



**Program Directory for
IBM Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS**

V06.01.00

Program Number 5655-TY6

FMIDs HAKH610, JAKH611, JAKH612, JAKH61H

for Use with
z/OS

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Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read the general information under 7.0, "Notices" on page 28.

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1.0 Introduction

This program directory is intended for system programmers who are responsible for program installation and maintenance. It contains information about the material and procedures associated with the installation of IBM Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS. This publication refers to IBM Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS as Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

The Program Directory contains the following sections:

- 2.0, “Program Materials” on page 5 identifies the basic program materials and documentation for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.
- 3.0, “Program Support” on page 8 describes the IBM support available for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.
- 4.0, “Program and Service Level Information” on page 9 lists the APARs (program level) and PTFs (service level) that have been incorporated into Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.
- 5.0, “Installation Requirements and Considerations” on page 10 identifies the resources and considerations that are required for installing and using Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.
- 6.0, “Installation Instructions” on page 19 provides detailed installation instructions for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. It also describes the procedures for activating the functions of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial, or refers to appropriate publications.

Before installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial, read the *CBPDO Memo To Users* and the *CBPDO Memo To Users Extension* that are supplied with this program in softcopy format and this program directory; then keep them for future reference.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial is supplied in a Custom-Built Product Delivery Offering (CBPDO, 5751-CS3). The program directory that is provided in softcopy format on the CBPDO tape is identical to the hardcopy format if one was included with your order. All service and HOLDDATA for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial are included on the CBPDO tape.

Do not use this program directory if you install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial with a SystemPac or ServerPac. When you use one of those offerings, use the jobs and documentation supplied with the offering. The offering will point you to specific sections of this program directory as needed.

1.1 Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial Description

Evaluate the IBM COBOL compiler by first using the Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS, V6.1

With Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS, V6.1, you can evaluate the latest capabilities of IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS, V6.1 in a non-production environment, before committing time and resources

to a production migration project. Assess the value of moving to this new compiler, before making a decision to formally adopt it.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS comes with a no charge evaluation license. Ordering, installing, and using Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial in a non-production environment does not initiate any Single Version Charging (SVC) period.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS is a fully functional program that can be used to conduct Proof of Technology evaluations that cover the full set of Enterprise COBOL for z/OS, V6.1 capabilities.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS is to be used only for internal evaluation, testing, or demonstration purposes, and is not for production purposes. Use of the trial compiler to develop production applications is not allowed. The license provides for a 90-day trial period. The trial is provided without formal program support. Your comments and inquiries can be submitted through normal service channels by using the Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial product ID and your customer number. Note that this Developer Trial is provided under the International License Agreement for Evaluation of Programs.

Enterprise COBOL for z/OS V6.1 incorporates leading-edge code generation and optimization technology to maximize hardware utilization, and help improve application performance. Version 6.1 delivers new COBOL statements, new and changed compiler options, and changed APIs while adding capacity and performance improvements.

Capacity improvements

The capacity of the compiler internals have been expanded to allow for the compilation and optimization of large programs. You can now use Version 6.1 to compile much larger programs including those COBOL programs that are created by code generators.

New COBOL statements

- **ALLOCATE** statement.
The ALLOCATE statement obtains dynamic storage.
- **FREE** statement.
The FREE statement releases dynamic storage previously obtained with an ALLOCATE statement.
- **JSON GENERATE** statement.
The JSON GENERATE statement converts data to JSON format.

Changed COBOL statements

Enhanced INITIALIZE to support the 2002 and 2014 COBOL standards.

The INITIALIZE statement sets selected categories of data fields to predetermined values. The INITIALIZE statement is functionally equivalent to one or more MOVE statements. New clauses from the 2002 and 2014 COBOL Standards are added as follows:

- **WITH FILLER**
- **TO VALUE**

- THEN TO DEFAULT

New COBOL options

- VSAMOPENFS(COMPAT/SUCC).
Allows to change File Status=97 into File Status=00 for certain VSAM OPEN statements.
- SUPPRESS/NOSUPPRESS.
Enables or disables the SUPPRESS phrase of COPY statements.

Changed COBOL options

- SSRANGE(ZLEN/NOZLEN).
Allows a 0-length reference modification.
- ZONECHECK.
Improves the diagnostic message for the ZONECHECK(MSG) compiler option by adding the data item contents for the offending data item and also adding the program name of the program that contained the offending data item.
- ZONEDATA.
A new suboption, NOPFD, is added to the ZONEDATA compiler option. ZONEDATA(NOPFD) tells the compiler to generate code that performs comparisons of zoned decimal data in a manner similar to previous COBOL versions to help tolerate cases of invalid zoned decimal data.

Removed or replaced COBOL options

Compiler option LVLINFO has been removed and instead, IBM supplies compiler build level information. This build level information is placed in locations that previously held the following LVLINFO data:

- Listing header
- Signature information bytes
- ADATA field called PTF Level

Changed Application Programming Interfaces (APIs)

- LE Vendor Interface - IGZXAPI.
Enhanced with the new function code 8 to request information about a COBOL program's WORKING-STORAGE section.

Changed run-time behavior

WORKING-STORAGE section is acquired from HEAP storage, and is managed more efficiently by initializing it when the corresponding COBOL program is being called. The STORAGE run time option will affect the WORKING-STORAGE section. In previous versions, the WORKING-STORAGE section was initialized when the program object is being loaded, regardless of whether the COBOL program will actually be called later. Also, sometimes WORKING-STORAGE was not acquired from HEAP, and in those cases the STORAGE option did not affect WORKING-STORAGE.

