMS GN IVPDb2 12:06:50.55 0.0213

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here: (You can always enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
++	Seqno	Show additional details.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal next level.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
М	Seqno (IMS and MQ only)	Display load module information.
Р	Seqno (IMS and MQ only)	Display source program mapping.

on heading

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	Seqno	Display context help information.
+	Seqno	Expand to reveal all entries.
_	Seqno	Collapse to hide next level.
SV	Seqno	Sort by Call Time.
SD	Seqno	Sort by Svc Time (Duration).

X06 - IMS MASS Region Summary

Usage

Use this report to view a summary of the IMS Dependent Regions in which the measured transaction executed. Each detail line summarizes a region with the count of that transaction and the averages for Service time (duration), CPU time, and DL/I calls. If the Db2+ feature is active, the average SQL calls is also reported. If the MQ+ feature is active, the average MQ calls is also reported. The total line sums the transaction counts and reports the average values across all regions for the other columns.

By default, the detail lines are sorted in ascending region name sequence (SN) with the Total line at the bottom. You can also request that the detail lines be sorted by transaction count (SV). Entering either SN or SV a second time will sort the detail lines in the reverse order (ascending or descending).

Quantification

Each report line shows the following for one region.

- The IMS Dependent Region name.
- The IMS subsystem name.
- The APA measurement request number for the region.
- The number of times the transaction code executed.
- The average service time (duration) per transaction.
- The average CPU time per transaction.
- The average DL/I calls per transaction.
- The average SQL calls per transaction.
- The average MQ calls per transaction.

Keep in mind that the CPU time applies only to the region being measured. Any execution in other address spaces will not be reported.

Detail line hierarchy

The X06 report shows only one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Region	The IMS dependent region name.
IMS	The IMS subsystem name.
ReqNum	The APA measurement request number for this IMS dependent region.
Txn Count	The total number of transactions executed for this transaction code.
Svc time per Trn	The average service time (duration) per transaction execution for this transaction code.
CPU time per Trn	The average CPU time per transaction execution for this transaction code.
DLI per Trn	The average number of DL/I calls per transaction execution for this transaction code.
SQL per Trn	The average number of SQL calls per transaction execution for this transaction code.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
MQ per Trn	The average number of MQ calls per transaction execution for this transaction code.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here:

```
X06: IMS MASS Region Summary (00054/IMSFMPP5)
                                                               Row 00001 of 00006
Command ===>
                                                                 Scroll ===> CSR
Transaction Name: IMSQATRN
                                                                  SQL/Trn
Region
         IMS
                 ReqNum Txn count Svc/Trn
                                             CPU/Trn
                                                        DLI/Trn
                                                                             MQ/Trn
                               17 1.6146
17 1.6041
                                                           7.52
7.47
IMSFMPP1 IMSF
                 00050
                                               0.1865
                                                                     0.94
                                                                               3.76
IMSFMPP2 IMSF
                 00051
                                               0.1103
                                                                     0.00
                                                                               0.00
                                                           7.58
                                    1.7298
                                                                     0.94
IMSFMPP3 IMSF
                 00052
                                               0.1680
                               17
                                                                               0.00
                                                           2.90
                                                                     0.93
IMSFMPP4 IMSF
                                               0.0740
                                                                               3.87
                 00053
                               31
                                    0.8641
IMSFMPP5 IMSF
                 00054
                                    1.5979
                                               0.1185
                                                           7.44
                                                                     0.00
                                                                               3.55
                                    1.3967
                                               0.1233
                                                           6.08
  Total n/a
                  n/a
                              100
                                                                     0.61
                                                                               2.48
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here: (You can always enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied to Heading	Action
?	Region	Display context help information.
++	Region	Show additional details about this line.

on heading

Cmd	When Applied to Heading	Action
?	Region	Display context help information.
SV	Region	Sort next level entries by value.
SN	Region	Sort next level entries by value.

Detail window

You can enter "++" or press the Enter key on any line to display a window that contains additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

X07 - Db2 Stored Procedures Summary

Usage

To gain access to the Db2 Stored Procedures Summary report, issue the "X" line command from the Observation Session List. The "X" line command starts Performance Analysis Reporting in a mode that enables access to the Db2 Stored Procedures Summary report. Before entering the line command, you must tag at least one measurement that contains Db2 Stored Procedures data by entering the "T" line command in the Observation Session List. Up to 20 measurements can be tagged at one time.

This report presents a summary of the Db2 Stored Procedures from the tagged measurements. Each detail line summarizes the Stored Procedure information for each DBRM from each measurement. The Number of Invocations reports the number of invocations for the DBRM during that measurement. The reported information also includes the number of total SQL calls, the average number of SQL calls per invocation, the mean CPU time per invocation, and the mean service time per invocation.

By default, the detail lines are sorted in ascending DBRM name sequence (SN). You can also request that the detail lines be sorted by invocation count (SV). Entering either SN or SV a second time sorts the detail lines in the reverse order (ascending or descending).

Quantification

Each report line shows the following information for one region:

- · The DBRM name
- The Db2 subsystem name
- The measurement request number for the region
- The number of Stores Procedure invocations for the DBRM
- The total Db2 SQL calls
- The average SQL calls per invocation
- The mean CPU time per invocation
- The mean Service (elapsed) time per invocation.

Detail line hierarchy

The X07 report shows only one detail line level. It cannot be expanded.

Detail line descriptions

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Name	The DBRM name.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Db2 Sysid	The Db2 subsystem name.
ReqNum	The measurement request number for this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.
Nbr of Invocations	The total number of invocations that are executed for this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.
SQL Calls - Total	The total number of SQL calls for this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.
SQL Calls - Average	The average number of SQL calls per invocation of this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.
Mean CPU time	The average CPU time per invocation of this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.
Mean SVC time	The average Service (elapsed) time per invocation of this Db2 Stored Procedure DBRM.

Sample report

A sample report is shown here:

		d Proced	ures Summary	(00000)	/Db2SP)	Row 00001 of 00010
Command	===> Db2		Nbr of -	COL	Collo	Scroll ===> CSR Mean Mean
Name	Sysid	ReqNum	Invocations		Calls Average	Mean Mean CPU Time Svc Time
DBSPX01	DBCG	00483	2	25	12.50	0.00313 0.00492
DBSPX04	DBBG	00487	19	30,198	1589.36	0.41540 2.01899
DBSPX04	DBCG	00483	7	16,281	2325.85	0.67438 5.16866
DBSPX04	DBBG	00482	9	14,926	1658.44	0.47700 3.27659
DBSPX05	DBBG	00486	9	29	3.22	0.00315 5.84723
DBSPX05	DBBG	00480	4	13	3.25	0.00333 6.93522
DBSPX06	DBCG	00483	14	20	1.42	0.00150 3.98819
DBUDF01	DBBG	00488	19	9,959	524.15	0.10413 0.13577
DBUDF01	DBCG	00483	8	5,425	678.12	0.15136 0.30382
DBUDF01	DBBG	00484	9	4,979	553.22	0.11495 0.17004

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized here: (You can always enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied to Heading	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
++	Name	Show additional details about this line.
М	Name	Display load module information.

on heading

Cmd	When Applied to Heading	Action
?	Name	Display context help information.
SV	Name	Sort next level entries by value.
SN	Name	Sort next level entries by name.

Detail window

You can enter "++" or press the Enter key on any line to display a window that contains additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

Chapter 11. System Reports

This section describes the System Reports.

For information about	See
The System Information extractor	"Overview of System Information extractor" on page 633
Z01 System CPU Usage by Jobname	"Z01 - System CPU Usage by Jobname" on page 633
Z02 System CPU Usage by ASID	"Z02 - System CPU Usage by ASID" on page 636
Z03 System/Target CPU Usage Timeline	"Z03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline" on page 639

Overview of System Information extractor

To use the System Reports, the System Information extractor must be turned on when the Observation Request is entered. You must select the System Information extractor in the Schedule New Measurement panel.

This data extractor provides the ability to analyze CPU consumption that is not in the target address space selected on the Schedule New Measurement panel.

When the System Information extractor is selected, Application Performance Analyzer will collect CPU consumption relating to address spaces running on the system at the time the observation is run.

Z01 - System CPU Usage by Jobname

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the CPU consumed by address spaces other than the target address space measured during the observation session, sorted by percentage of CPU consumed and identified by jobname.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Z01 report shows a line for each address space where CPU consumption was captured outside of the target address space. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
TSO ID:
Level 1 TSO ID
Level 2 TSO ID

Started Task:
Level 1 Started Task Name
Level 2 Started Task Name

Initiator Address Space:
Level 1 Job Name
Level 2 Job Name
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents an item to which captured CPU consumption is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the '+' line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate items.

Each line at level 1 represents one of the following 3 items:

- TSO ID
- · Started task ID
- · Initiator Job

TSO ID

For each TSO ID, the following information is reported:

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	The name of the TSO ID running in the address space for both levels 1 and 2.
Description	This will be blank for level 1. For TSO, there will only be 1 subordinate item reported under this heading which will show the address space id, TSUxxxxx, (or spaces if the address space is in initialization).
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Started task ID

This is the duration of the interval in seconds.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	The name of the started task for both levels 1 and 2.
Description	This will be blank for level 1. For a started task, there will only be 1 subordinate item. Reported under this heading which will be the address space id, STCxxxxx.
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Initiator Job

This quantifies the significance of the measurement for the interval. This is the percentage of samples in the interval the address space was not Queued – either CPU consumption or WAIT state was observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	For levels 1 and 2, this will show the job name started by an initiator address space.
Description	For an initiator address space there can be multiple subordinate items. Each item will show the address space id (or spaces if the address space is still in initialization).

Under Heading	This is Displayed
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been fully expanded by entering "+" on the Jobname field.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
Z01: System CPU Usage by Johname (00297/QARCOBRN) Row 00001 of 00152
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
        <u>Jobname</u>
                       *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9....
ADS04P
                   81.10 ============
→ <u>ADS04P</u>
          J0B03212
                   FF#CAZF1
                   8.50 ====
→ FF#CAZF1
          STC01678
                   8.50 ====
DZSR00DS
                   1.89 =
→ DZSR00DS
          STC03207
                   1.89 =
                   1.09 =
CICS56A
          STC08894
                   1.09 =
→ CICS56A
MXIMAST
                   0.75
          STC08860
                   0.75
→ MXIMAST
                   0.60
TN3270
          STC08858
→ TN3270
                   0.60
FF#SG01
                   0.47
          STC00942
→ FF#SG01
                   0.47
MXITCP
                   0.45
→ MXITCP
          STC08863
                   0.45
                   0.40
→ TCPIP
          STC08851
                   0.40
JES2
                   0.40
→ JES2
                   0.40
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details about this line.
+	SEQN (sampling interval)	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	SEQN (sampling interval)	Collapse to hide next level entries.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

SETUP options

No SETUP options exist for this report.

Z02 - System CPU Usage by ASID

Usage

Use this report to see a summary of the CPU consumed by address spaces other than the target address space measured during the observation session, sorted by percentage of CPU consumed and identified by ASID.

Detail line hierarchy

An unexpanded Z02 report shows a line for each ASID where CPU consumption was captured outside of the target address space. You can expand each line to reveal additional hierarchical levels of detail.

The hierarchy is illustrated here:

```
TSO ID:
Level 1 ASID
Level 2 TSO ID

Started Task:
Level 1 ASID
Level 2 Started Task Name

Initiator Address Space:
Level 1 ASID
Level 2 Job Name
```

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents an item to which captured CPU consumption is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the '+' line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate items.

Each line at level 1 represents one of the following 3 items:

• TSO ID

- · Started task ID
- Initiator Job

TSO ID

For each TSO ID, the following information is reported:

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	For level 1, this will be the address space in which the TSO is running. For level 2, this will be the TSO ID.
Description	For level 1, this will be TSO:xxxxxxxx where xxxxxxxx is the TSO ID. For TSO there will only be 1 subordinate item which will show the address space ID in the format TSUxxxxx.
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Started task ID

This is the duration of the interval in seconds.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	For level 1, this will be the address space in which the started task is running. For level 2, this will be the started task name.
Description	For level 1, this will be the name of the started task in format STC:xxxxxxxx, where xxxxxxxx is the name of the started task. For level 2, this will be the name of the started task in format STCxxxxxx.
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Initiator Job

This quantifies the significance of the measurement for the interval. This is the percentage of samples in the interval the address space was not Queued – either CPU consumption or WAIT state was observed.

Under Heading	This is Displayed
JOBNAME	For level 1, this will be the address space in which the job is running. For level 2 this will be the job name.
Description	For an initiator address space, there can be multiple subordinate items. For level 1, this will be "Initiator" to indicate an initiator address space. For level 2, this will be the job name in format JOBxxxxx.
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	This shows graphically the percentage of CPU utilized by running system (non-target) for the duration of the observation.

Sample reports

A sample report is shown here. It has been fully expanded by entering "+" on the ASID field.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
ZO2: System CPU Usage by ASID (00297/QARCOBRN) Row 00001 of 00152
Command ===> _____
                                                 _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
       Description    Percent of CPU Time * 10.00% ±1.4%
<u>ASID</u>
                          *....1....2.....4....5....6....7....8....9....
<u>00050</u>
          Initiator
                       → ADS04P
           J0B03212
                       00245
          STC:FF#CAZF1 8.50 ====
→ FF#CAZF1 STC01678
                    8.50 ====
00330
         STC:DZSR00DS 1.89 =
→ <u>DZSR00DS</u> STC03207 1.89 =
00106
        STC:CICS56A 1.09 =
                      1.09 =
→ <u>CICS56A</u> STC08894
      STC:MXIMAST
00076
                       0.75
→ MXIMAST STC08860
                      0.75
         STC:TN3270
<u>00074</u>
                       0.60
→ TN3270
           STC08858
                       0.60
00217

→ FF#SG01

STC:FF#SG01

STC00942
                       0.47
→ FF#SG01
                      0.47
          STC:MXITCP
                       0.45
→ MXITCP
           STC08863
                      0.45
         STC:TCPIP
                       0.40
→ TCPIP
          STC08851
                      0.40
                       0.40
00030
          STC:JES2
→ <u>JES2</u>
                       0.40
<u>00066</u>
          STC:SDSFAUX
                      0.40
→ SDSFAUX
           STC08850
                       0.40
00079
          STC:MXIDB2
                       0.38
→ MXIDB2
           STC08864
                       0.38
00001
          STC:*MASTER*
                      0.30
→ *MASTER*
           STC08804
                       0.30
```

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details about this line.
+	SEQN (sampling interval)	Expand to reveal next level entries.
-	SEQN (sampling interval)	Collapse to hide next level entries.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

SETUP options

No SETUP options exist for this report.

Z03 - System/Target CPU Usage Timeline

Usage

Use this report to display a timeline analysis which breaks the observation session duration into a number of (approximately) fixed-length, chronological time intervals. Each line represents one of these intervals. For each interval the percentage of time spent in both the target address space and non-target address spaces is recorded. This facilitates recognizing any interaction between the target and non-target address spaces. For example, it will assist in identifying when high activity in a specific non-target address space negatively affects the target address space. By default, 15 intervals are reported, each representing approximately the same number of samples.

Detail line descriptions

Each line represents an item to which captured CPU consumption is attributed. These lines are arranged hierarchically. You can expand a line (using the '+' line command) to reveal a breakdown into subordinate items.

Each line represents values under the following headings:

- SEON
- HH:MM:SS
- Target %
- System %

SEQN

This is the sequence number of the interval. Intervals are numbered 0001, 0002, etc.

HH:MM:SS

This is the start time in hours, minutes and seconds of the interval.

Target %

This is the percentage of the LPARs capacity used in the target address space. For example, for an LPAR with 10 GPUs and 10 zIIPs, if the target address space was using 100% of 2 GPUs, its Target% would be 20%.

System %

This is the percentage of the LPARs capacity used in the non-target address spaces. For example, for an LPAR with 10 GPUs and 10 zIIPs, if the non-target address spaces were using 100% of 2 GPUs and 100% of a zIIP, their System% would be 30%.

Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%

This shows graphically both the target and system(non-target) percentages from the Target% and System% columns. The Target% is in green and the System% is in white.

Subset reports

This report can generate subset reports for any detail line. By entering a report code on a detail line, a pop-up subset report is displayed for this item. The item selected is scaled to 100 percent. The available subset reports are listed below in "Line commands, on objects."

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field).

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	SEQN (sampling interval)	Display context help information.
++	SEQN (sampling interval)	Show additional details about this line.
C01	SEQN (sampling interval)	C01 - CPU Usage by Category analysis.
Z01	SEQN (sampling interval)	Z01 - System CPU Usage by Jobname.
Z02	SEQN (sampling interval)	Z02 - System CPU Usage by ASID.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
Z03 - DETAIL Window (00297/QARCOBRN)
                                         Scroll ===> CSR
Command ===>
  More: - +
Information about sampled interval
  Interval Number
  Nbr of Samples
First Sample#
                    244
                    244
  Last Sample#
Target ASID Active Samples
                          Specialty CPUs
  TCB
             224
                           TCB
  SRB
Non-Target ASID Active Samples
 GPU
                          Specialty CPUs
  TCB
                           TCB
  SRB
             45
                           SRB
```

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report.

The following pop-up window will be displayed:

The following SETUP option can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Number of Intervals

This is the number of equal time intervals within the duration of the measurement that are to be reported. Each report line will show measurement information for one interval.

Chapter 12. Miscellaneous Reports

This section describes Application Performance Analyzer reports that are not categorized in a performance analysis report set.

A06 – Measured Job JCL

Application Performance Analyzer captures the JCL for a measured batch job. The A06 report presents the captured JCL in an Edit session, which is useful for determining the specific details of the job that was measured, such as execution parameters, STEPLIBs, data files, or instream data. The A06 report can also be useful during the development and testing phase for resubmitting the same JCL to compare similar measurements. The A06 report is not produced for started tasks (STCs) or measured TSO address spaces.

```
File View Navigate Help

R01: IBM APA for z/OS Performance Reports (00929/QACOSA01) Row 00001 of 00007
Command ===> Scroll ===> CSR
Select a category from the list below to view the available reports
A Admin/Miscellaneous I IMS Measurement E CICS Measurement
S Statistics/Storage F DB2 Measurement Q MQ Measurement
C CPU Usage Analysis D DASD I/O Analysis G Coupling Facility
W CPU WAIT Analysis V Variance Reports X Multi Address Space
J Java Measurement B WebSphere App Server H HFS Analysis
K SRB Measurement

Enter S to make a selection or enter the report code on the command line
A01 Source Program Mapping
A02 Request XML, JSON or Printed Reports
A03 Java Source Mapping
A04 Source Mapping Dataset List
A05 Source Mapping Common List
A06 Measured Job JCL
```

Selecting report A06 will place the user in ISPF EDIT of the JCL where they can view, edit or submit the JCL. The temporary dataset will be allocated by using the ZPREFIX ISPF variable as the high level qualifier. If ZPREFIX is not set (for example, PROFILE NOPREFIX), ISPF variable ZUSER will be used instead.

```
File Edit Edit Settings Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
          USER1.CAZJCL1.TEMP
                                                               Columns 00001 00072
Command ===>
                                                                  Scroll ===> CSR
000001 //QACOSA01 JOB (), 'COBSAM01', CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=T, NOTIFY=&SYSUID
000002 //*
000003 //* COBOL - COPY SEQUENTIAL INPUT FILE TO SEQUENTIAL OUTPUT FILE
000004 //*
000005 //*
                    PARM SPECIFIES THE NUMBER OF ITERATIONS
000006 //*
000007 //COBSAM EXEC PGM=COBSAM01,PARM='100'
000008 //STEPLIB DD DSN=USER1.LOADLIB,DISP=SHR
000009 // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=CEE.SCEERUN
000010 // DD DISP=SHR,DSN=CEE.SCEELKED
000011 //SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
000012 //SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=*
000013 //IFILE DD DSN=USER1.SRCLIB(SAMP),DISP=SHR
000013 //IFILE DD DSN=USER:
000014 //OFILE DD DUMMY
000015 //SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
***** ****************** Bottom of Data *****************
```

Chapter 13. Source program mapping

This section describes the Source Program Mapping feature.

For information about	See	
Entering source mapping details	"A01 - Source program mapping panel" on page 647	
Java source program mapping	"A03 - Java source program mapping panel" on page 650	
Source mapping dataset list	"A04 - Source mapping dataset list" on page 652	
Source mapping common data set list	"A05 - Source mapping common list" on page 654	
Source program mapping pick list	"A011 - Source program mapping pick list" on page 655	
The source program attribution report	"P01 - Source program attribution" on page 656	
DWARF Source Program Attribution report	"P03 - DWARF Source Program Attribution" on page 660	
DWARF Source Lines report	"P04 - DWARF Source Lines" on page 662	

Introduction to source program mapping

Application Performance Analyzer handles source program mapping differently for Java than for other programming languages.

The common data set list

If the Common Data Store (CDS) is enabled during installation of Application Performance Analyzer, users have the ability to create and maintain a common list of source information data sets (for languages other than Java) that is unique to each instance of Application Performance Analyzer. The common data set list is shareable by all users of the Application Performance Analyzer instance. It is accessed from the 'A05: Source Mapping Common List' panel. All users may view the common list and authorized users may update the common list. When Application Performance Analyzer is searching for program source, it will search the user's personal list as defined in the 'A04: Source Mapping Dataset List' panel first, and if not found, then search the common list.

For languages other than Java

When you specify source program mapping files, many reports allow you to enter a "P" line command to view the program source associated with that entry in the report. The "P" line command is available on many object types: CSECTs, Db2 SQL statements, CICS commands, etc. The data is displayed in the P01: Source Program Attribution report. This report can also be included in a print request.

The 'P' line command

When you enter the 'P' line command, Application Performance Analyzer first checks if the source is loaded. If it is, the source is displayed in the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

If the source is not loaded, your A04: Source Mapping Dataset List is searched for the source member. If no source member is found in any of the data sets, the common list as defined in A05: Source Mapping Common List is searched. If no source member is found in any of the data sets in the list, the A01: Source Program Mapping panel is displayed, allowing you to enter the source mapping information for the current observation session.

When one or more source members are found in your A04: Source Mapping Dataset List or the A05: Source Mapping Common List, the behavior of Application Performance Analyzer depends on whether or not you requested to match the compile date and time. When you request to not match the compile

date and time, the first instance of a source member is loaded regardless of its date and time and the source is displayed in the PO1: Source Program Attribution report.

When you request to match the compile date and time, the first source member found that matches the load module compile date and time is loaded and the source is displayed in the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

If none of the source members match the compile date and time, a pick list of datasets that contain the source member is displayed in the A011: Source Programming Mapping Pick List panel. When you select one of these source members, it is loaded and you are returned to the report from which you entered the 'P' line command. You must then re-enter the 'P' line command to display in the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

The 'P' line command for COBOL with DWARF

When a COBOL program is compiled with the TEST option, the DWARF debugging information (which includes the source) is embedded in the load module. When you enter the 'P' line command against such a program, Application Performance Analyzer recognizes that the DWARF debugging information is available in the load module, and loads the source directly from that load module. The source is displayed in the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

This feature requires READ access to the dataset in which the corresponding load module resides. The Common Data Store is not used for COBOL with DWARF, nor is the A01 Source Program Mapping panel. As an alternative to DWARF, the COBOL compile listing may be used for source mapping in the usual manner.

This feature requires access to the TZ environment variable. The CONFIG BASIC TZ setting must be configured with appropriate values during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer. Contact your system programmer to verify the TZ environment variable is configured in Application Performance Analyzer.

The 'P' line command for C/C++ (without timestamp match)

When you enter the 'P' line command, Application Performance Analyzer first checks if the source is loaded. If it is, the source is displayed in the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

Typically, source mapping for C/C++ programs is dependent on an exact match between the listing timestamp and the CSECT timestamp generated at compile time. A recompiled C/C++ source listing cannot be loaded directly from the A01, A04 or A11 panels. In some cases, this function is required when the source listing that matches the compiled program is not available. To accommodate this situation, Application Performance Analyzer will allow a listing to be loaded for a specific CSECT with no timestamp matching. You must enter the 'P' line command on a CSECT in one of the supporting reports. You are then directed to the A01: Source Program Mapping panel where you specify the listing to be loaded. This listing will then be loaded and related to the CSECT selected, without timestamp checking, and you are returned to the report. You must then re-enter the 'P' line command to display the P01: Source Program Attribution report.

For Java

When you specify source program mapping files for Java, the program source is viewed in the detail windows in the Java reports, rather than by using the "P" line command. The detail window from a Java Line Number contains Java source mapping information. This detail window is displayed by entering the "++" command (or the Enter key) on the Java Line Number.

Using DWARF debug files

If C/C++ programs are compiled with DWARF, you can source map the programs by using DWARF debug files. To source map, you need to specify the "P" line command on a CSECT object in the various CPU reports. This displays the P04: DWARF Source Lines report. In the P04 report, you can use the "P" line command again on a source line object in order to display the P03: DWARF Source Program Attribution report.

You can also go directly to the P03 DWARF Source Program Attribution report (without going through the P04 report), by using the "P" line command on an object code address report line in the C03 report, or an attribution offset line in the W03 report.

The debug file is located within the CSECT for the compiled program. Application Performance Analyzer can extract the debug file name from the executable program during sampling. Therefore, you do not need to identify the debug file via the A01 panel for source mapping. However, Application Performance Analyzer can only extract information from an executable USS file if Application Performance Analyzer can locate the file during sampling. If the USS program is executed by using a relative path name, you must specify the directory in which the executable program can be found. You specify the directory in the Options panel (panel 2) when you create the request.

A01 - Source program mapping panel

Overview

This panel allows you to specify and manage associations between source program mapping (SPM) files and observation sessions. Application Performance Analyzer's SPM feature allows measured addresses to be mapped to their corresponding source program statements. You must identify SPM files for each of the observation sessions that use this feature. An SPM file can be sequential or a member in a partitioned data set.

It can be one of the following file types:

- A listing produced by the compiler (COBOL, C, OR C++)
- An ADATA (Associated Data) file produced by High Level Assembler
- A SYSDEBUG file (COBOL or PL/I)
- A side file member produced by the CAZLANGX utility
- A side file member produced by the IPVLANGO utility (for COBOL modules that have been optimized by the Automatic Binary Optimizer for z/OS product).

The SPM files can be retrieved from:

- A PDS(E) or sequential file
- A third party listing (if your installation has enabled support for this)

This panel consists of two sections:

- 1. An input area in which you can specify an SPM file name and type.
- 2. A report area in which existing SPM file associations are listed.

A sample Source Program Mapping panel is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
A01: Source Program Mapping (1972/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00058
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Enter the following information to specify a source mapping file to be
used in the analysis of this measurement information.
File type . . . . _ (L=listing, // .....

Data set name . . (Leave blank to search A04 dataset list)

Match on Compile Date & Time
                                (L=listing, A=ADATA, S=LANGX SideFile, D=SYSDEBUG)
Seqn ID-ReqNum Type/Status Lang Member
                                                        DSN
      FF21-00002 L-Inact
DEM0-00003 L-Inact
                     L-Inact
                                        CAZC0010
BKNC0120
0001
                                   ASM
                                                         BNPF.FF2100B.LISTINGS
                                                         BN00.TSTP.LISTINGS
USER1.TSTP.LISTINGS
0002
                                    ASM
      DEMO-00004 L-Inact
DEMO-00005 L-Inact
                                            CAZCOBO1 USER1.TSTP.LISTINGS
SAMCAZO3 USER2.CICS.LISTINGS
0003
                                    COB
                                   COB
```

Another sample Source Program Mapping panel is shown here. Support for third-party listings has been enabled.

File specification input area

In this area, you enter information about an SPM file to be associated with the current observation session. The fields are described below, but these might vary depending on your installation.

File type

Specify L for a compiler listing file, A for an assembler ADATA file, S for a LANGX SideFile, or D for a SYSDEBUG file.

Source information files are supported for the following language versions:

COBOL:

- PP 5740 OS/VS COBOL
- PP 5668-958 VS COBOL II
- PP 5688-197 COBOL for MVS/VM
- PP 5648-A25 COBOL for OS/390/VM
- PP 5655-G53 Enterprise COBOL V3
- PP 5655-S71 Enterprise COBOL V4
- PP 5655-W32 Enterprise COBOL V5
- PP 5655-EC6 IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS V6

PL/I:

- PP 5655-H31 Enterprise PL/I for z/OS v3 (LANGX side files only)
- PP 5655-W67 Enterprise PL/I for z/OS v4 (LANGX side files & SYSDEBUG)
- PP 5655-PL5 Enterprise PL/I for z/OS v5 (LANGX side files & SYSDEBUG)

C/C++:

• PP 5694-A01 z/OS C/C++ V1.20 and above

For complete information on compiler options, refer to "Required compiler options for creating listings or CAZLANGX side files" on page 743.

Repository

T for a third party repository, or O for any other type, such as a PDS or sequential data set.

Data set name

Specify the name of the sequential or partitioned data set containing the SPM file. Your TSO Prefix will be added as the first qualifier if you enter a name without quotes.

If this field is left blank, the A04 Source Map Dataset List is searched for the member name specified.

Member name

Include the member name if the data set is partitioned.

A member name is required for SYSDEBUG even if the file is being loaded from a sequential file.

Match on Compile Date and Time

Specify 'Y' for Yes if you want the compile date and time of the source to be matched to the date and time in the matching CSECT in the measurement data. This feature only works with LE compliant modules.

If you use this feature in conjunction with a blank dataset name, your A04 Source Mapping Dataset List is searched for a source module with a compile date and time matching the CSECT. If one is found, it will be loaded. If matching source members are found, but none have the correct date and time stamp, you are given a Pick List of datasets and you can choose to use one of these.

If you specify 'N' for No in conjunction with a blank dataset name, the first instance of a matching source member in your A04 Source Mapping Dataset List is loaded, regardless of its date and time.

The behavior of this setting applies only to non C/C++ Source Map datasets. For C/C++, the field is ignored. C/C++ source mapping always requires a date/time match.

List of existing SPM file associations

This section shows a scrollable list of existing associations between SPM files and observation sessions. These SPM associations are "private" to your own TSO userid and are recorded in your TSO profile. Each TSO user needs to set up his or her own SPM information.

Any entries for file associations applicable to the current observation session will appear at the top of the list. The value under the ID-ReqNum field will be displayed in red to indicate this.

Fields displayed in the File Association List are described here:

Seqn

This is simply the line number of the entry. Line commands can be entered to this field.

ID-ReqNum

This shows the observation session request number with which the SPM file is associated. The request number is prefixed by the Application Performance Analyzer identifier.

Type/Status

This indicates the type of SPM file and whether the mapping information has been "loaded" (available for use). "L" indicates a compiler listing file, "A" indicates an assembler ADATA file, "S" indicates a LANGX SideFile, and "D" indicates a SYSDEBUG file.

Lang

The source program language is shown here: ASM, C, C++, COB, or PLI.

Member

The member within a partitioned data set is shown here. This field is blank if the data set is non-partitioned.

DSN

The data set name of the SPM file is shown here.

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	Seqn	Display context help information.
++	Seqn	Show additional details.
С	Seqn	Copy this SPM file association to the current observation session.
D	Seqn	Delete this entry.
L	Seqn	Load this SPM file and bind it to the current observation session.
F	Seqn	Fill the input fields with the values for this SPM file association

A03 - Java source program mapping panel

Overview

This panel allows you to specify information needed by the Source Program Mapping (SPM) feature for Java programs.

During the measurement, the measurement task determines and records source file names for each of the Java classes in which execution is observed. However, the source file names are not fully qualified. Use this panel to specify sequences of file name prefixes that will be concatenated as high level qualifiers to the captured source program file names in order to form fully qualified HFS path names.

The A03 panel lets you save a set of file name prefixes in an ordered list. Each name in the list is assigned a search sequence ("SrchSeq"): 01, 02, 03, etc.

Note: It is helpful to think of the file name prefixes as directory names, and think of stored Java class source file names as files within these directories. Using this analogy, SPM tries to locate a Java class source file by searching each of these directories. It searches the directories in the sequence (01, 02, 03, etc.) indicated by the SrchSeq value.

You can store a default, global list of prefixes and you can store a list for a specific measurement. When attempting to resolve file names, SPM will search the directories specified for the particular measurement first, and then it will search the global list.

If you enable Application Performance Analyzer for jar file source mapping support, the directories specified in the A03 panel are searched for jar files when you attempt to find the Java class source file. If a standalone Java source file is not found in a directory, any jar files in that directory would be searched for a matching Java source file. The jar files must be encoded in UTF-8 format. If you add Java source encoded in EBCDIC to a jar file, the source would not be extracted in readable form. Jar support is provided primarily for applications that are developed on workstations, such as WebSphere applications. Contact your system programmer to verify whether jar file support is enabled.

The Java source program mapping panel consists of two sections:

1. An input area in which you specify a file name prefix to be added to a list, and an option specifying whether you are working with the global (default) list or the list for the current measurement.

2. A scrollable list of file name prefixes. The list you are working with (current measurement or default) appears at the top of the list.

A sample Java source program mapping panel is shown here:

File prefix specification input area

Specify either '/' or blank in the option field to indicate whether you want to work with the file prefix list for the current measurement or with the global (default) file prefix list.

To add a new file name prefix to the selected list, enter the prefix name in the two line input field. A prefix name can have up to 150 characters. The name will be added to the end of the ordered list, which means it will be assigned the highest SrchSeq value.

Detail lines

This area is scrollable. Each detail line displays a file name prefix, which are organized by ordered-list groups.

Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Seqn	A sequence number indicating the detail line's position in the entire scrollable list. This field accepts line commands. Enter "/" to display a line command menu for this field.	
ID-ReqNum	The name of the measurement task and the request number of the measurement to which the file prefix applies. A value of 00000 appears for the request number if the path name is part of the default list and applies globally.	
SrchSeqn	A value indicating the relative sequence in which the file prefix is applied. SrchSeq values for an ordered list begin with 01 and appear in sequence (01, 02, 03, etc.). The maximum value is 99.	
Path Name	The file path name prefix. Do not end this name with a forward slash (/) if your Java source is stored in jar files.	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to open a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To	Action	
?	Seqn	Display context help information.	
D	Seqn	Delete the entry.	
Н	Seqn	Move higher in search order.	
L	Seqn	Move lower in search order.	
S	Seqn	Copy path name to input field.	

Java report detail window

Once the Java source program mapping details have been entered in the A03 panel, the source can be viewed in the detail windows of the Java reports. Display the detail window by entering the "++" line command (or enter key) on the Java Line Number object in the Java report.

A sample Java report detail window with source mapping is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
      ------ The following report line was selected ------+
 → <u>00817</u> line # 817 0.33
 Package Name java/lang
 Class Name String
Method Signature charAt(int) char
 Source File Name /u/java/src/java/lang/String.java
 <u>LineNo</u> <u>Source Statement</u>
 00814
                          string.
 00815
 00816
           public char charAt(int index) {
              if ((index < 0) \mid | (index >= count)) {
 00817
 00818
                   throw new StringIndexOutOfBoundsException(index);
 00819
 00820
               return value[index + offset};
00821
 00822
 00823
 00824
             * Copies characters from this string into the destination char
 00825
             * array.
```

A04 - Source mapping dataset list

Overview

This panel allows you to specify a list of dataset names that Source Program Mapping (SPM) will use to search for a source program. The datasets will be searched in the specified order. The list is saved in the common data store, if enabled, otherwise it is saved in your ISPF profile. The list is searched when the 'P' line command is entered and when you do not specify a dataset name in the A01 Source Program Mapping panel.

A sample panel is shown here:

File View Navigate Help A04: Source Mapping Dataset L: Command ===>	ist (1068/TSTJ0B01)	Row 00001 of Scroll ===>	 00020 PAGE	
Specify up to 20 listing repos when the P line command is en	Specify up to 20 listing repository datasets. These will be searched when the P line command is entered or on the A01 panel when you leave the dataset name blank on a new entry.			
Match on Compile Date & Time	<u>Y</u>			
Seqn File Type Repository Date of the Da	ataset Name USR1.IDILANGX USR1.COBOL.LISTING USR1.TST.COBOL.DEBUG USR1.ADATA			

Match on Compile Date & Time description

The value entered here applies to all entries in the dataset list. Specify 'Y' for Yes if you want the compile date and time of the source to be matched to the date and time in the matching CSECT in the measurement data. Specify 'N' for No if you want the source to be loaded regardless of its date and time. For more details, refer to "Match on Compile Date and Time" on page 649.

Dataset list description

A scrollable list of up to 20 dataset names can be maintained here. Each row in the list consists of four parts: a sequence number, a file type, a repository and a dataset name field. These fields are described below.

Seqn

A sequence number indicating the detail line's position in the list. This field accepts line commands to Move, Insert, and Delete. To display a line command menu for this field, enter / .

File type

Specify L for a compiler listing file, A for an assembler ADATA file, S for a LANGX SideFile, or D for a SYSDEBUG file.

Repository

Specify T for a third party repository, or O for any other type.

Dataset name

The name of the dataset to be searched. This is an input field where you specify a fully qualified dataset name. The name must not be enclosed in quotes.

Commands to save and edit

This panel supports a limited set of ISPF Edit type line commands. The commands supported are listed below. (Block moves are not supported).

Ι

Insert

D Delete
M Move
A After

PF3 or the END command saves the list and terminates the dialog, but you must press Enter first to record any changes. The CANCEL command terminates the dialog without saving any changes.

A05 - Source mapping common list

Overview

This panel allows you to specify a common list of dataset names that Source Program Mapping (SPM) uses to search for a source program. This list is common to all users, and is searched in the specified order when the 'P' command is used, and a source match is not found in the user's personal dataset list as defined in their AO4: Source Mapping Dataset List panel. The list is saved in the common data store, and can be maintained by any user with AdministerProduct authorization. Users without AdministerProduct authorization can view the list, but update operations are disabled. For details on setting up AdministerProduct authorization, refer to Chapter 2 of the *Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS Customization Guide*.

When datasets in the common list are searched, the user's setting for 'Match on Compile Date & Time' as defined in their A04: Source Mapping Dataset List panel is used. By default, Application Performance Analyzer will not search for an exact match on compile date and time.

A sample panel is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
A05 - Source Mapping Common List (0002/TSTJOB)
                                                                 Row 00001 of 00050
                                                                  Scroll ===> CSR
Specify up to 50 listing repository datasets to be used as a common
list of datasets for all users when source mapping.
      File Type Repository Dataset Name
                               COMMON. COBOL. SOURCE
0001
0002
                                COMMON.PLI.IDILANGX
                     0
0003
                                COMMON.ADATA
0004
<u>0005</u>
0006
0007
0008
0009
0010
```

Dataset list description

A scrollable list of up to 50 dataset names can be maintained here. Each one in the list consists of four parts: a sequence number, a file type, a repository, and a dataset name field. These fields are described below.

Seqn

A sequence number indicating the detail line's position in the list. This field accepts line commands to Move, Insert, and Delete. To display a line command menu for this field, enter / .

File type

Specify L for a compiler listing file, A for an assembler ADATA file, S for a LANGX SideFile, or D for a SYSDEBUG file.

Repository

Specify T for a third party repository, or O for any other type.

Dataset name

The name of the dataset to be searched. This is an input field where you specify a fully qualified dataset name. The name must not be enclosed in quotes.

Commands to save and edit

This panel supports a limited set of ISPF Edit type line commands. The commands supported are listed below. (Block moves are not supported).

I Insert

D Delete

M Move

A After

PF3 or the END command saves the list and terminates the dialog, but you must press Enter first to record any changes. The CANCEL command terminates the dialog without saving any changes.

A011 - Source program mapping pick list

Overview

This dialog is displayed by the 'P' line command and the A01 Source Program Mapping panel. It is displayed when you have requested that your SPM dataset list be searched for a source member with a compile date/time match, but no date/time match can be found. A list of datasets containing members which match the SPM mapping request, but not the date and time, is presented in the Pick List.

From this list you can select (pick) an SPM dataset that you wish to use for source mapping purposes. After selecting an SPM dataset and pressing Enter, the selected SPM dataset and member will be loaded and bound to the current observation session. Also, when displayed from the A01 Source Program Mapping panel, a new row is added to the A01 SPM list reflecting this addition.

A sample pick list panel is shown here:

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
A011: Source Program Mapping Pick List (2399/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00002
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
 Member Name: LPFRAYVS
 Load Module: LPFRAYVS CSECT: LPFRAYVS
 Observed Compile Date and Time: n/a
                                                       Compile Date and Time
2006/01/30 07:09:05
Seqn Dataset Name 0001 USR1.TST.COB
       USR1.TST.COBOL.LISTING2
     USR1.TST.COBOL.LISTING5
USR1.TST.COBOL.LISTING7
0002
                                                       2006/01/30 11:16:09
                                                       2007/07/02 13:21:29
0003
0004 USR1.TST.COBOL.LISTINGE
                                                      2006/04/17 16:45:02
 No match found. Select a dataset from the list and press Enter, or press PF3 |
  to return to the previous panel without a selection. This Pick List is displayed because you specified a blank dataset name and 'Match on Compile
  Date \& Time', but no date and time matches were found for this member in
| your list of datasets.
```

Field descriptions

Member name

The source member name.

Load module

The load module name that matched the source member and the measurement.

CSECT

The CSECT name that matched the source member and the measurement.

Observed compile date and time

The date and time extracted from the LE entry point for the CSECT. This is only available for LE compliant modules.

Pick list description

This lower section of this panel is a scrollable list. Each row in the list consists of three fields: a sequence number, a dataset name, and compile date & time. These fields are described below.

The Select line command allows you to select the SPM dataset you want to use. When this dialog is displayed from the A01 Source Program Mapping panel, after selecting a dataset and pressing Enter, the selected dataset is loaded and added to your list of SPM file associations and you are returned to the A01 dialog. When this dialog is displayed from the 'P' line command, the source member from the selected dataset is loaded and after pressing Enter, you are returned to the report from which you entered the 'P' line command. You must then re-enter the 'P' line command to display in the P01: Source Program Attribution report. In either case, press PF3 to return without making a selection.

Seqn

A sequence number indicating the detail line's position in the entire scrollable list. This field accepts the 'S' (Select) line command.

Dataset name

The name of the SPM dataset containing the SPM data for the CSECT found in the current observation.

Compile Date and Time

The date and time when this SPM member was created (compiled).

P01 - Source program attribution

Overview

This report maps measured CPU activity to its corresponding source program statements. You use the "P" line command, on an eligible line command field, to launch this report. (See the individual Performance Analysis reports to determine which lines allow the "P" command.) Source statements from a single compile (or assembly) unit are shown. Depending on the selected SETUP options, all or part of the source program is shown. A count value is shown for statements in which CPU activity was measured; each count value indicates the number of times execution in the statement was observed. Optionally, depending on a SETUP option, the counts are also shown graphically.

This report also shows attribution of CPU usage measured in system modules referred back to the points of invocation in application modules ("Referred Attribution"). This referred attribution line is displayed directly under the source statement, and is displayed in pink.

A sample report is shown here with the graphics option turned off.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
P01: Source Program Attribution (0453/TSTJ0B01) Row 00001 of 00043
Command ===> ______ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
LineNo Offset Count Source Statement
000120
000121
000122 00034A
                             Open Input DataFile1
                9 <- CPU time attributed to above statement
000123
000124 00036C
                             If DataFile1-file-status-ok
000128
                             End-If
000129
000130 000388
                             Open Output DataFile2
               7 <- CPU time attributed to above statement</p>
000131
000132 0003A6
                             If DtaFile2-file-status-ok
000167
000168
000169 0004B0
                            Read DataFile1
000170
                               At End
000171 0004F4
                                   Set DataFile1-eof To True
000186 00050A
                             Move dataRecord to dataRecordCopy
000187
000188 000510
                             Perform until Char-Column > 80
000189
000190 000524
                                If dataChar(Char-Column) Not = Space
000193 00056C
                                   Move 1 to Word-Length(Word-Count)
000194
000195 000582
                                   Perform until dataChar(Char-Column) = Spac
000196
                                                 or Char-Column > 80
000197 0005AE
                                      Add 1 to Char-Column
000229 00066A
                                Move Word-Length(Word-Subscript1) to ws-Word-
000230
000231 000688 735
                                Perform until Word-Updated or
```

```
File View Navigate Help
P01: Source Program Attribution (0453/TSTJOB01) Row 00001 of 00043
Command ===> _____
                                                     _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
LineNo Offset Count Source Statement
000169 0004B0 2 Read DataFile1
000170
                              At End
000171 0004F4
                                   Set DataFile1-eof To True
000186 00050A
                             Move dataRecord to dataRecordCopy
000187
000188 000510
                              Perform until Char-Column > 80
000189
000190 000524
                                 If dtaChar(Char-Column) Not = Space
000193 00056C
                                    Move 1 to Word-Length (Word-Count)
000194
000195 000582
                                   Perform until dataChar(Char-Column) = Spac
000196
                                                 or Char-Column > 80
                                       Add 1 to Char-Column
000197 0005AE
000229 00066A
                                 Move Word-Length(Word-Subscript1) to ws-Word-
000230
000231 000688 735
                                 Perform until Word-Updated or
000232
                                              Word-Subscript2 > Total-Word-Co
000233
000235 0006D0
                                   Move Word-Length (Word-Subscript1) to ws-Wo
000236
000237 0006FF 49
                                   If All-Word-Value(Word-Subscript2) =
000238
                                       dataRecordCopy(ws-Word-Column:ws-Word-L
000239 000730
                                       Add 1 to All-Word-Count(Word-Subscript2
000249 00079E
                                    Move Total-Word-Count to Word-Subscript2
                                   Move 1 to All-Word-Count(Word-Subscript2)
000250 0007A8
000251 0007C2 15
                                   Move dataRecordCopy(ws-Word-Column:ws-Word
000252
                                        to All-Word-Value(Word-Subscript2)
000253
```

Code segments

The reported CPU activity depends on the item upon which the "P" line command was entered to launch this report. Only the CPU activity which was aggregated to quantify that item is included in the source

mapping report. If, for example, this report was launched from an item on the CPU Usage by Code Slice report, then only activity for the range of addresses in the selected "slice" is reflected in the source statement counts. Statements outside such a selected address range are displayed in blue, while those within the range appear in green.