Performance improvements

- Reduced storage requirements and performance tuning is implemented in Table SORT.
- Performance tuning is done for INSPECT, UNSTRING, and SEARCH ALL

1.2 Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial FMIDs

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial consists of the following FMIDs:

HAKH610
JAKH611
JAKH612
JAKH61H

2.0 Program Materials

An IBM program is identified by a program number. The program number for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial is 5655-TY6.

Basic Machine-Readable Materials are materials that are supplied under the base license and are required for the use of the product.

The program announcement material describes the features supported by Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Ask your IBM representative for this information if you have not already received a copy.

2.1 Basic Machine-Readable Material

The distribution medium for this program is physical media or downloadable files. This program is in SMP/E RELFILE format and is installed by using SMP/E. See 6.0, "Installation Instructions" on page 19 for more information about how to install the program.

You can find information about the physical media for the basic machine-readable materials for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial in the *CBPDO Memo To Users Extension*.

Figure 1 describes the program file content for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. You can refer to the *CBPDO Memo To Users Extension* to see where the files reside on the tape.

Notes:

1. The data set attributes in this table must be used in the JCL of jobs that read the data sets. However, because the data sets are in IEBCOPY unloaded format, their actual attributes might be different.
2. If any RELFILEs are identified as PDSEs, ensure that SMPTLIB data sets are allocated as PDSEs.

Figure 1 (Page 1 of 2). Program File Content

Name	O R G	R E C F M	L R E C L	BLK SIZE
SMPMCS	SEQ	FB	80	6400
IBM.HAKH610.F1	PDS	FB	80	8800
IBM.HAKH610.F2	PDSE	U	0	6144
IBM.HAKH610.F3	PDS	FB	80	8800
IBM.JAKH611.F1	PDSE	U	0	6144
IBM.JAKH611.F2	PDS	FB	80	8800

Figure 1 (Page 2 of 2). Program File Content

Name	O R G	R E C F M	L R E C L	BLK SIZE
IBM.JAKH612.F1	PDSE	U	0	6144
IBM.JAKH61H.F1	PDS	VB	255	27998

2.2 Optional Machine-Readable Material

No optional machine-readable materials are provided for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

2.3 Program Publications

The following sections identify the basic publications for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

Figure 2 identifies the basic unlicensed publications for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Those that are in softcopy format publications can be obtained from the IBM Publications Center website at: <http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/>

Figure 2. Basic Material: Unlicensed

Publication Title	Form Number	Media Format
IBM Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS License Information	GI13-4528	http://www.ibm.com/software/sla/sladb.nsf or http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733
IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Customization Guide	SC27-8712	http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733
IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Language Reference	SC27-8713	http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733
IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Programming Guide	SC27-8714	http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733
IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Migration Guide	GC27-8715	http://www.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg27036733

2.3.1 Optional Program Publications

No optional publications are provided for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

2.4 Program Source Materials

No program source materials or viewable program listings are provided for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

2.5 Publications Useful During Installation

You might want to use the publications listed in Figure 3 during the installation of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

<i>Figure 3. Publications Useful During Installation</i>		
Publication Title	Form Number	Media Format
<i>IBM SMP/E for z/OS User's Guide</i>	SA23-2277	http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/
<i>IBM SMP/E for z/OS Commands</i>	SA23-2275	http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/
<i>IBM SMP/E for z/OS Reference</i>	SA23-2276	http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/
<i>IBM SMP/E for z/OS Messages, Codes, and Diagnosis</i>	GA32-0883	http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/

3.0 Program Support

This section describes the IBM support available for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

3.1 Program Services

Contact your IBM representative for specific information about available program services.

3.2 Statement of Support Procedures

Report any problems which you feel might be an error in the product materials to your IBM Support Center. You may be asked to gather and submit additional diagnostics to assist the IBM Support Center in their analysis.

Figure 4 identifies the component IDs (COMPID) for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

<i>Figure 4. Component IDs</i>			
FMID	COMPID	Component Name	RETAIN Release
HAKH610	5655TRY00	Enterprise COBOL Base	610
JAKH611	5655TRY00	Enterprise COBOL US English	611
JAKH612	5655TRY00	Enterprise COBOL Japanese	612
JAKH61H	5655TRY00	Enterprise COBOL HFS	61H

4.0 Program and Service Level Information

This section identifies the program and relevant service levels of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. The program level refers to the APAR fixes that have been incorporated into the program. The service level refers to the PTFs that have been incorporated into the program.

4.1 Program Level Information

The following APAR fixes against IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS, V06.01.00, have been incorporated into this release. They are listed by FMID.

- FMID HADB520

PI36085	PI40826	PI43098	PI47290	PI50960
PI36105	PI40845	PI43367	PI47549	PI51054
PI36117	PI40848	PI43546	PI47994	PI51056
PI36171	PI40851	PI44632	PI48462	PI52903
PI36500	PI40853	PI44639	PI48566	PI53044
PI36511	PI40858	PI44915	PI48727	PI53400
PI36780	PI40859	PI44921	PI48874	PI53457
PI37216	PI40861	PI44923	PI48875	PI53705
PI37504	PI40862	PI44924	PI48876	PI54170
PI38473	PI41378	PI44926	PI48878	PI54409
PI39296	PI42578	PI45379	PI48879	PI55112
PI39879	PI42686	PI45988	PI48880	PI55476
PI40413	PI42701	PI46273	PI48881	PI55478
PI40497	PI42831	PI46490	PI49127	PI55479
PI40822	PI43064	PI46667	PI50101	PI55481
PI40824				

4.2 Service Level Information

No PTFs against this release of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial have been incorporated into the product package.

Frequently check the Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial PSP Bucket for HIPER and SPECIAL attention PTFs against all FMIDs that you must install. You can also receive the latest HOLDDATA, then add the **FIXCAT(IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V6R1)** operand on your APPLY CHECK command. This will allow you to review the recommended and critical service that should be installed with your FMIDs.

5.0 Installation Requirements and Considerations

The following sections identify the system requirements for installing and activating Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. The following terminology is used:

- *Driving system*: the system on which SMP/E is executed to install the program.
The program might have specific operating system or product level requirements for using processes, such as binder or assembly utilities during the installation.
- *Target system*: the system on which the program is configured and run.
The program might have specific product level requirements, such as needing access to the library of another product for link-edits. These requirements, either mandatory or optional, might directly affect the element during the installation or in its basic or enhanced operation.

In many cases, you can use a system as both a driving system and a target system. However, you can make a separate IPL-able clone of the running system to use as a target system. The clone must include copies of all system libraries that SMP/E updates, copies of the SMP/E CSI data sets that describe the system libraries, and your PARMLIB and PROCLIB.

Use separate driving and target systems in the following situations:

- When you install a new level of a product that is already installed, the new level of the product will replace the old one. By installing the new level onto a separate target system, you can test the new level and keep the old one in production at the same time.
- When you install a product that shares libraries or load modules with other products, the installation can disrupt the other products. By installing the product onto a separate target system, you can assess these impacts without disrupting your production system.

5.1 Driving System Requirements

This section describes the environment of the driving system required to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

5.1.1 Machine Requirements

The driving system can run in any hardware environment that supports the required software.

5.1.2 Programming Requirements

Figure 5. Driving System Software Requirements

Program Number	Product Name	Minimum VRM	Minimum Service Level will satisfy these APARs	Included in the shipped product?
5650-ZOS	z/OS	V02.01.00 or higher	N/A	No

Note: SMP/E is a requirement for Installation and is an element of z/OS but can also be ordered as a separate product, 5655-G44, minimally V03.06.00.

Note: Installation might require migration to new z/OS releases to be service supported. See http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/support/zos_eos_dates.html.

If you plan on installing the Japanese FMID JAKH612 then ensure you have codepage 939 which is the Latin-based Japanese codepage that displays both upper and lower case characters correctly. Mixed case character usage is required for the sample IGYWDDEF and IGYISMKD jobs; therefore, codepage 939 is required to run these jobs from the driving system.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial is installed into a file system, either HFS or zFS. Before installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial, you must ensure that the target system file system data sets are available for processing on the driving system. OMVS must be active on the driving system and the target system file data sets must be mounted on the driving system.

If you plan to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial in a zFS file system, this requires that zFS be active on the driving system. Information on activating and using zFS can be found in z/OS Distributed File Service zSeries File System Administration, SC24-5989.

5.2 Target System Requirements

This section describes the environment of the target system required to install and use Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial installs in the z/OS (Z038) SREL.

5.2.1 Machine Requirements

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial V06.01.00 will run on the following IBM System z servers:

- z13 or z13s
- zEnterprise EC12 or zEnterprise BC12
- zEnterprise 196 or zEnterprise 114
- z10 Enterprise Class or z10 Business Class
- z9 Enterprise Class or z9 Business Class

5.2.2 Programming Requirements

5.2.2.1 Installation Requisites: Installation requisites identify products that are required and *must* be present on the system or products that are not required but *should* be present on the system for the successful installation of this product.

Mandatory installation requisites identify products that are required on the system for the successful installation of this product.

<i>Figure 6. Target System Mandatory Installation Requisites</i>					
Program Number	Product Name	Minimum VRM	Minimum Service Level will satisfy these APARs	Included in the shipped product?	
5650-ZOS	z/OS	V02.01.00 or higher	N/A	No	

Note: Installation might require migration to new z/OS releases to be service supported. See http://www.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/support/zos_eos_dates.html.

Conditional installation requisites identify products that are *not* required for successful installation of this product but can resolve such things as certain warning messages at installation time.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial has no conditional installation requisites.

5.2.2.2 Operational Requisites: Operational requisites are products that are required and *must* be present on the system or products that are not required but *should* be present on the system for this product to operate all or part of its functions.

Mandatory operational requisites identify products that are required for this product to operate its basic functions.

<i>Figure 7. Target System Mandatory Operational Requisites</i>		
Program Number	Product Name and Minimum VRM/Service Level	Function
5650-ZOS	z/OS V02.01.00 or higher	z/OS Language Environment and Program Management, required to compile and run COBOL applications

Conditional operational requisites identify products that are *not* required for this product to operate its basic functions but are required at run time for this product to operate specific functions.