Detail line descriptions

LineNo

This field displays a 6 digit sequence number corresponding to the source statement line position. The sequence values begin at 000001 and increase by 1 for each statement. Gaps in the sequence occur if SETUP options are chosen resulting in some statements being omitted from the report. This field is also an input field and accepts line commands.

Offset

This field contains the hexadecimal offset of the object code associated with the source statement. The offset is relative to the beginning of the CSECT (Control Section). Blanks are shown here if there is no object code address associated with the statement (comments, continuations, non-procedural statements, etc.).

Count

The number of times execution was observed at the statement is shown here, or blank if no execution was measured. The maximum value is 9999. Values exceeding 9999 are shown as 9999+.

Source statement

The source program statement is shown here. For an assembler program, you can select a SETUP option to choose whether to show only the 80 byte source statement or to show the full assembly listing format (including offset, object code etc.)

Header information

A SETUP option can be selected to display information about the mapped program in the heading section of each page. This information includes: load module name, load library name, CSECT name, source mapping file name, compile date/time, and code segment address range (when applicable). It is usually preferable to turn off this option as it occupies several lines at the top of the screen.

SETUP options

Enter the SETUP primary command to select options for this report. The following pop-up window will be displayed:

```
File View Navigate Help
Ρ
    Options for Source Program Mapping
                                                                                   001 of 00068
С
                                                                                   11 ===> CSR
    Nbr of adjacent lines to display . . . . \underline{\phantom{a}} This specifies the number of statements
L
          without measured activity to be displayed
0
          before/after lines with activity.
0
    Enter "/" to select an option
         Display ALL statements of the source program.
         (otherwise only those at or near statements
0
0
          with measured_activity are displayed.)
0
          Include assembler object code.
     Show statement count graphically
         Show detailed information in heading.
0
         Show C/C++ pseudo-assembly.
0
         Display values as a percent.
0
         (Not applicable to all reports)
                                                                                   pace
```

Number of adjacent lines to display

Use this parameter to control how many adjacent source lines you would like to see on either side on a source line with activity. This is used to give context to the active source lines displayed. This parameter is ignored if you turn on the Display ALL statements option.

Display ALL statements

Choose this option if you would like to see the entire source program. Otherwise, only source statements with activity, or statements adjacent to statements with activity are included.

Include assembler object code

Use this option to choose whether to show only the 80 byte source statement or to show the full assembly listing format (including offset, object code etc.). This is for Assembler programs only.

Show statement count graphically

This option will cause a graph to be displayed on top of the source statements, indicating how much activity each active source statement has.

Show detailed information in heading

This option will cause detailed information about the source program to be displayed. This includes the load module, name of library it was loaded from, the CSECT, the source mapping file name, compiler name, and compile date and time.

Show C/C++ pseudo assembly

This option will cause pseudo-assembly for C/C++ programs to be displayed.

Display values as a percent

This option will cause the values for the source statement to be displayed as a percentage (instead of a count). This is only applicable when you are source mapping from a report which slows percentages.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a pop-up window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
Source Statement Information
            Perform until Char-Column > 80
  CSECT Name: COB01
  Offset: 000510
Object Code Size: 20 byte:
Activity Count: 8 times
                            000510
                            20 bytes
Module Information for COB01
  Load Address
                        08B00B38 to 08B01FFF
  Module Size
Attributes
                        5,320
                        REUS, NORENT, APFLIB
  Module Loation
                        JPA
  Loadlib DDNAME
                        STEPLIB
                        BNPF.UTIL.LOADLIB
  Load Library
ESD Information for COB01
   External Offset Length Start Addr End Addr
COB01 000000 4152 08B00B38 08B01B6F
IGZEBST 001038 1168 09B01B70 08B01FFF
```

P03 - DWARF Source Program Attribution

Overview

The P03 report is used for source mapping DWARF programs. It requires the programs to have debug files in the ELF/DWARF format associated with them.

This report maps measured CPU or Wait activity to its corresponding source program statements. Use the "P" line command, on an eligible line command field (see below), to launch this report. Source statements from a single compile unit are shown. A count or percent value is shown for the statement selected in which CPU activity was measured; the count value indicates the number of times execution of the statement was observed. A percent value shows the percent as calculated on the report. Optionally, depending on a SETUP option, the counts are also shown graphically.

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>F</u>ile <u>V</u>iew <u>N</u>avigate <u>H</u>elp
PO3: DWARF Source Program Attribution (0539/JVMTST01) Row 00028 of 00047
<u>LineNo Count Source Statement</u>
                                  l = i + m;
printf(" a[I]=%d a[L]=%d
000028
000029
000030
                                  if (a[i-1] <= a[1-1]) {
         120
000031
000032
                                       i = 0;
                                   } else {
000033
                                       t = a[i-1];
a[i-1] = a[l-1];
000034
<u>000035</u>
                                       a[1-1] = t;
000036
000037
                                       i = i - m;
000038
000039
000040
000041
                             j += 1;
                        3
000042
000043
                        m = m >> 1;
000044
                   printf(" iterations=%d swaps=%d
000045
000046
```

Eligible line commands

The P03 report can be launched with a "P" line command from one of the following:

- A DWARF Source Line in the P04: DWARF Source Lines report
- An object code address report line in the C03 report
- An attribution offset line in the W03 report

Detail line descriptions

Table 8. Detail Line Descriptions		
Under Heading	This is Displayed	
LineNo	This field displays a 6 digit sequence number corresponding to the source statement line position.	
Count	The number of times execution was observed at the statement is shown here. The maximum value is 9999. Values exceeding 9999 are shown as 9999+.	
Prcnt	If the percent option has been selected in the SETUP for source mapping, the values for the statement are displayed as a percentage. This percentage is the same as percent shown on the report for that line item.	
Source Statement	The source program statement is shown here.	

Header information

A SETUP option can be selected to display information about the mapped program in the heading section of each page.

Table 9. Mapped Program Header Information		
Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Debug file	This is the absolute path name of the DWARF debug file that was generated by the compiler for the selected CSECT (Control Section).	
Debug file date	This is the current file modification date and time of the DWARF debug file. A zero value indicates that the date is unknown.	
Compile date	This is the date and time that the CSECT was compiled, as recorded in the executable program If the current file modification date and time of th debug file differs from the compile date and time by more than 1 minute, a warning is displayed.	
Source file name	This is the absolute path name of the source file that contains the requested source statement line.	
Source file date	This is the current file modification date and time of the source file. A zero value indicates that the date is unknown.	

Table 9. Mapped Program Header Information (continued)		
Under Heading This is Displayed		
Source compile date	This is the date and time that the source file was compiled, as recorded in the DWARF debug file. If the current file modification date and time of the source file is not the same as the compile date and time, a warning is displayed. A zero value indicates that the date is unknown.	

SETUP options

The following SETUP options can be selected with the SETUP primary command:

Show statement count graphically

This option will cause a graph to be displayed on top of the source statements, indicating how much activity each active source statement has.

Show detailed information in heading

This option will show the following additional header fields: Debug file, Debug file date, Compile date, Source file name, Source file date, and Source compile date.

Display values as a percent

This option will cause the values for the source statement to be displayed as a percentage (instead of a count). Not applicable to all reports.

P04 - DWARF Source Lines

Overview

The P04 report is used for mapping source lines in DWARF programs. It requires the programs to have debug files in the ELF/DWARF format associated with them.

This report maps measured CPU or Wait activity to specific source lines within a CSECT. Use the "P" line command, on an eligible line command field, to launch this report. Source statements from a single compile unit are shown. A percent value is shown for source statements in which CPU activity was measured. A "P" command can be entered on the LineNo field to see the source for that line.

A sample report is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
P04: DWARF Source Lines (0539/JVMTST01) Row 00001 of 00017
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Debug file name /u/aif04/xcs5d.dbg
Debug file date 2007-11-12 15:13:11
Compile date 2007-11-12 15:13:10
12.77=====
\frac{000031}{000027}
                      6.60 ====
                     4.89 ==
000035
             1
             1
                     4.57 ==
4.36 ==
4.36 ==
000034
000028
                4.36 ==
3.19 ==
2.55 =
2.44 =
2.34 =
2.02 =
1.91 =
1.70 =
1.38 =
0.63
0.53
000036
             1
1
1
1
1
1
1
1
000040
000025
000030
000033
000041
000038
000037
000039
000032
             1
1
000026
000042
```

Detail line descriptions

Table 10. DWARF Source Detail Line Descriptions		
Under Heading This is Displayed		
LineNo	This field displays a 6 digit sequence number corresponding to the source statement line number.	
Fileno	This field contains the file number for the source module within the CSECT (Control Section).	
Percent of CPU Time	Displays the percent of CPU active samples on this line number out of the total number of CPU active samples taken.	

Header information

Table 11. DWARF Source Header Information		
Under Heading	This is Displayed	
Debug file	This is the absolute path name of the DWARF debug file that was generated by the compiler for the selected CSECT (Control Section).	
Debug file date	This is the current file modification date and time of the DWARF debug file. A zero value indicates that the date is unknown.	
Compile date	This is the date and time that the CSECT was compiled, as recorded in the executable program. If the current file modification date and time of the debug file differs from the compile date and time by more than 1 minute, a warning is displayed.	

Line commands

The line commands available in this report, and the objects and headings to which they apply, are summarized below. (You can enter a "/" on any input field to popup a menu of line commands available for that field.)

on objects

Cmd	When Applied To Object	Action
?	LineNo	Display context help information.
++	LineNo	Show additional details.
Р	LineNo	Display source program mapping.

on headings

Cmd	When Applied To Heading	Action
?	LineNo	Display context help information.
SV	LineNo	Sort next level by value.

Detail window

You can enter "++" (or the Enter key) on any line to display a popup window containing additional information.

A sample detail window for this report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
+----- The following report line was selected -----+
| 000031 7 12.77 ===== |
Calculation Details
   CPU measurements
                                    120
                                     .P000014
   In the csect
   File Number
   Line Number
                                    31
                                    939
   Total CPU measurements
   Percent of total
                                    12.77%
000031
                 if (a[i-1] <= a[1-1]) {
```

Chapter 14. Printing reports and creating XML or JSON documents

This section explains how to produce Application Performance Analyzer performance analysis reports suitable for printing, or in XML or JSON document format suitable for further processing. You generate a printable report or an XML or JSON document, in batch, by submitting JCL. In most situations, you can use Application Performance Analyzer's ISPF-based report request facility which will generate and submit the JCL for you. This facility is discussed in the first two sections of this chapter. The remaining sections explain the JCL and control statements; these sections are of interest only if you intend to prepare the JCL and control statements manually.

For information about	See
The available options, and overall capabilities of the report printing facility	"About Application Performance Analyzer's report printing and XML or JSON document feature" on page 665
Using Application Performance Analyzer's ISPF- based report request facility	"Using the ISPF report request facility" on page 666
How to prepare JCL to produce reports	"Preparing JCL to print reports or create XML or JSON documents" on page 670
Control statements to specify report options	"Specifying control statements" on page 673
Producing, viewing and printing high-quality reports in PDF format	"Reports in PDF format" on page 676
Processing and transferring report data contained in XML document files	"Reports in XML document format" on page 677
Processing and transferring report data contained in JSON document files	"Reports in JSON document format" on page 677
The sections that you can include in a performance analysis report and how to specify them in SECTION control statements	"Report SECTION descriptions" on page 677

About Application Performance Analyzer's report printing and XML or JSON document feature

Most of the Application Performance Analyzer's interactive performance analysis reports are available in a format suitable for printing or in XML or JSON document format suitable for further processing. Application Performance Analyzer allows you to generate reports and XML or JSON documents by submitting JCL that executes the program CAZPRINT. You can use Application Performance Analyzer's ISPF-based report request facility to build the necessary JCL and CAZPRINT control statements. Alternatively, you can manually prepare and submit your own JCL. CAZPRINT can produce report output in three different formats:

Line printer

The traditional FBA 121 character-per-line SYSOUT format.

PDF

Adobe Portable Document Format.

XML

Extensible Markup Language document format.

JavaScript Object Notation.

Line printer format

You would typically route line printer format as a JES SYSOUT file. You produce this by specifying a PRINT control statement. You specify a DD name in the PRINT statement and supply a DD statement for that name. This is the most direct (and convenient) way of producing report output, but formatting is constrained by inherent line printer device limitations.

PDF format

PDF is the preferable format because it offers high quality printed output as well as advanced viewing capabilities. You produce a PDF file by specifying a CONVERT control statement. You specify a DD name in the CONVERT statement and supply a DD statement for that name which defines the output file. You then need to transfer the file to a PC platform on which you can view and print the report.

XML or JSON document format

XML document format

When you wish to further process the report data, you can produce an XML document file. You produce an XML document file by specifying a CONVERT control statement. You specify a DD name in the CONVERT statement and supply a DD statement for that name which defines the XML document file. You may browse, edit or further process the XML document on the mainframe, or transfer it to another platform. XML documents are produced in the English language only.

JSON document format

When you wish to further process the report data, you can produce a JSON document file. You produce a JSON document file by specifying a CONVERT control statement. You specify a DD name in the CONVERT statement and supply a DD statement for that name which defines the JSON document file. You may browse, edit or further process the JSON document on the mainframe, or transfer it to another platform. JSON documents are produced in the English language only.

Report sections

A single performance analysis report is comprised of a number of report Sections. A report section typically has a counterpart report in the ISPF reporting environment. For example, *CO1: CPU Analysis by Category* is implemented as a single report in the ISPF environment and can be included as one section of a printed report. The same 3- character identifiers used to denote ISPF reports are used to denote report sections. You specify that a report section is to be included by supplying a SECTION control statement.

Using the ISPF report request facility

To request a batch performance analysis report or XML or JSON document using Application Performance Analyzer's ISPF facility, select an observation session item in the usual way – enter the "R" line command on the observation session list screen. Then, from the report selection menu, select A02.

A screen will then be displayed listing the available report sections that you can select to be included in the report or XML/JSON document.

An example of the A02 dialog is shown here.

```
<u>File View Navigate Help</u>
A02: Request Printed Reports (00739/TSTJ0B01)
                                                      Row 00001 of 00036
Command ===> _____
                                                                 _____ Scroll ===> <u>CSR</u>
Enter / to include a section in the report or file, blank to exclude
the section, S to include the section and set formatting options.
Enter / to select all/category sections, D to deselect. Use UP/DOWN (PF7/PF8) to scroll the list of report sections. After entering your
selections, press ENTER to generate the JCL.
    Select
                 Report Section
                 ALL Available Reports
                 ALL Statistics/Storage Reports
                 S01 Measurement Profile
                 S02 Load Module Attributes
                 S03 Load Module Summary
                 S04 TCB Summary
                 S05 Memory Usage Timeline
S06 Data Space Usage Timeline
                 S07 TCB Execution Summary
                 S08 Processor Utilization Summary
                 S09 Measurement Analysis
                 S10 Observation Session Messages
                 ALL CPU Usage Analysis Reports
CO1 CPU Usage by Category
                 CO2 CPU Usage by Module
                 CO3 CPU Usage by Code Slice
CO4 CPU Usage Timeline
                 CO5 CPU Usage Task/Category
```

You simply make your selections, press ENTER, and Application Performance Analyzer will build and submit the JCL. The selectable report sections—as illustrated above—include only those applicable to the selected measurement file. Db2 report sections, for example, will not appear as available selections if no Db2 data exists in the measurement file. By default, all the applicable reports are selected. However, if you prefer to have the previous selections "remembered", you can request this using the SETUP primary command while you are in this panel.

Specifying formatting options

You can modify the format of some report sections by specifying formatting options. To do so, select the report section with the "S" line command instead of a slash (/) character. A pop-up window will appear in which you can modify the current option values.

If you enter more than one "S" line command, the formatting option pop-up window for only the first one encountered will appear; you should enter "S" line commands one at a time. The following illustrates the formatting options pop-up window, which will appear if you enter the "S" line command on the CO1: CPU Usage by Category report section.

```
File View Navigate Help
A02: Report Parameters (01611/QAMQBGET)
                                                            Scroll ===> PAGE
Command ===>
                                                               More:
              Number of levels (1 to 9) of report line
              hierarchical expansion.
VALUE
              Report sort sequence: NAME or VALUE
              / to categorize modules by "Group". Unselect to categorize by "SubGroup"
0.00
              Minimum percentage of CPU activity measured
              for which an item is to be included in the
              report.
                to show DB2SQL category. Unselect to omit
              DB2SQL
               / to show DATAMG category. Unselect to omit
              DATAMG
               / to show IMSDLI category. Unselect to omit
               / to show ADABAS category. Unselect to omit
              ADABAS
              / to report description fields on more than
              one line. Unselect to report on a single line
              with truncation.
```

Modify the values and press the ENTER key and you will be returned to the report section selection dialog.

Application Performance Analyzer will "remember" the option values you specify. These will become your new default values and will be used for future printed report requests.

The JCL submission/EDIT dialog

Pressing ENTER to the report section selection dialog will take you to the JCL submission dialog – if you did not modify any input fields prior to pressing ENTER. The report section selection dialog will continue to display until you have pressed ENTER without having modified any input fields.

The JCL submission dialog is illustrated below. Pressing the ENTER key will cause the generated JCL to be submitted directly, or will launch EDIT for the generated JCL member. This dialog is illustrated here.

```
File View Navigate Help
A02: Report JCL Submission (00739/TSTJ0B01)
Command ===> _____ Scroll ===> CSR
                                                             More: +
Specify the following and press ENTER to either SUBMIT the JCL or to
launch EDIT for the generated JCL.
Enter "/" to select options
/ produce PDF (Portable Document Format) file
/ generate JES-managed report file (SYSOUT=*)
_ produce XML (Extensible Markup Language) file
_ produce JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) file
/ EDIT the generated JCL member, otherwise SUBMIT
Job Statement - edit if necessary
==> //USER1P___JOB_(), 'CAZRPT01', CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=T, NOTIFY=&SYSUID
==> //*_____
==> //*_
==> //*___
PDF File DSN (if applicable)
==> 'USER1.PDF'
XML File DSN (if applicable)
==> 'USER1.XML'
JSON File DSN (if applicable)
==> 'USER1.JSON'
Location where generated JCL is to be saved JCL Library ==> 'USER1.JCL'
JCL Member ==> CAZRPT1
```

Input to the JCL submission/EDIT dialog

Produce PDF file

Enter a slash (/) to select this option or a space to deselect it. CAZPRINT will write a file in downloadable PDF (Portable Document Format) file.

Generate JES-managed report file

Enter a slash (/) to select this option or a space to deselect it. CAZPRINT will write a standard SYSOUT format report file.

Produce XML file

Enter a slash (/) to select this option or a space to deselect it. CAZPRINT will write a file in XML (Extensible Markup Language) document format. This option cannot be selected when any one of the PDF file, JES-managed report file, or the JSON document file options are selected.

Produce JSON file

Enter a slash (/) to select this option or a space to deselect it. CAZPRINT will write a file in JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) document format. This option cannot be selected when any one of the PDF file, JES-managed report file, or the XML document file options are selected.

EDIT the generated JCL

Enter a slash (/) if you want EDIT to be launched for the generated JCL member when you press the ENTER key. Blank in this field will cause the JCL to be SUBMITted immediately when you press the ENTER key.

Job Statement

The generated JOB statement is shown. You can modify the statement to suit your preferences or to comply with your installation. Be aware, however, that no validation is done on your input; an input error can cause a JCL error when the job is submitted.

This JOB statement can be customized for your installation. For more information, see "Customizing CAZJCLCM for your installation" in the *Application Performance Analyzer Customization Guide*.

PDF File DSN

If you have specified that a PDF file is to be written, you must specify the DSN of the file in this field. The file must be a sequential dataset with fixed length 80 byte records. If the file is not pre-allocated and cataloged, Application Performance Analyzer allocates and catalogs it.

XML File DSN

If you have specified that an XML document file is to be written, you must specify the DSN of the file in this field. The file must be a sequential dataset with fixed or variable length 255 byte records. If the file is not pre-allocated and cataloged, Application Performance Analyzer allocates and catalogs it.

JSON File DSN

If you have specified that a JSON document file is to be written, you must specify the DSN of the file in this field. The file must be a sequential dataset with fixed or variable length 255 byte records. If the file is not pre-allocated and cataloged, Application Performance Analyzer allocates and catalogs it.

JCL Library

Enter the DSN of a JCL library. This a partitioned data set in which the generated JCL member will be stored before it is submitted (or EDITed). If the dataset is not pre-allocated and pre-cataloged, Application Performance Analyzer allocates and catalogs it.

JCL Member

Enter the name of the JCL member here. If the member does not exist, Application Performance Analyzer creates it.

Source program mapping

The report section selection dialog displays one selectable line for the P01 Source Program Attribution report section for each applicable program. However, you must first load the source mapping data. For details on loading source mapping data, refer to Chapter 13, "Source program mapping," on page 645. Each P01 selection line displays the name of the source mapped program.

Preparing JCL to print reports or create XML or JSON documents

You have the option of manually preparing and submitting your own report JCL. The ISPF report request facility will meet most requirements, but by preparing your own JCL and control statements you can use the full formatting flexibility of the CAZPRINT program.

The following CAZPRINT capabilities that are not available directly by using the ISPF report request facility are available if you prepare your own JCL and control statements:

- Include multiple instances of the same report section in a single report. For example, you can include
 two instances of CO1: CPU Usage by Category in your report. Having multiple instances allows you to
 sort reports using more than one category. For example, one can be sorted by VALUE (most intense CPU
 activity at the top) and another sorted by program NAME.
- Include report sections from different measurement files in a single report.
- Customize the sequence in which report sections appear in the report.

The following illustrates an example of JCL and control statements to produce a performance analysis report:

```
//CAZRPT01 JOB (job parameters)
//STEP1
            EXEC PGM=CAZPRINT
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=hlq.SCAZAUTH
//SFILED DD DISP=SHR,DSN=measurement.file.name
//CAZLOG DD SYSOUT=*
//PDFFILE DD DISP=SHR,DSN=any.file
               SYSOUT=*
DISP=SHR,DSN=any.file
//* Instream control statements.
//*
//CAZCTL
          DD
 PROFILE 01 Input=SFILE01
   SECTION S01 Profile=01
   SECTION S02 Profile=01
   SECTION S03 Profile=01
   SECTION S04 Profile=01
   SECTION S05 Profile=01
   SECTION S06 Profile=01
   SECTION S07 Profile=01
   SECTION CO1 Profile=01
   SECTION CO2 Profile=01
   SECTION CO3 Profile=01
   SECTION CO4 Profile=01
   SECTION CO5 Profile=01
   SECTION W01 Profile=01
   SECTION D01 Profile=01
   SECTION D02 Profile=01
   SECTION DO3 Profile=01
   SECTION D04 Profile=01
 CONVERT Format=PDF DDNAME=PDFFILE
PRINT DDNAME=PRINT1
/*
```

The above illustrates JCL and control statements that produce output in both line printer format and in PDF format. A brief explanation of the JCL statements is presented below. Detailed descriptions of each of the DD statements are then presented later in this section. For detailed descriptions of the control statements (ddname CAZCTL) see, "Specifying control statements" on page 673.

STEPLIB

The load library containing Application Performance Analyzer components. This can be omitted if Application Performance Analyzer is installed in a linklist library.

SFILE01

The measurement file.

CAZLOG

Output file for error and informational message.

PRINT1

Output file for the line printer report.

PDFFILE

Output file for the PDF report.

CAZCTL

Control statements.

The input measurement file

You must provide a DD statement for the file (the "sample file") containing the Application Performance Analyzer measurement data. You can choose any DD name for this file; the DD name is referred to in a PROFILE control statement. The DSN of the measurement file can be determined by displaying the

ISPF report S01: Session Statistics or by entering the "++" line command to the item in the Observation Session List ISPF dialog.

Multiple measurement files

Typically you will produce a report to analyze data from a single measurement file. Application Performance Analyzer also allows you to produce multiple reports in a single job step. You can even include report sections from separate measurement files in a single report. In either event, you need to specify a separate DD statement and a separate PROFILE control statement for each measurement file.

The CAZLOG log file

You must supply a DD statement for DD name CAZLOG. Application Performance Analyzer reports any errors or informational messages to this file. Typically, you will route this as a JES file.

The report output file

If you include a PRINT control statement to produce a line printer format report, you must also supply a DD statement for this output. Typically you will specify a JES output file. If you prefer to write this to a permanent file, specify a FB or FBA file with LRECL=121. If your job step is to produce multiple line printer reports, you must supply a DD statement (and a corresponding PRINT statement) for each one.

The PDF output file

If you include a CONVERT control statement to produce a report in PDF format, you must also supply a DD statement for this file. This must be a FB, LRECL=80 file. If your job step is to produce multiple PDF reports, you must supply a DD statement (and a corresponding CONVERT statement) for each report.

Downloading and viewing a PDF file

In order to view or print a PDF file you must perform a file transfer operation to download the file to a PC. When downloading (using IND\$FILE or FTP) be sure to download in binary. Do not specify ASCII translation or CRLF. Once you have download the file you can use any version of the Adobe PDF Viewer (Acrobat) program capable of displaying PDF version 1.3.

The XML or JSON document file

The XML document file

If you include a CONVERT control statement to produce a report in XML document format, you must also supply a DD statement for this file. This must be a FB or VB, LRECL=255 file.

If your job step is to produce multiple XML document files, you must supply a DD statement (and corresponding CONVERT statement) for each document file.

Application Performance Analyzer creates a version 1.0 self-contained XML document using EBCDIC encoding (ebcdic-cp-us/Cp037). See <u>Appendix C, "XML or JSON document layout," on page 747</u> for a complete description of the XML document.

The JSON document file

If you include a CONVERT control statement to produce a report in JSON document format, you must also supply a DD statement for this file. This must be a FB or VB, LRECL=255 file.

If your job step is to produce multiple JSON document files, you must supply a DD statement (and corresponding CONVERT statement) for each document file.

Application Performance Analyzer creates a version 1.0 self-contained XML document using EBCDIC encoding (ebcdic-cp-us/Cp037). See <u>Appendix C, "XML or JSON document layout," on page 747</u> for a complete description of the XML document.

Processing and transferring an XML or JSON document file

Processing and transferring an XML document file

The XML document file containing the report data can be browsed or edited on the mainframe, or transferred to another platform for further processing. When transferring to another platform, appropriate character set translation may be required; including carriage return and line feed characters.

Processing and transferring a JSON document file

The JSON document file containing the report data can be browsed or edited on the mainframe, or transferred to another platform for further processing. When transferring to another platform, appropriate character set translation may be required; including carriage return and line feed characters.

Specifying control statements

The CAZCTL DD statement specifies a file containing a sequence of control statements. These control statements can be included as instream data or the DD statement can allocate a SYSIN-type member. The DD statement and the control statements are mandatory.

General syntax rules

The syntax rules for control records are as follows:

- An asterisk (*) in column 1 indicates a comment record.
- Double slashes (//) and any characters to the right are ignored. This can be used to include comment text to the right of the statement text.
- Data in columns 73 to 80 is ignored.
- A statement consists of a verb followed by positional and keyword parameters. The allowable verbs are: PROFILE, SECTION, MAP, CONVERT, PRINT, and DESC. If there are positional parameters, they must be coded before any keyword parameters.
- The verb and the positional and keyword parameters must be separated from each other by a comma and/or at least one space.
- A value containing embedded spaces must be enclosed in quotes.
- A statement can span multiple records, but a single parameter expression must be on a single record.
- Unless otherwise noted, commands are not case sensitive.

The PROFILE statement

The PROFILE statement specifies a measurement file. The format of the PROFILE statement is shown here:

PROFILE nn INPUT=ddn|INPUTDSN=dsn

The PROFILE statement requires two parameters. The first mandatory parameter is positional and specifies a numeric value from 01 to 99. This effectively labels the PROFILE statement. There is a special case where multiple PROFILE statements with the same numeric label are specified. This is for Variance reporting and is described below.

In most cases, you will only specify one PROFILE statement and this value will be 01. Specify multiple PROFILE statements if you want to report on input from more than one measurement file in a single CAZPRINT step (or print a Variance report as described below). When you specify more than one PROFILE statement, each must specify a unique value in this parameter.

You must also code either the INPUT or INPUTDSN keyword parameter. The INPUT keyword parameter specifies the DD name of the input measurement file. There must be a corresponding DD statement in the

JCL. The INPUTDSN keyword parameter specifies the dataset name of the input measurement file. In this case, it is not necessary to include a corresponding DD statement in the JCL.

TYPE keyword for Variance report

To print a Variance report, you need to specify the Tagged measurement files as well as the base measurement file to which they are to be compared. In this case, additional PROFILE statements with the same numeric label are coded, and a TYPE=TAGGED keyword is added. Up to 20 PROFILE statements with TYPE=TAGGED are permitted. An example of two PROFILE statements for Variance reporting is shown below:

```
PROFILE 01 INPUT=SFILE02 TYPE=TAGGED
PROFILE 01 INPUT=SFILE01
```

There must be corresponding DDNAMEs for the two PROFILE INPUT keywords.

TYPE keyword for WebSphere servant region observations

To print WebSphere servant region observation reports, you must specify the WAS servant region measurement file and the WAS control region measurement file. In this case, additional PROFILE statements with the same numeric label are coded, and a TYPE=(TAGGED,WASS) keyword is added to the WAS servant region measurement file PROFILE statement.

Here is an example of two PROFILE statements for WebSphere servant region measurement reporting:

```
PROFILE 01 INPUT=SFILE01,TYPE=(TAGGED,WASS)
PROFILE 01 INPUT=SFILE02
```

There must be corresponding DDNAMEs for the two PROFILE INPUT keywords.

The MAP statement

The MAP statement specifies source program mapping information. This statement is required if you want the report to include mapping of addresses to application source statements, with the exception of COBOL v5 DWARF. The MAP statement is not required for COBOL v5 DWARF source mapping.

An example of a MAP statement is shown here:

```
MAP TYPE=L FILE=TEST1.PGM.LISTINGS MEMBER=COBTEST1 PROFILE=01
```

MAP statements are optional and must be placed after their corresponding PROFILE statement(s) and before PRINT or CONVERT statements. Each MAP statement specifies a file that contains information enabling Application Performance Analyzer to map sampled addresses to source program statements.

MAP statement parameters

TYPE

This keyword parameter is mandatory and specifies the type of source mapping input data. You must specify one of the following values:

- To specify that the input file is a compiler listing.
- **S**To specify that the input file is a LANGX SideFile.
- A

 To specify that the input file is an assembler ADATA file.
- **D**To specify that the input file is a SYSDEBUG file.

FILE

This keyword parameter is mandatory and specifies the data set name of the file containing source mapping information.

MEMBER

This keyword parameter is optional and specifies the member name of the file. You must include the MEMBER parameter if the FILE parameter specifies a partitioned data set.

PROFILE

This keyword parameter is optional. Specify the profile number here – a numeric value between 01 and 99. The value must match a value specified in the first parameter of a PROFILE statement. If omitted, a value of 01 is assumed.

The SECTION statement

The SECTION statement specifies a section to be included in the report. At least one SECTION statement is required. SECTION statements must be placed after their corresponding PROFILE statement(s) and before PRINT or CONVERT statements. An example of a SECTION statement is shown here:

SECTION CO1 PROFILE=01 Levels=9 Minimum=2.5 MLD=Y

The above example specifies that the C01 section (CPU Analysis by Category) be included in the report. PROFILE=01 refers to the PROFILE statement that specifies the measurement file from which the report section is to be produced.

Each SECTION statement can specify common parameters (those that apply to all report sections) and section-specific parameters (those that apply to specific section types). The common parameters are described here. Descriptions of the section-specific parameters are presented in <u>"Report SECTION"</u> descriptions" on page 677.

SECTION statement common parameters

Section code

This is the first (and only) positional parameter and is mandatory. It specifies a code identifying the type of report section. It is always 3 characters in length. The first character is alphabetic and the second and third characters are numeric.

PROFILE

This keyword parameter is optional. Specify the profile number here – a numeric value between 01 and 99. The value must match a value specified in the first parameter of a PROFILE statement. If omitted, a value of 01 is assumed. By referring to a PROFILE statement, this parameter specifies the measurement file from which the report section is to be built.

The PRINT statement

The PRINT statement tells CAZPRINT to write the report in conventional line printer format – a sequential file with ANSI carriage control characters. The report will contain each of the sections specified in SECTION statements. The sections are arranged in the report in the same sequence in which the SECTION statements appeared.

An example of a PRINT statement is shown here:

PRINT DDNAME=PRINT1 MLD=N

PRINT statement parameters

DDNAME

The DDNAME keyword parameter is mandatory. This specifies the DD name for the report output. A corresponding DD statement must be provided in the JCL.

LANG

The LANG keyword parameter is optional. If omitted it defaults to ENU to indicate the reports are to be created in the English language. Other acceptable values are JPN for Japanese and KOR for Korean.

MLD

The MLD keyword parameter is optional, if omitted it defaults to Y. This specifies whether or not Multi-Line Descriptions should be printed (Y=Yes, N=No). This is similar to the PREF option in Application Performance Analyzer ISPF: "Show long descriptions on multiple lines," and when generating JCL with Application Performance Analyzer ISPF, the PREF setting will be used to set MLD.

The CONVERT statement

A CONVERT statement can be specified instead of or in addition to a PRINT statement. Like PRINT, CONVERT tells CAZPRINT to write the report and specifies the output destination. Instead of writing the report in conventional line printer format, the CONVERT statement creates a report file in an alternate format; either PDF, XML, or or JSON. When XML or JSON is specified, a PRINT statement cannot be included in the job step. You cannot include a CONVERT statement for PDF and a CONVERT statement for XML or JSON in the same job step.

Two examples of CONVERT statements are shown here.

CONVERT DDNAME=PDF1 FORMAT=PDF MLD=N CONVERT DDNAME=XML1 FORMAT=XML LANG=ENU MLD=N

CONVERT statement parameters

DDNAME

This mandatory parameter specifies the DD name of a file to which the converted report is to be written. A corresponding DD statement must be included in the JCL. When requesting a PDF, the file must be sequential, in FB format with 80 byte records. When requesting an XML or JSON document, the file must be sequential, in FB or VB format with 255 byte records.

FORMAT

This mandatory parameter specifies the format to which the report is to be converted. It must specify PDF, XML or JSON.

LANG

The LANG keyword parameter is optional. If omitted it defaults to ENU to indicate the reports are to be created in the English language. Other acceptable values for PDF files are JPN for Japanese and KOR for Korean. ENU is the only acceptable value for XML or JSON documents.

MLD

The MLD keyword parameter is optional, if omitted it defaults to Y. This specifies whether or not multiline descriptions should be printed (Y=Yes, N=No). This is similar to the PREF option in Application Performance Analyzer ISPF: "Show long descriptions on multiple lines," and when generating JCL with Application Performance Analyzer ISPF, the PREF setting will be used to set MLD.

The DESC Statement

The DESC statement tells CAZPRINT to change the observation description in the printed reports.

An example of a DESC statement is shown here:

DESC= "Description updated for printed report"

Reports in PDF format

Application Performance Analyzer can produce a report in the form of a PDF (Portable Document Format) file. On the mainframe, this is written to a sequential file with fixed-length 80 byte records. To view or print the file you will need to download it to a PC using either IND\$FILE file transfer or FTP. No

data conversion is required, so be sure to specify a binary file transfer. The content in an Application Performance Analyzer PDF report is essentially the same as a corresponding SYSOUT report. However, PDF's advanced formatting capabilities make this format more readable than a SYSOUT report.

Reports in XML document format

Application Performance Analyzer can produce an XML (Extensible Markup Language) document file containing the selected report information in the English language only. On z/OS, this is written to a sequential file with fixed or variable length 255 byte records. It is encoded in EDBCIC (ebcdic-cp-us/Cp037) and may be viewed, edited, or processed on the mainframe. If the XML document file is required on another platform, it may need character set translation, including carriage return and line feed characters. After the document file has been transferred to the target platform, ensure that the encoding attribute on the XML declaration is changed to the appropriate value. For example, when downloading the file to a Windows platform, using IND\$FILE file transfer, the ASCII and CRLF parameters must be specified. After the file transfer is complete, the encoding attribute on the XML declaration must be changed to UTF-8 in the Windows document file.

The XML file is a stand-alone document and has been declared as such. For the most part, the XML elements and tags can be related to their corresponding report fields by the element names and structure. For a complete description of the XML document, see Appendix C, "XML or JSON document layout," on page 747.

Reports in JSON document format

Application Performance Analyzer can produce a JSON (JavaScript Object Notation) document file containing the selected report information in the English language only. On z/OS, this is written to a sequential file with fixed or variable length 255 byte records. It is encoded in EDBCIC (ebcdic-cp-us/Cp037) and may be viewed, edited, or processed on the mainframe. If the JSON document file is required on another platform, it may need character set translation, including carriage return and line feed characters. After the document file has been transferred to the target platform, ensure that the encoding attribute on the JSON declaration is changed to the appropriate value. For example, when downloading the file to a Windows platform, using IND\$FILE file transfer, the ASCII and CRLF parameters must be specified. After the file transfer is complete, the encoding attribute on the JSON declaration must be changed to UTF-8 in the Windows document file.

The JSON file is a stand-alone document and has been declared as such. For the most part, the JSON elements and tags can be related to their corresponding report fields by the element names and structure. For a complete description of the JSON document, see Appendix C, "XML or JSON document layout," on page 747.

Report SECTION descriptions

This section describes the report sections that you can include in a performance analysis report and the parameters that can be specified on the corresponding SECTION statements.

SECTION statement parameter summary

Each section requires a SECTION statement. SECTION statements for some report sections accept (or require) certain keyword parameters that allow you to set formatting options. The following table summarizes the available report sections, their parameters, and their default values. The Sequence parameter accepts different values, depending on the report section. For each report section, the acceptable values are listed, with the default value listed first.

These defaults only apply until you change them by selecting the report in A02: Request Printed Reports, after that Application Performance Analyzer will "remember" your selections.

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Measurement Profile	S01	

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Load Module Attributes	S02	Sequence=NAME/ADDRESS/ SIZE/LIBRARY OmitESD=N OmitNUC=N OmitPLPA=N Omitdup=N
Load Module Summary	S03	Sequence=NAME/ADDRESS/ SIZE/LIBRARY Omitdup=N
TCB Summary	S04	
Memory Usage Timeline	S05	Intervals=45
Data Space Usage Timeline	S06	Intervals=45
TCB Execution Summary	S07	
Processor Utilization Summary	S08	
Measurement Analysis	S09	
Observation Session Messages	S10	Levels=3 MsgD=Y MsgE=Y MsgI=Y MsgW=Y
CPU Usage by Category	C01	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME DPAGroup=Y ShowDB2=Y Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y Datamg=Y ShowIMS=Y ADABAS=Y
CPU Usage by Module	C02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
CPU Usage by Code Slice	C03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/ ADDRESS/LOCATION SliceSize=64 Minimum=0.00
CPU Usage Timeline	C04	Intervals=45
CPU Usage Task/Category	C05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME DPAGroup=Y ShowDB2=Y ShowInact=Y MLD=Y Datamg=Y ShowIMS=Y ADABAS=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
CPU Usage Task/Module	C06	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME ShowInact=Y MLD=Y
CPU Usage by Procedure	C07	Sequence=VALUE/NAME OmitCPU=N
CPU Usage Referred Attribution	C08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y SysView=N
CPU Usage by PSW/ObjCode	C09	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/ADDRESS
CPU Usage by Natural Program	C10	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME
DASD Usage by Device	D01	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00
DASD Usage by DDNAME	D02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00
DASD Usage by Dataset	D03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00
Dataset Attributes	D04	Sequence=FILE/DSN
DASD EXCP Summary	D05	Sequence=VALUE/NAME OmitEXCP=N
DASD VSAM Statistics	D06	Sequence=VALUE/NAME OmitEXCP=N
DASD Activity Timeline	D07	Sequence=VALUE/NAME OmitEXCP=N
DASD I/O Wait Time	D08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
VSAM Buffer Pool Usage	D09	

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Wait Time by Task/Category	W01	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME DPAGroup=Y ShowDB2=Y ShowInact=Y MLD=Y Datamg=Y ShowIMS=Y ADABAS=Y
Wait Time by Task/Module	W02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME ShowInact=Y MLD=Y
Wait Time Referred Attribution	W03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME ShowInact=Y MLD=Y
Wait Time by Task ENQ/RESERVE	W04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Wait Time by Tape DDNAME	W05	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS Measurement Profile	I01	
IMS DL/I Call Timeline	I02	
IMS Transaction Timeline	103	Levels=9
IMS Txn Activity Timeline	I04	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS CPU Usage by PSB	105	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS CPU Usage by Transaction	106	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS CPU Usage by DL/I Call	107	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS WAIT Time by PSB	108	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS WAIT Time by Transaction	109	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
IMS WAIT Time by DL/I Call	I10	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS DL/I Activity by PSB	I11	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS DL/I Activity by Txn	I12	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS DL/I Activity by DL/I Call	I13	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
IMS PSB/PCB Attributes	I14	
IMS DL/I Call Attributes	I15	
IMS Transaction Service Times	I16	
IMS Transaction DL/I Counts	I17	Levels=9
IMS CPU/Svc Time by DL/I Call	I18	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS CPU/Svc Time by PSB	I19	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS CPU/Svc Time by Txn	120	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS CPU/Svc Time by PCB	I21	Sequence=VALUE/NAME
IMS Region Transaction Summary	I22	Sequence=NAME/VALUE
CICS Session Statistics	E01	
CICS CPU and Use Counts by Pgm	E02	Sequence=VALUE/NAME/COUNT
CICS CPU Usage by Txn	E03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
CICS Mean Service Time by Txn	E04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Total Service Time by Txn	E05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
CICS Service Time by Task ID	E06	Levels=1 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS WAIT by Txn	E07	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Mean Service Time by Trm	E08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Total Service Time by Trm	E09	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Mean Service Time by user ID	E10	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Total Service Time by user ID	E11	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS CPU/Service Time by Txn	E12	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME
CICS Mean Service Time by Txn (for multiple CICS address spaces)	X01	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Total Service Time by Txn (for multiple CICS address spaces)	X02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Mean Service Time by Term (for multiple CICS address spaces)	X03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
CICS Total Service Time by Term (for multiple CICS address spaces)	X04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline	X05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION MLD=Y
IMS MASS Region Summary	X06	Sequence=NAME/VALUE
Db2 Stored Procedures Summary	X07	Sequence=NAME/VALUE
Db2 Measurement Profile	F01	

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Db2 SQL Activity Timeline	F02	Levels=9 Sequence=THREAD/CPU/ DURATION
Db2 SQL Activity by DBRM	F03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00
Db2 SQL Activity by Statement	F04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME Minimum=0.00
Db2 SQL Activity by Plan	F05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE Minimum=0.00
Db2 SQL Statement Attributes	F06	
Db2 SQL Wait Time by DBRM	F07	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME OfTotal=Y
Db2 SQL Wait Time by Statement	F08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME OfTotal=Y
Db2 SQL Wait Time by Plan	F09	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE OfTotal=Y
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by DBRM	F10	Levels=1 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/ DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Stmt	F11	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/DURATION posSQL=Y negSQL=Y stmtSQL=N stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Plan	F12	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL Threads Analysis	F13	
Db2 CPU by Plan/Stored Proc	F14	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME DPAGroup=Y ShowDB2=Y MLD=Y
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc	F15	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/ DURATION stmtPct=N

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclav	F16	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/ DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid	F17	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/ DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn	F18	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr	F19	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/DURATION stmtPct=N
Db2 Class 3 Wait Times	F30	
Coupling Facility Summary	G01	
Coupling Facility Mean Times	G02	Levels=9
Coupling Facility Total Times	G03	Levels=9
K01 CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type	K01	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME TCBSRB=Y
K02 CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ ObjCode	K02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/ADDRESS
MQ Activity Summary	Q01	
MQ CPU Usage by Queue	Q02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ CPU Usage by Request	Q03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ CPU Usage by Txn	Q04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ Serv Time by Queue	Q05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ Serv Time by Request	Q06	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
MQ Serv Time by Txn	Q07	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ Wait Time by Queue	Q08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ Wait Time by Request	Q09	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ Wait Time by Txn	Q10	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
MQ+ Activity Timeline	Q11	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION MLD=Y
MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue	Q12	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION MLD=Y stmtPct=N
MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request	Q13	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION MLD=Y stmtPct=N
MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn	Q14	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/DURATION MLD=Y stmtPct=N
Source Program Attribution	P01	Program=pgmname (no default value) AdjLines=4 AllSource=N AsmObj=Y Header=Y Percent=N
Java Summary/Attributes	J01	
Java Heap Usage Timeline	J02	Intervals=15 Totals=Y
Java CPU Usage by Thread	J03	Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java CPU Usage by Package	J04	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
Java CPU Usage by Class	J05	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java CPU Usage by Method	J06	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java CPU Usage by Call Path	J07	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Svc Time by Package	J09	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Svc Time by Class	J10	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Svc Time by Method	J11	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Svc Time by Call Path	J12	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Wait Time by Package	J14	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Wait Time by Class	J15	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Wait Time by Method	J16	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
Java Wait Time by Call Path	J17	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/NAME MLD=Y
HFS Service Time by Path Name	H01	Sequence=VALUE/FILEID/PATHNAME Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
HFS Service Time by Device	H02	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/DEVID/DEVICE Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
HFS File Activity	H03	Sequence=VALUE/FILEID/PATHNAME OmitEXCP=N

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
HFS File Attributes	H04	
HFS Device Activity	H05	Sequence=VALUE/DEVID/DEVICE OmitEXCP=N
HFS Device Attributes	H06	
HFS Activity Timeline	H07	Sequence=VALUE/FILEID/PATHNAME OmitEXCP=N
HFS Wait Time by Path Name	H08	Sequence=VALUE/FILEID/PATHNAME Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
HFS Wait Time by Device	H09	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/DEVID/DEVICE Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
HFS Service Time by Request	H10	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/REQID/REQUEST Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
HFS Wait Time by Request	H11	Levels=2 Sequence=VALUE/REQID/REQUEST Minimum=0.00 MLD=Y
Measurement Variance Summary	V01	
CICS Variance Summary	V02	
Db2 Variance Summary	V03	
IMS Variance Summary	V04	
WAS Summary	B01	
WAS Activity	B02	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS Activity by Origin	B03	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS Activity by Servant	B04	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS EJB Activity	B05	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS EJB Activity by Origin	B06	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
WAS EJB Activity by Servant	B07	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS Servlet/JSP Activity	B08	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin	B09	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant	B10	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WAS/CICS Calls	B11	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/NAME/SERVICE
WAS/Db2 Calls	B12	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
Async Work Requests	B13	Levels=9 Sequence=VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
Async Work by Work Mgr	B14	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
Async Work by Servant	B15	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WOLA Inbound Requests	B16	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WOLA Inbound by Origin	B17	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WOLA Inbound by Servant	B18	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/CPU/SERVICE MLD=Y
WOLA Outbound Requests	B19	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/SERVICE MLD=Y
WOLA Outbound by Register	B20	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/SERVICE MLD=Y

Report section	Section ID	Parameters and default values
WOLA Outbound by Servant	B21	Levels=9 Sequence= VALUE/SERVICE MLD=Y

SECTION parameter descriptions

The SECTION statement parameters are described in the following list. They are presented in alphabetical keyword sequence.