Figure 8 (Page 1 of 2). Target System Conditional Operational Requisites

Program Number	Product Name and Minimum VRM/Service Level	Function
5696-234	High Level Assembler for MVS and VM and VSE V01.06 or higher	Assembler source programs (for interlanguage communication)
5668-806, 5688-087	VS Fortran V02.01 or higher	Fortran source programs (for interlanguage communication)
5798-DYR, 5798-DZX	COBOL Report Writer V01.04	COBOL Report Writer source programs
5724-T07	Rational Developer for z Systems V09.05 or higher	An Integrated Development Environment to help develop applications for z Systems
5650-ZOS	z/OS V02.01 or higher with APAR OA46575	Client Web Enablement Toolkit
5655-Q10	Debug Tool for z/OS V13.01.00	Debugging capabilities
5655-Q11	Fault Analyzer for z/OS V13.01.00	Analyze and fix application and system failures
5655-Q12	File Manager for z/OS V13.01.00	Working with z/OS data sets, DB2 data, CICS data, or IMS data
5655-Q09	Application Performance Analyzer for z/OS V13.01.00	Analyze application performance
5650-ZOS	DFSORT element of z/OS V02.01.00 or higher	COBOL applications using SORT/MERGE
5650-ZOS	XL C/C++ feature of z/OS V02.01 or higher	XL C/C++ with Enterprise COBOL
Any one of the following:		
5655-H31	Enterprise PL/I for z/OS V03.09 or higher	PL/I source programs (for interlanguage communication)
5655-W67	Enterprise PL/I for z/OS V04.02 or higher	PL/I source programs (for interlanguage communication)
Any one of the following:		
5655-S71	Enterprise COBOL for z/OS V04.02 or higher	Interoperability of COBOL source programs
5655-W32	Enterprise COBOL for z/OS V05.01 or higher	Interoperability of COBOL source programs
Any one of the following:		
5655-R31	31-bit SDK for z/OS Java Technology Edition V06 (see note) with PTFs for APAR PK89762	Support for object-oriented COBOL syntax (Java interoperability)
5655-W43	31-bit SDK for z/OS Java Technology Edition V07 (see note)	Support for object-oriented COBOL syntax (Java interoperability)

Figure 8 (Page 2 of 2). Target System Conditional Operational Requisites

Program Number	Product Name and Minimum VRM/Service Level	Function
5655-DGG	31-bit SDK for z/OS Java Technology Edition V08 (see note)	Support for object-oriented COBOL syntax (Java interoperability)
Any one of the following:		
5605-DB2	DB2 for z/OS V10.01.00	National decimal host variables in EXEC SQL statements and alternate DDNAME for DBRMLIB
5697-P31	DB2 for z/OS Value Unit Edition V10.01.00	National decimal host variables in EXEC SQL statements and alternate DDNAME for DBRMLIB
5615-DB2	DB2 for z/OS V11.01.00	National decimal host variables in EXEC SQL statements and alternate DDNAME for DBRMLIB
5697-P43	DB2 for z/OS Value Unit Edition V11.01.00	National decimal host variables in EXEC SQL statements and alternate DDNAME for DBRMLIB
Any one of the following:		
5655-S97	CICS Transaction Server for z/OS V04.01.00 or higher	COBOL applications for CICS, and for integrated CICS Translator support
5655-Y04	CICS Transaction Server for z/OS V05.01.00 or higher	COBOL applications for CICS, and for integrated CICS Translator support
5722-DFJ	CICS Transaction Server for z/OS Value Unit Edition V05.01.00 or higher	COBOL applications for CICS, and for integrated CICS Translator support
Any one of the following:		
5635-A03	IMS V12.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS
5655-TM1	IMS Transaction Manager Value Unit Edition V12.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS
5655-DSQ	IMS Database Value Unit Edition V12.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS
5635-A04	IMS V13.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS
5655-TM2	IMS Transaction Manager Value Unit Edition V13.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS
5655-DSM	IMS Database Value Unit Edition V13.01.00	COBOL applications with IMS

Note: COBOL requires a 31-bit Java SDK, 64-bit Java technology is not currently supported.

5.2.2.3 Toleration/Coexistence Requisites: Toleration/coexistence requisites identify products that must be present on sharing systems. These systems can be other systems in a multisystem environment (not necessarily sysplex), a shared DASD environment (such as test and production), or systems that reuse the same DASD environment at different time intervals.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial has no toleration/coexistence requisites.

5.2.2.4 Incompatibility (Negative) Requisites: Negative requisites identify products that must *not* be installed on the same system as this product.

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial has no negative requisites.

5.2.3 DASD Storage Requirements

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial libraries can reside on all supported DASD types.

Figure 9 lists the total space that is required for each type of library.

<i>Figure 9. Total DASD Space Required by Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial</i>	
Library Type	Total Space Required in 3390 Trks
Target	4547
Distribution	4555
File System	30

Notes:

1. For non-RECFM U data sets, IBM recommends using system-determined block sizes for efficient DASD utilization. For RECFM U data sets, IBM recommends using a block size of 32760, which is most efficient from the performance and DASD utilization perspective.
2. Abbreviations used for data set types are shown as follows.
 - U** Unique data set, allocated by this product and used by only this product. This table provides all the required information to determine the correct storage for this data set. You do not need to refer to other tables or program directories for the data set size.
 - S** Shared data set, allocated by this product and used by this product and other products. To determine the correct storage needed for this data set, add the storage size given in this table to those given in other tables (perhaps in other program directories). If the data set already exists, it must have enough free space to accommodate the storage size given in this table.
 - E** Existing shared data set, used by this product and other products. This data set is *not* allocated by this product. To determine the correct storage for this data set, add the storage size given in this table to those given in other tables (perhaps in other program directories). If

the data set already exists, it must have enough free space to accommodate the storage size given in this table.

If you currently have a previous release of this product installed in these libraries, the installation of this release will delete the old release and reclaim the space that was used by the old release and any service that had been installed. You can determine whether these libraries have enough space by deleting the old release with a dummy function, compressing the libraries, and comparing the space requirements with the free space in the libraries.