ADABAS

This parameter applies to report sections that can attribute measured system activity to Adabas while it is processing Adabas calls. Specify Y to display measurements in routines that were processing Adabas calls in a separate ADABAS category.

AdjLines

Specifies the number of adjacent source lines. This applies to the reporting of source program lines and attribution of system activity to source statements. Source statements for which system activity is measured will be reported, but those statements for which no activity is measured are normally omitted. The value of this parameter specifies the number of source lines immediately preceding and following any line with measured activity that are also to be included in the report. This helps provide some context for isolated source lines with measured activity.

AllSource

This applies to the reporting of source program lines. A value of Y specifies that all source lines are to be shown in the report, including those for which no system activity is attributed. A value of Y in this parameter overrides any value specified in the AdjLines parameter. Specify N to control which lines are reported using the AdjLines parameter.

AsmObj

This applies to the reporting of source program lines for an assembler program. Specify Y to include object code (from the assembly listing) in each source line. Specify N to omit object code.

Datamg

This parameter applies to report sections that attribute measured system activity to the data management processing category. Specify Y to display measurements in routines that were servicing data management requests in a separate DATAMG category. This includes basic access functions (such as READ and WRITE) to files. Processing of OPEN and CLOSE functions is not included in this category.

DPAGroup

This parameter applies to report sections that attribute measured system activity to program categories. This attribution can be done to Groups or Subgroups. A group is a higher level (more inclusive) categorization than a subgroup. For example, activity in Db2 modules can be attributed to the group "Db2 Subsystem" or, alternatively, to subgroups such as "Buffer Manager," "Call Attachment Facility," "Data Manager," etc. Specify DPAGroup=Y to attribute to group and DPAGroup=N to attribute to subgroup.

Header

This applies to the P01 source program report. A value of Y specifies that detailed information about the source program is to appear in the heading area in each page in the report section. This information includes: source mapping file name and type, compile date and time, compiler product and version.

Intervals

This applies to "timeline" report sections in which measurement information is reported in equal time intervals. It specifies the number of intervals into which the report section is to be divided, which is generally, one line per interval. The value must be between 2 and 256.

Levels

This applies to report sections in which lines are arranged in a hierarchy. The value, a single numeric digit: 0 to 9, specifies the number of hierarchical levels to be included in the report. These are

equivalent to the ISPF report line items in which the "+" line command is used to expand the hierarchy.

Minimum

This applies to report sections that allow you to exclude measurements of objects when those measurement values are below the specified minimum. The unit is percentage and is expressed as two digits, followed by an optional decimal point and up to two decimal places.

MLD

This applies to report sections where DPA descriptions are reported. The MLD=Y parm is used to specify that Multi Line Descriptions should be printed, so that you can see all of the description text. MLD=N specifies that Multi Line Descriptions should not be printed, in which case only one line per module/csect will be printed, and the description will be truncated if it does not fit on one line.

MsgD

This applies to report sections that display Application Performance Analyzer messages. Specify Y to display diagnostic level messages.

MsgE

This applies to report sections that display Application Performance Analyzer messages. Specify Y to display severe level and error level messages.

MsgI

This applies to report sections that display Application Performance Analyzer messages. Specify Y to display informational level messages.

MsgW

This applies to report sections that display Application Performance Analyzer messages. Specify Y to display warning level messages.

negSQL

This applies to report sections where CPU/Service time is reported by SQL statement. Specify Y to include SQL statements that end in a negative SQLCODE.

Oftotal

This applies to report sections in which SQL wait time is reported. Specify Y to quantify wait time as a percentage of total measurement interval. Specify N to quantify as a percentage of the SQL service time.

OmitCPU

This parameter applies to reports where CPU activity is attributed to program procedures. Specify Y to exclude procedures for which no CPU activity was measured, N to include them.

Omitdup

This parameter applies to report sections in which load modules are reported. A value of Y specifies that modules that have been reloaded at a new address, but have the same name and size to be reported only once.

OmitESD

This applies to report sections in which detailed information about load modules is reported. A value of Y specifies that ESD (External Symbol Dictionary) information is not to be reported.

OmitEXCP

This applies to report sections in which the number of EXCPs or read/write count is reported for files or devices. Specify Y to exclude files or devices for which no EXCPs or read/writes were counted, or specify N to include them.

OmitNUC

This applies to report sections in which load modules are reported. A value of Y specifies that Nucleus modules are to be excluded from the report.

OmitPLPA

This applies to report sections in which load modules are reported. A value of Y specifies that PLPA (Pageable Link Pack Area) modules are to be excluded from the report.

Percent

This applies to the source mapping report section - P01. Specify Y to display the values for the source statement as a percentage, or specify N to display values as a count. This is only applicable when source mapping a report that shows percentages.

posSQL

This applies to report sections where CPU/Service time is reported by SQL statement. Specify Y to include SQL statements that end successfully; that is, with a zero or positive SQLCODE.

Program

This applies to the source mapping report section (P01). It specifies the name of the source program to reported.

Pseudo

This applies to the source mapping report section - P01. Specify Y to display C/C++ pseudo-assembly.

Sequence

This specifies the sequence in which items in the report are to be sorted. Possible values for this parameter are listed below. Not all values are appropriate for each report.

- ADDRESS to sort in ascending sequence by load module address
- CPU to sort in descending sequence by SQL CPU time
- DSN to sort in ascending sequence by dataset name
- DURATION to sort in descending sequence by SQL call duration or service time
- · FILE to sort in ascending sequence by DDName
- LIBRARY/LOADLIB to sort in ascending sequence by load library name
- LOCATION to sort in ascending sequence by the address of the start of the code slice in the form of csect or module plus offset
- NAME to sort in ascending sequence by item name
- SERVICE to sort in descending sequence by service time
- SIZE to sort in ascending sequence by load module size
- THREAD to sort chronologically by Db2 thread
- VALUE to sort in descending sequence by amount of measured activity

ShowDb2

This parameter applies to report sections that can attribute measured system activity to Db2 while it is processing SQL requests. Specify Y to display measurements in routines that were processing SQL requests in a separate Db2SQL category.

ShowIMS

This parameter applies to report sections that can attribute measured system activity to IMS while it is processing DLI calls. Specify Y to display measurements in routines that were processing DLI calls in a separate IMSDLI category.

ShowInact

This parameter is generally applicable to report sections that present information by TCB (Task). A value of Y (normally the default) specifies that information for inactive tasks is to be included in the report. An inactive task is one which was observed to be in a wait state for the full duration of the observation session.

SliceSize

This parameter applies to report sections that present information by code slice (block of storage containing object code). Use this parameter to vary the code slice size. A code slice size value must be between 4 and 99992 and must be an even value that is divisible by 4.

stmtPct

This parameter applies to Db2 reports that display mean times. When 'Y' is specified, the mean times are replaced with the percent of total used.

stmtSQL

This applies to report sections where CPU/Service time is reported by SQL statement. Specify Y to consolidate dynamic SQL statements by statement number, ignoring differences in SQL statement text. When 'Y' is specified, one line is displayed per statement number regardless of the contents of the SQL statement text. When 'N' is specified, one line is displayed for each unique dynamic SQL statement.

SysView

This applies to the CPU usage referred attribution report to indicate how the data is to be displayed. When 'N' is specified, data is referred back to the application modules. When 'Y' is specified, data is referred back to the system modules.

TCBSRB

This parameter applies to the CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type report. When 'Y' is specified, CPU percentages are calculated as a percentage of TCB and SRB counts. When 'N' is specified, CPU percentages are calculated as a percentage of SRB counts only.

Totals

This applies to report sections where total values can be displayed graphically, in addition to usage values. Specify Y to report on usage and total values.

Chapter 15. Batch interface commands

Application Performance Analyzer has a command language which allows you to submit requests using JCL. The command language can be used to create the same types of requests available in Application Performance Analyzer/ISPF.

Application Performance Analyzer also provides a batch import program to load the sample file of a completed observation request, or a hierarchy of requests created by an EXPH command. This program can be used as an alternative to the IMPORT command.

For information about	See
General syntax, types of commands and examples	"Command syntax" on page 693
Command summary diagram	"Command summary diagram" on page 694
Setting up the JCL	"Sample JCL" on page 696
Coding the NEW command, with keyword descriptions and examples	"NEW" on page 701
Coding the TNEW command	"TNEW" on page 712
Coding the DELETE command	"DELETE" on page 713
Coding the KEEP command	"KEEP" on page 713
Coding the CANCEL command	"CANCEL" on page 713
Batch Import command	"Batch import" on page 713

Command syntax

The batch interface command format consists of a single high level command keyword (NEW, TNEW, DELETE, KEEP, or CANCEL) followed by a series of keywords and parameters in the format: KEYWORD=(parameter1, parameter2,...).

If there is only one parameter specified for a keyword, then the parentheses "(...)" are optional. For example, DURATION=120 and DURATION=(120) are both acceptable.

When a list of parameters is specified, the parentheses "(...)" are mandatory. For example, FEATURES=(CICS,IMS,Db2).

A semicolon must be present at the end of the command string.

Example of NEW command

The following example create a new observation request. It requests that job CAZTEST01 be measured for 60 seconds and 10000 samples, with the IMS and Db2 features turned on.

NEW JOBNAME=CAZTEST01 ACTIVE=NO SAMPLES=10000 DURATION=60 FEATURES=(IMS,Db2) ;

Example of TNEW command

The following example creates a new threshold observation request. It requests that the second step in job TSTJOB01 be measured for 60 seconds and 10000 samples. The measurement starts only when the CPU time for step 2 in TSTJOB01 exceeds 30 seconds and the EXCP count exceeds 20000.

```
TNEW JOBNAME=TSTJOB01
ACTIVE=NO
STEP=(2)
SAMPLES=10000 DURATION=60
TMSEL=("CPU=30 EXCP=20000");
```

Example of DELETE command

The following example deletes observation 0985.

```
DELETE REQNUM=0985;
```

You can also choose to delete a range of requests as the following example:

```
DELETE REQNUM=(1,12,35,76);
DELETE REQNUM=(654-722);
DELETE REQNUM=(2,5-10,84);
```

Note: A maximum of 20 REQNUM parameters is allowed for the DELETE command.

Example of KEEP command

The following example applies the KEEP command to observation 00985. This means the request will be kept until it is manually deleted, no expiration date will apply.

```
KEEP REQNUM=00985;
```

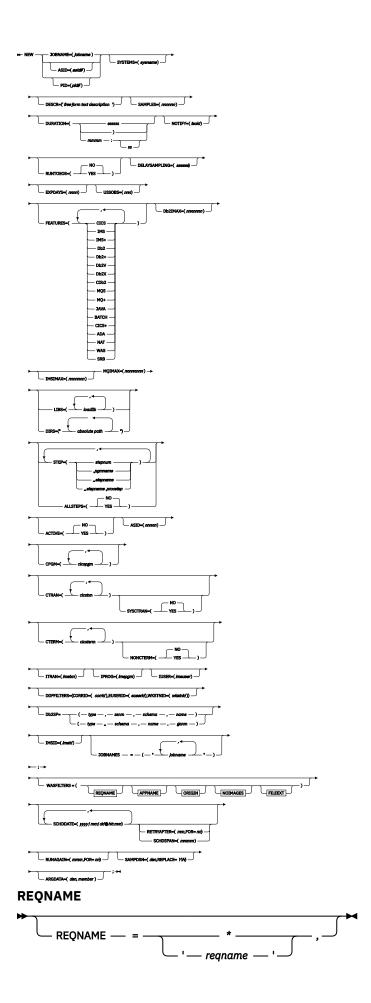
Example of CANCEL command

The following example cancels active observation 00985.

```
CANCEL REQNUM=00985;
```

Command summary diagram

This diagram shows a summary of the parameters allowed in a NEW command, they are described in detail on the following pages.



Sample JCL

The following illustrates an example of how to set up the Batch Interface JCL and create a basic measurement request. There is a sample template of this JCL supplied in hlq. SCAZSAMP in member CAZBATCH.

```
//SAMPJOB1 JOB (job parameters)
//*
//CAZBATCH EXEC PGM=CAZBATCH,PARM='STCID=CAZO'
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=hlq.SCAZAUTH
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
NEW JOBNAME=APPJOB01
ACTIVE=NO
SAMPLES=5000 DURATION=30
DESCR='Sample request for APPJOB01'
;
/*
//
```

The above example uses the Application Performance Analyzer started task named CAZO as specified on the EXEC statement as PARM='STCID=CAZO'. You must specify your Application Performance Analyzer started task name here. This parameter can be omitted if only one instance of Application Performance Analyzer is running on your image.

In STEPLIB, replace hlq with the high-level qualifier used for Application Performance Analyzer in your installation.

The commands in the above example create a NEW request to measure job APPJOB01, which is not yet active, for 5000 samples with a duration of 30 seconds. A user composed description is also specified.

Using the API to submit a command

This section describes how to code a call to the Application Performance Analyzer command API in an application program. The command API can be called from Assembler, COBOL, PL/I, C or C++ programs. Sample programs for each language are shipped in *hlq*.SCAZSAMP.

The sample program names for each language are:

• Assembler: CAZAPASM

• C: CAZAPC

• C++: CAZAPCC

COBOL: CAZAPCOB

• PL/I: CAZAPPLI

Note:

- 1. You must modify the sample code to contain the started task and the system parameters.
- 2. You must modify the COBOL sample code CAZAPCOB.

Environment

Authorization

Problem state key 8, Supervisor state any key

Dispatchable unit mode

TCB

Cross memory mode

PASN = SASN = HASN

Amode

24-bit, 31-bit, or 64-bit

ASC mode

Primary or AR

Interrupt status

Enabled for I/O and external interrupts

Locks

No locks held

Control parameters

Must be in the primary address space, key 8, and below the bar

Error recovery

The API does not provide error recovery

Input registers

Upon entry to CAZAPI01, the general purpose registers (GPRs) contain:

Register	Contents
1	Address of a standard CALL parameter list.
13	Address of a standard register 72-byte save area that must be addressable in primary mode and below the bar.
14	Return address.
15	Entry address of CAZAPI01.

Output registers

When control returns to the caller, the general purpose registers (GPRs) contain:

Register	Contents
0	Reason code.
1	Used as a work register by CAZAPA01.

Register	Contents
2-13	Unchanged.
14	Used as a work register by CAZAPI01.
15	Return code.

When control returns to the caller, the access registers (ARs) contain:

Register	Contents
0	Used as a work register by CAZAPI01.
1-15	Unchanged.

Syntax

```
CALL CAZAPI01,(Command,
Reply,
STCID,
return_code,
reason_code,
),VL
```

It is recommended that the calling program pre-fetch CAZAPI01 instead of including the module in your load module during the link-edit step. This way you can avoid relinking your load module if a newer version of CAZAPI01 becomes available.

Parameters

Command

Specifies a 2-byte length field followed by the input command string to be submitted to Application Performance Analyzer. The length field describes the length of the command string only; it does not include the length of this length field.

Reply

Specifies a 2-byte length field followed by a buffer used by CAZAPIO1 to return one or more information/error messages describing the result of processing the command. The length field must contain the maximum length of this buffer; it does not include the length of this length field. It is recommended that the buffer be a minimum of 512 bytes long and be initialized to nulls so that the caller can easily determine whether messages have been returned or not.

If messages are returned then each message will be terminated by a single null character, the last message will be terminated by two consecutive null characters. The length field will be updated to contain the length of the messages including all null characters.

STCID

Specifies a 4-byte field that contains the Application Performance Analyzer STCID to which the command will be submitted. The STCID must be left justified and blank padded.

If the first byte of this field is blank or null then CAZAPIO1 will attempt to connect to the currently executing Application Performance Analyzer started task. If more than one Application Performance Analyzer STC is active the request will fail.

return_code

Specifies a 4-byte field to contain the return code.

reason_code

Specifies a 4-byte field to contain the reason code.

VL

Must be coded and causes the high-order bit of the last parameter address to set to 1.

Return codes

When CAZAPI01 returns control to your program, GPR 15 and *return_code* contain a return code. The following list identifies return codes in hexadecimal format and describes what each means:

00

The operation was successful.

80

The operation failed because of an error. (Refer to reason code for an explanation of the error.)

Reason codes

When CAZAPI01 returns control to your program, GPR 0 and *reason_code* contain a reason code. The following table identifies reason codes in hexadecimal and decimal formats and describes what each means:

Table 12. Reason codes			
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Explanation	
00	00	Not applicable.	
04	04	Caller is not running in TCB mode.	
08	08	Caller's PASN and SASN are not equal.	
ОС	12	Caller is not running with DAT-on.	
10	16	Caller is running disabled.	
14	20	Caller is in problem state and not key 8.	
18	24	Caller is not in primary or AR ASC modes.	
1C	28	The STCID field contained a null or blank first character, CAZAPI01 attempted to access the currently executing Application Performance Analyzer STC but found more than one STC executing.	
20	32	The specified STCID was not defined to this system.	
24	36	There are no Application Performance Analyzer STCs active on this system.	
28	40	The specified STCID is not currently active on this system.	
2C	44	Application Performance Analyzer's name token was not created. This indicates that no Application Performance Analyzer STC has ever been started on this system since the last IPL.	

Table 12. Reason codes (continued)			
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Explanation	
30	48	Command string contains an unrecognized command verb. Currently, only the CANCEL, DELETE, KEEP, NEW and TNEW commands are allowed to be submitted via this API.	
34	52	The Application Performance Analyzer STC detected an error while processing the command. Refer to the message(s) returned in the Reply buffer for more information.	
38	56	The Application Performance Analyzer STC command interface has abended. Depending on the error, an SVC dump may have been created. If an SVC dump was not produced then, the interface's error recovery will have percolated the abend up to the next error handler in the caller's address space.	
3C	60	Registration has been denied for Application Performance Analyzer. See message CAZ3969S on <i>Message Guide</i> for details. This message returned in the API caller's reply area.	

Abend code

CAZAPI01 will produce a user abend code: 4085 in the event of an recoverable error. The following table identifies abend reason codes in hexadecimal and decimal formats and explains the reason for the abend:

Table 13. Abend code			
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Explanation	
FA0	4000	The input parameter pointer was zero.	
FA4	4004	Either the input command pointer was zero or the length field contained zeros.	
FA8	4008	Either the reply command pointer was zero or the length field contained zeros.	
FAC	4012	The STCID pointer was zero.	
FB0	4016	The return_code pointer was zero.	

Table 13. Abend code (continued)			
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Explanation	
FB4	4020	The reason_code pointer was zero.	
FB8	4024	The VL bit was turned on prior to the last parameter.	
FAC	4028	The VL bit was not turned on on the last parameter.	
FC0	4032	Internal error. Contact product support.	
FC4	4036	Internal error. Contact product support.	

Command descriptions

NEW

The NEW command is used to create a new Observation Request.

NEW

Mandatory.

Indicates that this is a NEW request.

JOBNAME

Optional.

Specifies the name of the job (or started task or TSO user) to be measured. JOBNAME might be specified in conjunction with ASID and/or PID. If specified together, the JOBNAME must match the ASID and/or PID.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

Creating multi-job measurements (%)

You can also specify a special pattern character of percent sign "%". This acts as a place holder for zero or more characters in the name. It can be placed anywhere in the name. A patterned name indicates that you want to measure all active or inactive jobs whose JOBNAME matches the pattern. You cannot specify a JOBNAME pattern of "%".

The maximum number of jobs that can be measured from a multi-job request is defined during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer. When this limit is exceeded, Application Performance Analyzer stops creating measurements for this request, and the status of the request is displayed as 'Stoppd'. The measurements that executed (within the limit) are accessible for report viewing under the request. To increase the limit, contact your system programmer.

Example: %MSMPP% causes one sampling request to be created for each active job whose JOBNAME contains "MSMPP".

The ASID and PID keywords are not permitted when the JOBNAME specifies a pattern.

Measuring a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function

To measure a specific Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function, use a dash (-) for the JOBNAME. The information that identifies the Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function must be supplied in the Db2SP keyword. The following keywords are also accepted; SYSTEMS, DESCR, SAMPLES, DURATION, NOTIFY, EXPDAYS, USSOBS, FEATURES, LIBS, DIRS, and Db2IMAX. All other keywords are invalid and will result in an error. This feature is only available when the WLM

Intercept is activated during Application Performance Analyzer installation, and you are given appropriate security access to it. Contact your system programmer for access if necessary.

The ASID and PID keywords are not permitted when the JOBNAME specifies a dash (-).

Measuring a specific IMS transaction across multiple MPP regions

To measure a group of IMS MPP regions that are eligible to schedule a specific IMS transaction code, use a dash (-) for the JOBNAME. The IMS subsystem ID is specified in the IMSID keyword. The transaction code is specified in the ITRAN keyword. The region names are specified in the JOBNAMES keyword. The following keywords are also accepted: SYSTEMS, DESCR, SAMPLES, DURATION, NOTIFY, EXPDAYS, FEATURES, LIBS, and IMSIMAX. All other keywords are invalid and will be ignored or result in an error. This feature is only available when the IMS Intercept is activated during Application Performance Analyzer installation, and you are given appropriate security access to it. Contact your system programmer for access if necessary.

The ASID and PID keywords are not permitted when the JOBNAME specifies a dash (-).

ASID

Optional.

Specifies the ASID of a job to be measured. ASID must be specified as a decimal number and might be specified in conjunction with JOBNAME and/or PID. If specified together, the ASID must match the JOBNAME and/or PID. The ASID keyword is valid only when ACTIVE=YES.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

Example: ASID=1023

PID

Optional.

Specifies the USS Process ID of a UNIX process to be measured. PID must be specified as a decimal number and might be specified in conjunction with JOBNAME and/or ASID. If specified together, the PID must match the JOBNAME and/or ASID. The PID keyword is valid only when ACTIVE=YES.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

Example: PID=33620804

SYSTEMS

Mandatory within a sysplex.

Specifies a target system within a sysplex. You can also enter an asterisk (*), in which case the target job is measured on the first system to run it. When an asterisk (*) is entered, the keyword ACTIVE=YES is invalid. An asterisk (*) is not allowed when ASID or PID is specified. This keyword is invalid in a non-sysplex environment.

Example: SYSTEMS=SYS3

DESCR

Optional unless set as mandatory during installation.

Specifies a free form text description for this observation request. The text must be within single quotes, and if mandatory must be a minimum of 8 characters.

Example: DESCR= 'Any user text goes here'

SAMPLES

Optional.

If omitted, the default number of samples will be used. Specifies the number of samples to take during the measurement.

Example: SAMPLES=10000

DURATION

Optional.

If omitted, the default duration will be used. Specifies the duration of the measurement in seconds.

Example: DURATION=120

NOTIFY

Optional.

Specifies a TSO userid to notify when the measurement ends.

Example: NOTIFY=USER01

RUNTOEOS

Optional.

Specify YES to indicate that the measurement should continue to run until the job step has completed, even if the target number of observations has been reached.

DELAYSAMPLING

Optional.

This indicates that sampling should be delayed for the specified amount of time (in seconds). After the target job step starts, Application Performance Analyzer will delay the start of the measurement for the number of seconds specified.

EXPDAYS

Optional.

If omitted the installation default will be used.

Specifies the number of days the measurement data for this observation request should be retained on before being automatically deleted. To keep the measurement data indefinitely, use EXPDAYS=0.

Example: EXPDAYS=30

USSOBS

Optional.

Specify the maximum number of spawned address spaces or substeps to measure for a USS observation, up to the maximum defined in the system configuration. The same sampling frequency will be used for each spawned address space or substep. Sampling overhead can be high if several spawned address spaces are running simultaneously.

When this field is specified, the collection of measurements will be grouped under a USS master record on the Observation List panel.

FEATURES

Optional.

Specifies which data extractors, if any, need to be turned on for this measurement. The data extractor values are: CICS, CICS+, IMS, IMS+, Db2, Db2+, Db2V, Db2X, CDb2, MQS, MQ+, Java, ADA, NAT, WAS, SRB, SYS. A list of data extractors is separated by commas.

If your installation has any default extractors set, the FEATURES command will override these. If you need to override default extractors and want to turn all extractors off, specify FEATURES=(BATCH).

Example: FEATURES=(CICS, Db2)

Db2IMAX

Optional.

Enter the value to limit the number of Db2+ SQL call interceptions for which full details will be written to the sample file. Collecting full details on every interception allows the F02 Timeline report to report exact times for all SQL calls. The F02 report will be truncated at the number of calls specified in this field. The Db2+ data extractor continues to collect the data it requires for the other reports for the duration of the measurement. The value cannot exceed the default value specified for Db2IMaxTraceSize during Application Performance Analyzer installation.

Example: Db2IMAX=(10000)

IMSIMAX

Optional.

Enter the value to limit the number of IMS+ DLI call interceptions for which full details will be written to the sample file. Collecting full details on every interception allows the IO2 and IO3 Timeline reports to report exact times for all DLI calls and IMS transactions. The IO2 and IO3 reports will be truncated at the number of calls specified in this field. The IMS+ data extractor continues to collect the data it requires for the other reports for the duration of the measurement. The value cannot exceed the default value specified for IMSIMaxTraceSize during Application Performance Analyzer installation.

Example: IMSIMAX=(10000)

MQIMAX

Optional.

Enter the value to limit the number of MQ+ call interceptions for which full details are written to the sample file. The Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline report is truncated at the number of calls that is specified in this field. The MQ+ data extractor continues to collect the data that it requires for the other reports during the measurement. The value cannot exceed the default value that is specified for MQIMaxTraceSize during the installation of Application Performance Analyzer.

Example: MQIMAX=(10000)

LIBS

Optional.

Specifies additional load libraries to be searched. A list of data set names is separated by commas. A maximum of 10 data set names is allowed.

Example: LIBS=(USER1.LOADLIB, TEST1.LOADLIB)

DIRS

Optional.

Specifies up to 440 bytes of HFS directory path names to be searched by Application Performance Analyzer, enclosed in quotes and each separated by one or more spaces. These are applicable only when sampled HFS programs have relative path names. The LIBS and DIRS keywords are mutually exclusive.

Example: DIRS=("/u/axx01 /u/axx01/cpp")

STEP

Optional.

If omitted, the first step will be measured.

Multiple STEP keywords can be specified. Specifying multiple STEP keywords creates a multistep request. A maximum of 20 STEP keywords is allowed.

Each STEP can have multiple positional parameters:

- 1. stepnum specifies the step number. If stepnum is specified, none of the other 3 step specification parameters can be included.
- 2. pgmname specifies the program name. If pgmname is specified, none of the other 3 step specification parameters can be included.
- 3. stepname specifies the step name. It can be specified as just a step name, or in the format stepname.procstep. If this parameter is specified, the stepnum and pgmname parameters must not be specified. If stepname is specified without .procstep, it identifies an EXEC statement that contains a PGM parameter, not one that invokes a procedure.

If the format stepname.procstep is coded, then stepname identifies an EXEC statement that invoked a procedure, and procstep identifies the EXEC statement containing a PGM parameter within that procedure.

This parameter can not be specified when selecting an active job.

Example 1: STEP=3

This indicates that the third step in the job should be measured.

Example 2: STEP=(,TESTPGM1)

This indicates that the first step that runs the program TESTPGM1 should be measured.

Example 3: STEP=(,,STEP007)

This indicates that the step named STEP007 should be measured, where STEP007 is the step name on and EXEC statement that executes a program (not an EXEC statement that invokes a procedure).

Example 4: STEP=(,,PROC02.STEP007)

This indicates that the step named STEP007 within the procedure invoked by step PROC02 should be measured.

Example 5:STEP=3 STEP=5 STEP=6 STEP=(,,STEP012)

This shows STEP being repeated to create a multistep measurement.

ALLSTEPS

Optional.

Specify ALLSTEPS=YES to create a multi-step request which measures all steps in the job. When specified for a threshold measurement on the TNEW command, all steps in the job that meet the threshold criteria are measured. When ALLSTEPS=YES is specified, the STEP keyword is meaningless, and will be ignored if coded.

Example: ALLSTEPS=YES

ACTIVE

Mandatory.

Specify YES if the job is active, or NO if the job is not active.

Example: ACTIVE=YES

CPGM

Optional.

Specifies one or more 1 to 8 character program names. These names or name patterns, will be used as a filter criteria such that only transactions that execute any of the programs in the list will be measured.

You can specify up to 8 program names or name patterns. A name pattern can specify a 1 to 7 character program name prefix followed by an asterisk (*), or an asterisk itself. The asterisk indicates that all program names starting with the prefix are to be filtered. An asterisk on its own indicates that no program is to be filtered, that is, it accepts all program names and therefore all transactions.

Note: Other filtering keywords such as **CTRAN** or **CTERM** may also limit which transactions can be measured.

Example:

CPGM=(DB2PROG1,DB2PROG2,DB2PROG3,DB2PROG4)
CPGM=DB2PROG*
CPGM=*

CTRAN

Mandatory when CICS is specified in FEATURES, otherwise does not apply.

Specifies one or more CICS trancodes to measure. For all transactions, use CTRAN=*. A list of transactions is separated by commas. A maximum of 16 transactions is allowed.

Example 1: CTRAN=(TRNA, TRNB, TRNC)

Example 2: CTRAN=*

SYSCTRAN

Optional, if omitted the default of NO will be used.

Specify YES if you want to measure the CICS system transactions.

CTERM

Optional.

Specifies one or more CICS terminal ids to measure. A list of terminal ids is separated by commas. You can also specify a terminal id pattern, such as a terminal id prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk itself. The asterisk indicates that all terminals starting with the prefix are to be included in the measurement. The asterisk on its own indicates that all terminals are to be included. A maximum of 8 terminal ids / patterns is allowed.

Example:

```
CTERM=(TRM1,TRM2,TRM3)
CTERM=TRM*
CTERM=*
```

NONCTERM

Optional. If omitted, the default value of YES will be used.

Specify NO if you do not want to measure CICS transactions that run non-terminal attached.

ITRAN

Optional.

When measuring a single IMS/MPP or IMS/IFP region as entered in the JOBNAME parameter, this specifies an IMS transaction to include when measuring that IMS/MPP or IMS/IFP region. You can also specify a transaction ID pattern, such as a transaction ID prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. The asterisk indicates that all transaction ids starting with the prefix are to be included in the measurement. The asterisk on its own indicates that all transactions are to be included.

Example:

```
ITRAN=IMSTRN1
ITRAN=IMSTRN*
ITRAN=*
```

Note: Values in ITRAN, IPROG and IUSER are ANDed together to determine which transactions are included in a measurement.

Note: When limiting the observation to specific IMS transactions in an MPP or IFP region, Application Performance Analyzer samples only when the transactions are running. The observation continues to run for the requested duration.

When measuring multiple IMS/MPP regions simultaneously, as indicated by a dash '-' in the JOBNAME parameter and a list of IMS/MPP regions in the JOBNAMES parameter, this specifies a single IMS transaction to include when measuring the IMS/MPP regions. In this case, the complete transaction code must be provided and the IPROG and IUSER parameters are not applicable.

Example:

```
JOBNAME=(-) ITRAN=(TXNA) JOBNAMES=("IMSMPP1,IMSMPP2,IMSMPP3")
```

IPROG

Optional.

Specifies an IMS program to include when measuring an MPP or IFP region. You can also specify a program name pattern, such as a program name prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. The asterisk indicates that all programs starting with the prefix are to be included in the measurement. The asterisk on its own indicates that all programs are to be included.

Example:

IPROG=IMSPGM1
IPROG=IMSPGM*
IPROG=*

Note: Values in ITRAN, IPROG and IUSER are ANDed together to determine which transactions are included in a measurement.

Note: When limiting the observation to specific IMS programs in an MPP or IFP region, Application Performance Analyzer samples only when the transactions associated with the programs are running. The observation continues to run for the requested duration.

IUSER

Optional.

Specifies an IMS user id to include when measuring an MPP or IFP region. You can also specify a user id pattern, such as a user id prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. The asterisk indicates that transactions initiated by user IDs starting with the prefix are to be included in the measurement. The asterisk on its own indicates that transactions initiated by all users are to be included.

Example:

IUSER=IMSUSR1
IUSER=IMSUSR*
IUSER=*

Note: Values in ITRAN, IPROG and IUSER are ANDed together to determine transactions that are included in a measurement.

Note: When limiting the observation to specific IMS users in an MPP or IFP region, Application Performance Analyzer samples only when the transactions initiated by the IMS users are running. The observation continues to run for the requested duration.

DDFFILTERS

Optional

Identifies the DDF filtering criteria that are used to limit the scope of a DDF measurement, to specific correlation id, end user id or workstation id or any combination. It accepts up to three sub-keywords; CORRID, EUSERID and WKSTNID. Values in CORRID, EUSERID, and WKSTNID are ANDed together to determine SQL requests that are included in the measurement. In any of these sub-keywords, you may also specify a wildcard pattern using an asterisk (*) or a percent sign (%). An asterisk is used to indicate one or more characters that can appear in place of the asterisk. It can be used as a prefix or a suffix, or both. Alternatively, a percent sign is used to indicate any single character, and can appear any number of times.

CORRID=(corrid)

Optional.

Specify a Db2 correlation id or pattern. This identifies a Db2 correlation id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. A correlation id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering ',NULL' as the *corrid*.

EUSERID=(euserid)

Optional. Specify an end user id or pattern. This identifies an end user id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. An end user id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering ',NULL' as the *euseridd*.

WKSTNID=(wkstnid)

Optional. Specify a workstation id or pattern. This identifies a workstation id to be included in the measurement when measuring a DDF address space. A workstation id of null (binary zero) may be specified by entering ',NULL' as the *wkstnid*.

Example:

DDFFILTERS=(CORRID=(,NULL),EUSERID=(DDFUSER1),WKSTNID=(*))

This indicates that remote SQL with a null correlation id, originating from the user DDFUSER1 from any workstation will be included for the measurement for the observed DDF address space.

Db2SP

Optional.

Identifies the Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function to be measured. The keyword is valid only when you enter a dash (-) for the JOBNAME. It requires 4 out of 5 positional parameters to identify the type (stored procedure or user-defined function), the Db2 subsystem name or group attach name, the schema name and the name of the procedure or function, in the format Db2SP=(type,ssnm,schema,name,ganm). The ssnm and ganm positional parameters are mutually exclusive.

Type can be either P for stored procedure or F for user-defined function. For both *schema* and *name*, you can also specify a name pattern, for example, a name prefix followed by an asterisk (*) or an asterisk by itself. Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem that matches the schema and name concatenation. If a single asterisk is coded in both schema and name, Application Performance Analyzer will measure the first stored procedure or user-defined function executed by the Db2 subsystem.

```
Example1: Db2SP=(P,DSN1,SCHEMA1,SP1)
```

This indicates that the first occurrence of Db2 stored procedure SCHEMA.SP1, which runs in the Db2 Subsystem DSN1 is to be measured.

```
Example2: Db2SP=(F,,SCHEMA2,UDF2,DGRP)
```

This indicates that the first occurrence of user-defined function SCHEMA2.UDF2 that runs in the Db2 Subsystem belonging to group DGRP is to be measured.

```
Example3: Db2SP=(P,DSN1,SCH*,SP1)
```

This indicates that the first occurrence of stored procedure SP1 with a schema that begins with SCH, that runs in the Db2 Subsystem DSN1 is to be measured.

IMSID

Optional.

Specifies the IMS subsystem ID for an IMS Multiple Region request. An IMS Multiple Region request is identified by specifying a dash in the JOBNAME keyword. Refer to the JOBNAME parameter description for details.

Example:

IMSID=(IMSA)

JOBNAMES

Optional.

Specifies the names of the IMS MPP regions to be measured for an IMS Multiple Region request. The region names must be separated by commas and enclosed in quotes. An IMS Multiple Region request is identified by specifying a dash in the JOBNAME keyword. Refer to the JOBNAME parameter description for details.

Example:

```
JOBNAMES=("IMSAMPP1,IMSAMPP4,IMSAMPP5")
```

WASFILTERS

Optional

Identifies the filtering criteria that are used to limit the scope of a WebSphere control region measurement to specific requests, applications, and origins. It is also used to exclude image files and

specific file extensions from the measurement. It accepts the following sub-keywords; REQNAME, APPNAME, ORIGIN, NOIMAGES, and FILEEXT. Values in REQNAME, APPNAME, and ORIGIN are ANDed together to determine the WebSphere activity that is included in the measurement. NOIMAGES and FILEEXT are specified to exclude image files and specific file extensions from the reports.

REQNAME=('reqname')

Optional.

Specify a WebSphere request name or pattern. This identifies a WebSphere request to be included in the measurement. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard character. Embedded asterisks are not treated as wildcards.

APPNAME=('appname')

Optional.

Specify a WebSphere application name or pattern. This identifies a WebSphere application to be included in the measurement. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard character. Embedded asterisks are not treated as wildcards.

ORIGIN=(H|I|J,'origin')

Optional.

Specify the origin type, and an IP address, a host name or a job name to determine the WebSphere activity to be included in the measurement. It is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long.

- H Indicates the origin is a host name. In this case, the origin is a string of non-blank characters up to 79 bytes long. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard character. WebSphere can sometimes show an IP address as a host name. To filter these, you must specify the filter value as an IP address, not a host name.
- I Indicates the origin is an IPv4 or IPv6 address. If a wildcard is used, it can only appear after a dot separator (for IPv4) or a colon separator (for IPv6). For example: 207.245.47.* or 2001: db8:85a3:0:*. However, a wildcard cannot be used with an IPv6 filter if it contains two consecutive colons. For example, the following filter value is invalid: 2001: db8:85a3::8a2e:*. This is because the two consecutive colons and the asterisk wildcard both represent a varying number of missing values.
- J Indicates the origin is a job name. It can be from 1 to 8 alpha-national characters. A trailing asterisk can be used as a wildcard.

NOIMAGES=(Y|N)

Optional.

Specify whether images are to be excluded (Y) or included (N) from the measurement. Image files are identified by request names that end in any of the following file extensions:

```
.gif .jpg .jpeg .png .ico
```

FILEEXT=('extensions')

Optional.

Specify file extensions that are to be excluded from the measurement. One or more file extensions may be specified, each separated by a space. Any requests for those file types will be filtered out. For example: .

```
css .pdf .txt
```

Any WebSphere request whose request name ends in one of the specified file extensions will be filtered out. Each file extension must begin with a period and must be followed by at least one non-blank character. Wildcards cannot be used in this filter.

Example:

This indicates WebSphere activity managed by the WebSphere control region AZSR00A will be measured. It will include all requests and applications that originate from the IP address 99.233.166.160. Images and files with the extension .ccc and .txt will not be included in the measurement.

SCHDDATE

Mandatory if this is a Future Schedule request, otherwise does not apply.

Multiple SCHDDATE keywords can be specified to schedule future requests on multiple dates and times. Date/time is specified in the format: yyyy/mm/dd@hh:mm.

Example:

```
SCHDDATE=2004/12/03@16:00
SCHDDATE=2004/12/10@16:00
SCHDDATE=2004/12/17@16:00
SCHDDATE=2004/12/24@16:00
```

This creates a future schedule request to run a measurement on each of the four dates and times specified.

RETRYAFTER

Optional.

This is only used for future schedule requests (one or more SCHDDATE keywords must be present), where the job is expected to be active (ACTIVE=YES specified). Specifies that Application Performance Analyzer should retry the request if the target job was not active on the first attempt. Also specifies how many times to retry.

Specified in the format: (mm, FOR=nn), where mm is the number of minutes between retry attempts, and nn is the number of times to retry.

Example: RETRYAFTER=(15, FOR=3)

SCHDSPAN

Optional.

This is only used for future schedule requests (one or more SCHDDATE keywords must be present), where the measurement is to begin when the job becomes active (ACTIVE=NO specified). Specifies the number of minutes that this request will wait for the job to become active before Application Performance Analyzer expires the request.

Example: SCHDSPAN=120

RUNAGAIN

Optional.

This indicates that for a specified time interval, if the target job runs again, the measurement should be run again. The For= parm indicates how many times the measurement should potentially be repeated. The time interval is reset after each rerun of the target job. The maximum time interval for a future schedule request is 999 minutes. The maximum time interval for a single occurrence request is 31,680 minutes (22 days).

Example: RUNAGAIN=(60, FOR=3)

This means that for 60 minutes after the target job starts, Application Performance Analyzer will run the measurement again, if the job starts again. It will do this up to three times.

RUNAGAIN=(0,FOR=5)

This means that Application Performance Analyzer will run the measurement the first time the job runs, and again the next five times the job runs.

SAMPDSN

Optional.

Specifies the name of the sample data set to be created for this measurement. This keyword is applicable only when the resulting measurement generates a single observation request. The following options that could potentially generate multiple observation requests will cause the request to fail:

- · Multi-step or all steps
- Schedule with more than one date/time combination
- RunAgain
- · Collateral Db2
- · WebSphere Requests
- IMS Multiple Region Requests
- USS Requests

The SAMPDSN keyword accepts the positional parameter dsn and the keyword parameter REPLACE, in the format SAMPDSN=(dsn,REPLACE=Y|N) where:

- dsn is the data set name for the sample file. Symbol substitution is not allowed for this data set name. You must ensure that appropriate security rules are in place to secure this data set against unauthorized access, while allowing access where necessary. For more details on security access and rules, please refer to the *Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS Customization Guide*.
- REPLACE indicates whether the sample data set is to be replaced, if it already exists. The default is 'N' don't replace. The rules regarding REPLACE are as follows:
 - When the request is submitted, Application Performance Analyzer checks if the data set exists. If
 it does and REPLACE=Y is specified, the request is accepted, otherwise it is failed.
 - When sampling completes, Application Performance Analyzer again checks if the data set exists.
 If it does and REPLACE=Y is specified, the original sample file is deleted and reallocated, otherwise the request is failed.

Note: Use REPLACE=Y with caution. If the data set already exists and is replaced, it is possible that multiple observations may now point to the same sample file. For example: If Request #2 specifies a SAMPDSN data set name that is the same as that of Request #1; and Request #2 replaces this data set with sample data from Request #2; then both requests will now point to the same sample file. Therefore the reports for both requests will be identical.

Example: SAMPDSN=(CAZ.SAMPLE, REPLACE=Y)

This means for this observation request, Application Performance Analyzer will create a sample file with the name CAZ.SAMPLE. If that sample file already exists, Application Performance Analyzer will replace it with the sampling data for this request.

ARGDATA

Optional.

Specifies the dataset name and optional member name containing JCL and PRINT control statements that will be used to submit the batch job to generate the reports.

The ARGDATA keyword accepts the parameters *dsn* and *member*, in the format ARGDATA(*dsn*, *member*):

- dsn is the dataset name for Automatic Report Generation. This dataset might be partitioned or
 physical sequential, and it must have a record format that is fixed length and LRECL=80. The dataset
 or member contains the complete JCL stream to create observation reports. The JCL stream will be
 submitted after the observation completes.
- member is the member name of a PDS for Automatic Report Generation. The member must reside in a PDS that contains fixed length, LRECL=80 records. The member contains the complete JCL stream to create observation reports. The JCL stream will be submitted after the observation completes.

See hlq.SCAZSAMP(CAZARG) for a sample ARG member.

Example: ARGDATA=('CAZ.ARG', ARG1)

TNEW

The TNEW command is used to create a new Observation Request which starts only when the specified threshold criteria has been satisfied for the target job-step or job-steps. The criteria are: CPU Time, Elapsed Time, and EXCP Count.

TNEW

Mandatory.

Indicates that this is a new threshold request.

JOBNAME

Optional.

Specifies the name of the job (or started task or TSO user) to be measured. JOBNAME might be specified in conjunction with ASID and/or PID. If specified together, the JOBNAME must match the ASID and/or PID.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

ASID

Optional.

Specifies the ASID of a job to be measured. ASID must be specified as a decimal number and might be specified in conjunction with JOBNAME and/or PID. If specified together, the ASID must match the JOBNAME and/or PID. The ASID keyword is valid only when ACTIVE=YES.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

Example: ASID=1023

PID

Optional.

Specifies the USS Process ID of a UNIX process to be measured. PID must be specified as a decimal number and might be specified in conjunction with JOBNAME and/or ASID. If specified together, the PID must match the JOBNAME and/or ASID. The PID keyword is valid only when ACTIVE=YES.

Note: At least one of JOBNAME, ASID or PID must be specified. Any combinations of the three can be specified.

Example: PID=33620804

TMSEL

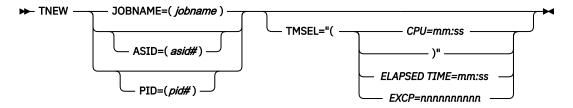
Mandatory.

Specifies the criteria upon which the measurement will begin. The TMSEL keyword accepts the following parameters: CPU, ELAPSEDTIME, and EXCP, in the format TMSEL=("CPU=mm:ss ELAPSEDTIME=mm:ss EXCP=nnnnnnnnnn). When more than one threshold criteria is specified, all the criteria must be met for the measurement to begin.

CPU=mm:ss specifies the threshold amount of CPU time. When the target job-step exceeds this amount of CPU time, the measurement begins. Time can be entered in seconds or in minutes and seconds. To specify the threshold time in minutes and seconds, separate the minutes value from the seconds value using a colon.

ELAPSEDTIME=mm:ss specifies the threshold amount of elapsed time. When the target job-step exceeds this amount of elapsed time, the measurement begins. Time can be entered in seconds or in minutes and seconds. To specify the threshold time in minutes and seconds, separate the minutes value from the seconds value using a colon.

EXCP=nnnnnnnnn specifies the threshold EXCP count. When the target job-step exceeds this EXCP count, the measurement begins.



Example:

```
TNEW JOBNAME=TSTJOB01
TMSEL=("CPU=30 ELAPSEDTIME=5:00 EXCP=5000");
```

TNEW accepts the same keywords as the NEW command, with the exception of the Schedule, Db2 stored procedure or user-defined function, and IMS multiple address space keywords, which are not applicable for Threshold Monitor requests. The following keywords are not accepted on the TNEW command: DELAYSAMPLING, Db2SP, IMSID, JOBNAMES, RUNAGAIN, SCHDDATE, RETRYAFTER, and SCHDSPAN. Only one STEP keyword is accepted. The ALLSTEPS keyword can be used to measure all steps in the job that meet the threshold criteria.

DELETE

The DELETE command is used to delete one or multiple observation requests.

REONUM

Mandatory.

Specifies the request number(s) to be deleted.

KEEP

The KEEP command is used to override the expiration date on an observation request, and keep it until it is manually removed.

REQNUM

Mandatory.

Specifies the request number to be kept.

CANCEL

The CANCEL command is used to cancel an active observation request.

REQNUM

Mandatory.

Specifies the request number to be cancelled.

Batch import

The batch import program CAZIMPRT is used to load one or multiple observations or hierarchies of observations into the Application Performance Analyzer R02 Observation Session List. These can be native sample files, previously exported observations, or exported hierarchies of observations. The import program creates a new observation(s) in the target system, assigning a new request number to each observation and maintaining the hierarchies as exported. The date and time of the imported requests are set to the current date and time and the expiry date is recalculated based on the rules of the importing system.

Sample template JCL is supplied in hlq.SCAZSAMP in member CAZIMPRT.

```
//CAZIMPRT JOB <job parameters>
//S1
           EXEC PGM=CAZIMPRT, REGION=4M, PARM='STCID=stcid'
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=#hlq.SCAZAUTH
//SYSPRINT DD
               SYSOUT=*
//SAMP0001 DD
               DSN=#prefix.request.XMIT,DISP=SHR
//*SAMP0002 DD
               DSN=#prefix.request.XMIT,DISP=SHR
//*SAMP0003 DD
               DSN=#prefix.request.XMIT,DISP=SHR
//*SAMP0004 DD
              DSN=#prefix.request.XMIT,DISP=SHR
//*
//*
//*SAMP9999 DD
               DSN=#prefix.request.XMIT,DISP=SHR
```

- 1. Add the JOB parameters to meet your system requirements.
- 2. On the EXEC statement, replace *stcid* with the Application Performance Analyzer instance id of the system you want to import into. This parameter can be omitted if only one instance of Application Performance Analyzer is running on your image.
- 3. On the STEPLIB DD statement, replace *hlq*.SCAZAUTH with the name of your installation's authorized library containing Application Performance Analyzer's load modules.
- 4. To import multiple sample files, include a SAMP*nnnn* DD statement for each file, where *nnnn* is a value between 0001 and 9999.
- 5. On the SAMP*nnnn* DD statement, replace #prefix.request.XMIT with the names of the native sample files or TSO XMIT files containing the sample to be imported.

Note: For compatibility, the SAMPIN DD statement is supported for importing a single sample file. When SAMPIN is specified, all other SAMP*nnnn* DD statements are ignored.

Using the MVS START command to schedule a new measurement

A new Application Performance Analyzer measurement request can be entered by using an MVS START command. The JCL procedure specified in the START command will run a REXX EXEC, which, in turn, calls CAZBATCH with the Application Performance Analyzer NEW command specification. The Application Performance Analyzer NEW command options may be coded in a PDS member (specified on the MVS START command) or as parameters on the MVS START command itself. When NEW command parameters are specified in both the SYSIN member and the START command, the START command parameters override the SYSIN member parameters.

A sample JCL procedure is provided in your.prefix.SCAZSAMP member CAZ\$NEW.

```
//CAZ$NEW PROC APARM=
//CAZ$TEP EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=50,PARM='CAZ$TART &APARM
//STEPLIB DD DI$P=SHR,D$N=#hlq.$CAZAUTH
//SY$EXEC DD DI$P=SHR,D$N=#hlq.$CAZEXEC
//SY$T$PRT DD SY$OUT=*
//SY$T$IN DD DUMMY
//CAZ$Y$IN DD DI$P=SHR,D$N=#hlq.$CAZ$AMP
```

You must customize this sample as follows:

- 1. Change *your.prefix* with high level qualifiers that are appropriate for your installation for the Application Performance Analyzer libraries.
- 2. Update CAZSYSIN if a different library is to be used for the CAZBATCH statements.

When you complete the above changes, place this member in a library that is part of the JES procedure concatenation for started tasks.

A sample REXX EXEC is provided in *your.prefix*.SCAZEXEC member CAZSTART. This EXEC calls CAZBATCH. You need to customize this sample as follows:

- 1. Change *your.prefix* with high level qualifiers that are appropriate for your installation for the Application Performance Analyzer libraries.
- 2. Add a value for dsnHLQ if a value other than "sysuid" is required for the HLQ for work data sets.

Sample SYSIN members for procedure CAZ\$NEW are provided in your.prefix.SCAZSAMP:

- CAZNEWCI contains a sample NEW command string for a CICS/Db2 measurement.
- CAZNEWIM contains a sample NEW command string for an IMS/Db2/MQ measurement.

Syntax: S CAZ\$NEW,APARM='MEMBER=pdsmembername NewCommandParms'

MEMBER

Optional.

Specifies the SYSIN PDS member name that contains the NEW command options.

NewCommandParms

Optional.

Options for the Application Performance Analyzer NEW command that override those coded in the CAZSYSIN member. A subset of NEW command options is supported in the CAZSTART EXEC with abbreviations, due to the 100-byte APARM length limitation. For more information, see *your.prefix*.SCAZEXEC(CAZSTART). Any other options will be passed to CAZBATCH as is.

Example: S CAZ\$NEW, APARM='MEMBER=CAZNEWCI STC=CAZ0 JOBN=CICS54A'

Chapter 16. Realtime Monitor

The Realtime Monitor facility lets you view information about an in-progress measurement. Start this facility by selecting an active measurement from Observation Session List using the "R" line command. You can also choose to have the Realtime Monitor launched automatically when you start a measurement for an active job. Use SETUP in the Observation Session List to select this option.

Auto-refresh mode

In this mode the panel is refreshed automatically to show changing data as it is measured. In auto-refresh mode the keyboard is locked. To halt auto-refresh mode, and unlock the keyboard, press the Attention key. You can then refresh the panel manually by repeatedly pressing the ENTER key.

To re-activate the auto-refresh mode, enter the PULSE primary command. You can abbreviate this as P.

Monitor views

The Realtime Monitor facility offer various views of the measurement data. The upper portion of the screen shows a menu of the available monitor views. To select a view, either enter its code on the command line or place the cursor on the field and press the ENTER key.

ACCUM and CURRENT modes

Some monitor views display data based on either all the accumulated (ACCUM) data for the measurement, or for the last measured "time slice" (CURRENT). "(ACCUM)" or "(CURRENT)" is displayed on the heading line of views affected by this mode setting.

Enter the ACCUM command to set the mode to report accumulate data. You can abbreviate this as A. Enter the CURRENT command to set the mode to report on the most recent time slice. You can abbreviate this as C. Use the SETUP command to adjust the size of the time slice (expressed as number of samples). The default value is 100 samples.

SETUP command

Use the SETUP command to change various default options. You can change the following:

- · Panel displayed at startup
- Display auto-refresh enabled
- · Auto-refresh interval
- · Length of current time slice

View 1. Measurement overview

View 1. Measurement Overview shows an at-a-glance summary of the measurement status and shows a very high level overview of observed resource usage. If in 'autorefresh' mode, data in this screen will refresh automatically at the specified rate. Otherwise press ENTER to refresh the data.

A sample report is shown here:

```
File View Navigate Help
M01: IBM APA for z/OS Realtime Monitor (2132/CICS22A) Row 00001 of 00025
Command ===>

1. Overview 3. Environment 5. Data Mgmt
2. CPU Util. 4. CPU/Modules
                                                       _____Scroll ===> <u>PAGE</u>
View 1. Measurement Overview
CPU Active 4,314 10.8% ----
WAIT 34,393 86.6% ----
Queued 966 2.4% -
 Queued
+System Resource Usage-----+
 +Db2 Activity-----
 SQL call count 7,809
SQL samples 2,287
                                    | Db2 plan
| Db2 DBRM
                                                        PFSAMPA
                                                        PFSAMPC
+CICS Transactions-----
 Active txns 0
Suspended txns 8
                                    | Current TranId n/a
| CICSTaskId 1,67
                                                        1,672
```

Measurement progress

This section shows the progress of the measurement by reporting the total number of samples completed. The sample counts are further subdivided by CPU Active samples, TCB WAIT samples, and Queued samples.

Under heading	This is displayed
Requested	The number of samples requested. A fixed percentage value of 100 percent is shown here as this number of samples represents the entire measurement. The actual number of samples performed could exceed this value if the "run to end of step" option was selected. Similarly the measurement could terminate before the indicated number of samples is done if the measured step terminates first.
Samples Done	The number of samples done. This is the number of samples performed so far. A percentage value and histogram indicate the ratio of samples completed to the number of requested samples.
CPU Active	The number of samples done in which one or more CPUs were executing instructions in the measured region. A percentage value and histogram indicate the ratio of the number of CPU Active samples to the total number of samples completed so far.
WAIT	The number of samples done in which all TCBs were in WAIT (non dispatchable) state. A percentage value and histogram indicate the ratio of the number of WAIT samples to the total number of samples completed so far.

Under heading	This is displayed
Queued	The number of samples done in which no TCBs were CPU active and at least one TCB was dispatchable. This indicates a state in which work was not being done in the measured region because no CPU (or memory) was available. A percentage value and histogram indicates the ratio of the number of Queued samples to the total number of samples completed so far.

System resource usage

This section shows various aspects of general resource usage observed during the measurement interval. Resources quantified here are: CPU time, storage usage, EXCPs, and paging.

Under heading	This is displayed
CPU Time TCB	The number of CPU seconds consumed by all TCBs in the measured region for the duration of the measurement interval.
No. of TCBs	The number of TCBs in existence at the time of the last data refresh.
CPU Time SRB	The number of CPU seconds consumed in SRB mode in the measured region for the duration of the measurement interval.
EXCPs	The number of EXCPs (Execute Channel Program) performed during the measurement interval.
Storage Frames	The number of 4K byte page frames (real storage) for virtual storage assigned to the address space at the time of the last data refresh.
Data Space Frames	The number of 4K byte page frames (real storage) for Data Space storage assigned to the address space at the time of the last data refresh.
Pages in	The number of page in operations performed during the measurement interval.
Pages out	The number of page out operations performed during the measurement interval.

Db2 activity

This section shows information about Db2 activity observed during the measurement interval.

Under heading	This is displayed
SQL call count	The number of SQL calls counted during the measurement interval. This information is available only if the Db2+ feature was enabled for the measurement.
SQL samples	The number of samples in which SQL call processing was in progress.
Db2 Plan	The name of the Db2 Plan for the last SQL request whose execution was sampled. This information is available only if the Db2 feature was enabled for the measurement.
Db2 DBRM	The name of the Db2 DBRM for the last SQL request whose execution was sampled. This information is available only if the Db2 feature was enabled for the measurement.

CICS transactions

This section shows information about CICS transactions that are currently active. This information is available only if the address space being measured is a CICS region and the CICS measurement feature is enabled.

Under heading	This is displayed
Active txns	The number of CICS transactions currently active (includes suspended transactions).
Current TranId	The transaction ID of the currently executing CICS transaction.
Suspended txns	The number of CICS transactions currently suspended. This number is also included in the Active txns value.
CICS TaskId	The task number of the CICS transaction currently executing.

View 2. CPU utilization

View 2. CPU Utilization quantifies distribution of CPU usage. The quantifications are reported in two modes: Overall and Current.

Overall mode appears on the left side of the screen and shows accumulated quantifications based on the overall measurement. Each quantity is an overall sample count. It is also expressed as a percentage and illustrated by a histogram.

Current mode appears on the right side of the screen and shows quantifications representing the last measured time slice. Each quantity is a sample count for the time slice and is also illustrated by a histogram. (Use the SETUP command to adjust the size of the time slice.)

If in "auto-refresh" mode data in this screen will refresh automatically at the specified rate. Otherwise press ENTER to refresh the data.

A sample report is shown here:

<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew	<u>N</u> avigate <u>H</u> elp	
M01: IBM APA fo Command ===>	r z/OS Realtime Monitor (2132/CIC	S22A) Row 00001 of 00028 Scroll ===> <u>PAGE</u>
 Overview CPU Util. 	3. Environment 5. Data Mgmt 4. CPU/Modules	
View 2. CPU Uti	lization	
Samples CPU Active WAIT	tivity 7 min 7.81 sec 64,179 71.3% 5,597 8.7% - 57,303 89.2% 1,279 1.9% -	
CPU Active Application System	ribution	
CPU Active Supv Mode Prob Mode In SVC AMODE 24 AMODE 31 AMODE 64	5,604 8.7% - 3,828 68.3% 1,776 31.6% 424 7.5% - 0 0.0% 5,604 100.0% 0 0.0% 1,887 33.6% 3,717 66.3%	39

CPU activity

This section shows sample counts for the overall measurement and for the current time slice. These are categorized as CPU Active, WAIT and Queued.

Under heading	This is displayed
Samples	The number of samples performed in the overall measurement and in the time slice. The percentage shown in the Overall CPU Activity section represents the ratio of the number of samples completed to the number of samples requested.
CPU Active	The number of samples done in which one or more CPUs were executing instructions in the measured region. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of CPU Active samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time in which CPU activity was observed. The second sample count shows the number of CPU Active samples in the current time slice. The second histogram shows the proportion of the current time slice in which CPU activity was observed.
CPU WAIT	The number of samples done in which all TCBs were in WAIT (non dispatchable) state. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of CPU WAIT samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time in which all TCBs were in WAIT state. The second sample count shows the number of CPU WAIT samples in the current time slice. The second histogram shows the proportion of the current time slice in which all TCBs were observed to be in WAIT state.

Under heading	This is displayed
Queued	The number of samples done in which no TCBs were CPU active and at least one TCB was dispatchable. This indicates a state in which work was not being done in the measured region because no CPU (or memory) was available. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of Queued samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time in which a TCB was dispatchable and not serviced. The second sample count shows the number of Queued samples in the current time slice. The second histogram shows the proportion of the current time slice in which one or more TCBs was dispatchable and not serviced.

CPU usage distribution

This section shows a breakdown of CPU active TCB observations. CPU active observations are broken down by categories: Application code, System services, Db2 and Data management.

Under heading	This is displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU Active TCBs. This value could be higher than the number of CPU Active samples because each CPU Active TCB is counted. Two or more TCBs could be serviced concurrently by separate CPUs. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of CPU Active samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time for which CPU activity was observed. The second sample count shows the number of CPU Active TCB observations in the current time slice.
Application	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was observed in application programs. This is a subset of the CPU Active observation count. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of application program observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed in application code. The second count shows the number of application code CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in application code in this time slice.
System	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was observed in system services. This is a subset of the CPU Active observation count. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of system services observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed in system routines. The second count shows the number of system services CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in system services in this time slice.

Under heading	This is displayed
Db2 SQL	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in Db2 routines servicing SQL requests. This is a subset of the CPU Active observation count. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of Db2 observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be processing SQL requests. The second count shows the number of Db2 services CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in Db2 services in this time slice.
Data management	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in the servicing of Data Management requests. This is a subset of the CPU Active observation count. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of Data Management service observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be processing Data Management requests. The second count shows the number of Data Management services CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in Data Management services in this time slice.
Unresolved	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in object code in storage locations for which no load module information could be obtained. This can occur for modules fetched into CSA by a region other than the one being measured. This quantity is a subset of the CPU Active observation count. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of unresolved location observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in unresolved storage locations. The second count shows the number of unresolved storage location CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in unresolved storage locations in this time slice.

CPU modes

This section shows a breakdown of CPU active TCB observations by mode of CPU execution. These modes are not all mutually exclusive. For example, execution in Problem State could also be counted as execution in AMODE 31.

Under heading	This is displayed
CPU Active	The number of observations of CPU Active TCBs. This value could be higher than the number of CPU Active samples because each CPU Active TCB is counted. Two or more TCBs could be serviced concurrently by separate CPUs. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of CPU Active samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time for which CPU activity was observed. The second sample count shows the number of CPU Active TCB observations in the current time slice.

Under heading	This is displayed
Supv Mode	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in Supervisor Mode. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of Supervisor Mode observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in Supervisor Mode. The second count shows the number of Supervisor Mode CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in Supervisor Mode in this time slice.
Prob Mode	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in Problem Mode. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of Problem Mode observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in Problem Mode. The second count shows the number of Problem Mode CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in Problem Mode in this time slice.
In SVC	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in a Supervisor Call. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of SVC execution observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in a Supervisor Call. The second count shows the number of Problem Mode CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in SVC execution in this time slice.
AMODE 24	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in 24 bit addressing mode. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of AMODE 24 observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in AMODE 24. The second count shows the number of AMODE 24 CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in AMODE 24 in this time slice.
AMODE 31	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in 31 bit addressing mode. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of AMODE 31 observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in AMODE 31. The second count shows the number of AMODE 31 CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in AMODE 31 in this time slice.
AMODE 64	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in 64 bit addressing mode. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of AMODE 64 observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in AMODE 64. The second count shows the number of AMODE 64 CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in AMODE 64 in this time slice.

Under heading	This is displayed
User key	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in user storage key (Key 8). The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of user key observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in user key. The second count shows the number of user key CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in user key in this time slice.
System key	The number of CPU Active TCB observations in which execution was in system storage key (not key 8). The percentage value indicates the ratio of the number of system key observations to the number of CPU Active observations. The first histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall CPU time for which CPU activity was observed to be in system key. The second count shows the number of system key CPU Active observations in the current time slice. The histogram represents the proportion of CPU time in system key in this time slice.

View 3. Measurement environment

The data reported here is static and shows the measurement request parameters and information about the measurement environment.

A sample report is shown here:

Command ===>	OS Realtime Monitor	(2132/CICS22A) ata Mgmt	Row 00001 of 00028 Scroll ===> PAGE
View 3. Measurement +Request Parameters- Request number Description Data extractors	2132 CICS region		
Time of request	09:53:34 Tue May-31-2005 CICS22A n/a	Nbr of samples Duration Active/pending Proc step name Delay time	600 sec
l loh number	CICS22A STC02108 CICS22A 71	Region size <16MB Region size >16MB Step program Region type	4K Í
System ID SMFID	X235 X235	IBM APA Version O/S level	1.100A z/OS 01.06.00
Nbr of CPUs CPU rate factor MIPS per CPU		CPU model CPU version SUs per second	1247 0A 2660.0

Request parameters

These values were established when the measurement was requested.

Under heading	This is displayed
Request number	The unique 5-digit identifier assigned to the measurement.
Description	A description specified when the measurement was requested.
Data extractors	The specified data extractors (Db2, CICS, etc.)
Requesting user	The TSO user ID of the user that requested the measurement.
Time of request	The time of day the request was made.
Date of request	The date upon which the request was made.
Job name	The name of the job that was specified to be measured.
Step name/number	The step name or step number that was specified to be measured, if applicable.
Step program	The name of the step program that was specified to be measured, if applicable.
Number of samples	The number of samples specified.
Duration	The specified measurement duration.
Active/pending	Indicates whether the measurement request specified an active job (an immediate measurement) or one that was to run later when execution of the job step is detected.
Proc step name	The procedure step name, if specified.
Delay time	The number of seconds specified for which the start of the measurement was to be delayed from the start of the job step.

Measurement environment

Values relating to the environment in which the measurement took place are reported here.

Under heading	This is displayed
Job name	The name of the measured job.
Job number	The job number of the measured job assigned by JES.
Step name	The name of the measured step.
ASID	The ASID (address space ID) of the measured job.
Db2 attach type	The type of Db2 attachment, if Db2 data recorded.
Region size < 16MB	The region size in the 24 bit address range.
Region size > 16MB	The region size above the 24 bit address range.
Step program	The name of the measurement step program (specified in the EXEC JCL statement).
Region type	The type of region (Batch, TSO, IMS, CICS, etc.) measured.
System ID	The system identifier of the system on which the measurement took place.
SMFID	The SMF ID assigned to the system on which the measurement took place.
IBM APA vers.	The version of IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS that performed the measurement.
O/S Level	The operating system and level.

Under heading	This is displayed
Nbr of CPUs	The number of CPUs in the system on which the measurement took place.
CPU rate factor	The factor used to determine CPU performance.
MIPS per CPU	The speed, in machine instructions per second, of one CPU. This is derived using the CPU rate factor.
CPU model	The CPU model number.
CPU version	The CPU version.
SUs per second	The number of service units per CPU second.

View 4. CPU active modules

Overall CPU activity

A sample report is shown here:

```
File \underline{V}iew \underline{N}avigate \underline{H}elp
M01: IBM APA for z/OS Realtime Monitor (2132/CICS22A)
                                                                             Row 00001 of 00034
                                                                          ____ Scroll ===> PAGE
Command ===>

1. Overview 3. Environment 5. Data Mgmt
  2. CPU Util. 4. CPU/Modules
View 4. CPU Active Modules (CURRENT)
+Overall CPU Activity 8 min 14.33 sec -----+ +Current 0.66 sec ----+ | Samples 74,159 82.3% ------- | | 100 '''''' | | | | | CPU Active 7,584 10.2% -- | | 42 ====== |
          Description
                                       Percent of CPU Time * 10.00% ±15.6%
Name
                                         *....1....2....3....4....5....6....7....8....9
                                   11.90 ======
DFHSIP CICS Services
DFHPGDM PG domain - initi
185C6xxx Unresolved Addres
                                   4.76 ==
152D3xxx Unresolved Addres
186E3xxx Unresolved Addres
                                   4.76 ==
                                    2.38 =
17AEFxxx Unresolved Addres
                                    2.38 =
17D88xxx Unresolved Addres
                                    2.38 =
                                   2.38 =
DFHMCX BMS fast path mod
18227xxx Unresolved Addres
18542xxx Unresolved Addres
                                    2.38 =
                                    2.38 =
17848xxx Unresolved Addres
                                    2.38 =
```

Under heading	This is displayed
Samples	The number of samples performed in the overall measurement. The percentage shown section represents the ratio of the number of samples completed to the number of samples requested. This percentage is also represented by a histogram.
CPU Active	The number of samples done in which one or more CPUs were executing instructions in the measured region. The percentage value indicates the ratio of the total number of CPU Active samples to the total number of samples completed so far. The histogram represents this percentage and shows the proportion of the overall measurement time in which CPU activity was observed.

Current

This shows the number of samples in the current time slice and the number of these samples in which CPU activity was observed. The heading shows the elapsed time of the time slice.

Under heading	This is displayed
Samples	The number of samples performed in the current time slice.
CPU Active	The number of samples in the current time slice in which one or more CPUs were executing instructions in the measured region. The histogram represents the proportion of the time slice in which CPU activity was observed.

Module attribution

Each detail line in this section shows a load module name and the percentage of observed CPU activity attributed to the module. The quantifications shown in this section apply to the full measurement if in ACCUM mode and to the last time slice if in CURRENT mode. Enter the ACCUM command or the CURRENT command to switch between these two modes.

Under heading	This is displayed
Name	The name of the module in which CPU activity was observed. Use the "+" line command to expand this line to show CSECT information. For an address range for which a module name could not be determined, this shows a hexadecimal address range.
Description	A functional description of the module if one is available.
Percent of CPU Time	The percentage of CPU time consumed while executing in the module. This is the ratio of the number of CPU Active TCB observations in the module to the total number of CPU Active observations.

View 5. Data mgmt service time

In ACCUM mode, files for which EXCPs were processed during the measurement are shown. In CURRENT mode, files for which EXCPs were processed since the last data refresh are shown. In both cases the detail lines are sorted in descending sequence by EXCP count since the last data refresh.

A sample report is shown here:

```
<u>File View Navigate</u>
M01: IBM APA for z/OS Realtime Monitor (2133/CICS22A)
                                                                 Row 00001 of 00004
Command ===>
1. Overview 3. Environment 5. Data Mgmt
                                                               ___ Scroll ===> PAGE
  2. CPU Util. 4. CPU/Modules
View 5. Data Mgmt Service Time (ACCUM)
DDNAME
                   EXCPs
                            CPU-Wait-Queued
           <u>Type</u>
                                                <u>Dataset Name</u>
VSAM1
           VSAM
                   4,568
                                                USR01.DATA.TESTPF
INFILE
           QSAM
                      45
                                                USR01.TESTPF2.INFILE
                                                USR01.TESTPF2.OUTFILE
OUTFTLE
           OSAM
                      20
STEPLIB
                       2
                                                APL1.RTEST.LOADLIB
```

Under heading	This is displayed
DDNAME	The DDNAME to which the file is allocated. A separate line appears for each OPEN of the DDNAME. A separate line also appears for each data set in a concatenation.

Under heading	This is displayed
Туре	The type of file access (QSAM, BSAM, etc.) is reported if this information was determined. Measurement of execution in a data management routine for the file must have taken place for this to be reported.
EXCPs	In ACCUM mode, the number of EXCPs since the first file activity measurement. In CURRENT mode, the number of EXCPs since the last data refresh.
CPU-Wait-Queued	A histogram showing the proportion of samples in which execution was observed in data management routines servicing access of the file. The colors green, red and yellow indicate CPU active, Wait and Queued respectively. The width of the field represents 100 percent of the measurement interval for ACCUM mode and 100 percent of the last time slice for CURRENT mode.
Data set Name	The name of the data set.

Chapter 17. Application Performance Analyzer plugin

Overview of Application Performance Analyzer plug-in

The Application Performance Analyzer plug-in is a desktop application that can be used as an alternative to the main Application Performance Analyzer ISPF interface. This Eclipse-based plug-in encompasses both the observation request and reporting functions. You can use this plug-in to submit new observation requests and to browse the reports that are generated from observation requests.

Installing the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in

The Application Performance Analyzer plug-in is an Eclipse tool for mainframe development. You can download the plug-in from the IBM Mainframe Development website at https://developer.ibm.com/mainframe/#products. It is included with IBM Explorer for z/OS Aqua, and available as an installation package along with other IBM Problem Determination Tools plug-ins. After you download the plug-in, follow the installation instructions and select the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in from the plug-ins list.

Connecting to Application Performance Analyzer on z/OS

You need a Connection and Credential to log on to z/OS and connect to Application Performance Analyzer on z/OS. The Application Performance Analyzer plug-in uses a "Problem Determination for z/OS" connection type. Application Performance Analyzer is automatically connected when a PD Tools connection is established. To configure and start a Problem Determination Tools connection, follow the instructions in the "IBM Application Delivery Foundation for z Systems Common Components" section of the desktop Help.

Using the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in

You can find details on using the Application Performance Analyzer plug-in in the desktop Help. In the action bar click **Help**. Scroll down and select **Help Contents**. In the subsequent help window, there is a section called "IBM Application Performance Analyzer User Guide".

Appendix A. Support resources and problem solving information

This section shows you how to quickly locate information to help answer your questions and solve your problems. If you have to call IBM support, this section provides information that you need to provide to the IBM service representative to help diagnose and resolve the problem.

For a comprehensive multimedia overview of IBM software support resources, see the IBM Education Assistant presentation "IBM Software Support Resources for System z® Enterprise Development Tools and Compilers products" at https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter.

- "Searching knowledge bases" on page 733
- "Getting fixes" on page 734
- "Subscribing to support updates" on page 734
- "Contacting IBM Support" on page 736

Searching knowledge bases

You can search the available knowledge bases to determine whether your problem was already encountered and is already documented.

- "Searching the Knowledge Center" on page 733
- "Searching product support documents" on page 733

Searching the Knowledge Center

You can find this publication and documentation for many other products in the IBM Application Performance Analyzer Knowledge Center at https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSFMHB/product.html. Using the Knowledge Center, you can search product documentation in a variety of ways. You can search across the documentation for multiple products, search across a subset of the product documentation that you specify, or search a specific set of topics that you specify within a document. Search terms can include exact words or phrases, wild cards, and Boolean operators.

To learn more about how to use the search facility provided in the IBM Knowledge Center, you can view the multimedia presentation at http://www-01.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/.

Searching product support documents

If you need to look beyond the Knowledge Center to answer your question or resolve your problem, you can use one or more of the following approaches:

• Find the content that you need by using the IBM Support Portal at www.ibm.com/software/support or directly at www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal.

The IBM Support Portal is a unified, centralized view of all technical support tools and information for all IBM systems, software, and services. The IBM Support Portal lets you access the IBM electronic support portfolio from one place. You can tailor the pages to focus on the information and resources that you need for problem prevention and faster problem resolution.

Access the IBM Software site (https://www.ibm.com/products/software) for specific product details.

- Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS Support
- IBM z/OS Debugger Support
- Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Support
- Enterprise PL/I for z/OS Support

- Fault Analyzer for z/OS Support
- File Export for z/OS Support
- File Manager for z/OS Support
- WebSphere Developer Debugger for System z Support
- WebSphere Studio Asset Analyzer for Multiplatforms Support
- Workload Simulator for z/OS and OS/390° Support
- Search for content by using the IBM masthead search. You can can use the IBM masthead search by typing your search string into the Search field at the top of any ibm.com® page.
- Search for content by using any external search engine, such as Google, Yahoo, or Bing. If you use an external search engine, your results are more likely to include information that is outside the ibm.com domain. However, sometimes you can find useful problem-solving information about IBM products in newsgroups, forums, and blogs that are not on ibm.com. Include "IBM" and the name of the product in your search if you are looking for information about an IBM product.
- The IBM Support Assistant (also referred to as ISA) is a free local software serviceability workbench that helps you resolve questions and problems with IBM software products. It provides quick access to support-related information. You can use the IBM Support Assistant to help you in the following ways:
 - Search through IBM and non-IBM knowledge and information sources across multiple IBM products to answer a question or solve a problem.
 - Find additional information through product and support pages, customer news groups and forums, skills and training resources and information about troubleshooting and commonly asked questions.

In addition, you can use the built in Updater facility in IBM Support Assistant to obtain IBM Support Assistant upgrades and new features to add support for additional software products and capabilities as they become available.

General information about the IBM Support Assistant can be found on the IBM Software site at https://www.ibm.com/products/software.

Getting fixes

A product fix might be available to resolve your problem. To determine what fixes and other updates are available, select a link from the following list:

- Latest PTFs for Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS
- Latest PTFs for IBM z/OS Debugger
- Latest PTFs for Fault Analyzer for z/OS
- Latest PTFs for File Export for z/OS
- Latest PTFs for File Manager for z/OS
- Latest PTFs for Optim[™] Move for DB2[®]
- Latest PTFs for WebSphere Studio Asset Analyzer for Multiplatforms
- Latest PTFs for Workload Simulator for z/OS and OS/390

When you find a fix that you are interested in, click the name of the fix to read its description and to optionally download the fix.

Subscribe to receive email notifications about fixes and other IBM Support information as described in Subscribing to Support updates..

Subscribing to support updates

To stay informed of important information about the IBM products that you use, you can subscribe to updates. By subscribing to receive updates, you can receive important technical information and updates for specific Support tools and resources. You can subscribe to updates by using the following:

- RSS feeds and social media subscriptions
- · My Notifications

To subscribe to Support updates, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click My notifications to get started. Click **Subscribe now!** on the page.
- 2. Sign in My notifications with your IBM ID. If you do not have an IBM ID, create one ID by following the instructions.
- 3. After you sign in My notifications, enter the name of the product that you want to subscribe in the **Product lookup** field. The look-ahead feature lists products matching what you typed. If the product does not appear, use the **Browse for a product** link.
- 4. Next to the product, click the **Subscribe** link. A green check mark is shown to indicate the subscription is created. The subscription is listed under Product subscriptions.
- 5. To indicate the type of notices for which you want to receive notifications, click the **Edit** link. To save your changes, click the **Submit** at the bottom of the page.
- 6. To indicate the frequency and format of the email message you receive, click **Delivery preferences**. Then, click **Submit**.
- 7. Optionally, you can click the RSS/Atom feed by clicking **Links**. Then, copy and paste the link into your feeder.
- 8. To see any notifications that were sent to you, click View.

RSS feeds and social media subscriptions

For general information about RSS, including steps for getting started and a list of RSS-enabled IBM web pages, visit the IBM Software Support RSS feeds site at https://www.ibm.com/products/software. For information about the RSS feed for the IBM Application Performance Analyzer Knowledge Center, refer to the Knowledge Center at https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter.

My Notifications

With My Notifications, you can subscribe to Support updates for any IBM product. You can specify that you want to receive daily or weekly email announcements. You can specify what type of information you want to receive (such as publications, hints and tips, product flashes (also known as alerts), downloads, and drivers). My Notifications enables you to customize and categorize the products about which you want to be informed and the delivery methods that best suit your needs.

To subscribe to Support updates, follow the steps below.

- 1. Click My notifications to get started. Click **Subscribe now!** on the page.
- 2. Sign in My notifications with your IBM ID. If you do not have an IBM ID, create one ID by following the instructions.
- 3. After you sign in My notifications, enter the name of the product that you want to subscribe in the **Product lookup** field. The look-ahead feature lists products matching what you typed. If the product does not appear, use the **Browse for a product** link.
- 4. Next to the product, click the **Subscribe** link. A green check mark is shown to indicate the subscription is created. The subscription is listed under Product subscriptions.
- 5. To indicate the type of notices for which you want to receive notifications, click the **Edit** link. To save your changes, click the **Submit** at the bottom of the page.
- 6. To indicate the frequency and format of the email message you receive, click **Delivery preferences**. Then, click **Submit**.
- 7. Optionally, you can click the RSS/Atom feed by clicking **Links**. Then, copy and paste the link into your feeder.
- 8. To see any notifications that were sent to you, click **View**.

Contacting IBM Support

IBM Support provides assistance with product defects, answering FAQs, and performing rediscovery.

After trying to find your answer or solution by using other self-help options such as technotes, you can contact IBM Support. Before contacting IBM Support, your company must have an active IBM maintenance contract, and you must be authorized to submit problems to IBM. For information about the types of available support, see the information below or refer to the Support portfolio topic in the Software Support Handbook at https://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=ibm10733923.

• For IBM distributed software products (including, but not limited to, Tivoli®, Lotus®, and Rational® products, as well as Db2 and WebSphere products that run on Windows, or UNIX operating systems), enroll in Passport Advantage® in one of the following ways:

Online

Go to the Passport Advantage Web site at https://www.ibm.com/software/passportadvantage/ and click **How to Enroll**.

By phone

For the phone number to call in your country, go to the Contacts page of the *IBM Software Support Handbook* on the Web at https://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=ibm10733923 and click the name of your geographic region.

- For customers with Subscription and Support (S & S) contracts, go to the Software Service Request Web site at http://www.ibm.com/support/servicerequest.
- For IBM eServer[™] software products (including, but not limited to, Db2 and WebSphere products that run in zSeries, pSeries, and iSeries environments), you can purchase a software maintenance agreement by working directly with an IBM sales representative or an IBM Business Partner. For more information about support for eServer software products, go to the IBM Technical Support Advantage Web site at http://www.ibm.com/servers/eserver/techsupport.html.

If you are not sure what type of software maintenance contract you need, call 1-800-IBMSERV (1-800-426-7378) in the United States. From other countries, go to the Contacts page of the *IBM Software Support Handbook* on the Web at https://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=ibm10733923 and click the name of your geographic region for phone numbers of people who provide support for your location.

Complete the following steps to contact IBM Support if you run into a problem.

- 1. "Define the problem and determine the severity of the problem" on page 736
- 2. "Gather diagnostic information" on page 737
- 3. "Submit the problem to IBM Support" on page 737

Define the problem and determine the severity of the problem

Define the problem and determine severity of the problem When describing a problem to IBM, be as specific as possible. Include all relevant background information so that IBM Support can help you solve the problem efficiently.

IBM Support needs you to supply a severity level. Therefore, you need to understand and assess the business impact of the problem that you are reporting. Use the following criteria:

Severity 1

The problem has a **critical** business impact. You are unable to use the program, resulting in a critical impact on operations. This condition requires an immediate solution.

Severity 2

The problem has a **significant** business impact. The program is usable, but it is severely limited.

Severity 3

The problem has **some** business impact. The program is usable, but less significant features (not critical to operations) are unavailable.

Severity 4

The problem has **minimal** business impact. The problem causes little impact on operations, or a reasonable circumvention to the problem was implemented.

For more information, see the Getting IBM support topic in the Software Support Handbook at https://www-01.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=ibm10733923.

Gather diagnostic information

To save time, if there is a Mustgather document available for the product, refer to the Mustgather document and gather the information specified. Mustgather documents contain specific instructions for submitting your problem to IBM and gathering information needed by the IBM support team to resolve your problem. To determine if there is a Mustgather document for this product, go to the product support page (https://www.ibm.com/support/home/) and search on the term Mustgather.

If the product does not have a Mustgather document, please provide answers to the following questions:

- What software versions were you running when the problem occurred?
- Do you have logs, traces, and messages that are related to the problem symptoms? IBM Software Support is likely to ask for this information.
- Can you re-create the problem? If so, what steps were performed to re-create the problem?
- Did you make any changes to the system? For example, did you make changes to the hardware, operating system, networking software, and so on.
- Are you currently using a workaround for the problem? If so, be prepared to explain the workaround when you report the problem.

Submit the problem to IBM Support

You can submit your problem to IBM Support in one of three ways:

Online using the IBM Support Portal

Click **Service request** on the IBM Software Support site at http://www.ibm.com/software/support. On the right side of the Service request page, expand the Product related links section. Click Software support (general) and select ServiceLink/IBMLink to open an Electronic Technical Response (ETR). Enter your information into the appropriate problem submission form.

Online using the Service Request tool

The Service Request tool can be found at http://www.ibm.com/software/support/servicerequest.

By phone

Call 1-800-IBMSERV (1-800-426-7378) in the United States or, from other countries, go to the Contacts page of the *IBM Software Support Handbook* on <u>IBM Support</u> website and click the name of your geographic region.

If the problem you submit is for a software defect or for missing or inaccurate documentation, IBM Support creates an Authorized Program Analysis Report (APAR). The APAR describes the problem in detail. Whenever possible, IBM Support provides a workaround that you can implement until the APAR is resolved and a fix is delivered. IBM publishes resolved APARs on the IBM Support website daily, so that other users who experience the same problem can benefit from the same resolution.

After a Problem Management Record (PMR) is open, you can submit diagnostic MustGather data to IBM using one of the following methods:

- FTP diagnostic data to IBM. For more information, refer to http://www-01.ibm.com//support/docview.wss?uid=swg21154524.
- If FTP is not possible, email diagnostic data to techsupport@mainz.ibm.com. You must add PMR xxxxx bbb ccc in the subject line of your email. xxxxx is your PMR number, bbb is your branch office, and ccc is your IBM country code. Go to http://itcenter.mainz.de.ibm.com/ecurep/mail/subject.html for more details.

Always update your PMR to indicate that data has been sent. You can update your PMR online or by phone as described above.

Appendix B. Creating side files using CAZLANGX

Refer to chapter *Quick start guide for compiling and assembling programs for use with IBM Problem Determination Tools products* in *IBM Application Delivery Foundation for z Systems Common Components: Customization Guide and User Guide* for the recommended method of preparing your programs for use with the IBM Problem Determination Tools products. Alternatively, you may use LANGX side files for your source information files in *Application Performance Analyzer*. This appendix explains the process required to create side files from compiler listings, using the program CAZLANGX. The CAZLANGX module resides in the *IBM Application Delivery Foundation for z Systems Common Components library SIPVMODA*.

The sample JCL below:

- Allocates a new data set yourhlq.CAZLANGX to hold the side file, which will be created in the next step.
- Compiles an Enterprise COBOL program.

Note: You can only compile one program per compile step in order to name the compiler listing PDS(E) member (if using a partitioned data set), and to ensure that only one compiler listing is written to the output file.

- Executes CAZLANGX to process the listing and store it as a side file where Application Performance Analyzer can access it.
- Writes the listing as part of the job output.

The sample JCL is provided as member CAZSCMPS in the hlq.SCAZSAMP data set.

```
//CAZSCMPS JOB <JOB PARAMETERS>
           JCLLIB ORDER=(IGY.V3R3MO.SIGYPROC) <== INSTALLATION</pre>
                                                  IGYWC PROC
5697-N37
       (C) Copyright IBM Corp. 2005
       All Rights Reserved
       US Government Users Restricted Rights - Use, duplication
       or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract
//*
//*
          IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS
          Version 1 Release 1 Modification 0
///*
//* This JCL compiles a COBOL program and produces a side file
    from the program listing that Application Performance Analyzer uses to obtain the source information.
    The compiled output is then written to SYSUT2 in the
    IEBGENER step.
    CAUTION: This is neither a JCL procedure nor a complete
    job. Before using this job step, you will have to make the following modifications:
    1) Add the job parameters to meet your system requirements.
    2) This job invokes the COBOL procedure IGYWC.
        Update the procedure library name on the JCLLIB
    statement as appropriate.

3) Change "#hlq" to the appropriate high-level qualifier.

4) Change "#yourhlq" to the appropriate high-level
        qualifier.
//* Pre-allocate data set CAZLANGX to which the side file
//* will be written.
//*
//ALLOC
          EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//CAZLANGX DD DSN=#yourhlq.CAZLANGX,DISP=(NEW,CATLG),
              UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(TRK, (20, 20, 10)),
DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=1562, BLKSIZE=0)
```

```
//* Compile a COBOL program.
//CBLRUN EXEC IGYWC,PARM.COBOL='LIST,MAP,SOURCE,XREF'
//COBOL.SYSIN DD DATA,DLM='###'
 CBL APOST, NOOPT, DYNAM, SSRANGE, RENT
       IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
       PROGRAM-ID. CAZSCBL1 ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
       INPUT-OUTPUT SECTION.
       FILE-CONTROL
       DATA DIVISION.
       FILE SECTION.
       WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
       01 FILLER PIC 01 NUMBERX PIC 999999 COMP-3.
                                      PIC X(20) VALUE 'WORKING-STORAGE'.
       01 ERROR-FLD.
            05 ERROR-COUNT PIC 999999 COMP-3.
               FLDY REDEFINES ERROR-COUNT.
                07 FLDZ PIC XXXX
       01 BAD-RESULT PIC 99 COMP-3.
       PROCEDURE DIVISION.
       MAIN SECTION.
DISPLAY '*** CAZSCBL1 - START OF PROGRAM'.
        LOOP SECTION.
       START000.
            MOVE 3 TO ERROR-COUNT.
            ADD 986885 TO ERROR-COUNT GIVING NUMBERX. MOVE 'ABCD' TO FLDZ.
            IF NUMBERX > 0 THEN PERFORM CLEAR.
            DISPLAY '*** CAZSCBL1 - END OF PROGRAM'.
            GOBACK.
       CLEAR SECTION.
       START001.
            DIVIDE NUMBERX BY ERROR-COUNT GIVING BAD-RESULT.
            EXIT
       END PROGRAM CAZSCBL1.
//COBOL.SYSPRINT DD DSN=&&COBLIST(CAZSCBL1),
            DISP=(,PASS),SPACE=(TRK,(10,5,5),RLSE),
DCB=(RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133,BLKSIZE=0)
//
//
//*
//* Create a side file.
//CAZLANGX EXEC PGM=CAZLANGX, REGION=4096K,
// PARM='CAZSCBL1 (COBOL ERROR
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=#hlq.SIPVMODA
//LISTING DD
                DISP=(OLD, PASS), DSN=&&COBLIST
//IDILANGX DD
                DISP=SHR, DSN=#yourhlq.CAZLANGX
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//* Print the COBOL listing.
//IEBGENER EXEC PGM=IEBGENER, REGION=4096K
            DD DISP=OLD, DSN=&&COBLIST(CAZSCBL1)
//SYSUT1
                SYSOUT=*
//SYSUT2
            DD
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN
            DD
//*
```

Note: 1 DDname must be LISTING for all types of compiler listings, or SYSADATA for an assembler SYSADATA file.