For more information about the names and sizes of the required data sets, see 6.1.8, "Allocate SMP/E Target and Distribution Libraries" on page 23.

3. Abbreviations used for the file system path type are as follows.

- N** New path, created by this product.
- X** Path created by this product, but might already exist from a previous release.
- P** Previously existing path, created by another product.

4. All target and distribution libraries listed have the following attributes:

- The default name of the data set can be changed.
- The default block size of the data set can be changed.
- The data set can be merged with another data set that has equivalent characteristics.
- The data set can be either a PDS or a PDSE, except for SIGYCOMP, and AIGYMOD1, which must be PDSEs.

5. All target libraries listed have the following attributes:

- These data sets can be SMS-managed, but they are not required to be SMS-managed.
- These data sets are not required to reside on the IPL volume.
- The values in the "Member Type" column are not necessarily the actual SMP/E element types that are identified in the SMPMCS.

6. All target libraries that are listed and contain load modules have the following attributes:

- These data sets can be in the LPA, but they are not required to be in the LPA.
- These data sets can be in the LNKLIST.
- These data sets are not required to be APF-authorized.
- Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial requires that the SMPLTS data set must be a PDSE. If your existing SMPLTS is a PDS, you will need to allocate a new PDSE and copy your existing SMPLTS into it and then change the SMPLTS DDDEF entry to indicate the new PDSE data set.

The following figures describe the target and distribution libraries and file system paths required to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. The storage requirements of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial must be added to the storage required by other programs that have data in the same library or path.

Note: Use the data in these tables to determine which libraries can be merged into common data sets. In addition, since some ALIAS names may not be unique, ensure that no naming conflicts will be introduced before merging libraries.

Figure 10. Storage Requirements for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial Target Libraries

Library DDNAME	Member Type	Target Volume	T Y P E	O R G	R E C O M	L R E C L	No. of 3390 Trks	No. of DIR Blks
SIGYCOMP	LMOD	ANY	U	PDSE	U	0	4500	n/a
SIGYMAC	MACRO	ANY	U	PDS	FB	80	10	5
SIGYPROC	PROC	ANY	U	PDS	FB	80	2	5
SIGYSAMP	SAMP	ANY	U	PDS	FB	80	35	10

Figure 11. Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial File System Paths

DDNAME	T Y P E	Path Name
SIGYHFS	N	usr/lpp/IBM/cobol/dtv6r1/bin/IBM

Figure 12. Storage Requirements for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial Distribution Libraries

Library DDNAME	T Y P E	O R G	R E C O M	L R E C L	No. of 3390 Trks	No. of DIR Blks
AIGYHFS	U	PDS	VB	255	10	5
AIGYMOD1	U	PDSE	U	0	4500	n/a
AIGYSRC1	U	PDS	FB	80	45	12

5.3 FMIDs Deleted

Installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial might result in the deletion of other FMIDs. To see which FMIDs will be deleted, examine the ++VER statement in the SMPMCS of the product.

If you do not want to delete these FMIDs at this time, install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into separate SMP/E target and distribution zones.

Note: These FMIDs are not automatically deleted from the Global Zone. If you want to delete these FMIDs from the Global Zone, use the SMP/E REJECT NOFMID DELETEFMID command. See the SMP/E Commands book for details.

5.4 Special Considerations

COBOL and COBOL Developer Trial Co-existence:

Enterprise COBOL for z/OS, Enterprise COBOL Value Unit Edition for z/OS and Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS, cannot be installed in the same CSI zone, or share the same target and distribution data set names.

PDSE Considerations:

Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial uses the "partitioned data set extended" or PDSE format for the SIGYCOMP target library. There are some operational differences between PDS and PDSE data sets. The PDS format may be shared by more than one z/OS system and no special precautions are necessary. However the PDSE format may only be shared by z/OS systems which are part of a sysplex or which are connected using Global Resource Serialization (are in a GRS complex). If z/OS systems share use of a PDSE data set outside of a sysplex or GRS environment, you may experience severe problems when the data set is updated. This is due to the fact that PDSE directory information is cached in storage, and when the data set is updated from one system the other system(s) have no knowledge of the update, and their cached directory information will be incorrect.

You must take care not to share the SIGYCOMP data set between z/OS systems unless they are in a sysplex or are connected in a GRS complex. If you need to share the content of the SIGYCOMP data set, a separate copy must be created for each z/OS system.

6.0 Installation Instructions

This chapter describes the installation method and the step-by-step procedures to install and to activate the functions of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

Please note the following points:

- If you want to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into its own SMP/E environment, consult the SMP/E manuals for instructions on creating and initializing the SMPCSI and the SMP/E control data sets.
- You can use the sample jobs that are provided to perform part or all of the installation tasks. The SMP/E jobs assume that all DDDEF entries that are required for SMP/E execution have been defined in appropriate zones.
- You can use the SMP/E dialogs instead of the sample jobs to accomplish the SMP/E installation steps.

6.1 Installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial

6.1.1 SMP/E Considerations for Installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial

Use the SMP/E RECEIVE, APPLY, and ACCEPT commands to install this release of Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

6.1.2 SMP/E Options Subentry Values

The recommended values for certain SMP/E CSI subentries are shown in Figure 13. Using values lower than the recommended values can result in failures in the installation. DSSPACE is a subentry in the GLOBAL options entry. PEMAX is a subentry of the GENERAL entry in the GLOBAL options entry. See the SMP/E manuals for instructions on updating the global zone.