After you have created and stored a side file, there is no benefit to Application Performance Analyzer in retaining the listing.

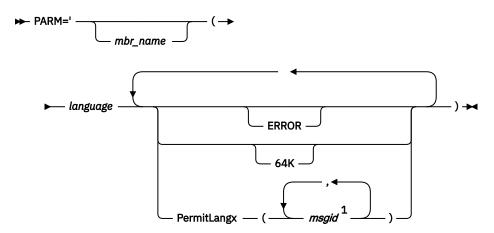
If you already have listings, you can turn them into side files. Here is sample JCL to do this:

```
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=#hlq.SIPVMODA
//LISTING DD DISP=SHR,DSN=yourhlq.LISTING.COBOL
//IDILANGX DD DISP=SHR,DSN=yourhlq.CAZLANGX
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
```

Note: 1 DDname must be LISTING for all types of compiler listings, or SYSADATA for an assembler SYSADATA file.

CAZLANGX parameters

The PARM string passed to CAZLANGX should contain:



Notes:

Parameters

mbr_name (Optional)

The compiler listing or ADATA file member name in the input data set identified by the LISTING DD name (for a compiler listing) or the SYSADATA DD name (if an ADATA file). If this parameter is omitted, the JCL must specify for the compiler listing or ADATA file, either a sequential data set, or a PDS(E) data set with member name. Also, the output CAZLANGX member will be named according to the input program name. In the case of COBOL, for example, this is the name found on the PROGRAM-ID source line.

language (Required)

The language of the compiler listing or ADATA file. The options are:

- COBOL
- PLI
- ASM

ERROR (Optional)

A parameter that provides additional diagnostics on variables for which information is incomplete.

64K (Optional)

A parameter that provides side file compatibility with IBM z/OS Debugger. For more information see, "Side file compatibility with IBM z/OS Debugger" on page 741.

PermitLangx (*msgid*, ...) (Optional)

A parameter that specifies message IDs for compiler error messages that should be ignored.

Side file compatibility with IBM z/OS Debugger

If using IBM z/OS Debugger, the 64K option should be included as stated for z/OS Debugger EQALANGX when generating side files with the z/OS Debugger EQALANGX or the Application Performance Analyzer

¹ Either a comma or a blank character is permitted as a delimiter.

CAZLANGX utilities. This option is also recognized by CAZLANGX, and the side file produced by EQALANGX or CAZLANGX, will then be usable by both z/OS Debugger and Application Performance Analyzer.

For details of how to specify the 64K option, see "CAZLANGX parameters" on page 741.

Including a CAZLANGX step in your SCLM translator

If you use the ISPF/PDF Software Configuration and Library Manager (SCLM) to manage your application software, then you might want to include a CAZLANGX step in your SCLM translator, since Application Performance Analyzer side files generally take up less disk space than compiler listings. Shown in the following are examples of a CAZLANGX step inserted into a High Level Assembler and a COBOL SCLM translator.

High Level Assembler SCLM example

```
SYSADATA DDNAME used in HLASM step.
            (* SYSADATA *)
            FLMALLOC IOTYPE=W, DDNAME=SYSADATA, RECFM=VB, RECNUM=9000,
                LRECL=8188, BLKSIZE=8192, PRINT=Y
* CAZLANGX BUILD TRANSLATOR
           FLMTRNSL CALLNAM='CAZLANGX', FUNCTN=BUILD,
                COMPILE=CAZLANGX
                DSNAME=#hlq.SIPVMODA,
VERSION=3.5.2,
                GOODRC=0,
                PORDER=1
                OPTIONS='@@FLMMBR(ASM ERROR OFT CAZLANGX FAULT'
            (* SYSADATA *)
           FLMALLOC IOTYPE=U, DDNAME=SYSADATA
           FLMALLOC IOTYPE=P, DDNAME=IDILANGX, DFLTTYP=IDILANGX,
                KEYREF=OUT2,BLKSIZE=27998,LRECL=1562,RECFM=VB,
                RECNUM=10000, DIRBLKS=50, DFLTMEM=*
```

COBOL SCLM example

```
************************
          -- COPY SYSPRINT FILE TO LISTING
   * The COPYFILE EXEC, in dataset PDFTDEV.PROJDEFS.EXEC contains the
   * following:
   * /* REXX */
   \star /* Copy file I to file O. Both are assumed to be pre-allocated.
   * PARSE UPPER ARG I","O .
* "EXECIO * DISKR "I" (STEM R. FINIS "
* "EXECIO * DISKW "O" (STEM R. FINIS "
   * RETURN
   *************************
                  CALLNAM='COPY FILES
               FUNCTN=BUILD,
               COMPILE=COPYFILE
                                                             С
               DSNAME=PDFTDEV.PROJDEFS.EXEC,
               CALLMETH=TSOLNK,
               VERSION=1.0,
               PORDER=1,
               OPTIONS=(SYSPRINT, LISTING),
               GOODRC=0
            FLMALLOC IOTYPE=W, RECFM=VBA, LRECL=133, RECNUM=90000, DDNAME=LISTING
                                                             С
            FLMTRNSL CALLNAM='CAZLANGX',
```

```
FUNCTN=BUILD, C
COMPILE=CAZLANGX, C
DSNAME=#hlq.SIPVMODA, C
VERSION=3.5.2, C
GOODRC=0, C
PORDER=1, C
OPTIONS='@@FLMMBR(COBOL ERROR OFT CAZLANGX FAULT'

* (* LISTING *)
FLMALLOC IOTYPE=U,DDNAME=LISTING

* (* CAZLANGX *)
FLMALLOC IOTYPE=P,DDNAME=CAZLANGX,DFLTTYP=CAZLANGX, C
KEYREF=OUT2,BLKSIZE=27998,LRECL=1562,RECFM=VB, C
RECNUM=10000,DIRBLKS=50,DFLTMEM=*
```

COBOL Report Writer Precompiler

If you are using the COBOL Report Writer Precompiler (program number 5798-DYR), it is important that you run it as a stand-alone precompiler as opposed to invoking it via the COBOL compiler EXIT option. Otherwise, information that is required by Application Performance Analyzer to identify the point of failure source code statement might be missing from the compiler listing.

Symptoms that you might experience if using the COBOL Report Writer Precompiler as a COBOL compiler exit are:

- Return code 3114 from CAZLANGX if trying to convert the COBOL compiler listing file to a side file.
- The following messages issued during fault analysis:
 - IDISF8100S COBOL LISTING file contains NO recognized records
 - IDISF8132S Input or Output file format invalid
- Failure to determine point of failure source line.

Required compiler options for creating listings or CAZLANGX side files

The following are the compiler options needed to produce listings or CAZLANGX side files suitable for Application Performance Analyzer:

OS/VS COBOL:

- DMAP
- NOCLIST
- NOLST
- NOOPT (Note 1)
- PMAP
- SOURCE
- VERB
- XREF

COBOL compilers (other than OS/VS COBOL):

- LIST, NOOFFSET (Note 2)
- NOOPT (Note 1)
- MAP
- SOURCE
- XREF(SHORT) (Note 3)

VisualAge® PL/I:

- AGGREGATE
- ATTRIBUTES(FULL)
- LIST
- NEST
- OPTIONS
- SOURCE
- XREF(FULL)

Enterprise PL/I:

- AGGREGATE
- ATTRIBUTES(FULL)
- LIST
- MAP
- NEST
- SOURCE
- STMT
- NONUMBER
- OFFSET
- XREF(FULL)
- OPTIONS
- NOBLKOFF

PL/I compilers (other than VisualAge PL/I and Enterprise PL/I):

- AGGREGATE
- ATTRIBUTES(FULL)
- ESD
- LIST
- MAP
- NEST
- OPTIONS
- SOURCE
- STMT
- XREF(FULL)

Assembler:

ADATA

C/C++:

- LIST
- NOOFFSET

Note:

1. Although NOOPT is recommended, the use of OPTIMIZE is allowed (including OPT(1) or OPT(2) for C), in which case the compiler merges and rearranges statement numbers in the compiled code. The Application Performance Analyzer analysis will be limited to what can be determined from the optimized compiler listing, which can vary from having no effect on the Application Performance Analyzer report, to inaccurate identification of the source line that failed. The source line number will usually be close, but not necessarily accurate with OPTIMIZE. It is dependent on the compiler's rearrangement or elimination of source statements during its optimization processing.

- 2. Although LIST and NOOFFSET are recommended, the use of NOLIST and OFFSET is allowed, in which case Application Performance Analyzer will not be able to warn the user if the compiler listing is not a good match with what is in storage.
- 3. XREF(SHORT) is a minimum requirement; XREF(FULL) is permitted and has no detrimental effect.
- 4. ATTRIBUTES is a minimum requirement; ATTRIBUTES(FULL) is permitted and has no detrimental effect.

TEST option considerations

With all compilers, the additional use of the TEST option may provide program information in addition to what is available via the side files.

If TEST("SEPARATE) is used when compiling a COBOL program, then a COBOL SYSDEBUG file is written.

If the SYSDEBUG file is to be used instead of a compiler listing, or a CAZLANGX side file created from a compiler listing, then it should be retained for use by z/OS Debugger and Application Performance Analyzer.

Naming compiler listings or side files

Store compiler listings or side files in sequential data sets, or as members of PDS(E) data sets.

If stored in PDS(E) data sets, then the member name must be equal to the primary entry point name or CSECT name of your application program. If the application program contains multiple CSECTs, then they must be compiled separately in order to create separate compiler listing or side file members. If you store with any other name, Application Performance Analyzer will be unable to find the side file or listing.

Note: The PL/I compiler typically renames CSECTs according to an internal compiler algorithm. Therefore, it is not recommended to store PL/I compiler listings or side files using CSECT names as they might not be found by Application Performance Analyzer. Instead, use the primary entry point name.

If compiler listings or side files are stored in sequential data sets, and the data set names follow a convention that permits the program name to be part of the data set name, then the specification of these data sets in the DataSets option can be done easily using variable substitution.

Naming CSECTs for Application Performance Analyzer

To facilitate source code information, Application Performance Analyzer must be able to match CSECT names with the compiler listings or side files provided, For this to be possible, all CSECTs must be named. Whereas the names of CSECTs in programs written in most high-level languages are automatically assigned, special requirements apply to programs written assembler, as explained in the following. Failure to follow these requirements will prevent source code information from being determined for these types of programs.

Assembler programs

It is a requirement that CSECTs in assembler programs are named using either:

- csect_name CSECT
- csect_name START

If using a PDS(E), the csect_name must match the SYSADATA or side file data set member name.

Compiler listings and side file attributes

Compiler listings and side files must be allocated using the following attributes:

DDname Attributes:

CAZADATA

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=VB, LRECL=8188

CAZLC

Sequential data set or PDS(E), and either:

- RECFM=VB or VBA and LRECL=137
- RECFM=FB or FBA and LRECL=133

CAZLCOB

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=FBA, LRECL=133

CAZLCOBO

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=FBA, LRECL=121

CAZSYSDB

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=FB, LRECL=1024

CAZLANGX

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=VB, LRECL=1562

CAZLPLI

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=VBA, LRECL=125

CAZLPLIE

Sequential data set or PDS(E), RECFM=VBA, LRECL=137

For variable length records, the indicated record lengths (LRECL) are minimum values.

In order for Application Performance Analyzer to read the compiler listings or side files, they must not be allocated as temporary data sets (for example, using &&dsname-type data set names in your JCL).

For the purpose of conserving disk space, compiler listings can be stored in ISPF packed format. This is done by using the PACK ON option from within ISPF edit of the file. The ISPF packed format is not permitted for IDILANGX or IDIADATA data sets.

Appendix C. XML or JSON document layout

This appendix describes the layout of the XML or JSON documents and associates each element to the matching field in the online report.

XML declaration

The XML declaration is included as the first line in the document. It describes the version, encoding and standalone attributes as follows:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ebcdic-cp-us" standalone="yes" ?>

XML root tag

The tag pair <ReportSet> and </ReportSet> define the root element.

JSON root object

The JSON object "Report Set" contains a set of name-value pairs that describes the set of requested reports.

Layout standards

XML reports

Immediately following the root tag <ReportSet>, elements describing the details of the completed request are enclosed within a <MeasurementInformation> and </MeasurementInformation> tag pair. This data is viewed online by typing the line command "++" on top of the Request Number on the RO2 panel.

The data for individual report sections (e.g., S01, C02, etc.) follow the </MeasurementInformation> closing tag and are enclosed within separate <Report> and </Report> tag pairs.

Immediately following the <Report> tag, every report section contains the following 4 common elements:

- <ReportId>Report Code</ReportId>
- <ReportName>Report Name</ReportName>
- <MarginOfError>Margin of Error %</MarginOfError>
- <Measurement Divisor>Measurement Divisor</MeasurementDivisor>

Report Code and Report Name are unique for each report. The Margin of Error % value reflects the level of precision calculated for the report. When margin of error is not applicable for a report, this value is empty. The Measurement Divisor value contains the total number of samples taken and is used to calculate percentages in the report. Where there are no percentages presented in the report, this value is empty.

In the following tables, numeric data is represented by n, regardless of the size and format of the data.

JSON reports

Immediately following the root tag "Report Set" object, name-value pairs describing the details of the completed request are enclosed within the "MeasurementInformation" object. This data is viewed online by typing the line command "++" on top of the Request Number on the RO2 panel.

The data for individual report sections (e.g., S01, C02, etc.) follow the "MeasurementInformation" object and are enclosed within separate JSON objects, all nested within the "ReportSet" object.

Immediately following the start of the <Report> object, every report section contains the following 4 common name-value pairs:

- "ReportId": "Report Code"
- "ReportName": "Report Name"
- "MarginOfError": "Margin of Error %"
- "Measurement Divisor": "Measurement Divisor"

Report Code and Report Name are unique for each report. The Margin of Error % value reflects the level of precision calculated for the report. When margin of error is not applicable for a report, this value is empty. The Measurement Divisor value contains the total number of samples taken and is used to calculate percentages in the report. Where there are no percentages presented in the report, this value is empty.

In the following tables, numeric data is represented by n, regardless of the size and format of the data.

Measurement information

The measurement information data is displayed online after typing the line command "++" on top of the Request Number in the RO2 panel. In the XML document file, this data is enclosed within the <MeasurementInformation> and </MeasurementInformation> tag pair. In the JSON document file, this data is enclosed within the "MeasurementInformation" object. The table below lists the sub elements for this data. For JSON reports, the same XML tag names presented in the tables that follow are also used in the JSON object names.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<measurementtaskid>stcid</measurementtaskid>
	<measurementversionnumber>version</measurementversionnumber>
	<measurementaparnumber><i>APAR</i></measurementaparnumber>
Request Number	<requestnumber>nnnnn</requestnumber>
Request Description	<requestdescription>description</requestdescription>
Request Status	<requeststatus>status</requeststatus>
Owner Id	<ownerid>owner</ownerid>
Time of Request	<timeofrequest>Day Mon-dd-yyyy hh:mm:ss.ss</timeofrequest>
Session Start Time	<sessionstarttime>Day Mon-dd-yyyy hh:mm:ss.ss</sessionstarttime>
Session End Time	<sessionendtime>Day Mon-dd-yyyy hh:mm:ss.ss</sessionendtime>
Session Duration	<sessionduration>duration</sessionduration>
Session Delete Date	<sessiondeletedate>Day Mon-dd-yyyy</sessiondeletedate>
Select by Job Name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Select by Sys Name	<sysname>name</sysname>
Sample Interval	<sampleinterval>interval</sampleinterval>
Duration	<duration>duration</duration>
Sample File DSN	<samplefiledsn>dsn</samplefiledsn>
Samples Requested	<samplesrequested>n</samplesrequested>
Samples Done	<samplesdone>n</samplesdone>
ASID	<asid>asid</asid>

Field title in online report	XML element
Job ID	<jobid>jobid</jobid>
Data Extractors	<extractors></extractors>
	<extractor>None</extractor> if none selected
CICS	<extractor>CICS</extractor> omitted if not selected
CICS+	<extractor>CICS+</extractor> omitted if not selected
IMS	<extractor>IMS</extractor> omitted if not selected
IMS+	<extractor>IMS+</extractor> omitted if not selected
Db2	<extractor>Db2</extractor> omitted if not selected
Db2+	<extractor>Db2+</extractor> omitted if not selected
Db2 Variables	<extractor>Db2V</extractor> omitted if not selected
Static Db2 Explain	<extractor>Db2X</extractor> omitted if not selected
Collateral Db2	<extractor>CDb2</extractor> omitted if not selected
MQ	<extractor>MQS</extractor> omitted if not selected
MQ+	<extractor>MQ+</extractor> omitted if not selected
JAVA	<extractor>JAVA</extractor> omitted if not selected
ADA	<extractor>ADA</extractor> omitted if not selected
NAT	<extractor>NAT</extractor> omitted if not selected
WAS	<extractor>WAS</extractor> omitted if not selected
SRB	<extractor>SRB</extractor> omitted if not selected

Performance analysis reports

S01 Measurement Profile

Field title in online report	XML element
Overall CPU Activity	<overallcpuactivity></overallcpuactivity>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<samplespercent>n%</samplespercent>
Reports	<reports>C01 C02 C03 C05 C07 W01 W02</reports>
CPU Active	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Wait	<wait>n</wait>
	<waitpercent>n%</waitpercent>
Queued	<queued>n</queued>
	<queuedpercent>n%</queuedpercent>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Usage Distribution	<cpuusagedistribution></cpuusagedistribution>
CPU Active	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
	<reports>C01 C05 C08 W01</reports>
Application	<application>n</application>
	<applicationpercent>n%</applicationpercent>
System	<system>n</system>
	<systempercent>n%</systempercent>
Db2 SQL	<db2sql>n</db2sql>
	<db2sqlpercent>n%</db2sqlpercent>
Data Mgmt	<datamgt>n</datamgt>
	<datamgtpercent>n%</datamgtpercent>
Unresolved	<unresolved>n</unresolved>
	<unresolvedpercent>n%</unresolvedpercent>
IMS DLI Call	<imsdlicall>n</imsdlicall>
	<imsdlicallpercent>n%</imsdlicallpercent>
Most CPU Active Modules	<mostcpuactivemodules></mostcpuactivemodules>
CPU Active	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
	<reports>C02</reports>
	<cpuactivemodules></cpuactivemodules>
Module Name	<module>name</module>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most CPU Active CSECTS	<mostcpuactivecsects></mostcpuactivecsects>
Active CPU	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
	<reports>C02</reports>
	<cpuactivecsects></cpuactivecsects>
CSECT in Module	<csect>csect in module</csect>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Modes	<cpumodes></cpumodes>
Active CPU	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Reports	<reports>S08</reports>
Supv Mode	<supvmodeactive>n</supvmodeactive>
	<supvmodepercent>n%</supvmodepercent>
Prob Mode	<probmodeactive>n</probmodeactive>
	<probmodepercent>n%</probmodepercent>
In SVC	<insvcactive>n</insvcactive>
	<insvcpercent>n%</insvcpercent>
AMODE 24	<amode24active>n</amode24active>
	<amode24percent>n%</amode24percent>
AMODE 31	<amode31active>n</amode31active>
	<amode31percent>n%</amode31percent>
AMODE 64	<amode64active>n</amode64active>
	<amode64percent>n%</amode64percent>
User Key	<userkeyactive>n</userkeyactive>
	<userkeypercent>n%</userkeypercent>
System Key	<systemkeyactive>n</systemkeyactive>
	<systemkeypercent>n%</systemkeypercent>
Most Active Db2 Plans	<mostactivedb2plans></mostactivedb2plans>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F05</reports>
	<plans></plans>
Plan Name	<planname>name</planname>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active Package/ DBRMs	<mostactivepackagedbrms></mostactivepackagedbrms>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F03</reports>
	<dbrms></dbrms>
DBRM Name	<dbrm>name</dbrm>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active SQL Statements	<mostactivesqlstatements></mostactivesqlstatements>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F04</reports>
	<sqlstatement></sqlstatement>
Program:offset:verb	<programoffsetverb><i>program:offset:verb</i></programoffsetverb>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active IMS PSBs	<mostactiveimspsbs></mostactiveimspsbs>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I05 I08 I11</reports>
	<activeimspsbs></activeimspsbs>
PSB Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active IMS DLI Calls	<mostactiveimsdlicalls></mostactiveimsdlicalls>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I07 I10 I13</reports>
	<activeimsdlicalls></activeimsdlicalls>
Sequence Number:DLI Function Code:PCB Name	<imscall>imscall</imscall>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Request Parameters	<requestparameters></requestparameters>
Request Number	<requestnumber>nnnnn</requestnumber>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Sample file DSN	<samplefiledsn>dsn</samplefiledsn>
Retention	<retention>Day Mon-dd-yyyy</retention>
Data Extractors	<dataextractors>extractor list</dataextractors>
Data Extractors (continued)	<dataextractor2>extractor list</dataextractor2>
Max Db2 Trace Entries	<maxdb2>max entries</maxdb2>
Max IMS Trace Entries	<maxims>max entries</maxims>
Max MQ Trace Entries	<maxmq>max entries</maxmq>
Requesting user	<requestinguser>userid</requestinguser>
Nbr of samples	<numberofsamples>n</numberofsamples>
Time of request	<timeofrequest>hh:mm:ss</timeofrequest>
Duration	<duration>n sec</duration>
Date of request	<dateofrequest><i>Day Mon-dd-yyyy</i></dateofrequest>
Active/pending	<activepending>Status</activepending>
Job name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Proc step name	<procstepname>procstepname</procstepname>
Step name/number	<stepname>stepname</stepname>
Delay time	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Step program	<stepprogram>steppgm</stepprogram>
Specific Db2 Parms	<specificdb2parms>P F</specificdb2parms>
Db2 Subsystem	<db2subsystem>systemid</db2subsystem>
Db2 Group name	<db2groupname>groupid</db2groupname>
Schema	<schema>name</schema>
Name	<name>name</name>
Stored Procedure Name	<sspr_name>SSPRname</sspr_name>
Correlation ID filters	<correlationid>correlID</correlationid>
User ID filters	<enduserid>userID</enduserid>
Workstation ID filters	<workstationid>workstationID</workstationid>
CICS transaction filters	<cicstxnsline1>tran</cicstxnsline1>

Field title in online report	XML element
CICS transaction filters (continued)	<cicstxnsline2>tran</cicstxnsline2>
CICS terminal ID filters	<cicstermids>termID</cicstermids>
CICS System Transactions	<systemtxns>Y/N</systemtxns>
CICS Non-terminal Transactions	<nontermtxns>Y/N</nontermtxns>
IMS Transaction Code	<imstransactioncode>tranid</imstransactioncode>
IMS Program Name	<imsprogramname>name</imsprogramname>
IMS User Id	<imsuserid>userid</imsuserid>
IMS Subsystem Id	<imssubsystemid>systemid</imssubsystemid>
IMS Tran Code	<imstranscode>trancode</imstranscode>
Measurement environment	<measurementenvironment></measurementenvironment>
Job name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Region size <16MB	<regionsizebelow><i>nK</i></regionsizebelow>
Job number	<jobnumber><i>number</i></jobnumber>
Region size >16MB	<regionsizeabove><i>nK</i></regionsizeabove>
Step name	<stepname>stepname</stepname>
Step program	<stepprogram>steppgm</stepprogram>
Proc step name	<procstepname>procstepname</procstepname>
Region type	<regiontype><i>regiontype</i></regiontype>
ASID	<asid>asid</asid>
Db2 Attach type	<db2attachtype><i>type</i></db2attachtype>
System ID	<systemid>sysid</systemid>
APA Version	<apaversion>version</apaversion>
SMFID	<smfid>smfid</smfid>
IBM APA APAR	<apaapar><i>APAR</i></apaapar>
O/S level	<oslevel>oslevel</oslevel>
Db2 subsystem name	<db2subsystemname><i>Db2sysname</i></db2subsystemname>
IMS system id	<imssystemid>imssysid<!-- IMSSystemId--></imssystemid>
General CPUs	<nbrofcpus>n</nbrofcpus>
CPU model	<cpumodel>model</cpumodel>
Specialty CPUs	<specialtycpus>n</specialtycpus>
CPU rate factor	<cpuratefactor>n</cpuratefactor>
MIPS per CPU	<mipspercpu>n</mipspercpu>
SUs per second	<suspersecond>n</suspersecond>

Field title in online report	XML element
Measurement statistics	<measurementstatistics></measurementstatistics>
Start time	<starttime>hh:mm:ss</starttime>
Start date	<startdate>Day Mon-dd-yyyy</startdate>
End time	<endtime>hh:mm:ss</endtime>
End date	<enddate>Day Mon-dd-yyyy</enddate>
Total samples	<totalsamples>n</totalsamples>
Duration	<duration>n min n sec</duration>
Sampling rate	<samplingrate>n per sec</samplingrate>
Report dataspace	<reportdataspace>nMB</reportdataspace>
CPU/WAIT samples	<cpuwaitsamples>n</cpuwaitsamples>
Sample dataspace	<sampledataspace>nMB</sampledataspace>
TCB samples	<tcbsamples>n</tcbsamples>
Meas significance	<measurementsignificance>n%</measurementsignificance>
CPU queued samples	<cpuqueuedsamples>n</cpuqueuedsamples>
Pages in	<pagesin>n</pagesin>
Overall CPU	<overallcpu>n%</overallcpu>
Pages out	<pagesout>n</pagesout>
Overall zAAP CPU	<overallzaapcpu>n%</overallzaapcpu>
EXCPs	<excps>n</excps>
Overall zIIP CPU	<overallziipcpu>n%</overallziipcpu>
CPU consumption	<cpuconsumption></cpuconsumption>
CPU active samples	<cpuactivesamples>n</cpuactivesamples>
CPU time TCB	<cputimetcb>n sec</cputimetcb>
CPU active time	<cpuactivetime>n%</cpuactivetime>
CPU time SRB	<cputimesrb>n sec</cputimesrb>
CPU WAIT samples	<cpuwaitsamples>n</cpuwaitsamples>
Service Units	<serviceunits>n</serviceunits>
CPU WAIT time	<cpuwaittime>n%</cpuwaittime>
Measurement SRB	<measurementsrb>n sec</measurementsrb>
	<zaapcpuconsumption></zaapcpuconsumption>
zAAP CPU Time	< zAAPCPUTime>n sec< /zAAPCPUTime>
zAAP Time on CP	< zAAPTimeonCP > n sec zAAPTimeonCP
Task Time on CP	< TaskTimeonCP>n sec

Field title in online report	XML element
Norm. Factor	< NormFactor>n NormFactor
Normalized Time	< NormalizedTime>n sec NormalizedTime
Enclave CPU time	<enclavecputime>n sec</enclavecputime>
DDF CPU consumption	<ddfcpuconsumption></ddfcpuconsumption>
Task CPU time	<taskcputime><i>n sec</i></taskcputime>
zIIP time	<ziiptime>n sec</ziiptime>
Enclave CPU time	<enclavecputime>n sec</enclavecputime>
zIIP on CP time	<ziiponcptime>n sec</ziiponcptime>
	<clientenclaveconsumption></clientenclaveconsumption>
Client SRB Time	<clientsrbtime>n sec</clientsrbtime>
Total TCB Time	<totaltcbtime>n sec</totaltcbtime>
Virtual Storage Map	<virtualstoragemap></virtualstoragemap>
	<region></region>
Storage Type	<name>storage type</name>
Start Address	<start>start address</start>
End Address	<end>end address</end>
Length of Storage	<length>length of storage</length>

S02 Load Module Attributes

The table below lists all possible report tag pairs and their sub-elements hierarchically. When the XML document is created, the report tag pairs may be repeated, nested or eliminated as appropriate for the data in the report, and depending on the setup options chosen.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmoduleattributes></loadmoduleattributes>
Module Information for	<moduleinformationfor><i>name</i></moduleinformationfor>
Load Address	<loadaddress>n to n</loadaddress>
Module Size	<modulesize>n</modulesize>
Attributes	<attributes>attributes</attributes>
Module Location	<modulelocation>location</modulelocation>
SVC Module for	<svcmodulefor>n</svcmodulefor>

Field title in online report	XML element
Loadlib DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Load Library	<loadlibrary><i>dsn</i></loadlibrary>
Program Group	<programgroup>pgmgroup</programgroup>
Subgroup	<subgroup>subgroup</subgroup>
Function	<function>function</function>
	<esdinformationfor></esdinformationfor>
ESD Information for	<modulename< name="">/ModuleName></modulename<>
	<esdinformation></esdinformation>
External	<external>external</external>
Offset	<offset>n</offset>
Length	<length>n</length>
Start Addr	<startaddr>n</startaddr>
End Addr	<endaddr>n</endaddr>
Entry Points	<entrypointcompiler></entrypointcompiler>
Compiled by	<compilerlanguage>language</compilerlanguage>
	<compilerversion>version</compilerversion>
at	<timestamp>yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss</timestamp>
	<entrypointoffset></entrypointoffset>
	<hexoffset>+n</hexoffset>
	<entrypointname<name>/EntryPointName></entrypointname<name>

S03 Load Module Summary

The LoadModuleSummary tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each module in the report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmodulesummary></loadmodulesummary>
Module	<modulename><i>name</i></modulename>
Locn	<location>location</location>
Address	<address>n</address>
Count	<count>n</count>
Size(bytes)	<size>n</size>

Field title in online report	XML element
Attributes	<attributes>attributes</attributes>
DDName	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
LoadLibrary	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>

S04 TCB Summary

The TCBSummary tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each task in the report. These tag pairs and sub-elements are also nested, with the ATTACHed subtasks relative to the parent tasks that performed the ATTACH function.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<tcbsummary></tcbsummary>
TCB_Name	<tcbname>name-index</tcbname>
Address	<address>n</address>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
CPU Active	<cpuactive>n%</cpuactive>
CPU WAIT	<cpuwait>n%</cpuwait>
Queued	<queued>n%</queued>

S05 Memory Usage Timeline

The UsageTimeline tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each time interval.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<usagetimeline></usagetimeline>
SEQN	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Seconds	<seconds>n</seconds>
Storage	<storage>nK</storage>

S06 Data Space Usage Timeline

The UsageTimeline tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each time interval.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<usagetimeline></usagetimeline>
SEQN	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Seconds	<seconds>n</seconds>
Storage	<storage>nK</storage>

S07 TCB Execution Summary

The TCBExecutionSummary tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each task in the report. These tag pairs and sub-elements are also nested, with the ATTACHed subtasks relative to the parent tasks that performed the ATTACH function.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<tcbexecutionsummary></tcbexecutionsummary>
TCB_Name	<tcbname>name-index</tcbname>
Seconds	<measuredcpu>n Sec</measuredcpu>
Storage	<tcbtotalcpu>n Sec</tcbtotalcpu>
	<firstsample>n</firstsample>
	<lastsample>n</lastsample>

S08 Processor Utilization Summary

The ProcessorUtilizationSummary tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each CPU state in the report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<processorutilizationsummary></processorutilizationsummary>
Processor State	<processorstate>state</processorstate>
Nbr of Samples	<numberofsamples>n</numberofsamples>
Percentage	<percentage>n%</percentage>

S09 Measurement Analysis

The DetailLine element data is limited to 200 characters. When the details are greater than 200 characters, multiple DetailLine elements are included.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<measurementanalysis></measurementanalysis>
	<summary>summary</summary>
	<reports>list of reports</reports>
	<analysisdetail></analysisdetail>
	<detailline>details</detailline>

S10 Observation Session Messages

Table 14. S10	Observation Session Messages	
Field title in online report	XML element	
	<sysout></sysout>	
Name	<sysoutname>name</sysoutname>	
Description	<sysoutdescription>description</sysoutdescription>	
	<message></message>	
Name	<messageid>Id</messageid>	
	<messageseverity>severity</messageseverity>	
Description	<messagedescription>description</messagedescription>	
	<messagelines></messagelines>	
Description	<messagetext>text</messagetext>	

C01 CPU Usage by Category

Field title in online report	XML element
	<category></category>
Name	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Description	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<programstatementfunction><i>name(stmt)function</i></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDes cription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription</addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dpagroup></dpagroup>
Name	<dpagroupname>name</dpagroupname>
Description	<pre><dpagroupdescription>description</dpagroupdescription></pre> /DPAGroupDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Name	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dlicall></dlicall>
Name	<sequencenumber>n<sequencenumber></sequencenumber></sequencenumber>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<pre><functionpcbprogramoffset>FuncNameNameOffset</functionpcbprogramoffset></pre> FunctionPCBProgramOffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<file></file>
Name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Description	<accessmethod>accessmethod</accessmethod>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Name	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>location</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
Name	<command/> n
Description	<csectoffset>offset</csectoffset>
	<measurement>n</measurement>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

CO2 CPU Usage by Module

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename><i>name</i></loadmodulename>
Description	<loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription</addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

CO3 CPU Usage by Code Slice

The Code Slice tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each code slice in the report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<codeslice></codeslice>
Address	<codesliceaddress>n</codesliceaddress>
Size Location	<sizeandlocation>n loc+offset</sizeandlocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<codeaddress></codeaddress>
Address	<address>address</address>
Location	<location>loc+offset</location>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

C04 CPU Usage Timeline

The Interval tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each interval reported.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<interval></interval>
SEQN	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Seconds	<seconds>n</seconds>
Sig	<significance>n%</significance>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Interval * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

C05 CPU Usage by Task/Category

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=address</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<category></category>
Name	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Description	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<programstatementfunction><i>name(stmt)function</i></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription</addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dpagroup></dpagroup>
Name	<dpagroupname>name</dpagroupname>
Description	<pre><dpagroupdescription>description</dpagroupdescription></pre> /DPAGroupDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Name	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dlicall></dlicall>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<pre><functionpcbprogramoffset>FuncNameNameOffset</functionpcbprogramoffset></pre> FunctionPCBProgramOffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<file></file>
Name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Description	<accessmethod>accessmethod</accessmethod>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Name	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>location</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
Name	<command/> n
Description	<csectoffset>offset</csectoffset>
	<measurement>n</measurement>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

C06 CPU Usage by Task/Module

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=n</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription></addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

C07 CPU Usage by Procedure

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sourceprogramprocedure></sourceprogramprocedure>
Program	<program>name</program>
Procedure Name	<procedurename>name</procedurename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<category></category>
Program	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Procedure Name	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

C08 CPU Usage Referred Attribution

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<attributionoffset></attributionoffset>
Name	<offset>n</offset>
Description	<pre><offsetincsect>Attribution Offset in name</offsetincsect></pre> /OffsetInCSECT>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sourcestatements></sourcestatements>
Source Statement in:	<procedurename>n</procedurename>
	<sourcestatement>source</sourcestatement>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address <!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription></addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n </measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n </percent>

C09 CPU Usage by PSW/Object Code

Field title in online report	XML element
	<psw location=""></psw>
Address	<address>n</address>
Module	<modulename><i>name</i></modulename>
AM	<addressingmode>n</addressingmode>
S/P	<svcnumberorstatestoragekey>αα</svcnumberorstatestoragekey>
AS	<addressspacemode>mode</addressspacemode>
ASID	<asid>asid</asid>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<machineinstruction></machineinstruction>
	<moduleoffset>name+offset</moduleoffset>
	<objectcode>object code</objectcode>
	<disassembledcode>object code</disassembledcode>

C10 CPU Usage by Natural Program

Field title in online report	XML element
	<naturalprogram></naturalprogram>
Program	<programname>name</programname>
Library	<library>library</library>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<naturalstatement></naturalstatement>
Program	<statementnumberkey>n</statementnumberkey>
Library	<statementnumber>stmt # n</statementnumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element

W01 WAIT Time by Task/Category

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=n</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<category></category>
Name	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Description	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<programstatementfunction>name(stmt)function<!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription></addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dpagroup></dpagroup>
Name	<dpagroupname>name</dpagroupname>
Description	<pre><dpagroupdescription>description</dpagroupdescription></pre> /DPAGroupDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Name	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dlicall></dlicall>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<pre><functionpcbprogramoffset>FuncNameNameOffset</functionpcbprogramoffset></pre> FunctionPCBProgramOffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<file></file>
Name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<accessmethod>accessmethod</accessmethod>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Name	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>location</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
Name	<command/> n
Description	<csectoffset>offset</csectoffset>
	<measurement>n</measurement>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

W02 WAIT Time by Task/Module

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=n</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of TIME in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of TIME in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of TIME in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription></addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of TIME in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

W03 WAIT Referred Attribution by Task

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=n</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<attributionoffset></attributionoffset>
Name	<offset>n</offset>
Description	<pre><offsetincsect>Attribution Offset in csectname</offsetincsect></pre> /OffsetInCSECT>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sourcestatements></sourcestatements>
Source Statement in:	<procedurename>name</procedurename>
	<sourcestatement>source</sourcestatement>

W04 WAIT Time by Task ENQ/RESERVE

Field title in online report	XML element
	<task></task>
Name	<taskname>name</taskname>
Description	<tcbaddress>TCB=n</tcbaddress>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<enqueue></enqueue>
Name	<qname>name</qname>
Description	<rname>name</rname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

W05 WAIT Time by Tape DDNAME

Field title in online report	XML element
	<waitfortape></waitfortape>

Field title in online report	XML element
DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Device	<device>description</device>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time in WAIT * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

D01 DASD Usage Time by Device

Field title in online report	XML element
	<byvolser></byvolser>
Volume>Cyl	<volser>volser</volser>
Unit-Dev>DD	<unitdevice>unit-device</unitdevice>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<bycylinder></bycylinder>
Volume>Cyl	<cylinder>Cyl_n</cylinder>
Unit-Dev>DD	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

D02 DASD Usage Time by DDNAME

Field title in online report	XML element
	<byddname></byddname>
DDNAME>Cyl	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Volume>Unit	<volser>volser</volser>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<bycylinder></bycylinder>
DDNAME>Cyl	<cylinder>Cyl_n</cylinder>
Volume>Unit	<unitdevice>unit-device</unitdevice>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

D03 DASD Usage Time by Dataset

Field title in online report	XML element
	<bydataset></bydataset>
Dataset Name>DDName	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<byddname></byddname>
Dataset Name>DDName	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
	<volser>volser</volser>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

D04 Dataset Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<datasetattributes></datasetattributes>
	<filetype>filetype</filetype>
	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
OPENed at	<opentime>hh:mm:ss.ss</opentime>
	<opendate>Day Month dd yyyy</opendate>
	<filedefinition></filedefinition>
DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Open Intent	<openintent>intent</openintent>
Dataset Name	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>
	<managementclass>clαss</managementclass>
	<storageclass>class</storageclass>
	<dataclass>class</dataclass>
Device Type	<devicetype>type</devicetype>
Nbr of Extents	<nbrofextents>n</nbrofextents>
Dataset Org	<datasetorg>dsorg</datasetorg>
Block Size(BLKSIZE)	<blocksize>n</blocksize>
RECFM	<recordformat>rfm</recordformat>
Record Size (LRECL)	<recordsize>n</recordsize>
Data Buffers	<databuffers>n</databuffers>
	<volsers></volsers>

Field title in online report	XML element
Volume Serial	<volser>volser</volser>
	<vsamdatacomponent></vsamdatacomponent>
DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Open Intent	<openintent>intent</openintent>
Dataset Name	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>
	<managementclass>clαss</managementclass>
	<storageclass>class</storageclass>
	<dataclass>class</dataclass>
Device Type	<devicetype>type</devicetype>
% Free Bytes in CI	<percentfreebytesinci>n%</percentfreebytesinci>
CI Splits (Initial)	<cisplitsinitial>n</cisplitsinitial>
CI Splits (Last)	<cisplitslast>n</cisplitslast>
CI Size	<cisize>n</cisize>
CA Splits (Initial)	<casplitsinitial>n</casplitsinitial>
CA Splits (Last)	<casplitslast>n</casplitslast>
Record Size (LRECL)	<recordsize>n</recordsize>
Logical Records (Initial)	<recordsinitial>n</recordsinitial>
Logical Records (Last)	<recordslast>n</recordslast>
Number of Extents	<nbrofextents>n</nbrofextents>
Deleted Records (Initial)	<deletedrecordsinitial>n</deletedrecordsinitial>
Deleted Records (Last)	<deletedrecordslast>n</deletedrecordslast>
SHAREOPTIONS	<shareoptions>(n n)</shareoptions>
Insrted Records (Initial)	<insertedrecordsinitial>n</insertedrecordsinitial>
Insrted Records (Last)	<insertedrecordslast>n</insertedrecordslast>
Organization	<organization><i>org</i></organization>
Retrved Records (Initial)	<retrievedrecordsinitial>n</retrievedrecordsinitial>
Retrved Records (Last)	<retrievedrecordslast>n</retrievedrecordslast>
CIs per CA	<cisperca>n</cisperca>
Updated Records (Initial)	<pre><updatedrecordsinitial>n<updatedrecordsinitial></updatedrecordsinitial></updatedrecordsinitial></pre>
Updated Records (Last)	<updatedrecordslast>n<updatedrecordslast></updatedrecordslast></updatedrecordslast>
Free CIs per CA	<freecisperca>n</freecisperca>
Bytes Free Space (Initial)	<bytesfreespaceinitial>n</bytesfreespaceinitial>
Bytes Free Space (Last)	<bytesfreespacelast>n</bytesfreespacelast>

Field title in online report	XML element
Free Bytes per CI	<pre><freebytesperci>n</freebytesperci></pre>
Number of EXCPs (Initial)	<numberofexcpsinitial>n</numberofexcpsinitial>
Number of EXCPs (Last)	<numberofexcpslast>n</numberofexcpslast>
% Free CIs in CA	<percentfreecisinca>n%</percentfreecisinca>
Strings	<strings>n</strings>
String Waits	<stringwaits>n</stringwaits>
String Waist HWM	<stringwaitshwm>n</stringwaitshwm>
Data Buffers	<databuffers>n</databuffers>
Index Buffers	<indexbuffers>n</indexbuffers>
	<volsers></volsers>
Volume Serial	<volser>volser</volser>
	<vsamindexcomponent></vsamindexcomponent>
Dataset Name	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>
	<managementclass>clαss</managementclass>
	<storageclass>clαss</storageclass>
	<dataclass>class</dataclass>
Device Type	<devicetype>type</devicetype>
% Free Bytes in CI	<percentfreebytesinci>n%</percentfreebytesinci>
CI Splits (Initial)	<cisplitsinitial>n</cisplitsinitial>
CI Splits (Last)	<cisplitslast>n</cisplitslast>
CI Size	<cisize>n</cisize>
CA Splits (Initial)	<casplitsinitial>n</casplitsinitial>
CA Splits (Last)	<casplitslast>n</casplitslast>
Record Size (LRECL)	<recordsize>n</recordsize>
Logical Records (Initial)	<recordsinitial>n</recordsinitial>
Logical Records (Last)	<recordslast>n</recordslast>
Number of Extents	<nbrofextents>n</nbrofextents>
Deleted Records (Initial)	<deletedrecordsinitial>n</deletedrecordsinitial>
Deleted Records (Last)	<deletedrecordslast>n</deletedrecordslast>
SHAREOPTIONS	<shareoptions>(n n)</shareoptions>
Insrted Records (Initial)	<insertedrecordsinitial>n</insertedrecordsinitial>
Insrted Records (Last)	<insertedrecordslast>n</insertedrecordslast>
Organization	<organization><i>org</i></organization>

Field title in online report	XML element
Retrved Records (Initial)	<retrievedrecordsinitial>n</retrievedrecordsinitial>
Retrved Records (Last)	<retrievedrecordslast>n</retrievedrecordslast>
CIs per CA	<cisperca>n</cisperca>
Updated Records (Initial)	<pre><updatedrecordsinitial>n<updatedrecordsinitial></updatedrecordsinitial></updatedrecordsinitial></pre>
Updated Records (Last)	<updatedrecordslast>n<updatedrecordslast></updatedrecordslast></updatedrecordslast>
Free CIs per CA	<freecisperca>n</freecisperca>
Bytes Free Space (Initial)	<bytesfreespaceinitial>n</bytesfreespaceinitial>
Bytes Free Space (Last)	<bytesfreespacelast>n</bytesfreespacelast>
Free Bytes per CI	<freebytesperci>n </freebytesperci>
Number of EXCPs (Initial)	<numberofexcpsinitial>n</numberofexcpsinitial>
Number of EXCPs (Last)	<numberofexcpslast>n</numberofexcpslast>
% Free CIs in CA	<percentfreecisinca>n%</percentfreecisinca>
	<volsers></volsers>
Volume Serial	<volser>volser</volser>
	<dasdperformance></dasdperformance>
Avg Response Time	<avgresponsetime>n</avgresponsetime>
Avg Pending Time	<avgpendingtime>n</avgpendingtime>
Avg Disconnect Time	<avgdisconnecttime>n</avgdisconnecttime>
Avg Connect Time	<avgconnecttime>n</avgconnecttime>
Avg Queued Time	<avgqueuedtime>n</avgqueuedtime>
Total I/Os	<totalios>n</totalios>
Cache Candidates	<cachecandidates>n</cachecandidates>
Cache Hits	<cachehits>n</cachehits>
Write Candidates	<writecandidates>n</writecandidates>
Write Hits	<writehits>n</writehits>
Concatenated Datasets	<concatenateddatasets></concatenateddatasets>
	<dsname>dsn</dsname> Repeated as necessary

D05 DASD EXCP Summary

Field title in online report	XML element
	<dasdexcpsummary></dasdexcpsummary>
DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Туре	<type>type</type>
Concat	<concatenationnumber>+n</concatenationnumber>
At Start	<startexcps>n</startexcps>
At End	<endexcps>n</endexcps>
During Measurement	<differenceexcps>n</differenceexcps>

D06 DASD VSAM Statistics

Field title in online report	XML element
	<vsamstatistics></vsamstatistics>
DDNAME	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Retrvd	<recordsretrieved>n</recordsretrieved>
Added	<recordsadded>+n</recordsadded>
Insrtd	<recordsinserted>n</recordsinserted>
Deletd	<recordsdeleted>n</recordsdeleted>
Updatd	<recordsupdated>n</recordsupdated>
EXCPs	<excps>n</excps>
FreeSpc	<changefreespace>+n</changefreespace>
CISplts	<changecisplits>+n</changecisplits>
CASplts	<changecasplits>+n</changecasplits>
Str Wt	<stringwaits>n</stringwaits>
StrHWM	<stringwaitshwm>n</stringwaitshwm> >

D07 DASD Activity Timeline

Field title in online report	XML element
	<dasdactivitytimeline></dasdactivitytimeline>
	<samples>n</samples>
	<duration>n</duration>
DDN	<ddn>ddname</ddn>
Туре	<type>type</type>
Vol	<vol>volser</vol>

Field title in online report	XML element
Unit	<unit>unit</unit>
	<intervals></intervals>
	<intervalpct>n</intervalpct> Repeated 50 times

D08 DASD I/O Wait Time

Field title in online report	XML element
	<byddname></byddname>
Name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Description	<volser>volser</volser>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Name	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Name	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>location</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

D09 VSAM Buffer Pool Usage

Field title in online report	XML element
	<lsrpool></lsrpool>
LSR Pool	<poolnumber>n</poolnumber>
Type (Data/Index)	<type>type</type>
Reads (Initial)	<readsinitial>n</readsinitial>
Reads (Last)	<readslast>n</readslast>
Reads (Difference)	<readsdifference>n</readsdifference>
Buffer Size	<buffersize>n</buffersize>
Reads Avoided (Initial)	<readsavoidedinitial>n</readsavoidedinitial>
Reads Avoided (Last)	<readsavoidedlast>n</readsavoidedlast>
Reads Avoided (Difference)	<readsavoideddifference>n</readsavoideddifference>
Buffers	<buffers>n</buffers>
User Writes (Initial)	<userwritesinitial>n</userwritesinitial>
User Writes (Last)	<userwriteslast>n</userwriteslast>
User Writes (Difference)	<userwritesdifference>n</userwritesdifference>
Hiperspace Buffers	<hiperspacebuffers>n</hiperspacebuffers>
Non-user Writes (Initial)	<nonuserwritesinitial>n</nonuserwritesinitial>
Non-user Writes (Last)	<nonuserwriteslast>n</nonuserwriteslast>
Non-user Writes (Difference)	<nonuserwritesdifference>n</nonuserwritesdifference>

G01 Coupling Facility Statistics

Field title in online report	XML element
	<couplingfacilitystatistics></couplingfacilitystatistics>
Facility Summary	<cfname>name</cfname>
CF Storage	<cfstorage>nK</cfstorage>
CF Storage Used	<cfstorageused>nK</cfstorageused>

Field title in online report	XML element
CF Dump Storage	<cfdumpstorage>nK</cfdumpstorage>
CF Storage for Structures	<cfstorageforstructures>nK</cfstorageforstructures>
Subchannel Contention Count	<subchannelcontentioncount>n</subchannelcontentioncount>
Subchannel Contention Time uSec	<subchannelcontentioncountusec>n</subchannelcontentioncountusec>
Failed Request Count	<failedrequestcount>n</failedrequestcount>
Failed Request Time uSec	<failedrequesttimeusec>n</failedrequesttimeusec>
Number of Processors	<numberofprocessors>n</numberofprocessors>
Processor Utilization	<processorutilization>n%</processorutilization>

G02 Coupling Facility Mean Service Times

Field title in online report	XML element
	<couplingfacilityservicetimes></couplingfacilityservicetimes>
Name	<cfname>name</cfname> or <structurename>name</structurename>
Number of Requests (Sync)	<requestssync>n</requestssync>
Number of Requests (Async)	<requestsasynch>n</requestsasynch>
Number of Requests (Queued)	<requestsqueued>n</requestsqueued>
Number of Requests (Delay)	<requestsdelay>n</requestsdelay>
Mean uSeconds (Sync)	<secondssync>n</secondssync>
Mean uSeconds (Async)	<secondsasynch>n</secondsasynch>
Mean uSeconds (Queued)	<secondsqueued>n</secondsqueued>
Mean uSeconds (Delay)	<secondsdelay>n</secondsdelay>

G03 Coupling Facility Total Service Times

Field title in online report	XML element
	<couplingfacilityservicetimes></couplingfacilityservicetimes>
Name	<cfname>name</cfname> or <structurename>name</structurename>
Number of Requests (Sync)	<requestssync>n</requestssync>
Number of Requests (Async)	<requestsasynch>n</requestsasynch>

Field title in online report	XML element
Number of Requests (Queued)	<requestsqueued>n</requestsqueued>
Number of Requests (Delay)	<requestsdelay>n</requestsdelay>
Total uSeconds (Sync)	<secondssync>n</secondssync>
Total uSeconds (Async)	<secondsasynch>n</secondsasynch>
Total uSeconds (Queued)	<secondsqueued>n</secondsqueued>
Total uSeconds (Delay)	<secondsdelay>n</secondsdelay>

K01 CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type

The following elements might be repeated multiple times and appear under different parent elements. In the XML document, all elements are listed in hierarchical order as they appear in the online report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cpusrbusagebysrbtype></cpusrbusagebysrbtype>
Name	<name>name</name>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
zIIP	<ziippercent>n</ziippercent>
zAAP	<zaappercent>n</zaappercent>
GPU	<cpupercent>n</cpupercent>
Total	<totalpercent>n</totalpercent>

K02 CPU SRB Usage by PSW/OBbjCode

Field title in online report	XML element
	<pswlocation></pswlocation>
Address	<address>n</address>
Module	<modulename>name</modulename>
АМ	<addressingmode>n</addressingmode>
S/P	<svcnumberorstatestoragekey>aa<!-- SVCNumberorStateStorageKey--></svcnumberorstatestoragekey>
AS	<addressspacemode><i>mode</i><!--<br-->AddressSpaceMode></addressspacemode>
ASID	<asid>asid</asid>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent	<percent>n</percent>
	<machineinstruction></machineinstruction>

Field title in online report	XML element
Address	<moduleoffset><i>offset</i></moduleoffset>
	<objectcode>object code</objectcode>
	<pre><disassembledcode>object code</disassembledcode></pre>

V01 Measurement Variance Summary

The following tag pairs are repeated multiple times in each variance report. The first occurrence of the tag pair reports the base measurement (Ref 01). Following Ref 01, the tag pairs are repeated for every tagged measurement (Ref n).

- <MeasurementsAnalyzed></MeasurementsAnalyzed>
- <CPUTimeTCBVariance></CPUTimeTCBVariance>
- <CPUTimeSRBVariance></CPUTimeSRBVariance>
- <EXCPRequestsVariance></EXCPRequestsVariance>
- <ServiceUnitsVariance></ServiceUnitsVariance>
- <CPUActiveSamplesVariance></CPUActiveSamplesVariance>
- <WaitSamplesVariance></WaitSamplesVariance>
- <QueuedSamplesVariance></QueuedSamplesVariance>

Field title in online report	XML element
The Following Measurements are Analyzed	<measurementsanalyzed></measurementsanalyzed>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Job Name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Date	<date>Mon-dd-yyyy</date>
Time	<time>hh:mm</time>
Description	<description>description</description>
CPU Time TCB	<cputimetcbvariance></cputimetcbvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
CPU Time TCB	<cputimetcb>n sec</cputimetcb>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
CPU Time SRB	<cputimesrbvariance></cputimesrbvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
CPU Time SRB	<cputimesrb>n sec</cputimesrb>

Field title in online report	XML element
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
EXCP Requests	<excprequestsvariance></excprequestsvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
EXCP Requests	<excprequests>n</excprequests>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Service Units	<serviceunitsvariance></serviceunitsvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Service Units	<serviceunits>n</serviceunits>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Percentage of CPU Active Samples	<cpuactivesamplesvariance></cpuactivesamplesvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Sample Count (CPU Active)	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
Sample Count (Total)	<total>n</total>
Percentage	<percentage>n%</percentage>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Percentage of WAIT Samples	<waitsamplesvariance></waitsamplesvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Sample Count (TCB Wait)	<tcbwait>n</tcbwait>
Sample Count (Total)	<total>n</total>
Percentage	<percentage>n%</percentage>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Percentage of Queued Samples	<queuedsamplesvariance></queuedsamplesvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Sample Count (Queued)	<queued>n</queued>
Sample Count (Total)	<total>n</total>
Percentage	<percentage>n%</percentage>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

V02 CICS Variance Summary

The following tag pairs are repeated multiple times in each variance report. The first occurrence of the tag pair reports the base measurement (Ref 01). Following Ref 01, the tag pairs are repeated for every tagged measurement (Ref n).

- <MeasurementsAnalyzed></MeasurementsAnalyzed>
- <CICSTransactionVariance></CICSTransactionVariance>
- <CICSCPUTimeVariance></CICSCPUTimeVariance>
- <CICSSuspendTimeVariance></CICSSuspendTimeVariance>
- <CICSDispatchTimeVariance></CICSDispatchTimeVariance>
- <CICSMVSDispatchTimeVariance></CICSMVSDispatchTimeVariance>
- <CICSServiceTimeVariance></CICSServiceTimeVariance>

Field title in online report	XML element
The Following Measurements are Analyzed	<measurementsanalyzed></measurementsanalyzed>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Job Name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Date	<date>Mon-dd-yyyy</date>
Time	<time>hh:mm</time>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
CICS Transaction Statistics	<cicstransactionvariance></cicstransactionvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Task Number Start	<taskstart>n</taskstart>
Task Number End	<taskend>n</taskend>
Transaction Count	<trancount>n</trancount>
Transaction Obsvd	<tranobserved>n</tranobserved>
Rate	<tranrate>n per sec</tranrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Mean Execution Time	<cicscputimevariance></cicscputimevariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<meancputime>n sec</meancputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Mean Suspend Time	<cicssuspendtimevariance></cicssuspendtimevariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>

Field title in online report	XML element
Time	<meansuspendtime>n sec</meansuspendtime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Mean CICS Dispatch Delay Time	<cicsdispatchtimevariance></cicsdispatchtimevariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<meandispatchtime>n sec</meandispatchtime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Mean MVS Dispatch Delay Time	<cicsmvsdispatchtimevariance></cicsmvsdispatchtimevariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<meanmvsdispatchtime>n sec</meanmvsdispatchtime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Mean Service Time	<cicsservicetimevariance></cicsservicetimevariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<meanservicetime>n sec</meanservicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

V03 Db2 Variance Summary

The following tag pairs are repeated multiple times in each variance report. The first occurrence of the tag pair reports the base measurement (Ref 01). Following Ref 01, the tag pairs are repeated for every tagged measurement (Ref n).

- <MeasurementsAnalyzed></MeasurementsAnalyzed>
- <Db2SQLVariance></Db2SQLVariance>
- <SQLObservations></SQLObservations>
- <SQLCallsExecuted></SQLCallsExecuted>
- <SQLCallRate></SQLCallRate>
- <SQLCallsCounted></SQLCallsCounted>
- <SQLThroughput></SQLThroughput>
- <SQLServiceTime></SQLServiceTime>
- <SQLCallMaxTimet></SQLCallMaxTime>
- <SQLCallMinTime></SQLCallMinTime>
- <SQLCPUTime></SQLCPUTime>
- <SQLCallMaxCPUTime></SQLCallMaxCPUTime>
- <SQLCallMinCPUTime></SQLCallMinCPUTime>

Field title in online report	XML element
The Following Measurements are Analyzed	<measurementsanalyzed></measurementsanalyzed>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Job Name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Date	<date>Mon-dd-yyyy</date>
Time	<time>hh:mm</time>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
SQL calls sampled	<db2sqlvariance></db2sqlvariance>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Subsys	<subsystem>name</subsystem>
Version	<version>version</version>
Calls Sampled	<callssampled>n</callssampled>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL observations	<sqlobservations></sqlobservations>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<sqlcount>n</sqlcount>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL calls executed	<sqlcallsexecuted></sqlcallsexecuted>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<sqlcount>n</sqlcount>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Avg SQL call rate	<sqlcallrate></sqlcallrate>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<sqlrate>n per sec</sqlrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL calls counted	<sqlcallscounted></sqlcallscounted>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<sqlcount>n</sqlcount>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

Field title in online report	XML element
SQL throughput	<sqlthroughput></sqlthroughput>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<sqlrate>n per sec</sqlrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL service time	<sqlservicetime></sqlservicetime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL call max	<sqlcallmaxtime></sqlcallmaxtime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL call min time	<sqlcallmintime></sqlcallmintime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL CPU time	<sqlcputime></sqlcputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL call max CPU time	<sqlcallmaxcputime></sqlcallmaxcputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref> >
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
SQL call min CPU time	<sqlcallmincputime></sqlcallmincputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

Field title in online report	XML element

V04 IMS Variance Summary

The following tag pairs are repeated multiple times in each variance report. The first occurrence of the tag pair reports the base measurement (Ref 01). Following Ref 01, the tag pairs are repeated for every tagged measurement (Ref n).

- <MeasurementsAnalyzed></MeasurementsAnalyzed>
- <TxnObservations></TxnObservations>
- <TxnsCounted></TxnsCounted>
- <TransactionRate></TransactionRate>
- <TxnThroughput></TxnThroughput>
- <TxnServiceTime></TxnServiceTime>
- <TxnCallMaxTime></TxnCallMaxTime>
- <TxnCallMinTime></TxnCallMinTime>
- <TxnCPUTime></TxnCPUTime>
- <TxnCallMaxCPUTime></TxnCallMaxCPUTime>
- <TxnCallMinCPUTime></TxnCallMinCPUTime>
- <DLIObservations></DLIObservations>
- <DLICallsCounted></DLICallsCounted>
- <DLICallRate></DLICallRate>
- <DLICallThroughput></DLICallThroughput>
- <DLICallServiceTime></DLICallServiceTime>
- <DLICallMaxTime></DLICallMaxTime>
- <DLICallMinTime></DLICallMinTime>
- <DLICallCPUTime></DLICallCPUTime>
- <DLICallMaxCPUTime></DLICallMaxCPUTime>
- <DLICallMinCPUTime></DLICallMinCPUTime>

Field title in online report	XML element
The Following Measurements are Analyzed	<measurementsanalyzed></measurementsanalyzed>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Job Name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Date	<date>Mon-dd-yyyy</date>
Time	<time>hh:mm</time>
Description	<description>description</description>
Txn observations	<txnobservations></txnobservations>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>

Field title in online report	XML element
IMS Subsys	<subsystem>name</subsystem>
IMS Version	<version>version</version>
Txns Sampled	<txnssampled>n</txnssampled>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txns counted	<txnscounted></txnscounted>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<txncount>n</txncount>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Transaction rate	<transactionrate></transactionrate>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<txnrate>n per sec</txnrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
Txn throughput	<txnthroughput></txnthroughput>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<txnrate>n per sec</txnrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txn svc time	<txnservicetime></txnservicetime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txn max svc	<txncallmaxtime></txncallmaxtime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txn min svc	<txncallmintime></txncallmintime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

Field title in online report	XML element
IMS Txn CPU time	<txncputime></txncputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txn max CPU	<txncallmaxcputime></txncallmaxcputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
IMS Txn min CPU	<txncallmincputime></txncallmincputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI observations	<dliobservations></dliobservations>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<callssampled>n</callssampled>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI call count	<dlicallscounted></dlicallscounted>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Count	<callcount>n</callcount>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI call rate	<dlicallrate></dlicallrate>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<callrate>n per sec</callrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI call thruput	<dlicallthroughput></dlicallthroughput>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Rate	<callrate>n per sec</callrate>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

Field title in online report	XML element
DLI svc time	<dlicallservicetime></dlicallservicetime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI max svc	<dlicallmaxtime></dlicallmaxtime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI min svc	<dlicallmintime></dlicallmintime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI CPU time	<dlicallcputime></dlicallcputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI max CPU time	<dlicallmaxcputime></dlicallmaxcputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>
DLI min CPU time	<dlicallmincputime></dlicallmincputime>
Ref	<ref>n</ref>
Time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
Variance	<variance>variance</variance>

CICS Performance analysis reports

E01 CICS Session Statistics

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicssummary></cicssummary>

Field title in online report	XML element
CICS Release	<cicsrelease>CICS Release</cicsrelease>
First Transaction TaskId	<firsttaskid>n</firsttaskid>
Last Transaction TaskId	<lasttaskid>n</lasttaskid>
Number of TaskId Increments	<taskidincrements>n</taskidincrements>
Number of Observed Transactions	<observedtransactions>n</observedtransactions>
Transaction Rate (per sec)	<transactionrate>n</transactionrate>
Peak Active Txns (Observed)	<peakactivetransactionsobserved>n</peakactivetransactionsobserved>
Peak Active Txns (Overall)	<peakactivetransactionsoverall>n</peakactivetransactionsoverall>
Max Task <maxtask>n<!--<br-->MaxTask></maxtask>	Execution Time <executiontime>n</executiontime>
Suspend Time	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
CICS Dispatch Delay Time	<cicsdispatchdelaytime>n</cicsdispatchdelaytime>
MVS Dispatch Delay Time	<mvsdispatchdelaytime>n</mvsdispatchdelaytime>
Service Time	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
Program Requests	<programrequests>n</programrequests>
Terminal Messages	<terminalmessages>n</terminalmessages>
Storage Getmains	<storagegetmains>n</storagegetmains>
Storage Freemains	<storagefreemains>n</storagefreemains>
File I/O Requests	<fileiorequests>n</fileiorequests>
Temporary Storage Requests	<temporarystoragerequests>n</temporarystoragerequests>
Transient Data Requests	<transientdatarequests>n</transientdatarequests>
Journal Write Requests	<journalwriterequests>n</journalwriterequests>
System Dumps	<systemdumps>n</systemdumps>
System Dumps Suppressed	<systemdumpssuppressed>n</systemdumpssuppressed>
Transaction Dumps	<transactiondumps>n</transactiondumps>
Transaction Dumps Suppressed	<transactiondumpssuppressed>n</transactiondumpssuppressed>
Storage Violations	<storageviolations>n</storageviolations>
Short on Storage occurrences	<pre><shortonstorageoccurrences>n</shortonstorageoccurrences></pre>
Times at MaxTask	<timesatmaxtask>n</timesatmaxtask>
Times at Class MaxTask	<timesatclassmaxtask>n</timesatclassmaxtask>
	<transactioncounts></transactioncounts>

Field title in online report	XML element
TranId	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
Count	<transactioncount>n</transactioncount>

E02 CICS CPU and Use Counts by Pgm

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Name	<name>name</name>
Calls	<description>n</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

E03 CICS CPU Usage by Transaction

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns/Description	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
	<description>description</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
NTxns/Description	<description>description</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>

Field title in online report	XML element
NTxns/Description	<offset>offset</offset>
NTxns/Description	<command/> command
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
NTxns/Description	<description>description</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
NTxns/Description	<sqlverb>verb</sqlverb>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
NTxns/Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
NTxns/Description	<command/> command
	<measurement>n</measurement>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

E04 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason><i>reαson</i></waitreason>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<sql>offset</sql>
Description	<description>sqlverb</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E05 CICS Total Service Time by Txn

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reαson</waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<sql>offset</sql>
Description	<description>sqlverb</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E06 CICS Total Service Time by Task ID

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstaskid></cicstaskid>
Name	<taskid>tasknumber</taskid>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reαson</waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /DLIRequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E07 CICS Wait by Txn

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns/Description	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
	<description></description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Wait Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reason</waitreason>
NTxns/Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of Wait Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

E08 CICS Mean Service Time by Termid

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsterminal></cicsterminal>
Name	<terminalid>termid</terminalid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason><i>reαson</i></waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E09 CICS Total Service Time by Termid

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsterminal></cicsterminal>
Name	<terminalid>termid</terminalid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reason</waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E10 CICS Mean Service Time by User ID

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsuserid></cicsuserid>
Name	<userid>userid</userid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command

Field title in online report	XML element
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason><i>reαson</i></waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E11 CICS Total Service Time by User ID

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsuserid></cicsuserid>
Name	<userid>userid</userid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reason</waitreason>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /DLIRequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

E12 CICS CPU/Service Time by Transaction

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cputimebytransaction></cputimebytransaction>
Name	<transaction>name</transaction>
NTxns	<numberoftxns>n</numberoftxns>
% of CPU	<pctcputime>n%</pctcputime>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
	<cputimebytransactiondetail></cputimebytransactiondetail>
Name	<tasknumber>n</tasknumber>
Description	<starttime>hh.mm.ss.ss</starttime>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>

IMS Performance analysis reports

I01 IMS Measurement Profile

Field title in online report	XML element
IMS Environment	<imsenvironment></imsenvironment>
DFSRRC00 parms	<dfsrrc00parms>parms</dfsrrc00parms>
IMS system id	<systemid>systemid</systemid>
IMS region name	<regionname><i>name</i></regionname>
IMS version	<version>version</version>
IMS region type	<regiontype>regiontype</regiontype>
Most Active IMS PSBs	<mostactiveimspsbs></mostactiveimspsbs>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I05 I08 I11</reports>
	<activeimspsbs></activeimspsbs>
	<psbname>name</psbname>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>

Field title in online report	XML element
Most Active IMS Transactions	<mostactiveimstransactions></mostactiveimstransactions>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I04 I06 I09 I12</reports>
	<activeimstransactions></activeimstransactions>
	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active IMS DLI Calls	<mostactiveimsdlicalls></mostactiveimsdlicalls>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I07 I10 I13</reports>
	<activeimsdlicalls></activeimsdlicalls>
	<imscall>imscall</imscall>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most CPU consumptive DLI	<mostcpuconsumptivedli></mostcpuconsumptivedli>
Total DLI CPU time	<cputime>n</cputime>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>I18 I19 I20 I21</reports>
	<cpuconsumptivedli></cpuconsumptivedli>
	<imscall>imscall</imscall>
	<cputime>n</cputime>
	<cputimepercent>n%</cputimepercent>
Most Frequent Transactions	<mostfrequenttransactions></mostfrequenttransactions>
Total txns counted	<transactions>n</transactions>
	<percent>n%</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element
Reports	<reports>I03 I04 I16 I17</reports>
	<frequenttransactions></frequenttransactions>
	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
	<transactionscounted>n</transactionscounted>
	<percentoftransactions>n%</percentoftransactions>
Most Frequent DL/I Calls	<mostfrequentdlicalls></mostfrequentdlicalls>
Total DLI call count	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
	Reports <reports>I02 I17 I18</reports>
	<frequentdlicalls></frequentdlicalls>
	<imscall>imscall</imscall>
	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Transaction Statistics	<transactionstatistics></transactionstatistics>
IMS Txns counted	<transactionscounted>n</transactionscounted>
Transaction rate	<transactionrate>n per sec</transactionrate>
Txn observations	<transactionobservations>n</transactionobservations>
Txn throughput	<transactionthroughput>n per sec</transactionthroughput>
IMS Txn svc time	<transactionservicetime>n sec</transactionservicetime>
IMS Txn CPU time	<transactioncputime>n sec</transactioncputime>
IMS txn max svc	<transactionmaximumservice>nssec</transactionmaximumservice>
IMS Txn max CPU	<transactionmaximumcpu>n sec</transactionmaximumcpu>
IMS Txn min svc	<transactionminimumservice>n sec</transactionminimumservice>
IMS Txn min CPU	<transactionminimumcpu>n sec</transactionminimumcpu>

IO2 IMS DL/I Call Timeline

The DLICallTimeline tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each DLI call.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<dlicalltimeline></dlicalltimeline>
CallSeq	<callseq>n</callseq>

Field title in online report	XML element
Func	<function>function</function>
PCB Name	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
Id	<id>n</id>
Location	<location>location</location>
Stat	<status>status</status>
Call Time	<calltime>hh:mm:ss.ss</calltime>
Duration	<duration>n</duration>

IO3 IMS Transaction Timeline

The IMSTransactionTimeLine tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each IMS transaction.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imstransactiontimeline></imstransactiontimeline>
TranCode	<transactioncode>tranid</transactioncode>
PSB/PCB	<psbname>name</psbname>
Location	<lterm>lterm</lterm>
Txn Time	<transactiontime>hh:mm:ss.ss</transactiontime>
Duration	<duration>n</duration>
	<dlicalltimeline></dlicalltimeline>
TranCode	<callseq>n</callseq>
PSB/PCB	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
Id	<id>n</id> Func
	<function>function</function>
Location	<location>location</location>
Stat	<status>status</status>
Txn Time	<calltime>hh:mm:ss.ss</calltime>
Duration	<duration>n</duration>

IO4 IMS Transaction Activity Timeline

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imstransactionactivitytimeline></imstransactionactivitytimeline>
TranCode	<samples>n</samples>
PSB/PCB	<duration>n</duration>
Location	<txn>tranid</txn>

Field title in online report	XML element
Txn Time	<transactiontime>hh:mm:ss.ss</transactiontime>
Duration	<psb>name</psb>
	<txns>n</txns>
	<intervals></intervals>
	<intervalcount>n</intervalcount> Repeated 50 times

I05 to **I13**

This section describes the common tag pairs and elements of the XML detail lines shared by reports I05 through I13. The same information is categorized and displayed differently in each report. The report names covered by the following XML are:

- I05 IMS CPU Usage by PSB
- I06 IMS CPU Usage by Txn
- IO7 IMS CPU Usage by DL/I Call
- I08 IMS WAIT Time by PSB
- I09 IMS WAIT Time by Txn
- I10 IMS WAIT Time by DL/I Call
- I11 IMS DL/I Activity by PSB
- I12 IMS DL/I Activity by Txn
- I13 IMS DL/I Activity by DL/I Call

Field title in online report	XML element
	<category></category>
Name	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Description	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Name	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<dlicall></dlicall>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<pre><functionpcbprogramoffset>FuncNameNameOffset</functionpcbprogramoffset></pre> FunctionPCBProgramOffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Name	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>location</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dpagroup></dpagroup>
Name	<dpagroupname>name</dpagroupname>
Description	<pre><dpagroupdescription>description</dpagroupdescription></pre> /DPAGroupDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<file></file>
Name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Description	<accessmethod>accessmethod</accessmethod>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxxTime * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Name	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription</addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<psb></psb>
Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
Description	<description>description</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<programstatementfunction><i>name(stmt)function</i><!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Name	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of xxx Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

I14 IMS PSB/PCB Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imspsbattributes></imspsbattributes>
PSB name	<psbname>name</psbname>
IMS system	<imssystem>imssystem</imssystem>
No.of PCBs	<numberofpcbs>n</numberofpcbs>
LIST=NO PCBs	<listnopcbs>n</listnopcbs>
Txn count	<transactioncount>n</transactioncount>

Field title in online report	XML element
DL/I calls	<dlicalls>n</dlicalls>
Sample count	<samplecount>n</samplecount>
	<imspcbs></imspcbs>
PCBNum	<pcbnumber>n</pcbnumber>
Name	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
Туре	<pcbtype>type</pcbtype>
DBD/LTRM	<dbdlterm>name</dbdlterm>
PROCOPT	<procopt>procopt</procopt>
LIST	<list>yesno</list>

I15 IMS DL/I Call Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<dlicallattributes></dlicallattributes>
DL/I Call Id	<dlicallid>n</dlicallid>
Function code	<functioncode>code</functioncode>
PSB Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
PCB Naame	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
IMS Id-Region	<imsidregion>imsid-region</imsidregion>
PCB Number	<pcbnumber>n</pcbnumber>
Call type	<calltype>calltype</calltype>
CSECT/module	<csectmodule>csect in module</csectmodule>
Offset of call	<offsetofcall>n</offsetofcall>
Sample count	<samplecount>n</samplecount>
Call count	<callcount>n</callcount>
DLI CPU time	<pre><dlicputime>n</dlicputime></pre>
Service time	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<dlicall></dlicall>
SSA/FSA	<ssanum>n</ssanum>
	<ssa>ssa</ssa>

I16 IMS Transaction Service Times

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imstransactionservicetimes></imstransactionservicetimes>
TranCode	<transactioncode>tranid</transactioncode>
PSB/PGM	<psbprogram>name</psbprogram>
Txns	<transactioncount>n</transactioncount>
Fetch	<fetchcount>n</fetchcount>
Sched	<schedulecount>n</schedulecount>
Total time	<totaltime>n</totaltime>
Avg/Txn	<averagetimepertransaction>n</averagetimepertransaction>
CPU Time	<cputime>n</cputime>

I17 IMS Transaction DL/I Call Counts

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imstransactiondlicallcounts></imstransactiondlicallcounts>
Tran/PCB	<transactioncode>tranid</transactioncode>
PSB/DBD	<psbname>name</psbname>
Total	<dlitotalcount>n</dlitotalcount>
Minimum	<dliminimumcount>n</dliminimumcount>
Maximum	<dlimaximumcount>n</dlimaximumcount>
Average	<pre><dliaveragecount>n</dliaveragecount></pre>
	<imstransactiondlicallcountsbypcb></imstransactiondlicallcountsbypcb>
Tran/PCB	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
PSB/DBD	<dbdname>name</dbdname>
PCBNum	<pcbnumber>n</pcbnumber>
Func	<function>function</function>
Total	<dlitotalcount>n</dlitotalcount>
Minimum	<dliminimumcount>n</dliminimumcount>
Maximum	<dlimaximumcount>n</dlimaximumcount>
Average	<dliaveragecount>n</dliaveragecount>

I18 IMS CPU/Service Time by DL/I Call

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imscputimebycall></imscputimebycall>
Call	<callnumber>n</callnumber>
Func	<function>function</function>
PCB Name	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
Location	<location>location</location>
Count	<callcount>n</callcount>
Svc time	<pre><dliservicetime>n</dliservicetime></pre>
Prcnt	<pre><dliservicepercent>n%</dliservicepercent></pre>
CPU Time	<pre><dlicputime>n</dlicputime></pre>
Prcnt	<pre><dlicpupercent>n%</dlicpupercent></pre>

I19 IMS CPU/Service Time by PSB

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imscputimebypsb></imscputimebypsb>
PSB Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
Txn Count	<transactioncount>n</transactioncount>
DL/I Count	<callcount>n</callcount>
Svc time	<pre><dliservicetime>n</dliservicetime></pre>
Prcnt	<pre><dliservicepercent>n%</dliservicepercent></pre>
CPU Time	<pre><dlicputime>n</dlicputime></pre>
Prcnt	<dlicpupercent>n%</dlicpupercent>

I20 IMS CPU/Service Time by Transaction

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imscputimebytransaction></imscputimebytransaction>
TranCode	<transactioncode>tranid</transactioncode>
Txn Count	<transactioncount>n</transactioncount>
Service	<transactionservicetime>n</transactionservicetime>
CPU Time	<transactioncputime>n</transactioncputime>
Svc time	<pre><dliservicetime>n</dliservicetime></pre>
%of Txn	<pre><dliservicepercent>n%</dliservicepercent></pre>
CPU Time	<pre><dlicputime>n</dlicputime></pre>

Field title in online report	XML element
%of Txn	<pre><dlicpupercent>n%</dlicpupercent></pre>

I21 IMS CPU/Service Time by PCB

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imscputimebypcb></imscputimebypcb>
PSB Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
PCB Name	<pcbname>name</pcbname>
PCB Num	<pcbnumber>n</pcbnumber>
Count	<callcount>n</callcount>
Svc time	<pre><dliservicetime>n</dliservicetime></pre>
Percent	<pre><dliservicepercent>n%</dliservicepercent></pre>
CPU Time	<pre><dlicputime>n</dlicputime></pre>
Percent	<pre><dlicpupercent>n%</dlicpupercent></pre>

I22 IMS Region Transaction Summary

The IMSRegionTxns tag pair is repeated for each measured IMS transaction. The last tag pair represents the total for all lines of the report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<imsregiontxns></imsregiontxns>
TranCode	<trancode>name</trancode>
PSB Name	<psbname>name</psbname>
Txn count	<txncount>n</txncount>
Svc/Trn	<svcpertrn>n</svcpertrn>
CPU/Trn	<cpupertrn>n</cpupertrn>
DLI/Trn	<dlipertrn>n</dlipertrn>
SQL/Trn	<sqlpertrn>n</sqlpertrn>
MQ/Trn	<mqipertrn>n</mqipertrn>

Db2 Performance analysis reports

F01 Db2 Measurement profile

Field title in online report	XML element
Most Active Db2 Plans	<mostactivedb2plans></mostactivedb2plans>

Field title in online report	XML element
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F05</reports>
	<plans></plans>
	<planname>name</planname>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active Package/ DBRM	<mostactivedbrms></mostactivedbrms>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F03</reports>
	<dbrms></dbrms>
	<dbrm>name</dbrm>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Active SQL Statements	<mostactivesql></mostactivesql>
Samples	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F04</reports>
	<sqlstatement></sqlstatement>
	<programoffsetverb>name:offset verb</programoffsetverb>
	<cpuactive>n</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most CPU consumptive SQL	<mostcpuconsumptivesql></mostcpuconsumptivesql>
Total SQL CPU time	<cputime>n</cputime>
	<percent>n%</percent>
Reports	<reports>F10 F11 F12</reports>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlstatement></sqlstatement>
	<programoffsetverb>name:offset verb</programoffsetverb>
	<cpuactive>n%</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Most Frequent SQL Statements	<mostfrequentsql></mostfrequentsql>
Total SQL call count	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
	<sqlstatement></sqlstatement>
	<programoffsetverb>name:offset verb</programoffsetverb>
	<cpuactive>n%</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Single SQL Call Service Time	<singlesqlcallservicetime></singlesqlcallservicetime>
Total SQL service count	<samples>n</samples>
	<percent>n%</percent>
	<sqlstatement></sqlstatement>
	<programoffsetverb>name:offset verb</programoffsetverb>
	<cpuactive>n%</cpuactive>
	<cpuactivepercent>n%</cpuactivepercent>
Db2 Measurement Statistics	<db2measurementstatistics></db2measurementstatistics>
Db2 subsystem name	<subsystemname>name</subsystemname>
Db2 Catalog Level	<cataloglevel>vv.r.mff</cataloglevel>
Db2 Code Func Level	<codefunclevel>vv.r.mff</codefunclevel>
Db2 Curr Func Level	<currfunclevel>vv.r.mff</currfunclevel>
Db2 version	<version>version</version>
SQL calls sampled	<callssampled>n</callssampled>
SQL observations	<sqlobservations>n</sqlobservations>
SQL calls executed	<callsexecuted>n</callsexecuted>

Field title in online report	XML element
Avg SQL call rate	<callrate>n per sec</callrate>
SQL calls counted	<callscounted>n</callscounted>
SQL throughput	<sqlthroughput>n per sec</sqlthroughput>
SQL service time	<servicetime>n sec</servicetime>
SQL CPU time	<cputime>n sec</cputime>
CQL call max time	<callmaxtime>n sec</callmaxtime>
SQL call max CPU	<callmaxcpu>n sec</callmaxcpu>
SQL call min time	<callmintime>n sec</callmintime>
SQL call min CPU	<callmincpu>n sec</callmincpu>

F02 Db2 SQL Activity Timeline

The SQLActivityTimeline tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each SQL call.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlactivitytimeline></sqlactivitytimeline>
Thread	<thread>n</thread>
REQCT	<reqct>n</reqct>
Program	<program>name</program>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Samps	<samples>n</samples>
Call Time	<calltime>hh:mm:ss.ss</calltime>
Interval	<interval>n</interval>
CPU Time	<cputime>n</cputime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

Field title in online report	XML element

F03 SQL Activity by DBRM

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Name	<name>name</name>
	<description></description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n %</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt# SQL Function	<pre><programstatementfunction>stmt function</programstatementfunction></pre> /ProgramStatementFunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F04 SQL Activity by Statement

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Program Stmt# SQL Function	<programstatementfunction>name stmt function<!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F05 SQL Activity by Plan

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Seqno	<name>seqno</name>
Plan/Pgm	<description>name</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n %</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Plan/Pgm Stmt# SQL Function	<programstatementfunction>name stmt function<!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F06 Db2 SQL Statement Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlstatementattributes></sqlstatementattributes>
SQL Statement Id	<statementid>n</statementid>
Subsystem name	<subsystemname>name</subsystemname>
Attach type	<attachtype>attachtype</attachtype>
Plan name	<planname>name</planname>

Field title in online report	XML element
Plan bind time	<planbindtime>Mon-dd-yy hh:mm:ss</planbindtime>
DBRM name	<dbrmname>name</dbrmname>
DBRM token	<dbrmtoken>token</dbrmtoken>
DBRM date/time	<dbrmtime>Mon-dd-yy hh:mm:ss</dbrmtime>
Package ID	<packageid>packageid</packageid>
Location	<location>location</location>
Collectn name	<collectionname>name</collectionname>
Pkg BIND time	<packagebindtime>Mon-dd-yy hh:mm:ss</packagebindtime>
SQL function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Static/dynamic	<staticdynamic>static or dynamic</staticdynamic>
Precmplr stmt#	<precompilerstatementnumber>n</precompilerstatementnumber>
DBRM section#	<pre><dbrmsectionnumber>n</dbrmsectionnumber></pre> /DBRMSectionNumber>
Prepare stmt#	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
CSECT/module	<csectmodule>csect in module</csectmodule>
Offset of call	<offsetofcall>n</offsetofcall>
Sample count	<samplecount>n</samplecount>
SQL req count	<sqlreqct>n</sqlreqct>
SQL CPU time	<sqlcputime>n</sqlcputime>
Service time	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
SQL Statement	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>

F07 SQL WAIT Time by DBRM

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Name	<name>name</name>
	<description></description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n %</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Name	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt# SQL Function	<pre><programstatementfunction>stmt function</programstatementfunction></pre> /ProgramStatementFunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F08 SQL WAIT Time by Statement

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Program Stmt# SQL Function	<pre><programstatementfunction>name stmt function</programstatementfunction></pre> ProgramStatementFunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F09 SQL WAIT Time by Plan

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Seqno	<name>seqno</name>
Plan/Pgm	<description>name</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n %</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>

Field title in online report	XML element
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Plan/Pgm Stmt# SQL Function	<programstatementfunction>name stmt function<!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F10 SQL CPU/Service Time by DBRM

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlcputimebydbrm></sqlcputimebydbrm>
Name	<dbrmname>name</dbrmname>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime><i>n</i></totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqlcputimebydbrmdetail></sqlcputimebydbrmdetail>
Name	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F11 SQL CPU/Service Time by Statement

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlcputimebystatement></sqlcputimebystatement>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Name	<programname>name</programname>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F12 SQL CPU/Service Time by Plan

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqlcputimebyplan></sqlcputimebyplan>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Plan/Pgm	<planname>name</planname>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Plan/Pgm	<programname>name</programname>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F13 Db2 Threads Analysis

Field title in online report	XML element
	<db2 analysis="" threads=""></db2>
SeqNum	<seqnum>n</seqnum>
Thread Addr	<threadaddr>address</threadaddr>
Attach	<attach>type</attach>
REQCT Range	<reqctrange><i>n-n</i></reqctrange>
SQL Calls Executed	<callsexecuted>n</callsexecuted>
SQL Calls Sampled	<callssampled>n</callssampled>
	<threadtotals></threadtotals>
	<totalcallsexecuted>n</totalcallsexecuted>
	<totalcallssampled>n</totalcallssampled>

F14 Db2 CPU by Plan/Stored Proc

Field title in online report	XML element
	<detailline></detailline>
Seqno	<name>seqno</name>
Description	<description>name</description>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<category></category>
Seqno	<categoryname>name</categoryname>
Description	<categorydescription>description</categorydescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<csect></csect>
Seqno	<csectname>name</csectname>
Description	<csectdescription>description</csectdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dmrequest></dmrequest>
Seqno	<macroname>name</macroname>
Description	<macrolocation>locαtion</macrolocation>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<dpagroup></dpagroup>
Seqno	<dpagroupname>name</dpagroupname>
Description	<pre><dpagroupdescription>description</dpagroupdescription></pre> /DPAGroupDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<file></file>
Seqno	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Description	<accessmethod>accessmethod</accessmethod>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<loadmodule></loadmodule>
Seqno	<loadmodulename>name</loadmodulename>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<pre><loadmoduledescription>description</loadmoduledescription></pre> /LoadModuleDescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<nosymaddressrange></nosymaddressrange>
Seqno	<addressrange>address</addressrange>
Description	<addressrangedescription>Unresolved Address<!--<br-->AddressRangeDescription</addressrangedescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<sqlrequest></sqlrequest>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Description	<programstatementfunction>name(stmt)function<!-- ProgramStatementFunction--></programstatementfunction>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<svcroutine></svcroutine>
Seqno	<svcid>svcid</svcid>
Description	<svcdescription>description</svcdescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Rq Loc

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltimebyrequestlocation></sqltimebyrequestlocation>
Name	<locationname>location</locationname>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltimebystatement></sqltimebystatement>
Name	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Plan/Pgm	<planname>name</planname>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F16 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Enclave

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltimebyenclave></sqltimebyenclave>
Token	<token>token</token>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime><i>n</i></meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltimebystatement></sqltimebystatement>
Token	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Corrid

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltimebycorrelationid></sqltimebycorrelationid>
CorrId	<correlationid>id</correlationid>

Field title in online report	XML element
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime><i>n</i></totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltimebystatement></sqltimebystatement>
CorrId	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F18 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by Wkstn

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltimebyworkstationid></sqltimebyworkstationid>
Wkstn	<workstationid>id</workstationid>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime><i>n</i></meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltimebystatement></sqltimebystatement>
Wkstn	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F19 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc Time by EndUsr

Field title in online report	XML element
	<sqltimebyenduser></sqltimebyenduser>
EndUsr	<enduser>user</enduser>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime><i>n</i></totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltimebystatement></sqltimebystatement>
EndUsr	<sequencenumber>seqno</sequencenumber>
Stmt#	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
SQL Function	<sqlfunction>function</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<getpagesidx>n</getpagesidx>
	<getpages>n</getpages>
	<syncreadio>n</syncreadio>
	<prefetchreq>n</prefetchreq>
	<syncwriteio>n</syncwriteio>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>seqno</preparesequencenumber>

F30 Db2 Class 3 Wait Times

The Db2Class3WaitTimesByPlan tag pair and sub-elements are repeated for each Db2 plan in the report.