<i>Figure 13. SMP/E Options Subentry Values</i>		
Subentry	Value	Comment
DSSPACE	(500,500,500)	3390 DASD tracks
PEMAX	SMP/E Default	IBM recommends using the SMP/E default for PEMAX.

6.1.3 Sample Jobs

The following sample installation jobs are provided as part of the product to help you install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial:

Figure 14. Sample Installation Jobs

Job Name	Job Type	Description	RELFILE
IGYWEDIT	MACRO	ISPF editor macro to aid users in making changes to the sample jobs (Optional)	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWSMPE	SMP/E	Sample job to define and prime a new SMP/E CSI (Optional)	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWRECV	RECEIVE	Sample RECEIVE job	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWZFS	ALLOCATE	Sample job to allocate a new zFS data set (Optional)	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWALOC	ALLOCATE	Sample job to allocate target and distribution libraries	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYISMKD	MKDIR	Sample job to invoke the supplied IGYMKDIR EXEC to allocate HFS or zFS paths	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWDDEF	DDDEF	Sample job to define SMP/E DDDEFs	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWAPLY	APPLY	Sample APPLY job	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWIVP1	IVP	Sample job to verify installation has been successful	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWIVP2	IVP	Sample job to verify installation has been successful	IBM.HAKH610.F3
IGYWACPT	ACCEPT	Sample ACCEPT job	IBM.HAKH610.F3

You can access the sample installation jobs by performing an SMP/E RECEIVE (refer to 6.1.7, “Perform SMP/E RECEIVE” on page 22) then copy the jobs from the RELFILES to a work data set for editing and submission. See Figure 14 on page 19 to find the appropriate relfile data set.

You can also copy the sample installation jobs from the tape or product files by submitting the following job. Depending on your distribution medium, use either the //TAPEIN or the //FILEIN DD statement and comment out or delete the other statement. Before you submit the job, add a job card and change the lowercase parameters to uppercase values to meet the requirements of your site.

```
//STEP1 EXEC PGM=IEBCOPY
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//*****
/* Make the //TAPEIN DD statement below active if you install*
/* from a CBPDO tape by uncommenting the DD statement below. *
//*****
/*TAPEIN DD DSN=IBM.HAKH610.F3,UNIT=tunit,
/* VOL=SER=volser,LABEL=(x,SL),
/* DISP=(OLD,KEEP)
//*****
/* Make the //TAPEIN DD statement below active if you install*
/* from a product tape received outside the CBPDO process *
/* (using the optional SMP/E RECEIVE job) by uncommenting *
```



```

/* the DD statement below.
/******
/*TAPEIN DD DSN=IBM.HAKH610.F3,UNIT=tunit,
/* VOL=SER=AKH610,LABEL=(4,SL),
/* DISP=(OLD,KEEP)
/******
/* Make the //FILEIN DD statement below active for
/* downloaded DASD files.
/******
/*FILEIN DD DSN=IBM.HAKH610.F3,UNIT=SYSALLDA,DISP=SHR,
/* VOL=SER=filevol
//OUT DD DSNAME=jcl-library-name,
// DISP=(NEW,CATLG,DELETE),
// VOL=SER=dasdvol,UNIT=SYSALLDA,
// SPACE=(TRK,(20,10,5))
//SYSUT3 DD UNIT=SYSALLDA,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1))
//SYSIN DD *
COPY INDD=xxxxIN,OUTDD=OUT
SELECT MEMBER=(IGYISMKD,IGYWACPT,IGYWALOC,IGYWAPLY)
SELECT MEMBER=(IGYWDEF,IGYWEDIT,IGYWIVP1,IGYWIVP2)
SELECT MEMBER=(IGYWRECV,IGYWSMPE,IGYWZFS)
/*

```

See the following information to update the statements in the previous sample:

TAPEIN:

- tunit** is the unit value that matches the product package.
- volser** is the volume serial that matches the product package.
- x** is the tape file number that indicates the location of the data set name on the tape.
- See the documentation that is provided by CBPDO for the location of IBM.HAKH610.F3 on the tape.

FILEIN:

- filevol** is the volume serial of the DASD device where the downloaded files reside.

OUT:

- jcl-library-name** is the name of the output data set where the sample jobs are stored.
- dasdvol** is the volume serial of the DASD device where the output data set resides.

SYSIN:

- xxxxIN** is either TAPEIN or FILEIN depending on your input DD statement.

6.1.4 Run REPORT MISSINGFIX

The SMP/E REPORT MISSINGFIX command helps you determine whether any FIXCAT PTFs exist that are applicable and have not yet been installed. If you find that there are PTFs that need to be installed, we recommend that you install them, before installing COBOL Developer Trial Version 6.1.

Before you install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial, it is recommended that you run REPORT MISSINGFIX. This requires a global zone with ZONEINDEX entries that describe all the target and distribution libraries to be reported on, the SET BOUNDARY command must specify the global zone.

Here is a sample REPORT MISSINGFIX command to run against your z/OS CSI, (include previous versions):

```
SET BDY(globalzone).  
REPORT MISSINGFIX ZONES(targetzone)  
FIXCAT(IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V5R1,  
        IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V5R2,  
        IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V6R1).
```

For more information about REPORT MISSINGFIX, see the SMP/E manuals.

6.1.5 Set up ISPF Editor Macro (Optional)

To aid you in making changes to the SMP/E installation jobs (IGYISMKD, IGYWACPT, IGYWALOC, IGYWAPLY, IGYWDDEF, IGYWIVP1, IGYWIVP2, IGYWRECV, IGYWSMPE, and IGYWZFS), an ISPF editor macro, called IGYWEDIT, is supplied and is copied to your output data set **jcl-library-name** above. (See Figure 14 on page 19).

This macro lets you substitute proper values for all of the required variables in those jobs instead of making the changes repeatedly by hand.

Edit macro IGYWEDIT and provide the proper values, then copy it to any data set in your TSO logon procedure SYSEXEC concatenation. Consult the instructions in the macro for more information.

6.1.6 Allocate and Initialize the SMP/E CSI (Optional)

If you are using an existing CSI do not execute this job.

If you install into existing SMP/E data sets, make sure that you have enough space.

If you plan to install into an existing zone, the cluster should already have been allocated and primed. You can go on to the next step to perform a SMP/E RECEIVE.

To install into a new zone, use the IGYWSMPE sample job to allocate and prime the SMPCSI cluster. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.7 Perform SMP/E RECEIVE

If you have obtained Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial as part of a CBPDO, use the RCVPDO job in the CBPDO RIMLIB data set to receive the Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial FMIDs, service, and HOLDDATA that are included on the CBPDO package. For more information, see the documentation that is included in the CBPDO.

You can also choose to edit and submit sample job IGYWRECV to perform the SMP/E RECEIVE for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.8 Allocate SMP/E Target and Distribution Libraries

Edit and submit sample job IGYWALOC to allocate the SMP/E target and distribution libraries for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.9 Allocate, create and mount ZFS Files (Optional)

This job allocates, creates a mountpoint, and mounts zFS data sets.

If you plan to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into a new z/OS UNIX file system, you can edit and submit the optional IGYWZFS job to perform the following tasks:

- Create the z/OS UNIX file system
- Create a mount point
- Mount the z/OS UNIX file system on the mountpoint

Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

The recommended z/OS UNIX file system type is zFS. The recommended mount point is *usr/lpp/IBM/cobol/dtv6r1*.

Before running the sample job to create the z/OS UNIX file system, you must ensure that OMVS is active on the driving system. zFS must be active on the driving system if you are installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into a file system that is zFS.

If you create a new file system for this product, consider updating the BPXPRMxx PARMLIB member to mount the new file system at IPL time. This action can be helpful if an IPL occurs before the installation is completed.

```
MOUNT FILESYSTEM('#dsn')
MOUNTPOINT('usr/lpp/IBM/cobol/dtv6r1')
MODE(RDRW) /* can be MODE(READ) */
TYPE(ZFS) PARM('AGGRGROW') /* zFS, with extents */
```

See the following information to update the statements in the previous sample:

#dsn is the name of the data set holding the z/OS UNIX file system.

usr/lpp/IBM/cobol/dtv6r1 is the name of the mount point where the z/OS UNIX file system will be mounted.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.10 Allocate File System Paths

The target system HFS or zFS data set must be mounted on the driving system when running the sample IGYISMKD job since the job will create paths in the HFS or zFS.

Before running the sample job to create the paths in the file system, you must ensure that OMVS is active on the driving system and that the target system's HFS or zFS file system is mounted to the driving system. zFS must be active on the driving system if you are installing Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into a file system that is zFS.

If you plan to install Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial into a new HFS or zFS file system, you must create the mountpoint and mount the new file system to the driving system for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

The recommended mountpoint is *usr/lpp/IBM/cobol/dtv6r1*.

Edit and submit sample job IGYISMKD to allocate the HFS or zFS paths for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

If you create a new file system for this product, consider updating the BPXPRMxx PARMLIB member to mount the new file system at IPL time. This action can be helpful if an IPL occurs before the installation is completed.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.11 Create DDDEF Entries

Edit and submit sample job IGYWDDEF to create DDDEF entries for the SMP/E target and distribution libraries for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.12 Perform SMP/E APPLY

1. Ensure that you have the latest HOLDDATA; then edit and submit sample job IGYWAPLY to perform an SMP/E APPLY CHECK for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

The latest HOLDDATA is available through several different portals, including <http://service.software.ibm.com/holdata/390holddata.html>. The latest HOLDDATA may identify HIPER and FIXCAT APARs for the FMIDs you will be installing. An APPLY CHECK will help you determine if any HIPER or FIXCAT APARs are applicable to the FMIDs you are installing. If there are any applicable HIPER or FIXCAT APARs, the APPLY CHECK will also identify fixing PTFs that will resolve the APARs, if a fixing PTF is available.

You should install the FMIDs regardless of the status of unresolved HIPER or FIXCAT APARs. However, do not deploy the software until the unresolved HIPER and FIXCAT APARs have been analyzed to determine their applicability. That is, before deploying the software either ensure fixing PTFs are applied to resolve all HIPER or FIXCAT APARs, or ensure the problems reported by all HIPER or FIXCAT APARs are not applicable to your environment.

To receive the full benefit of the SMP/E Causer SYSMOD Summary Report, do *not* bypass the PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ on the APPLY CHECK. The SMP/E root cause analysis identifies the cause only of *errors* and not of *warnings* (SMP/E treats bypassed PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ conditions as warnings, instead of errors).