<db2class3waittimesbyplan></db2class3waittimesbyplan>
<planname>name</planname>
<class3waittimes></class3waittimes>
<databaseio>n</databaseio>
<readioother>n</readioother>
<writeioother>n</writeioother>
<irlmlocklatch>n</irlmlocklatch>
<db2latch>n</db2latch>
<pagelatch>n</pagelatch>
<logwriteio>n</logwriteio>
<logread>n</logread>
<arclogquiesce>n</arclogquiesce>
<phase1write>n</phase1write>
<tcpiplobxml>n</tcpiplobxml>
<glblcontention>n</glblcontention>
<groupmessages>n</groupmessages>
<cfrequests>n</cfrequests>
<drainlock>n</drainlock>
<claimrelease>n</claimrelease>
<taskswitchcommit>n</taskswitchcommit>
<taskswitchopenclose>n</taskswitchopenclose>
<taskswitchsyslgrng>n</taskswitchsyslgrng>
<taskswitchdatamanager>n</taskswitchdatamanager>
<taskswitchother>n</taskswitchother>

Java/USS/HFS Performance analysis reports

J01 Java Summary/Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javasummary></javasummary>
JVMId	<jvmid>n</jvmid>
Identifier	<identifier>n</identifier>

Field title in online report	XML element
Неар	<heap>nM</heap>
Max	<heapmax>nM</heapmax>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
	<observedjavapackages></observedjavapackages>
	<javapackages></javapackages>
PkgId	<pkgid>n</pkgid>
Package Name	<packagename>name</packagename>
	<observedjavaclasses></observedjavaclasses>
	<javaclasses></javaclasses>
ClsId	<clsid>n</clsid>
PkgId	<pkgid>n</pkgid>
Class Name	<classname>name</classname>
	<observedjavamethods></observedjavamethods>
	<javamethods></javamethods>
MthId	<mthid>n</mthid>
ClsId	<clsid>n</clsid>
Method Name	<methodname>name</methodname>

J02 Java Heap Usage Timeline

Field title in online report	XML element
	<usagetimeline></usagetimeline>
SEQN	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Storage	<storageused>nK</storageused>
Total	<storagetotal>nK</storagetotal>

J03 Java CPU Usage by Thread

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javacpubythread></javacpubythread>

Field title in online report	XML element
JavaId	<javaid>n</javaid>
Thread Name	<threadname>name</threadname>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J04 Java CPU Usage by Package

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javapackage></javapackage>
JavaId	<javapackageid>n</javapackageid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javapackagename>name</javapackagename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J05 Java CPU Usage by Class

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Class/Method	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Class/Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Class/Method	<javalinenumber>lineno</javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J06 Java CPU Usage by Method

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
MthId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Method	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element

J07 Java CPU Usage by Call Path

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J09 Java Service Time by Package

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javapackage></javapackage>
JavaId	<javapackageid>n</javapackageid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javapackagename>name</javapackagename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javalinenumber>lineno</javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element

J10 Java Service Time by Class

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Class/Method	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Class/Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Class/Method	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J11 Java Service Time by Method

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
MthId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Method	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J12 Java Service Time by Call Path

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J14 Java Wait Time by Package

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javapackage></javapackage>
JavaId	<javapackageid>n</javapackageid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javapackagename>name</javapackagename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Pkg/Cls/Mthd	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Field title in online report	XML element

J15 Java Wait Time by Class

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javaclass></javaclass>
JavaId	<javaclassid>n</javaclassid>
Class/Method	<javaclassname>name</javaclassname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javamethod></javamethod>
JavaId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Class/Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
JavaId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Class/Method	<javalinenumber><i>lineno</i></javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J16 Java Wait Time by Method

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<javaline></javaline>
MthId	<javalinenumberid>n</javalinenumberid>
Method	<javalinenumber>lineno</javalinenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J17 Java Wait Time by Call Path

Field title in online report	XML element
	<javamethod></javamethod>
MthId	<javamethodid>n</javamethodid>
Method	<javamethodname>name</javamethodname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

J18 - Java Garbage Collection Report

Field Title in Online Report	XML Element
	<garbagecollectionsummary></garbagecollectionsummary>
Number of GC Events	<numberofgcevents>n</numberofgcevents>
Total GC Time	<totalgctime>seconds</totalgctime>
Average GC Time	<averagegctime>seconds</averagegctime>
Total JVM Sample Time	<totaljvmsampletime>seconds</totaljvmsampletime>
Percent Time Elapsed in GC	<percenttimegc>percent</percenttimegc>
	<garbagecollectiondetails></garbagecollectiondetails>
	<heapsnapshot></heapsnapshot>
Sequence Number	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Heap Bytes	<heapbytes>bytes</heapbytes>
Heap Object Count	<heapobjectcount>count</heapobjectcount>
	<gcevent></gcevent>
Sequence Number	<sequencenumber>n </sequencenumber>
GC Duration	<gcduration>seconds</gcduration>

J19 - Java Heap Object Report

Field Title in Online Report	XML Element
	<heapobjectdetails></heapobjectdetails>
	<heapclassorarray></heapclassorarray>

Class Name	<classname>name</classname>
Class Type	<classtype>type</classtype>
Object Instance Count	<objectinstancecount>n</objectinstancecount>
Average Object Size	<averageobjectsize>bytes</averageobjectsize>
Object Total Bytes	<objecttotalbytes>bytes</objecttotalbytes>
Object Total Bytes Ranking	<objecttotalbytesrank>n</objecttotalbytesrank>
Percentage of Heap Used	<heapusepercentage>percent</heapusepercentage>

H01 HFS Service Time by Path Name

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
FileId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Path Name	<pathname>name</pathname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

H02 HFS Service Time by Device

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebydevice></hfstimebydevice>
DevId	<deviceid>n</deviceid>
Device#>PathName	<devicenumber>n</devicenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
DevId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Device#>PathName	<pathname>name</pathname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

H03 HFS File Activity

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfsfileactivity></hfsfileactivity>
FileId	<fileid>n</fileid>
PathName	<pathname>name</pathname>

Field title in online report	XML element
File Type	<filetype>filetype</filetype>
Reads/Writes	<readswrites>n</readswrites>

H04 HFS File Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfsfileattributes></hfsfileattributes>
FileId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Path name	<pathname>name</pathname>
File type	<filetype>filetype</filetype>
Major	<filetypemajor>n</filetypemajor>
Minor	<filetypeminor>n</filetypeminor>
Opened	<opentime>hh:mm:ss.ss</opentime>
Opened	<opendate>Day Mon dd yyyy</opendate>
Device#	<devicenumber>n</devicenumber>
Serial#	<serialnumber>n</serialnumber>
Open Flags	<openflags>flags</openflags>
File type	<modeflagsfiletype><i>type</i></modeflagsfiletype>
Permissions: Owner	<permissionowner>permission</permissionowner>
Permissions: Group	<permissiongroup>permission</permissiongroup>
Permissions: Other	<permissionother>permission</permissionother>
	<setidflags>setid</setidflags>
Read Requests Initial	<readrequestsfirst>n</readrequestsfirst>
Last	<readrequestslast>n</readrequestslast>
Delta	<readrequestsdelta>n</readrequestsdelta>
Write Requests Initial	<writerequestsfirst>n</writerequestsfirst>
Last	<writerequestslast>n</writerequestslast>
Delta	<writerequestsdelta>n</writerequestsdelta>
DIR I/O Blocks Initial	<directoryrequestsfirst>n</directoryrequestsfirst>
Last	<pre><directoryrequestslast>n</directoryrequestslast></pre>
Delta	<pre><directoryrequestsdelta></directoryrequestsdelta></pre>
Blocks Read Initial	<blocksreadfirst>n</blocksreadfirst>
Last	<blocksreadlast>n</blocksreadlast>
Delta	<blocksreaddelta>n</blocksreaddelta>
Blocks Written Initial	<blockswrittenfirst>n</blockswrittenfirst>

Field title in online report	XML element
Last	<blockswrittenlast>n</blockswrittenlast>
Delta	<blockswrittendelta>n</blockswrittendelta>
Bytes Read Initial	<bytesreadfirst>n</bytesreadfirst>
Last	<bytesreadlast>n</bytesreadlast>
Delta	<bytesreaddelta>n</bytesreaddelta>
Bytes Written Initial	<byteswrittenfirst>n</byteswrittenfirst>
Last	<byteswrittenlast>n</byteswrittenlast>
Delta	<byteswrittendelta>n</byteswrittendelta>

H05 HFS Device Activity

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfsdeviceactivity></hfsdeviceactivity>
DevId	<deviceid>n</deviceid>
Device#	<devicenumber>n</devicenumber>
Mount Point	<mountpoint>mountpoint</mountpoint>
Reads/Writes	<readswrites>n</readswrites>

H06 HFS Device Attributes

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfsdeviceattributes></hfsdeviceattributes>
DevId	<deviceid>n</deviceid>
Device#	<devicenumber>n</devicenumber>
Dataset name	<datasetname>dsn</datasetname>
DD name	<ddname>ddname</ddname>
Physical file system	<physicalfilesystem>filesystem</physicalfilesystem>
Mount point	<mountpoint>mountpoint</mountpoint>
Mounted	<mounttime>hh:mm:ss.ss</mounttime>
Mounted	<mountdate>Day Mon dd yyyy</mountdate>
Read Requests Initial	<readrequestsfirst>n</readrequestsfirst>
Last	<readrequestslast>n</readrequestslast>
Delta	<readrequestsdelta>n</readrequestsdelta>
Write Requests Initial	<writerequestsfirst>n</writerequestsfirst>
Last	<writerequestslast>n</writerequestslast>
Delta	<writerequestsdelta>n</writerequestsdelta>

Field title in online report	XML element
DIR I/O Blocks Initial	<pre><directoryrequestsfirst>n</directoryrequestsfirst></pre> /DirectoryRequestsFirst>
Last	<pre><directoryrequestslast>n</directoryrequestslast></pre>
Delta	<pre><directoryrequestsdelta></directoryrequestsdelta></pre>
Blocks Read Initial	<blocksreadfirst>n</blocksreadfirst>
Last	<blocksreadlast>n</blocksreadlast>
Delta	<blocksreaddelta>n</blocksreaddelta>
Blocks Written Initial	<blockswrittenfirst>n</blockswrittenfirst>
Last	<blockswrittenlast>n</blockswrittenlast>
Delta	<blockswrittendelta>n</blockswrittendelta>
Bytes Read Initial	<bytesreadfirst>n</bytesreadfirst>
Last	<bytesreadlast>n</bytesreadlast>
Delta	<bytesreaddelta>n</bytesreaddelta>
Bytes Written Initial	<byteswrittenfirst>n</byteswrittenfirst>
Last	<byteswrittenlast>n</byteswrittenlast>
Delta	<byteswrittendelta>n</byteswrittendelta>

H07 HFS Activity Timeline

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfsactivitytimeline></hfsactivitytimeline>
File Information Samples	<samples>n</samples>
Duration	<duration>n</duration>
Path Name	<pathname>name</pathname>
FileId	<fileid>n</fileid>
File Type	<filetype>filetype</filetype>
Open for	<openfor>mode</openfor>
	<intervals></intervals>
	<intervalpct>n</intervalpct> Repeated 50 times

H08 HFS Wait Time by Path Name

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
FileId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Path Name	<pathname>name</pathname>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

H09 HFS Wait Time by Device

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebydevice></hfstimebydevice>
DevId	<deviceid>n</deviceid>
Device#>PathName	<devicenumber>n</devicenumber>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
DevId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Device#>PathName	<pathname>name</pathname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

H10 HFS Service Time by Request

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebyrequest></hfstimebyrequest>
ReqId	<requestid>n</requestid>
Request>PathName	<request>request</request>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
ReqId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Request>PathName	<pathname>name</pathname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

H11 HFS Wait Time by Request

Field title in online report	XML element
	<hfstimebyrequest></hfstimebyrequest>
ReqId	<requestid>n</requestid>
Request>PathName	<request>request</request>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<hfstimebypathname></hfstimebypathname>
ReqId	<fileid>n</fileid>
Request>PathName	<pathname>name</pathname>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

MQ Performance analysis reports

Q01 MQ Activity Summary

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqobjectsobserved></mqobjectsobserved>
Object Sequence Number	<objectsequencenumber>n</objectsequencenumber>
Object Manager Name	<queuemanagername><i>name</i></queuemanagername>
Object Name	<objectname>name</objectname>
Object Type	<objecttype>type</objecttype>
	<mqcallsobserved></mqcallsobserved>
Module	<module>name</module>
CSECT	<csect>name</csect>
Offset	<offset>n</offset>
Function	<function>function</function>
Queue Mgr	<queuemanager><i>name</i></queuemanager>
Object Name	<objectname>name</objectname>

Q02 MQ CPU Usage by Queue

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>

Field title in online report	XML element
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q03 MQ CPU Usage by Request

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q04 MQ CPU Usage by Txn/Queue

Field title in online report	XML element
	<transaction></transaction>
Name	<tranname>name</tranname>
Description	<trandescription>description</trandescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>

Field title in online report	XML element
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of CPU Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q05 MQ Service Time by Queue

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager><i>name</i></queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q06 MQ Service Time by Request

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>
Description	<queuename><i>name</i></queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q07 MQ Service Time by Txn/Queue

Field title in online report	XML element
	<transaction></transaction>
Name	<tranname>name</tranname>
Description	<trandescription>description</trandescription>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager><i>nαme</i></queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q08 MQ Wait Time by Queue

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager><i>name</i></queuemanager>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q09 MQ Wait Time by Request

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>
	<measurements>n</measurements>
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>

Q10 MQ Wait Time by Txn/Queue

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<transaction></transaction>	
Name	<tranname>name</tranname>	
Description	<trandescription>description</trandescription>	
	<measurements>n</measurements>	
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>	
	<mqqueue></mqqueue>	
Name	<queuemanager>name</queuemanager>	
Description	<queuename>name</queuename>	

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<measurements>n</measurements>	
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>	
	<mqrequest></mqrequest>	
Name	<mqrequestfunction>function</mqrequestfunction>	
Description	<programnameoffset>name+offset</programnameoffset>	
	<measurements>n</measurements>	
Percent of Time * 10.00%	<percent>n</percent>	

Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline

The MQ+ ActivityTimeline tag pair is repeated nested for each MQ call and MQ Queue Manager detail line.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqactivitytimeline></mqactivitytimeline>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Call	<call>call type</call>
Location	<location>location</location>
Msg Len	<msglen>n</msglen>
Call Time	<calltime>hh:mm:ss.ss</calltime>
Svc Time	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
CPU Time	<cputime>n</cputime>
	<mqactivitytimeline></mqactivitytimeline>
Seqno	<qmgr>queue manager</qmgr>
Call	<objectname> queue name</objectname>

Q12 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue

The MQ+ CPU Time by Queue tag pair is repeated nested for each MQ Queue Manager and MQ call detail line.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqcputimebyqueue></mqcputimebyqueue>
Name	<name>queue manager</name>
Description	<description>queue name</description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<mqcputimebyqueue></mqcputimebyqueue>
Name	<name> call type</name>
Description	<pre><description>location</description></pre> /Description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>

Q13 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request

The MQ+ CPU Time by Request tag pair is repeated nested for each MQ call and MQ Queue Manager detail line.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqcputimebyrequest></mqcputimebyrequest>
Name	<name>call type</name>
Description	<description>location</description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<mqcputimebyrequest></mqcputimebyrequest>
Name	<name>queue manager</name>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<pre><description>queue name</description></pre> /Description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>

Q14 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn

The MQ+ CPU Time by Transaction tag pair is repeated nested for each transaction, MQ Queue Manager, and MQ call detail line.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqcputimebytransaction></mqcputimebytransaction>
Name	<name>tran</name>
Description	<description>descr</description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime><i>n</i></meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<mqcputimebytransaction></mqcputimebytransaction>
Name	<name>queue manager</name>
Description	<description>queue name</description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime><i>n</i></meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<mqcputimebytransaction></mqcputimebytransaction>
Name	<name> call type</name>
Description	<pre><description>location</description></pre> /Description>
Nbr of Calls	<numberofcalls></numberofcalls>
CPU Time Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time Pct	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservicetime>n</meanservicetime>
Svc Time Pct	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>

WebSphere performance analysis reports

B01 WAS Summary

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wassummary></wassummary>
System name	<systemname>name</systemname>
Sysplex	<sysplexname>name</sysplexname>
Job name	<jobname>name</jobname>
Job id	<jobid>id</jobid>
ASID	<asid>asid</asid>
Cell	<cell>name</cell>
Node	<node>name</node>
Cluster	<cluster>name</cluster>
Server	<server>name</server>
WAS version	<wasversion>version</wasversion>
Service level	<servicelevel>level</servicelevel>
Total requests	<requestedobserved>n</requestedobserved>
IIOP requests	<iioprequests>n</iioprequests>
HTTP requests	<pre><httprequests>n</httprequests></pre> /HTTPRequests>
HTTPS requests	<pre><httpsrequests>n</httpsrequests></pre> /HTTPSRequests>
MDB Plan A requests	<mdbplanarequests>n</mdbplanarequests>

Field title in online report	XML element
MDB Plan B requests	<pre><mdbplanbrequests>n</mdbplanbrequests></pre>
MDB Plan C requests	<pre><mdbplancrequests>n</mdbplancrequests></pre> //MDBPlanCRequests>
SIP requests	<siprequests>n</siprequests>
SIPS requests	<sipsrequests>n</sipsrequests>
MBean requests	<pre><mbeanrequests>n</mbeanrequests></pre>
OTS requests	<otsrequests>n</otsrequests>
Internal requests	<internalrequests>n</internalrequests>
Inbound WOLA	<pre><intomativequests>n</intomativequests></pre>
Unknown requests	<pre></pre> <pre><unknownrequests>n</unknownrequests></pre> /UnknownRequests>
Asynchronous requests	<pre><asynchronousrequests>n</asynchronousrequests></pre>
Timed out requests	<timedoutrequests>n</timedoutrequests>
Outbound WOLA requests	<pre></pre> <pre><outboundwola>n</outboundwola></pre> /OutboundWOLA>
Outbound unknown	<outboundunknown>n</outboundunknown>
	·
Total service time	<totalservicetime>hh:mm:ss.sss</totalservicetime>
WLM queued time	<wlmqueuedtime>hh:mm:ss.sss</wlmqueuedtime>
Dispatched time	<pre><dispatchedtime>hh:mm:ss.sss</dispatchedtime></pre>
Controller time	<pre><controllertime>hh:mm:ss.sss</controllertime></pre>
Asynchronous time	<pre><asynchronoustime>hh:mm:ss.sss</asynchronoustime></pre>
Enclave CPU time	<enclavecputime>hh:mm:ss.sss</enclavecputime>
Encl zIIP CPU time	<enclaveziipcputime>hh:mm:ss.sss</enclaveziipcputime>
Encl zAAP CPU time	<enclavezaapcputime>hh:mm:ss.sss</enclavezaapcputime>
Encl CPU s/units	<enclavecpuserviceunits>n</enclavecpuserviceunits>
Encl zIIP s/units	<enclaveziipserviceunits>n</enclaveziipserviceunits>
Encl zAAP s/units	<enclavezaapserviceunits>n</enclavezaapserviceunits>
Async Encl CPU time	<asyncenclcputime> hh:mm:ss.sss </asyncenclcputime>
Async Encl zIIP CPU	<asyncenclziipcpu> hh:mm:ss.sss</asyncenclziipcpu>
Async Encl zAAP CPU	<asyncenclzaapcpu> hh:mm:ss.sss</asyncenclzaapcpu>

B02 WAS Activity

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasactivitybyrequest></wasactivitybyrequest>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Request, EJB/Webapp, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>

Field title in online report	XML element
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B03 WAS Activity by Origin

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasactivitybyorigin></wasactivitybyorigin>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Origin, EJB/Webapp, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B04 WAS Activity by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasactivitybyservant></wasactivitybyservant>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Servant,Req,EJB/Web, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B05 WAS EJB Activity

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasejbactivitybyrequest></wasejbactivitybyrequest>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
EJB, Method Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B06 WAS EJB Activity by Origin

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasejbactivitybyorigin></wasejbactivitybyorigin>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Origin, EJB, Method Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B07 WAS EJB Activity by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasejbactivitybyservant></wasejbactivitybyservant>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Servant, EJB, Method Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>

Field title in online report	XML element
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B08 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasservletjspactivitybyrequest></wasservletjspactivitybyrequest>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Web App, Servlet/JSP Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B09 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity by Origin

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasservletjspactivitybyorigin></wasservletjspactivitybyorigin>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Origin, Web App, Servlet/JSP Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B10 WAS Servlet/JSP by Activity by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasservletjspactivitybyservant></wasservletjspactivitybyservant>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Servant, Web App, Servlet/JSP Name	<name>name</name>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B11 WAS/CICS Calls

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wascicscalls></wascicscalls>
Name	<name>Name</name>
Count	<count>n</count>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B12 WAS/Db2 Calls

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wasdb2activity></wasdb2activity>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
WAS Request	<wasrequest>name</wasrequest>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>
CPU Time – Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time – Mean	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time – Mean	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqlcputimebystatement></sqlcputimebystatement>
Seqno	<sequencenumber>n</sequencenumber>
Db2 Call	<programname>name</programname>
	<statementnumber>n</statementnumber>
	<sqlfunction>name</sqlfunction>
Nbr of SQL Calls	<numberofcalls>n</numberofcalls>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU Time – Total	<totalcputime>n</totalcputime>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancputime>n</meancputime>
CPU Time – Mean	<pctcputime>n</pctcputime>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservicetime>n</totalservicetime>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservicetime><i>n</i></meanservicetime>
Svc Time – Mean	<pctservicetime>n</pctservicetime>
	<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
	<sqltext>text</sqltext>
	<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
	<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
	<preparesequencenumber>n</preparesequencenumber>

B13 Async Work Requests

Field title in online report	XML element
	<asyncworkrequest></asyncworkrequest>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Pkg/Class, Work Mgr	<name>name</name>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B14 Async Work by Manager

Field title in online report	XML element
	<asyncworkbyworkmgr></asyncworkbyworkmgr>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Work Mgr , Pkg/Class	<name>name</name>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>

Field title in online report	XML element
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B15 Async Work by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element
	<asyncworkbyservant></asyncworkbyservant>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Servant, Pkg/Class, Work Mgr	<name>name</name>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B16 WOLA Inbound Requests

Field title in online report	XML element
	<wolainboundbyrequest></wolainboundbyrequest>
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>
Request, EJB/Webapp, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>
	<type>type</type>
Request Count	<count>n</count>
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>

B17 WOLA Inbound by Origin

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<wolainboundbyrequest></wolainboundbyrequest>	
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>	

Field title in online report	XML element	
Origin, Request, EJB/ Webapp, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>	
	<type>type</type>	
Request Count	<count>n</count>	
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>	
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>	
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>	
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>	

B18 WOLA Inbound by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<wolainboundbyservant></wolainboundbyservant>	
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>	
Servant, Request, EJB/ Webapp, Method/Servlet Name	<name>name</name>	
	<type>type</type>	
Request Count	<count>n</count>	
CPU Time – Total	<totalcpu>n</totalcpu>	
CPU Time – Mean	<meancpu>n</meancpu>	
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>	
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>	

B19 WOLA Outbound Requests

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<wolaoutboundbyrequest></wolaoutboundbyrequest>	
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>	
Request, Register, Service	<name>name</name>	
Request Count	<count>n</count>	
Bytes Sent	<bytessent>n</bytessent>	
Bytes Rcvd	<bytesrcvd>n</bytesrcvd>	
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>	
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>	

B20 WOLA Outbound by Register

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<wolaoutboundbyregister></wolaoutboundbyregister>	
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>	
Register, Service	<name>name</name>	
Request Count	<count>n</count>	
Bytes Sent	<bytessent>n</bytessent>	
Bytes Rcvd	<bytesrcvd>n</bytesrcvd>	
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>	
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>	

B21 WOLA Outbound by Servant

Field title in online report	XML element	
	<wolaoutboundbyservant></wolaoutboundbyservant>	
Seqno	<seqno>n</seqno>	
Servant, Register, Service	<name>name</name>	
Request Count	<count>n</count>	
Bytes Sent	<bytessent>n</bytessent>	
Bytes Rcvd	<bytesrcvd>n</bytesrcvd>	
Svc Time – Total	<totalservice>n</totalservice>	
Svc Time – Mean	<meanservice>n</meanservice>	

Multiple address space reports

X01 CICS Mean Service Time by Txn

This report is generated for multiple CICS address space reporting.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>

Field title in online report	XML element
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsapplid></cicsapplid>
Name	<applid>name</applid>
Description	<description>Region Applid</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason><i>reαson</i></waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<description>description</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<sql>offset</sql>
Description	<description>sqlverb</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /plirequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>

Field title in online report	XML element
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

X02 CICS Total Service Time by Txn

This report is generated for multiple CICS address space reporting.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsapplid></cicsapplid>
Name	<applid>name</applid>
Description	<description>Region Applid</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason>reason</waitreason>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service <servicetime>n</servicetime>	
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<sql>offset</sql>
Description	<description>sqlverb</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>

Field title in online report	XML element
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /publication
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

X03 CICS Mean Service Time by Term

This report is generated for multiple CICS address space reporting.

Field title in online report	XML element
	<cicsterminal></cicsterminal>
Name	<terminalid>termid</terminalid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>

Field title in online report	XML element
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsapplid></cicsapplid>
Name	<applid>name</applid>
Description	<description>Region Applid</description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<waitreason><i>reαson</i></waitreason>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /DLIRequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime><i>n</i></delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

X04 CICS Total Service Time by Term

This report is generated for multiple CICS address space reporting.

Table 15. XML Elements for X04 Report Field Titles	
Field title in online report XML element	
	<cicsterminal></cicsterminal>
Name	<terminalid>termid</terminalid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicstranid></cicstranid>
Name	<transactionid>tranid</transactionid>
NTxns	<cicstxncount>n</cicstxncount>
Description	<description></description>
Error	<marginoferror>n%</marginoferror>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsapplid></cicsapplid>
Name	<applid>name</applid>

Field title in online report	XML element
Description	<pre><description>Region Applid</description></pre> /Description>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsprogram></cicsprogram>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre><pre></pre></pre> <pre></pre>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<pre><servicetime>n</servicetime></pre>
	<cicscommand></cicscommand>
Name	<csect>name</csect>
Description	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<pre><delaytime>n</delaytime></pre>
Service	<pre><servicetime>n</servicetime></pre>
	<cicswait></cicswait>
Name	<pre><waitreason>reαson</waitreason></pre>
Description	<pre><description>description</description></pre>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<pre><delaytime>n</delaytime></pre>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsservice></cicsservice>
Name	<program>name</program>
Description	<pre></pre>

Field title in online report	XML element
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicssql></cicssql>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<sqlverb>sqlverb</sqlverb>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<cicsdli></cicsdli>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<pre><dlirequest>dlirequest</dlirequest></pre> /DLIRequest>
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>
	<adabascommand></adabascommand>
	<csect>name</csect>
Name	<offset>offset</offset>
Description	<command/> command
Execution	<exectime>n</exectime>
Suspend	<suspendtime>n</suspendtime>
Delay	<delaytime>n</delaytime>
Service	<servicetime>n</servicetime>

X05 Combined Db2 IMS MQ Timeline

The CombinedTimeline tag pair is repeated for each Db2, IMS, and MQ call. When an expanded report is requested, SQL text lines, Prepare lines, and MQ Queue Manager lines may also be generated in the XML.

XML element
<combinedtimeline></combinedtimeline>
<seqnum>n</seqnum>
<system>Db2, IMS or MQ</system>
<function>function</function>
<object>object</object>
<status>status</status>
<calltime>hh:mm:ss.ss</calltime>
<svctime>n</svctime>
<cputime>n</cputime>
<sqltextlines></sqltextlines>
<sqltext>sqltext</sqltext>
<prepareinfo></prepareinfo>
<preparestatementnumber>n</preparestatementnumber>
<preparesequencenumber>n</preparesequencenumber>
<combinedtimelinemq></combinedtimelinemq>
<queuemanager>queue manager</queuemanager>
<objectname>queue name</objectname>

X06 IMS MASS Region Summary

The IMSMassRegion tag pair is repeated for each measured IMS region. The last tag pair represents the total for all lines of the report.

Field title in online report	XML element
	< IMSMassRegion>
Region	<regionname>name</regionname>
IMS	<imsid>name</imsid>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Txn Count	<txncount>n</txncount>
Svc/Trn	<svcpertrn>n</svcpertrn>

Field title in online report	XML element
CPU/Trn	<cpupertrn>n</cpupertrn>
SQL/Trn	<dlipertrn>n</dlipertrn>
CPU Time	<sqlpertrn>n</sqlpertrn>
MQ/Trn	<mqipertrn>n</mqipertrn>

X07 Db2 Stored Procedures Summary

The Db2SP tag pair is repeated for each measured Db2 Stored Procedure name.

Field title in online report	XML element
	< Db2SP>
Name	<dbrmname>name</dbrmname>
Db2 Sysid	<db2sysid>name</db2sysid>
ReqNum	<reqnum>n</reqnum>
Nbr of Invocations	<invcount>n</invcount>
SQL Calls/Total	<sqltotal>29</sqltotal>
SQL Calls/Average	<sqlavg>524.15</sqlavg>
Mean CPU Time	<meancpu>0.10413</meancpu>
Mean SVC Time	<meansvc>0.10413</meansvc>

Source Program Attribution

P01 Source Program Attribution

Field title in online report	XML element
	<loadmoduleinformation></loadmoduleinformation>
Load Module	<loadmodulename><i>name</i></loadmodulename>
LIB	<loadlibrary>library</loadlibrary>
CSECT	<csectname>name</csectname>
Mapped by	<sourcemappingfile>file</sourcemappingfile>
	<sourcelanguage>language</sourcelanguage>
Compiler	<compiler>compiler</compiler>
Compile Time	<compiletime>yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss</compiletime>
	<sourcestatement></sourcestatement>
LineNo	<linenumber>n</linenumber>
Offset	<offset>n</offset>
Prcnt or Count	<percent>n</percent> or <count>n</count>

Field title in online report	XML element
Source Statement	<statement>stmt</statement>
	<attribution></attribution>
	<percent>n</percent> or <count>n</count>

Appendix D. Automatic Report Generation Samples

This appendix describes the supplied Automatic Report Generation (ARG) samples that are included in *hlq*.SCAZSAMP.

With the Automatic Report Generation Feature (ARG), you can request the automatic generation of observation reports immediately upon the completion of a successful observation session. Specify a dataset name and optional member name that contain JCL and PRINT control statements that will be used to submit the batch job to generate the reports. For more information on this feature, see <u>Automatic</u> Report Generation (ARG).

The JCL can be enhanced to perform other functions as well, which is tailored to your installation. The following three samples are provided as examples of how the Automatic Report Generation feature may be used.

Member CAZARG

CAZARG is a basic sample. When this sample is customized for your installation, it creates sampling reports in both SYSOUT and PDF format.

```
//RP&SAMP. JOB <job parameters>
//*
//*
                CAZARG
     Member:
     Function: Model JCL for creating sampling reports via the
                Automatic Report Generation Feature.
//*
//\star Before using this job, you must add the job parameters to
//*
     meet your system requirements.
//*
//* Notes:
//*
//*
     This JCL contains substitutable variables that enable the job to
//*
     be reusable without user intervention. These variables will be
     substituted by APA prior to the JCL being submitted. The
     variables included here are:
//*
     1.
         &JOB.
                    - Contains the sampled job's JOBNAME.

    &SAMP. - Contains the sample request number. E.
    &SAMPDSN. - Contains the sample file dataset name.

                    - Contains the sample request number. E.g. Rnnnnn.
//*
     4. &STEPLIB. - Contains the name of the load library containing
//*
//*
                       all APA components
     5. &USERID. - Contains the user ID of the requestor.
//*
     The user may also specify System symbols wherever appropriate.
//*
//*
//*
     Documentation on how to use ARG may be found in the
     Application Performance Analyzer User's Guide.
//*
//*---
//*-----
^{'}/^{\prime} Ensure that the PDF flat file is deleted as we will be ^{\prime}/^{\prime} allocating a new one in the next step.
//STEP1
            EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1
            DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..PDF,
                SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//
//*
//*-----
//* Create the reports.
//* This step will create reports to both SYSOUT and to a PDF file.
//STEP2
            EXEC PGM=CAZPRINT
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=&STEPLIB.
//SFIN
                 DISP=SHR, DSN=&SAMPDSN.
            DD
//RPT1
            DD
               SYS0UT=*
//PDF1
                DISP=(NEW,CATLG),SPACE=(CYL,(1,1)),UNIT=SYSDA,DCB=(LRECL=80,RECFM=FB,DSORG=PS),
            DD
                DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..PDF
//CAZLOG
            DD
                 SYSOUT=*
//CAZCTL
            DD
  PROFILE 01
                 INPUT=SFIN
  SECTION S01
  SECTION S02 Sequence=NAME
               OmitESD=N
               OmitNUC=N
               OmitPLPA=N
               Omitdup=Y
  SECTION S03 Sequence=NAME
               Omitdup=N
  SECTION S04
  SECTION S05 Intervals=45
  SECTION S06 Intervals=45
  SECTION S10 Levels=4
               MsgE=Y
               MsgW=Y
               MsgI=Y
               MsgD=Y
  PRINT DDNAME=RPT1
  CONVERT DDNAME=PDF1 FORMAT=PDF LANG=ENU
```

The control statements can be customized to your requirements depending on which reports are required. In the example above, only the "Statistics/Storage" (Sxx) reports are to be printed. For detailed descriptions of the available control statements (ddname CAZCTL), see "Specifying control statements" on page 673.

Member CAZARGRP

When the sample CAZARGRP is customized for your installation, it demonstrates how a user may choose to create sampling reports and email them in printed (plain text) format as an attachment using the Communications Server Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (CSSMTP).

Note: In addition to customization of the included sample, additional configuration might be required, including setup of CSSMTP. For more information, refer to the "IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's Guide and Commands". The following sample is meant for only illustration purposes.

```
//RP&SAMP. JOB <job parameters>
//*
     Member: CAZARGRP
//*
//*
      Function: Model JCL for creating sampling reports via the
                  Automatic Report Generation Feature. If CSSMTP is
//*
//*
                  configured, reports can be e-mailed (plain text) in
                  STEP3.
//*
//* Before using this procedure, you must make the following
//*
     modifications:
//*
//*
     1) Add the job parameters to meet your system requirements.
//*
//* 2) Change '#cssmtp'. If the ExtWrtName statement is specified in the CSSMTP application configuration, change '#cssmtp' to the
//*
//*
//*
          external writer name; otherwise, change '#cssmtp' to the CSSMTP
          application address space name.
          * Refer to the "IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's
          Guide and Commands" for more information.
//*
//*
//*
     3) Change '#mycssmtp.lrecl121' to the name of your
          SMTP commands dataset. This dataset must have a DCB of RECFM=FBA,LRECL=121,BLKSIZE=27951. An example of the contents
//*
//*
//*
//*
          of this dataset can be found in the Application Performance
          Analyzer User's Guide.
//* Notes:
//*
//*
      This JCL contains substitutable variables that enable the job to
//* be reusable without user intervention. These variables will be
//* substituted by APA prior to the JCL being submitted. The //* variables included here are:
//* 1. &JOB. - Contains the sampled job's JOBNAME.
//* 2. &SAMP. - Contains the sample request number. E.g. Rnnnnn.
//* 3. &SAMPDSN. - Contains the sample file dataset name.
//* 4. &STEPLIB. - Contains the name of the load library containing
//*
                         all APA components.
//*
     5. &USERID. - Contains the user ID of the requestor.
//*
//*
     The user may also specify System symbols wherever appropriate.
//*
//*
      Documentation on how to use ARG may be found in the
     Application Performance Analyzer User's Guide.
//*
//*-
//*-----
//* Ensure that the PDF flat file is deleted as we will be
//* allocating a new one in the next step.
```

(Sample CAZARGRP - Continued)

```
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
          DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..RPT,
//DD1
          SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//*----
//* Create the reports.
//* This step will create reports to both SYSOUT and to a PDF file.
//STEP2
          EXEC PGM=CAZPRINT
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&STEPLIB.
         DD
               DISP=SHR, DSN=&SAMPDSN.
//SFIN
               DISP=(NEW, CATLG), SPACE=(CYL, (100,50), RLSE), UNIT=SYSDA,
//RPT1
          DD
              DCB=(RECFM=FBA, LRECL=121, BLKSIZE=0),
              DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..RPT
//CAZLOG DD SYSOUT=*
//CAZCTL
          DD
  PROFILE 01
               INPUT=SFIN
  SECTION S01
  SECTION S02 Sequence=NAME
             OmitESD=Y
             OmitNUC=N
             OmitPLPA=N
             Omitdup=N
 SECTION S03 Sequence=NAME
             Omitdup=N
 SECTION S04
 SECTION S05 Intervals=45
  SECTION S06 Intervals=45
  SECTION S07
 SECTION S08
  SECTION S09
  PRINT
         DDNAME=RPT1
                                LANG=ENU
//*
//STEP3
          EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
          DD DUMMY
//SYSIN
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUT2 DD SYSOUT=(B,#cssmtp)
             DCB=(RECFM=FBA, LRECL=121, BLKSIZE=27951)
//SYSUT1
         DD DSN=#mycssmtp.lrecl121,DISP=SHR
          DD DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..RPT,DISP=SHR
```

The control statements can be customized to your requirements depending on which reports are required. In the example above, only the "Statistics/Storage" (S01-S09) reports are to be printed. For detailed descriptions of the available control statements (ddname CAZCTL) see "Specifying control statements" on page 673.

Note: You might want to carefully consider which reports to include when you e-mail them as an attachment. Large measurements can produce exceptionally large reports.

Additionally, you must provide an SMTP commands dataset. This dataset must have a data control block parameter of RECFM=FBA, LRECL=121, BLKSIZE=27951. An example of the content of this dataset is as follows:

```
HELO yourmvs
MAIL FROM:<user1@company.com>
RCPT TO:<user1@company.com>
RCPT T0:<user2@company.com>
DATA
FROM:
           user@yourmvs
TO:
           user1@company.com
TO:
            user2@company.com
SUBJECT: APA report auto-sent using ARG
MIME-VERSION: 1.0
CONTENT-TYPE: MULTIPART/MIXED; BOUNDARY="SIMPLE BOUNDARY"
--SIMPLE BOUNDARY
CONTENT-TYPE: TEXT/PLAIN
Please review the attached APA report.
--SIMPLE BOUNDARY
CONTENT-TYPE: TEXT/PLAIN
CONTENT-DISPOSITION: ATTACHMENT; FILENAME=REPORT.TXT
```

For more information about SMTP commands, refer to "IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's Guide and Commands". The sample above is meant for only illustration purposes.

Member CAZARGXM

When the sample CAZARGXM is customized for your installation, it demonstrates how a user might choose to create sampling reports and email them in XML format as an attachment by using the Communications Server Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (CSSMTP).

Note: In addition to the customization of the included sample, additional configuration might be required, including setup of CSSMTP. For more information, see the "*IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's Guide and Commands*". The following sample is meant for only illustration purposes.

```
//RP&SAMP. JOB <job parameters>
//*
//*
      Member: CAZARGXM
//*
//*
//*
      Function: Model JCL for creating sampling reports via the
                  Automatic Report Generation Feature. If CSSMTP is
                  configured, reports can be e-mailed (XML format) in
//*
//*
//*
//*
      Before using this procedure, you must make the following
     modifications:
//*
//*
//*
     1) Add the job parameters to meet your system requirements.
//*
//*
//*
     2) Change '#cssmtp'. If the ExtWrtName statement is specified in the CSSMTP application configuration, change '#cssmtp' to the
         external writer name; otherwise, change '#cssmtp' to the CSSMTP
//*
//*
//*
         application address space name.
* Refer to the "IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's
         Guide and Commands" for more information.
//*
//*
     3) Change '#mycssmtp.vb.lrecl255' to the name of your
//*
//*
         SMTP commands dataset. This dataset must have a DCB of RECFM=VB,LRECL=255,BLKSIZE=27795. An example of the contents
//*
         of this dataset can be found in the Application Performance
//*
//*
         Analyzer User's Guide.
//* Notes:
//*
//*
     This JCL contains substitutable variables that enable the job to
//* be reusable without user intervention. These variables where //* substituted by APA prior to the JCL being submitted. The
     be reusable without user intervention. These variables will be
//*
     variables included here are:
                     - Contains the sampled job's JOBNAME.
- Contains the sample request number. E.g. Rnnnnn.
//* 1. &JOB.
//* 2. &SAMP.
     3. &SAMPDSN. - Contains the sample file dataset name.
4. &STEPLIB. - Contains the name of the load library containing
//*
//*
//*
                         all APA components.
//*
//*
     5. &USERID. - Contains the user ID of the requestor.
//*
//*
     The user may also specify System symbols wherever appropriate.
//*
      Documentation on how to use ARG may be found in the
//*
//*
     Application Performance Analyzer User's Guide.
//*---
//*-----
//* Ensure that the PDF flat file is deleted as we will be
//* allocating a new one in the next step.
```

(Sample CAZARGXM - Continued)

```
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=IEFBR14
//DD1
          DD DISP=(MOD, DELETE), DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..XML,
              SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//*-----
//* Create the reports.
//* This step will create reports to both SYSOUT and to a PDF file.
//STEP2
          EXEC PGM=CAZPRINT
//STEPLIB DD DISP=SHR,DSN=&STEPLIB.
          DD
//SFIN
               DISP=SHR, DSN=&SAMPDSN.
               DISP=(NEW, CATLG), SPACE=(CYL, (100,50), RLSE), UNIT=SYSDA,
//XML1
          DD
               DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=255, BLKSIZE=0),
               DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..XML
//CAZLOG
          DD SYSOUT=*
//CAZCTL
          DD
 PROFILE 01
               INPUT=SFIN
 SECTION S01
 SECTION S02 Sequence=NAME
              OmitESD=Y
             OmitNUC=N
             OmitPLPA=N
             Omitdup=N
 SECTION S03 Sequence=NAME
              Omitdup=N
 SECTION S04
 SECTION S05 Intervals=45
 SECTION S06 Intervals=45
 SECTION S07
 SECTION S08
 SECTION S09
 CONVERT DDNAME=XML1
                                 FORMAT=XML
//STEP3
          EXEC PGM=IEBGENER
          DD DUMMY
//SYSIN
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSUT2 DD SYSOUT=(B,#cssmtp)
             DCB=(RECFM=VB, LRECL=255, BLKSIZE=0)
//SYSUT1
         DD DSN=#mycssmtp.vb.lrec1255,DISP=SHR
          DD DSN=&USERID..&JOB..&SAMP..XML,DISP=SHR
```

The control statements can be customized to your requirements depending on which reports are required. In the example above, only the "Statistics/Storage" (S01-S09) reports are to be printed. For detailed descriptions of the available control statements (ddname CAZCTL), see "Specifying control statements" on page 673.

Note: You might want to carefully consider which reports to include when you email them as an attachment. Large measurements can produce exceptionally large reports.

Additionally, you must provide an SMTP commands dataset. This dataset must have a data control block parameter of RECFM=VB, LRECL=255, BLKSIZE=27795. An example of the content of this dataset is as follows:

```
HELO yourmvs
DATA
FROM:
         user1@yourmvs
T0:
          user2@company.com
T0:
          user3@company.com
SUBJECT: APA XML report auto-sent using ARG
MIME-VERSION: 1.0
CONTENT-TYPE: MULTIPART/MIXED; BOUNDARY="SIMPLE BOUNDARY"
--SIMPLE BOUNDARY
CONTENT-TYPE: TEXT/PLAIN
Please review the attached APA report.
--SIMPLE BOUNDARY
CONTENT-TYPE: TEXT/PLAIN
CONTENT-DISPOSITION: ATTACHMENT; FILENAME=REPORT.XML
```

For more information about SMTP commands, refer to the "IBM z/OS Communications Server: IP User's Guide and Commands". The sample above is meant for only illustration purposes.

Appendix E. Checkpoint File Merge Utility

This appendix describes the supplied Checkpoint File Merge Utility sample included in hlq.SCAZSAMP.

The Checkpoint File Merge Utility allows the user to merge a source checkpoint file to a live target STC checkpoint file.

Member CAZSTCMR

```
//CAZSTCMR JOB <job parameters>
//***************************
//*
      Licensed Materials - Property of IBM
       5755-A04
      (C) Copyright IBM Corp. 2005, 2023.
//*
//*
//*
      All Rights Reserved
      US Government Users Restricted Rights - Use, duplication
//*
      or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract
//*
      with IBM Corp.
//*--
    Copyright (c) 2023 by BankNet Technologies Inc.
//*
//*
        All Rights Reserved. No part of the contents of this
        source program may be reproduced or transmitted in any
//*
        form or by any means without the written permission of
//*
        the publisher.
//*---
//*
          IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS
                                                                    */
//*
          Version 15 Release 1 Modification 0
    This JCL merges an existing (source) Checkpoint file into a Checkpoint file currently allocated in a live APA STC (target).
//*
//*
                                                                    */
    This JCL consists of the following Steps:
//*
                                                                    */
    CAZBKUP
                                                                    */
//*
//*
     - Backup Target Checkpoint file currently allocated in APA STC
//*
//*
//*
                                                                    */
*/
    CAZMRGE
                                                                    */
    - Merges the Source Checkpoint file into the STC Target
//*
                                                                    */
//*
      Checkpoint file
//*
                                                                    */
//*
                                                                    */
    CAZDLTE (It is recommended that this step is run Standalone)
//*
     - Deletes the Sample Files from the Source Checkpoint file that */
//*
//*
      were merged successfully into the Target APA STC Checkpoint
                                                                    */
                                                                    */
*/
//*
      file.
//*
//*
                                                                    */
//*
    CAUTION: This is neither a JCL procedure nor a complete
//*
     job. Before using this job, you will have to make the
                                                                    */
//*
     following modifications:
//*
                                                                    */
//*
    1) Add the job parameters to meet your system requirements.
//*
    2) Change all references of '#hlq' to the high-level qualifier
//*
                                                                    */
//*
//*
        of your Application Performance Analyzer libraries.
                                                                    */
*/
    3) Change all references of "#chkphlq" to the high-level
//*
                                                                    */
//*
//*
//*
        qualifier of your checkpoint data set name.
                                                                    */
    4) Change all references of "checkpointTgtDSN" to a valid
                                                                    */
//*
        data set name. This is the checkpoint DSN name currently
                                                                    */
//*
        defined in the CONFIG file of the Target APA STC
                                                                    */
//*
        See section "CONFIG BASIC statement" in the Customization
                                                                    */
        Customization Guide for the rules on how to specify this checkpoint data set name in the APA STC.
//*
//*
                                                                    */
                                                                    */
    5) Change all references of "checkpointTgtDSN.BACKUP" to a valid*/
//*
        data set name.
                                                                    */
//*
//*
                                                                    */
    6) Change all references of "checkpointSrcDSN" to a valid
                                                                    */
//*
//*
        data set name. This is the checkpoint source DSN name that
        will be merged into the checkpoint file of the Target APA
//*
                                                                    */
        STC.
//*
```

```
//*
//*
//* BACKUP - Backup STC Checkpoint File (TARGET) before the merge
//***********************************
//CAZBKUP EXEC PGM=IEBGENER, REGION=OM, COND=(0, LT)
//***********************************
//* Target STC Checkpoint File Name
//***************
//SYSUT1 DD DISP=SHR,
       DSN=#chkphlq.checkpointTgtDSN
//* Target STC Checkpoint BACKUP File Name
    //SYSUT2 DD DSN=#chkphlq.checkpointTgtDSN.BACKUP,DISP=(NEW,CATLG),
         UNIT=SYSALLDA, SPACE=(4096, (30010,0))
         DCB=(DSORG=PS,RECFM=F,LRECL=4096,BLKSIZE=4096)
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD DUMMY
//* MERGE - Merge Source Checkpoint File into Target STC Checkpoint */
       File
//CAZMRGE EXEC PGM=CAZCHKMR,REGION=OM,COND=(0,LT),PARM='STCID=CAZO'
//STEPLIB DD DSN=#hlq.SCAZAUTH,DISP=SHR
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,RECFM=FBA,LRECL=133
//* Source Checkpoint File Name
//CHKPTSRC DD DSN=#chkphlq.checkpointSrcDSN,DISP=SHR
//\star The file below contains the sample file names from the Source
//* Checkpoint File that were merged into the Target Checkpoint File */
//* This file can be used in the optional idcams step included below */
//* to delete the sample files after the merge has been successfully */
//* executed
//FLS2DLTE DD DSN=#hlq.DELETE.FILES
        DISP=(NEW, CATLG, CATLG),
         RECFM=FB, LRECL=80,
         SPACE=(80,(20,10)),AVGREC=K
//SYSUDUMP DD SYSOUT=*
//* This Step should be run in a standalone Job after the merge is */
//* successfully executed to Delete the sample files that were in
//* the Source (old) Checkpoint File
//* DELETE - Delete the Source (old) Checkpoint sample files
//*CAZDLTE EXEC PGM=IDCAMS, REGION=500K, COND=(0,LT)
//*SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//* This file contains the sample file names from the Source (old) */
//* Checkpoint File to be Deleted
      DD DSN=#hlq.DELETE.FILES,DISP=SHR
```

The sample JCL consists of the following steps::

CAZBKUP - this step backs up the target checkpoint file

CAZMRGE - this step merges the source checkpoint file into the target checkpoint file

CAZDLTE – this step deletes the samples files from the source checkpoint file that were merged successfully into the target checkpoint file.