Here are sample APPLY commands:

- a. To ensure that all recommended and critical service is installed with the FMIDs, receive the latest HOLDDATA and use the APPLY CHECK command as follows

```
APPLY S(fmid,fmid,...) CHECK
FORFMID(fmid,fmid,...)
SOURCEID(RSU*)
FIXCAT(IBM.ProductInstall-RequiredService)
FIXCAT(IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V6R1)
GROUPEXTEND .
```

Some HIPER APARs might not have fixing PTFs available yet. You should analyze the symptom flags for the unresolved HIPER APARs to determine if the reported problem is applicable to your environment and if you should bypass the specific ERROR HOLDS in order to continue the installation of the FMIDs.

This method requires more initial research, but can provide resolution for all HIPERs that have fixing PTFs available and are not in a PE chain. Unresolved PEs or HIPERs might still exist and require the use of BYPASS.

- b. To install the FMIDs without regard for unresolved HIPER APARs, you can add the BYPASS(HOLDCLASS(HIPER)) operand to the APPLY CHECK command. This will allow you to install FMIDs even though one or more unresolved HIPER APARs exist. After the FMIDs are installed, use the SMP/E REPORT ERRSYSMODS command to identify unresolved HIPER APARs and any fixing PTFs.

```
APPLY S(fmid,fmid,...) CHECK
FORFMID(fmid,fmid,...)
SOURCEID(RSU*)
FIXCAT(IBM.ProductInstall-RequiredService)
FIXCAT(IBM.TargetSystem-RequiredService.Enterprise-COBOL.V6R1)
GROUPEXTEND
BYPASS(HOLDCLASS(HIPER),HOLDFIXCAT) .
..any other parameters documented in the program directory
```

This method is quicker, but requires subsequent review of the Exception SYSMOD report produced by the REPORT ERRSYSMODS command to investigate any unresolved HIPERs. If you have received the latest HOLDDATA, you can also choose to use the REPORT MISSINGFIX command and specify Fix Category IBM.ProductInstall-RequiredService to investigate missing recommended service.

It is recommended that you run REPORT MISSINGFIX specifying your COBOL category against OTHER target zones, to identify required PTFs that are missing from those other target zones. This is particularly important if COBOL is installed in a target zone different to LE (refer to 6.1.4, “Run REPORT MISSINGFIX” on page 21).

If you bypass HOLDS during the installation of the FMIDs because fixing PTFs are not yet available, you can be notified when the fixing PTFs are available by using the APAR Status Tracking (AST) function of ServiceLink or the APAR Tracking function of ResourceLink.

2. After you take actions that are indicated by the APPLY CHECK, remove the CHECK operand and run the job again to perform the APPLY.

Note: The GROUPEXTEND operand indicates that SMP/E applies all requisite SYSMODs. The requisite SYSMODS might be applicable to other functions.

Expected Return Codes and Messages from APPLY CHECK: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

Expected Return Codes and Messages from APPLY: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.1.13 Run the Installation Verification Programs

Make sure you have applied the PTFs for the Language Environment and Program Management APARs listed in Figure 7 on page 12, then edit and submit sample jobs IGYWIVP1 and IGYWIVP2 to verify that you have installed Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial correctly. Consult the instructions in the sample jobs for more information.

Expected Return Codes and Messages: You will receive return codes of 0 if these jobs run correctly.

6.1.14 Perform SMP/E ACCEPT

Edit and submit sample job IGYWACPT to perform an SMP/E ACCEPT CHECK for Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial. Consult the instructions in the sample job for more information.

To receive the full benefit of the SMP/E Causer SYSMOD Summary Report, do *not* bypass the PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ on the ACCEPT CHECK. The SMP/E root cause analysis identifies the cause of *errors* but not *warnings* (SMP/E treats bypassed PRE, ID, REQ, and IFREQ conditions as warnings rather than errors).

Before you use SMP/E to load new distribution libraries, it is recommended that you set the ACCJCLIN indicator in the distribution zone. In this way, you can save the entries that are produced from JCLIN in the distribution zone whenever a SYSMOD that contains inline JCLIN is accepted. For more information about the ACCJCLIN indicator, see the description of inline JCLIN in the SMP/E Commands book for details.

After you take actions that are indicated by the ACCEPT CHECK, remove the CHECK operand and run the job again to perform the ACCEPT.

Note: The GROUPEXTEND operand indicates that SMP/E accepts all requisite SYSMODs. The requisite SYSMODS might be applicable to other functions.

Expected Return Codes and Messages from ACCEPT CHECK: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

If PTFs that contain replacement modules are accepted, SMP/E ACCEPT processing will link-edit or bind the modules into the distribution libraries. During this processing, the Linkage Editor or Binder might issue messages that indicate unresolved external references, which will result in a return code of 4 during the ACCEPT phase. You can ignore these messages, because the distribution libraries are not executable and the unresolved external references do not affect the executable system libraries.

Expected Return Codes and Messages from ACCEPT: You will receive a return code of 0 if this job runs correctly.

6.2 Activating Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial

6.2.1 File System Execution

If you mount the file system in which you have installed Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial in read-only mode during execution, then you do not have to take further actions to activate Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

6.2.2 Product Customization

The publication *IBM Enterprise COBOL for z/OS Customization Guide (SC27-8712)* contains the necessary information to customize and use Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial.

7.0 Notices

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APAR numbers are provided in this document to assist in locating PTFs that may be required. Ongoing problem reporting may result in additional APARs being created. Therefore, the APAR lists in this document may not be complete. To obtain current service recommendations and to identify current product service requirements, always contact the IBM Customer Support Center or use S/390 SoftwareXcel to obtain the current "PSP Bucket".

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Program Directory for IBM Enterprise COBOL Developer Trial for z/OS, March 2016

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