Note: It is highly recommended that this step be run standalone to ensure there is no unwanted deletion of sample files from the source checkpoint.

Usage

1) Add the job parameters to meet your system requirements.

- 2) Change all references of '#hlq' to the high-level qualifier of your Application Performance Analyzer libraries.
- 3) Change all references of "#chkphlq" to the high-level qualifier of your checkpoint data set name.
- 4) Change all references of "checkpointTgtDSN" to a valid data set name. This is the checkpoint DSN name currently defined in the CONFIG file of the target APA STC. See the section "CONFIG BASIC statement" in the Customization Guide for the rules on how to specify this checkpoint data set name in the APA STC.
- 5) Change all references of "checkpointTgtDSN.BACKUP" to a valid data set name. This will be the backup of the target checkpoint file.
- 6) Change all references of "checkpointSrcDSN" to a valid data set name. This is the checkpoint source DSN name that will be merged into the checkpoint file of the target APA STC.

Note: When merging an existing (source) checkpoint file into a brand new (target) checkpoint file, it is highly recommended that a new HLQ is used for the new checkpoint file. This will minimize the chances of errors occurring in the event duplicate sample file names are created while the checkpoint file merge is running.

The HLQ can be changed by editing the HLQ parameter in the CONFIG file for the Application Performance Analyzer STC.

Checkpoint Merge Detail Report

A Checkpoint Merge Detail Report is generated after running the utility to show the result of each observation selected for merge into the target checkpoint file.

This report displays 3 types of messages:

- If the observation is successfully merged, a message prefixed by an I- (Information) and information about the source request number as well as the target request number is displayed.
- If the sample dataset associated with an observation is missing, a message prefixed by a W- (Warning) is displayed showing the source request number and the missing dataset name.
- There are also CAZnnnna type error messages that show Information, Warning, and Error messages associated with the execution of the Checkpoint Merge process.
 - CAZnnnnI Information
 - CAZnnnnW Warning
 - CAZnnnnE Error

Sample report Output:

A Summary Report is produced at the end of the Detail Report that shows the number of records and observations processed.

```
Source Checkpoint Dataset Name: AFP01.FFFP01.CHKP
Target Checkpoint Dataset Name: AFP01.FFFP01.CHKP.NEW

Number of Checkpoint File Records Read: 01424

Number of Observations with Deleted Status: 00003
Number of Observations Selected for Merge: 01421

Number of Observations Ineligible for Merge: 00710

Number of Observations Ineligible for Merge: 00711

CAZ3925I IBM APA for z/OS CHKPT Merge terminating, highest Return code is: 0000
```

Sample uses

Merge one or more existing checkpoint files into a new checkpoint file

Use this procedure to merge one or more existing checkpoint files into a new checkpoint file in a newly created or existing Application Performance Analyzer STC:

1. Change the HLQ parameter in the CONFIG file to a new unique HLQ that is not currently in use:

```
HLQ=New unique HLQ
```

Change the CheckpointDSN parameter in the CONFIG file to a new checkpoint file name:

```
CheckpointDSN=New Checkpoint file name
```

- 3. Stop and restart target Application Performance Analyzer STC.
- 4. Customize *hlq*.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) with your installation requirements.

The DSN parameter of DDName CHKPTSRC should contain the source checkpoint file name to be merged into the new checkpoint file of the target Application Performance Analyzer STC.

- 5. Run *hlq*.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) to execute Checkpoint File merge.
- 6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for each checkpoint file to be merged.

Merge one or more existing Checkpoint files into a checkpoint file currently allocated to an existing Application Performance Analyzer STC

Use this procedure to merge one or more existing checkpoint files into a target checkpoint file that is currently in use in an Application Performance Analyzer STC. The target checkpoint file already contains one or more measurements.

1. Change the HLQ parameter in the CONFIG file to a new unique HLQ that is not currently in use:

```
HLQ=New unique HLQ
```

- 2. Stop and restart target Application Performance Analyzer STC.
- 3. Customize *hlq*.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) with your installation requirements.

The DSN parameter of DDName CHKPTSRC should contain the source checkpoint file name to be merged into the new checkpoint file of the target Application Performance Analyzer STC.

- 4. Run *hlq*.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) to execute Checkpoint File merge.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each checkpoint file to be merged.

Merge one or more existing checkpoint files into a checkpoint file currently allocated to an existing Application Performance Analyzer STC.

Note: This procedure does not change the current HLQ parameter in the CONFIG file.

Use this procedure to merge one or more existing checkpoint files into a target checkpoint file that is currently in use in an Application Performance Analyzer STC. This procedure does not change the HLQ parameter in the CONFIG file. This is the least recommended procedure, as there is a possibility that there will be conflicts in the new file names for the measurements being merged. These conflicts may result in error conditions that will result in some measurements not being merged.

- 1. Customize *hlq*.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) with your installation requirements.
 - The DSN parameter of DDName CHKPTSRC should contain the source checkpoint file name to be merged into the new checkpoint file of the target Application Performance Analyzer STC.
- 2. Run hlq.SCAZSAMP(CAZSTCMR) to execute Checkpoint File merge.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for each Checkpoint file to be merged.

Appendix F. Accessibility

Accessibility features help a user who has a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use software products successfully. The accessibility features in z/OS provide accessibility for IBM Application Performance Analyzer.

The major accessibility features in z/OS enable users to:

- Use assistive technology products such as screen readers and screen magnifier software
- · Operate specific or equivalent features by using only the keyboard
- Customize display attributes such as color, contrast, and font size

Using assistive technologies

Assistive technology products work with the user interfaces that are found in z/OS. For specific guidance information, consult the documentation for the assistive technology product that you use to access z/OS interfaces.

Keyboard navigation of the user interface

Users can access z/OS user interfaces by using TSO/E or ISPF. Refer to the following publications:

- z/OS TSO/E Primer
- z/OS TSO/E User's Guide
- z/OS ISPF User's Guide Volume 1

These guides describe how to use TSO/E and ISPF, including the use of keyboard shortcuts or function keys (PF keys). Each guide includes the default settings for the PF keys and explains how to modify their functions.

Accessibility of this document

The XHTML format of this document that will be provided in the IBM Application Performance Analyzer Knowledge Center at https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSFMHB/product.html, which is accessible to visually impaired individuals who use a screen reader.

To enable your screen reader to accurately read syntax diagrams, source code examples, and text that contains the period or comma picture symbols, you must set the screen reader to speak all punctuation.

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IBM Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS documents

Customization Guide, SC27-8401 Messages Guide, SC27-8402 Program Directory, GI13-4303 User's Guide, SC27-8403

Documents for related products

z/OS

ISPF Planning and Customizing, GC34-4814

MVS JCL Reference, SA22-7597

MVS JCL User's Guide, SA22-7598

MVS System Commands, SA22-7627

Security Server RACF® Command Language Reference, SA22-7687

Security Server RACF Security Administrator's Guide, SA22-7683

TSO/E Command Reference, SA22-7782

TSO/E Programming Guide, SA22-7788

TSO/E System Programming Command Reference, SA22-7793

TSO/E User's Guide, SA22-7794

z/OS Initialization and Tuning Reference, SA22-7533

OS/390

ISPF Planning and Customizing, SC28-1298

MVS JCL Reference, GC28-1757

MVS JCL User's Guide, GC28-1758

MVS System Commands, GC28-1781

Security Server (RACF) Command Language Reference, SC28-1919

Security Server (RACF) Security Administrator's Guide, SC28-1915

TSO/E Command Reference, SC28-1969

AT-TLS

z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Guide, SC31-8775-15 z/OS Communications Server: IP Configuration Reference, SC31-8776-16 z/OS Security Server RACF Command Language Reference, SA22-7687-13 Db2 9 for z/OS: Configuring SSL for Secure Client-Server Communications, REDP-4630-00

CICS

Application Programming Guide, SC34-5993
Application Programming Primer, SC33-0674
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CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Release Guide, GC34-6218

Db2 UDB for OS/390 and z/OS

Administration Guide, SC26-9931
Application Programming and SQL Guide, SC26-9933
Command Reference, SC26-9934
Data Sharing: Planning and Administration, SC26-9935

Installation Guide, GC26-9936
Messages and Codes, GC26-9940
Reference for Remote DRDA* Requesters and Servers, SC26-9942
Release Planning Guide, SC26-9943
SQL Reference, SC26-9944
Utility Guide and Reference, SC26-9945

IMS

IMS Version 8 Installation Volume 1: Installation Verification, GC27-1297 IMS Version 7 Installation Volume 1: Installation Verification, GC26-9429

WebSphere MQ

WebSphere MQ for z/OS Concepts and Planning Guide, GC34-6926 WebSphere MQ for z/OS System Administration Guide, GC34-6929 WebSphere MQ for z/OS System Setup Guide, GC34-6927

Α

abend

Abnormal end of a task. The termination of a task before its completion because of an error condition that cannot be resolved by recovery facilities while the task is executing.

access plan

The set of access paths that are selected by the optimizer to evaluate a particular SQL statement.

APF

Authorized program facility. A facility that permits the identification of programs that are authorized to use restricted functions.

authorized program

A system program or user program that is allowed to use restricted functions.

В

batch

A processing mode in which a predefined series of actions are performed with little or no interaction between the user and the system.

bind

To convert the output from the SQL compiler to a usable control structure.

С

checkpoint

A place in a program at which a check is made, or at which data is recorded, to provide real-time monitoring.

checkpoint data set

A data set that contains checkpoint records.

connection authorization exit

An exit that approves or disapproves requests for a connection to another program.

D

data set

The major unit of data storage and retrieval, consisting of a collection of data in one of several prescribed arrangements and described by control information to which the system has access.

dynamic

Pertaining to events that occur at run time or during processing.

Ε

explain

To capture detailed information about the access plan that was chosen by the SQL compiler to resolve an SQL statement.

Ι

ISPF

Interactive system productivity facility. An IBM licensed program that serves as a full-screen editor and dialog manager.

J

JCL

Job control language. A control language that is used to identify a job to an operating system and to describe the job's requirements.

M

monitor

To collect data about an application from the running agents that are associated with the application.

Ρ

panel

An area of the screen that displays formatted information and that can include entry fields.

Index

A	B11 WAS/CICS Calls report 871
104.0	B12 - WAS/Db2 Calls <u>563</u>
A01 Source program mapping report 647	B12 WAS/Db2 Calls report 871
A011 Source program mapping pick list 655	B13 - Async Work Requests 566
A03 Java source program mapping 650	B14 - Async Work by Work Mgr 569
A04 Source mapping dataset list <u>652</u>	B15 - Async Work by Servant 571
A05 Source mapping common list <u>654</u>	B16 - WOLA Inbound Requests 574
abend code <u>700</u> ACCUM 717, 728	B17 - WOLA Inbound by Origin <u>577</u> B18 - WOLA Inbound by Servant 581
action (menu) bar, described 1	B19 - WOLA Inbound by Servant <u>581</u>
active jobs, measure by selecting from a list 28	B20 - WOLA Outbound by Register 587
active jobs, specify job is active 37	B21 - WOLA Outbound by Register <u>587</u>
ACTIVE keyword in batch interface 694, 705	Batch import 713
Active status of observation session 10	Batch interface
Adabas	API 693
Adabas category in C01 report 79	CANCEL command 694
Adabas data extractor, specifying 23	command summary diagram 694
detail line in CICS reports 199, 209, 220, 232, 242, 251,	command syntax 693
260, 268, 598, 605, 614, 622	DELETE command 694, 713
displaying the Adabas category in reports 85, 103, 128	KEEP command 694
reporting 83	NEW command $\overline{693}$, 701
ADABAS	sample JCL 696
reporting in batch <u>689</u>	TNEW command 712
ADATA <u>647</u> , <u>741</u>	Batch interface keywords
Admin/Miscellaneous reports	ACTIVE <u>694</u> , <u>705</u>
A01 Source program mapping 647	ALLSTEPS <u>694</u> , <u>705</u>
A03 Jave source program mapping 650	ASID <u>694, 702, 712</u>
A04 Source mapping dataset list 652	CPGM 705
A05 Source mapping common list 654	CTERM 694, 706
A11 Source program mapping pick list 655	CTRAN 694, 705
aggregated service time <u>347</u> , <u>350</u> , <u>354</u>	Db2IMAX 694, 703
ALL 34 ALLSTEPS keyword in batch interface 694, 705	Db2SP <u>694, 708</u>
AMODE 74, 723	DDFFILTERS <u>694, 707</u> DELAYSAMPLING 694, 703
API in batch interface 693	DESCR 694, 702
Application Performance Analyzer	DIRS 694, 704
plug-in 731	DURATION 694, 703
arithmetic means 164, 202, 237	EXPDAYS 694, 703
ASID 57, 118, 726	FEATURES 694, 703
ASID keyword in batch interface 694, 702, 712	IMSID 694, 708
auto deletion of sample files 9	IMSIMAX 694, 704
Auto-refresh mode 717	IPROG 694, 706
automatic deletion 18	ITRAN 694, 706
	IUSER 694, 707
В	JOBNAME <u>694,</u> <u>701</u>
	JOBNAMES <u>694</u> , <u>708</u>
B01 WAS Summary report 526	LIBS <u>694,</u> <u>704</u>
B02 WAS Activity report 529	NONCTERM <u>694</u> , <u>706</u>
B03 WAS Activity by Origin report 533	NOTIFY 694, 703
B04 WAS Activity by Servant report <u>537</u>	RETRYAFTER 694, 710
B05 WAS EJB Activity report 542	RUNAGAIN 694, 710
B06 WAS EJB Activity by Origin report 545	RUNTOEOS <u>694,</u> <u>703</u> SAMPDSN 711
B07 WAS EJB Activity by Servant report 548	SAMPLES 694, 702
B08 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity report 551	SCHDDATE 694, 710
B09 WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin report 554	SCHDBATE <u>094</u> , <u>710</u> SCHDSPAN 694, 710
B10 – WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant report 557	STEP 694, 704
B11 - WAS/CICS Calls 560	- <u>- ,</u>

Batch interface keywords (continued)	Code slice <u>91</u> , <u>93</u>
SYSCTRAN 694, 706	Collapse 4
SYSTEMS 694, 702	Collection name <u>356</u>
USSOBS 694, 703	command
WASFILTERS 708	MVS START 714
BMP 277, 289, 290, 293, 296, 299, 300, 305, 307, 308,	Common data set list 645
311, 314	completion notification 21
buffer pools (VSAM) <u>161</u>	CONNECT 415
	CONNECT primary command 3
C	context help 4, 8
	context menu 4, 8
CO1 CPU usage by category report <u>79</u>	CONVERT statement in print reports JCL 676
CO2 CPU usage by module report <u>87</u>	CONVERT statement in XML documents 676
CO3 CPU usage by code slice report <u>91</u>	Core IDs 76
CO4 CPU usage timeline report <u>94</u>	Coupling facility reports
CO5 CPU usage by task/category report 97	Coupling facility mean times report (G02) 164
C06 CPU usage by task/module report 104	Coupling facility summary report (G01) 163
C07 CPU usage by procedure report 108	Coupling facility total times report (G03) 165
CO8 CPU usage referred attribution report 112	CPGM keyword in batch interface 705
CO9 CPU usage by PSW/object code report 118	CPU Time <u>40</u> , <u>73</u>
C10 CPU usage by Natural Program report 121	CPU time percentage calculation <u>45</u>
CAN (Cancel) line command 9	CPU usage analysis reports
CANCEL 713	CPU usage by category report (C01) 79
CANCEL command in batch interface 694	CPU usage by code slice report (CO3) <u>91</u>
CANCEL primary command 2	CPU usage by Natural Program report (C10) 121
Cancel status of observation session 10	CPU usage by procedure report (C07) <u>108</u>
cancelling an active observation request 9	CPU usage by PSW/object code report (C09)
CAZ\$NEW 714	<u>118</u>
CAZNEWCI 714	CPU usage by task/category report (C05) <u>97</u>
CAZNEWIM 714	CPU usage by task/module report (C06) <u>104</u>
CAZPRINT 665, 670	CPU usage module report (C02) <u>87</u>
CAZSYSIN 714	CPU usage referred attribution report (C08) 112
CICS	CPU usage timeline report (CO4) <u>94</u>
data extractor, overview of 189	CPU WAIT analysis reports
data extractor, specifying 23	WAIT time by tape DDNAME report (W05) <u>139</u>
multiple address space support 190	WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE report (W04) <u>136</u>
source program mapping 195, 202, 213, 237, 246, 255,	WAIT time by task/category report (W01) 124
263, 271, 645	WAIT time by task/module report (W02) 129
transaction, specifying which ones to measure 26	WAIT time referred attribution report (W03) 132
translation of trancodes to upper case 17	CSECT 80, 88, 98, 105, 113, 125, 129, 159, 288, 656, 745
CICS measurement reports	CTERM keyword in batch interface <u>694</u> , <u>706</u>
CICS CPU and use count by program report (E02) 193	CTRAN keyword in batch interface 694, 705
CICS CPU usage by transaction report (E03) 195	CURRENT <u>717, 728</u>
CICS CPU/service time by transaction report (E12) 271	customer support <u>736</u>
CICS mean service time by terminal ID report (E08) 237	Cylinder Address 141, 143
CICS mean service time by terminal ID report (X03) 608	
CICS mean service time by transaction report (E04) 202	D
CICS mean service time by transaction report (X01) 593	
CICS mean service time by user ID report (E10) 255	D 23
CICS service time by task ID report (E06) 225	D file type 653
CICS session statistics report (E01) 191	D01 DASD usage by device report 141
CICS total service time by terminal ID report (E09) 246	D02 DASD usage by DDNAME report 143
CICS total service time by terminal ID report (X04) 616	D03 DASD usage by data set report 146
CICS total service time by transaction report (X02) 600	D04 Data set attributes report 147
CICS total service time by Txn report (E05) 213	D05 DASD EXCP summary report 150
CICS total service time by user ID report (E11) 263	D06 DASD VSAM statistics report 152
CICS wait by Txn report (E07) 235	D07 DASD activity timeline report 155
CICS trancode 29	D08 DASD I/O wait time report 157
CICS+	D09 VSAM buffer pool usage report 161
CICS+ data extractor, specifying 23	DASD 46, 141, 143, 146, 147, 150, 152, 155, 157, 161, 289
data extractor, overview of 190	DASD I/O analysis reports
CICSSusp 203, 214, 219, 226, 236	DASD activity timeline report (D07) 155
COBOL	DASD EXCP summary report (D05) 150
versions supported for source mapping 6/18	DASD I/O wait time report (D08) 157

DASD I/O analysis reports (continued)	DELETE command in batch interface 604 712
DASD I/O analysis reports (continued)	DELETE command in batch interface 694, 713
DASD usage by data set report (D03) 146	deleting an observation request <u>8</u>
DASD usage by DDNAME report (D02) 143	DESC <u>676</u>
DASD usage by device report (D01) 141	DESC statement in print reports JCL 676
DASD VSAM buffer pool usage report (D09) 161	DESCR keyword in batch interface 694, 702
DASD VSAM statistics report (D06) 152	Description field in observation session 10
Data set attributes report (D04) 147	Description, optional field in observation request 20
data extractor <u>189</u> , <u>275</u> , <u>335</u> , <u>413</u> , <u>455</u> , <u>703</u>	DIRS keyword in batch interface 694, 704
data extractors (fields in new request) 23	DOWN primary command <u>2</u>
DATAMG category 288	DPA (Descriptive Program Attribution) groups, described 80
Db2	DPA Group
data extractor, overview of 336	reporting in batch 689
Db2 data extractor, specifying 23	Duration 18
Db2 EXPLAIN report 407	Duration (field in new request) 20
Db2SQL category in C01 report <u>79</u>	DURATION keyword in batch interface 694, 703
DB2SQL category in C01 report 410	
Db2V data extractor, specifying 23	E
Db2X data extractor, specifying 23	E
displaying SQL statement text 337	E04.0T00 '
multiple address space support 338	E01 CICS session statistics report 191
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E02 CICS CPU and use count by program report 193
source program mapping <u>346</u> , <u>349</u> , <u>353</u> , <u>358</u> , <u>361</u> , <u>364</u> ,	E03 CICS CPU usage by transaction report 195
<u>366, 369, 373, 377, 381, 384, 387, 390, 394, 645, 647, </u>	E04 CICS mean service time by transaction report 202
652, 655	E05 CICS total service time by Txn report 213
SQL statement in Db2SQL category in C01 report 79	E06 CICS service time by task ID report 225
SQL statement sequence numbers 338	
stored procedures, report (F14) 377	E07 CICS wait by Txn report 235
Db2 measurement reports	E08 CICS mean service time by terminal ID report 237
· ·	E09 CICS total service time by terminal ID report 246
Db2 Class 3 Wait Times (F30) 397	E10 CICS mean service time by user ID report 255
Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc report (F14) 377	E11 CICS total service time by user ID report 263
Db2 measurement report (F01) 338	E12 CICS CPU/service time by transaction report 271
Db2 SQL activity by DBRM report (F03) 346	Elapsed Time 40
Db2 SQL activity by plan report (F05) 353	
Db2 SQL activity by statement report (F04) 349	enclave <u>60</u>
Db2 SQL activity timeline report (F02) 342	END primary command 2
	Ended status of observation session <u>10</u>
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Corrid report (F17) 387	ENQ 136
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM report (F10) 366	ErrMsg status of observation session 10
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by enclave report (F16)	EXCP 150
384	EXCP Count 40
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by EndUsr report (F19) 394	Expand 4
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by plan report (F12) 373	
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Rq Loc report (F15) 381	EXPDAYS keyword in batch interface 694, 703
	EXPLAIN 407
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by stmt report (F11) 369	EXPORT line command 9
Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Wkstn report (F18) 390	external symbol 21
Db2 SQL statement attributes report (F06) 356	· —
Db2 SQL threads analysis report (F13) 376	
Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM report (F07) 358	F
Db2 SQL wait time by plan report (F09) 364	
Db2 SQL wait time by statement report (F08) 361	F01 Db2 measurement report 338
	F02 Db2 SQL activity timeline report 342
Db2 package 55	F03 DB SQL activity by DBRM report 346
Db2+ <u>336</u> , <u>694</u>	F04 Db2 SQL activity by statement report 349
Db2+ data extractor 23	F05 Db2 SQL activity by plan report 353
Db2IMAX keyword in batch interface 694, 703	
Db2SP keyword in batch interface 694, 708	F06 Db2 SQL statement attributes report 356
Db2V 694	F07 Db2 SQL wait time by DBRM report 358
Db2X 23, 694	F08 Db2 SQL wait time by statement report 361
DBRM 55, 338, 342, 346, 358, 366	F09 Db2 SQL wait time by plan report 364
	F10 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by DBRM report 366
DCB <u>26</u>	F11 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by stmt report 369
DDF	F12 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by plan report 373
measuring DDF activity <u>336</u>	F13 Db2 SQL threads analysis report 376
DDFFILTERS keyword in batch interface 694, 707	F14 Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc report 377
DDNAME 139, 143	
Delay by (field in new request) 21	F15 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Rq Loc report 381
delaying initiation of a measurement 21	F16 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by enclave report 384
DELAYSAMPLING keyword in batch interface 694, 703	F17 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Corrid report 387

F18 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by Wkstn report 390 F19 Db2 SQL CPU/Svc time by EndUsr report 394 F30 Db2 Class 3 Wait Times report 397 Failed status of observation session 10 FEATURES keyword in batch interface 694, 703 FIND primary command 2 First Schedule Date (field for future schedule) 37 First Schedule Time (field for future schedule) 37 fixes, getting 734 FPP 290, 293, 296, 299, 305, 307, 311, 314 freeze 45 future schedule options in panel 8 37 future scheduled requests, entering 34	I09 IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction report 302 I10 IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call report 305 I11 IMS DL/I activity by PSB report 307 I12 IMS DL/I activity by transaction report 311 I13 IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call report 314 I14 IMS PSB/PCB attributes report 316 I15 IMS DL/I call attributes report 318 I16 IMS transaction service times report 319 I17 IMS transaction DL/I call counts report 321 I18 IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls report 323 I19 IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB report 325 I20 IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction report 327 I21 IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB report 329 I22 IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB report 331
G	IBM Support Assistant, searching for problem resolution 733
	IDILANGX <u>647</u> , <u>739</u> IMS
G01 Coupling facility summary report 163 G02 Coupling facility mean times report 164 G03 Coupling facility total times report 165 green light 16	data extractor, overview of 276 IMS data extractor, specifying 23 IMS+ data extractor, specifying 23 IMSDLI category in C01 report 79 multiple address space support 276
н	source program mapping <u>281</u> , <u>282</u> , <u>290</u> , <u>293</u> , <u>296</u> , <u>299</u> ,
H01 HFS Service Time by Path Name report 501 H02 HFS Service Time by Device report 503 H03 HFS File Activity report 506 H04 HFS File Attributes report 508 H05 HFS Device Activity report 509 H06 HFS Device Attributes report 511 H07 HFS Activity Timeline report 512 H08 HFS Wait Time by Path Name report 514 H09 HFS Wait Time by Device report 516 H10 HFS Service Time by Request report 519 H11 HFS Wait Time by Request report 521 HELP 4 HELP, displaying HELP panels 2 HFS 455 HFS analysis reports HFS Activity Timeline (H07) 512 HFS Device Attributes (H06) 511 HFS File Activity (H03) 506 HFS File Attributes (H04) 508 HFS Service Time by Device (H02) 503 HFS Service Time by Path Name (H01) 501 HFS Service Time by Request (H10) 519 HFS Wait Time by Path Name (H08) 514 HFS Wait Time by Request (H11) 521 HFS Wait Time by Request (H11) 521 HFSDevice Activity (H05) 509 HIDE primary command 3	IMS measurement reports IMS CPU/Svc time by DL/I calls (I18) 323 IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB (I21) 329 IMS CPU/Svc time by PCB (I22) 331 IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB (I19) 325 IMS CPU/Svc time by PSB (I19) 325 IMS CPU/Svc time by transaction (I20) 327 IMS DL/I activity by DL/I call (I13) 314 IMS DL/I activity by PSB (I11) 307 IMS DL/I activity by transaction (I12) 311 IMS DL/I call attributes (I15) 318 IMS DL/I call timeline (I02) 281 IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call (I07) 296 IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB (I05) 290 IMS DL/I WAIT time by DL/I call (I10) 305 IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB (I08) 299 IMS DL/I WAIT time by transaction (I09) 302 IMS measurement profile (I01) 277 IMS PSB/PCB attributes (I14) 316 IMS transaction activity timeline (I04) 284 IMS transaction activity timeline (I04) 284 IMS transaction service times (I16) 319 IMS transaction timeline (I03) 282 IMS status of observation request 11 IMSID keyword in batch interface 694, 708 IMSIMAX keyword in batch interface 694, 704 Internet
I	searching for problem resolution <u>733</u> Interval in Days (field for future schedule) <u>37</u>
I/O activity percentage of time calculation 46 I/O Analysis 43 IO1 IMS measurement profile report 277 IO2 IMS DL/I call timeline report 281 IO3 IMS transaction timeline report 282 IO4 IMS transaction activity timeline report 284 IO5 IMS DL/I CPU usage by PSB report 290 IO6 IMS DL/I CPU usage by transaction report 293 IO7 IMS DL/I CPU usage by DL/I call report 296 IO81 IMS DL/I WAIT time by PSB report 299	Interval in Minutes (field for future schedule) 37 IPROG keyword in batch interface 694, 706 ISPF report navigation "-" Collapse line command 6 "?" HELP line command 4 "/" Context menu line command 4 "+" Expand line command 4 "++" Additional details line command 5 "SN" Sort by Name line command 6 "SV" Sort by Value line command 6 CANCEL primary command 2

ISPF report navigation (continued)	JCL in batch interface 693
DOWN primary command 2	JCL, for printed reports 670
END primary command 2	JCL, primary command <u>17</u>
HIDE primary command 3	JCL, sample for batch interface 696
JUMP primary command 2 LEFT primary command 2	Job Name, specifying target job <u>18</u> JOBNAME keyword in batch interface 694, 701
PREF command 3	JOBNAMES keyword in batch interface 694, 701
RIGHT primary command 2	JUMP primary command 2
SETUP primary command 3	zorn primary communic <u>z</u>
SHOW primary command 3	V
UP primary command 2	K
VERSION primary command 3	K01 - CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type report 166
WIN primary command $\underline{2}$	K02 - CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode report 171
ISPF reports, navigation and control 1	KEEP 713
ITRAN keyword in batch interface 694, 706	KEEP command in batch interface 694
IUSER keyword in batch interface 694, 707	KEEP line command 9
	knowledge bases, searching for problem resolution 733
J	Knowledge Center, searching for problem resolution 733
101 Taya summary and attributes report 459	
J01 Java summary and attributes report <u>458</u> J02 Java heap usage timeline 459	L
J03 Java CPU usage by thread 461	LANOV (EA
J04 Java CPU usage by package report 463	LANGX 674 launch reporting 8
J05 Java CPU usage by class report 466	LEFT primary command 2
J06 Java CPU usage by method report 468	libraries, specifying additional libraries for CSECT resolution
J07 Java CPU usage by call path report 471	26
J09 Java service time by package report <u>474</u>	LIBS keyword in batch interface 694, 704
J10 Java service time by class report 477	line commands 664
J11 Java service time by method report 480	load module information <u>79</u> , <u>87</u> , <u>91</u> , <u>97</u> , <u>104</u> , <u>108</u> , <u>112</u> , <u>118</u> ,
J12 Java service time by call path report <u>483</u> J14 Java wait time by package report 485	124, 129, 132, 157, 193, 195, 202, 213, 237, 246, 255,
J15 Java wait time by class report 488	263, 271, 281, 282, 290, 293, 296, 299, 302, 305, 307,
J16 Java wait time by method report 491	311, 314, 346, 349, 353, 358, 361, 364, 366, 369, 373, 377
J17 Java wait time by call path report 494	look-asides <u>161</u>
J18 Java Garbage Collection Report 497, 852	
J19 - Java Heap Object Report 499, 852	M
java	MAP statement in print reports JCL 674
Preloaded loaded JVMTI agent <u>456</u>	Maximum number of Db2+ trace entries, specifying 25
Java	Maximum number of IMS+ trace entries, specifying 25
Considerations for Java 456	Measure to step end (field in new request) 20
data extractor, overview of 456	measurement profile 51, 277, 338
Java data extractor, specifying <u>23</u> NEW 694, 701	MOD <u>16</u>
source program mapping 650	MOD line command $\underline{9}$
Java Heap Object Report (J18) 499, 852	modes <u>717</u> , <u>723</u>
Java measurement reports	modify the request 8
Java CPU usage by call path (J07) 471	modifying an observation request before it starts 9
Java CPU usage by class (J05) <u>466</u>	MPP 277, 289, 290, 293, 296, 299, 300, 302, 305, 307, 308, 311, 314
Java CPU usage by method (J06) 468	MQ
Java CPU usage by package (J04) 463	MQ data extractor, specifying 23
Java CPU usage by thread (J03) 461	overview of data extractor 413
Java Garbage Collection Report (J18) <u>497</u> , <u>852</u> Java heap usage timeline (J02) 459	source program mapping 416, 419, 421, 424, 427, 429,
Java service time by call path (J12) 483	432, 435, 437
Java service time by class (J10) 477	MQ measurement reports
Java service time by method (J11) 480	MQ activity summary (Q01) 414
Java service time by package (J09) 474	MQ CPU usage by queue (Q02) 416
Java summary and attributes (J01) $\overline{458}$	MQ CPU usage by request (Q03) <u>419</u>
Java wait time by call path (J17) 494	MQ CPU usage by Txn (Q04) <u>421</u> MQ service time by queue (Q05) 424
Java wait time by class (J15) 488	MQ service time by queue (Q05) 424 MQ service time by request (Q06) 427
Java wait time by method (J16) 491	MQ service time by Txn (Q07) 429
Java wait time by package (J14) 485	MQ wait time by queue (Q08) 432
Java package <u>458</u> JCL 668	MQ wait time by request (Q09) 435
JCL 000	

MQ measurement reports (continued) MQ wait time by Txn (Q10) 437 MQ+ Activity Timeline (Q11) 440 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue (Q12) 443 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request (Q13) 446 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn (Q14) 449 MQI 413 multi-step 10 multiple step measurements, specifying 26 MultJb status of observation request 11 MVSBusy 202, 213, 225, 235 MVSWait 202, 213, 226, 235	printing reports (continued) PDF format 666, 672, 676 preparing JCL 670 source program mapping 670 XML document format 666, 677 problem determination describing problems 737 determining business impact 736 submitting problems 737 PROFILE 277, 675 PROFILE statement in print reports JCL 673 PSB 289, 290, 299, 307, 316, 325 PSW 118, 286
N	Q
Natural Natural data extractor, specifying 23 NEW 701, 714 NEW command in batch interface 693, 701 NEW line command 9 NEW primary command 15 non-terminal 706 NONCTERM keyword in batch interface 694, 706 NOSYMB category 79, 97, 109, 124 NOTIFY keyword in batch interface 694, 703 Notify TSO User (field in new request) 21 Number of Samples (field in new request) 20	Q01 MQ activity summary report 414 Q02 MQ CPU usage by queue report 416 Q03 MQ CPU usage by request report 419 Q04 MQ CPU usage by Txn report 421 Q05 MQ service time by queue report 424 Q06 MQ service time by request report 427 Q07 MQ service time by Txn report 429 Q08 MQ wait time by queue report 432 Q09 MQ wait time by request report 435 Q10 MQ wait time by Txn report 437 Q11 MQ+ Activity Timeline report 440 Q12 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Queue 443 Q13 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Request 446
0	Q14 MQ+ CPU/SVC Time by Txn 449 quantification 108
object code 118, 658 observation 15, 722 observation request 1, 15 observation request 1, 15 Observation request, entering a new one 15 Observation session list panel 7 overview of System Information extractor 633 overview of WAS data extractor 525 Owned By field in Observation session list 8	Quantification 76 queued system state 45 R R01 Application Performance Analyzer for z?OS performance reports menu 12 R02 Observation session list panel 7 R03 17
P	Realtime Monitor 717 reason code 698–700
P line command for C/C++, using 645 P line command, using 645 P01 Source program attribution report 656 panel 5 input fields for an IMS region 31 for CICS 30 for Db2 DDF 31 for Db2 stored procedure 32 for multiple IMS regions 33 for user defined function 32 for WebSphere 33 parallel activity, examples 46 performance reports 12, 43, 189, 275, 335 PREF 675 PREF primary command 3 primary commands report navigation 1 PRINT statement in print reports JCL 675 printing reports ISPF report request facility 666 overview 665	red light 16 referred attribution in C08 CPU usage referred attribution report 112 in P01 Source program attribution report 656 in W03 WAIT time referred attribution report 132 REPEAT status of observation session 10 REPORT CODE primary command 2 reports menu 8 ReqNum 8 Request Number 8 request number display colors 9 RESERVE 136 RESET 2 Retain file for days (field in new request) 21 Retry interval (field in new request) 39 RETRYAFTER keyword in batch interface 694, 710 return code 698, 699 RIGHT primary command 2 RUNAGAIN keyword in batch interface 694, 710 RUNTOEOS keyword in batch interface 694, 703

5	To F12 report 27/
COA Massaurament nueffla vanaut FA	In F12 report <u>376</u>
S01 Measurement profile report 51	in F14 report <u>380</u>
S02 Load module attributes report 65	In F15 report 383
S03 Load module summary report <u>66</u>	In F16 report <u>387</u>
S04 TCB summary report <u>68</u>	In F17 report 390
S05 Memory usage timeline report 70	In F18 report 394
S06 Data space usage timeline report 71	In F19 report <u>397</u>
S07 TCB execution summary report 73	in K01 report <u>166</u>
S08 Processor utilization summary report <u>74</u>	in P01 report <u>658</u>
S09 Measurement analysis report <u>77</u>	in R02 report <u>7</u>
S10 – Observation Session Messages <u>78</u>	in S02 report 65
SA <u>65</u>	in S03 report <u>67</u>
SAMPDSN keyword in batch interface 711	in S05 report <u>71</u>
sample file DSN, in S01 report <u>55</u>	in S06 report <u>73</u>
Samples <u>68</u>	in S10 report <u>79</u>
Samples field in Observation Session list <u>10</u>	in W01 report <u>128</u>
SAMPLES keyword in batch interface 694, 702	in W02 report <u>132</u>
sampling <u>37</u> , <u>44</u>	in W03 report <u>136</u>
SCAZSAMP 714	in W04 report <u>139</u>
SCHDDATE keyword in batch interface <u>694</u> , <u>710</u>	in W05 report <u>140</u>
SCHDSPAN keyword in batch interface 694, 710	in Z01 report <u>636</u>
Sched status of observation session <u>10</u>	in Z02 report <u>639</u>
schedule new measurement	in Z03 report <u>641</u>
overview <u>16</u>	SHOW primary command 3
Panel 1 - Job Information <u>17</u>	Software Support
Panel 2 - Options <u>21</u>	contacting 736
Panel 3 - Multi-steps <u>26</u>	describing problems 737
Panel 4 - Active Jobs <u>28</u>	determining business impact 736
Panel 5 - Subsystems <u>29</u>	receiving updates 734
Panel 6 - Sysplex <u>34</u>	submitting problems 737
Panel 7 - Schedule <u>34</u>	sorting detail lines in reports <u>6</u>
Panel 8 - Sched Options <u>37</u>	source program mapping
Schedule Repeat Count (field for future schedule) 37	A01 Source Program Mapping panel 647
scheduling future measurements <u>34</u>	A03 Java source program mapping panel 650
SECTION statement in print reports JCL <u>675</u>	A11 Source program mapping pick list 655
Service Request Block (SRB)	and printed reports (MAP statement) <u>674</u>
CPU SRB Usage by PSW/ObjCode (K02)	copying an SPM file 647
171	dataset list, specifying <u>649</u>
CPU SRB Usage by SRB Type (K01) <u>166</u>	deleting the SPM entry 650
SRB data extractor 23	filling the input fields 648
SETUP primary command	From C01 report 79
In B12 report 566	From C02 report <u>87</u>
in C01 report <u>85</u>	From C03 report 91
in CO2 report <u>90</u>	From C05 report <u>97</u>
in CO3 report 93	From C06 report 104
in C04 report 96	From C07 report <u>108</u>
in C05 report 103	From C08 report <u>112</u>
in C06 report <u>107</u>	From D08 report <u>157</u>
in C07 report 110	From E03 report (CICS) 195
in C08 report 116	From E04 report (CICS) 202
in C09 report 120	From E08 report (CICS) 213, 237
in C10 report 123	From E09 report (CICS) 246
in D01 report 143	From E10 report (CICS) 255
in D02 report 146	From E11 report (CICS) 263
in D03 report <u>147</u>	From E12 report (CICS) 271
in D05 report <u>151</u>	From F03 report (Db2) 346
in D06 report <u>154</u>	From F04 report (Db2) 349
in D07 report <u>156</u>	From F05 report (Db2) 353
in E03 report <u>201</u>	From F07 report (Db2) 358
in F04 report <u>353</u>	From F08 report (Db2) 361
in F05 report <u>356</u>	From F09 report (Db2) 364
In F10 report 369	From F10 report (Db2) 366
In F11 report 372	From F11 report (Db2) 369

source program mapping (continued)	Sysplex
From F12 report (Db2) 373	specifying target systems 34
From F14 report (Db2) 377	System CPU Usage by ASID 636
From F15 report (Db2) 381	System CPU Usage by Jobname 633
From F16 report (Db2) 384	System Information extractor
From F17 report (Db2) <u>387</u>	overview 633
From F18 report (Db2) 390	System name (field in new request) 19
From F19 report (Db2) 394	system states
From IO2 report (IMS) 281	CPU executing 45
From I03 report (IMS) 282	CPU waiting 45
From I05 report (IMS) 290	queued <u>45</u>
From I06 report (IMS) 293	System/Target CPU Usage Timeline 639
From I07 report (IMS) 296	SYSTEMS keyword in batch interface 694, 702
From I08 report (IMS) 299	
From I09 report (IMS) 302	T
From I10 report (IMS) 305	•
From I11 report (IMS) 307	Tagged status of observation request 11
From I12 report (IMS) 311	target job
From I13 report (IMS) 314	selecting from a list of active jobs 28
From Q02 report (MQ) <u>416</u>	specifying 18
From Q03 report (MQ) 419	specifying system (in sysplex) for 34
From Q04 report (MQ) 421	target job step
From Q05 report (MQ) 424	specifying <u>19</u>
From Q06 report (MQ) 427	specifying for multiple steps 27
From Q07 report (MQ) 429	Thresh status of observation request 11
From Q08 report (MQ) 432	Times to Retry (field in new request) 39
From Q09 report (MQ) 435	TNEW command in batch interface 712
From Q10 report (MQ) 437	Trig status of observation request <u>11</u>
From Q11 report (MQ+) 440	Trigger request, entering <u>41</u>
From Q12 report (MQ+) 443	
From Q13 report (MQ+) 446	U
From Q14 report (MQ+) <u>449</u> From W01 report 124	
From W02 report 129	UP primary command 2
From W03 report 132	USS multiple address space measurements 457
loading the SPM file 650	USS observations (field in new request) 21
P line command 645	USS status of observation request <u>11</u>
P line command for C/C++ 645	USSOBS keyword in batch interface <u>694</u> , <u>703</u>
P01 Source program attribution 656	
specifying the associated file 648	V
Source program mapping	
A05 Source mapping common list panel 654	V01 Measurement variance summary report 174
Common data set list 645	V02 CICS variance summary report 176
statistics/storage reports	V03 Db2 variance summary report 178
Data space usage timeline (S06) 71	V04 IMS variance summary report 183
Load module attributes (SO2) 65	Variance reports
Load module summary (\$03) 66	CICS variance summary (V02) 176
Measurement analysis (S09) 77	Db2 variance summary (V03) <u>178</u>
Measurement profile (S01) 51	IMS variance summary (V04) <u>183</u>
Memory usage timeline (S05) 70	Measurement variance summary (V01) 174
Observation Session Messages (S10) 78	VERSION primary command 3
Processor utilization summary (S08) 74	Virtual Storage Map <u>61</u>
TCB execution summary (S07) 73	VSAM
TCB summary (S04) 68	DASD VSAM statistics report (D06) <u>152</u>
Status field in observation session list <u>10</u>	VSAM buffer pool usage report (D09) <u>161</u>
STEP keyword in batch interface <u>694</u> , <u>704</u>	
Step Specification Field Group (field in new request) <u>19</u>	W
STEPS status of observation session <u>10</u>	
Stoppd status of observation session <u>10</u>	W01 WAIT time by task/category report 124
stored procedures	W02 WAIT time by task/module report 129
Db2 CPU by plan/stored proc report (F14) 377	W03 WAIT time referred attribution report <u>132</u>
SUB (Submit) line command 9	W04 WAIT time by task ENQ/RESERVE report <u>136</u>
SUBMIT, primary command 17	W05 WAIT time by tape DDNAME report <u>139</u>
SYSCTRAN keyword in batch interface 694, 706	WAS

WAS (continued) WebSphere Application Services data extractor, specifying 23 WAS data extractor overview 525 WASFILTERS keyword in batch interface 708 WebSphere (WAS) performance analysis reports Async Work by Servant (B15) 571 Async Work by Work Mgr (B14) 569 Async Work Requests (B13) 566 WAS Activity (B02) 529 WAS Activity by Origin (B03) 533 WAS Activity by Servant (B04) 537 WAS EJB Activity (B05) 542 WAS EJB Activity by Origin (B06) 545 WAS EJB Activity by Servant (B07) 548 WAS Servlet/JSP Activity (B08) 551 WAS Servlet/JSP by Origin (B09) 554 WAS Servlet/JSP by Servant (B10) 557 WAS Summary (B01) 526 WAS/CICS Calls (B11) 560, 871 WAS/Db2 Calls (B12) 563, 871 WOLA Inbound by Origin (B17) 577 WOLA Inbound by Servant (B18) 581 WOLA Inbound Requests (B16) 574 WOLA Outbound by Register (B20) 587 WOLA Outbound by Servant (B21) 589 WOLA Outbound Requests (B19) 585 WIN primary command 2 Within Interval (field in new request) 39

X

X01 CICS mean service time by transaction report 593 X02 CICS total service time by transaction report 600 X03 CICS mean service time by terminal ID report 608 X04 CICS total service time by terminal ID report 616 XML documents 670

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